# **Terminating a business**

## **Sole traders**

Busine	ess is terminated in the case of			
a) (1)	→ executors become in charge of the trader's affairs			
b) (2)	: trader cannot continue in business,			
	he is an (3) bankrupt			
Partn	ership			
(4)	partnership terminates upon death/bankruptcy/retirement of a partner			
	(unless there is an agreement to continue)			
	$\mathbf{X}$			
(5)	partnership is not dissolved by death/bankruptcy/retirement of a			
partne	r			
Insolv	rency in UK			
Insolv	ency can be defined as the inability of an individual or company to pay debts when			
they b	ecome (6)			
The p	rocedures applying to individuals are:			
a) (7)	(konkurz, úpadek)			
b) indi	ividual (8) (restrukturalizace dluhu se souhlasem			
věřitel	ů a soudu)			
c) fast	track voluntary arrangement			
The p	rocedures applying to companies are:			
a) (9) _	= winding up by the court			
b) administrative (10) (nucená správa)				
c) adr	ministration ((nařízená) správa (společnosti))			
d) con	npany voluntary arrangement			
e) cred	litors' voluntary liquidation or members' voluntary liquidation			
Offici	als involved in insolvency proceedings:			
officia	l receivers			
<ul> <li>civil servants and officers appointed by the (11)</li> </ul>				
_	administer cases			
_	investigate the affairs of individuals in (12) and companies in			
	(13)			
insolv	ency practitioners			

_	work in private sector: accountant	ts, (14)
_	can act as (15)	_ in creditors' voluntary liquidations, administrative
	receivers and administrators	
OR/IP	act as trustees	
<u>Bankr</u>	ruptcy in UK (applies to individuals =	= sole traders and individual members of a partnership)
n		
Proced		
	ruptcy petition is filed with the co	
	urt issues (16)	
	7) becom	
	operty vests in a (18)	
	realizes (19)	
OP/IP	pays fees, costs and distributes the	e rest to the (20)
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	ulsory liquidation in UK (applies	
	ling-up petition is filed with the co	
	urt issues (21)	
the cou	art notifies the OR who sends notice	ce to the (22) $\rightarrow$
membe	ers/directors no longer in control -	<b>→</b>
OR (IP	o if significant (23)	$\rightarrow$ handles liquidation $\rightarrow$
OR/IP	is released $\rightarrow$ the company is (24)	
<u>ČR – t</u>	the Insolvency Act 2006	
-	insolvency petition is accompanie	ed by schedules of the (25)
-	the institution of moratorium = pr	reventing the company's (26)
	from proceeding against the com-	pany during the relevant period
-	creditors submit their (27)	to the court $\rightarrow$ the court issues a
		nsolvency $\rightarrow$ a (29) is
	appointed → the court determine	s the method of insolvency

#### KEY:

- (1) death
- (2) bankruptcy
- (3) undischarged
- (4) ordinary
- (5) limited liability
- (6) due
- (7) bankruptcy
- (8) voluntary arrangement
- (9) compulsory liquidation
- (10) receivership
- (11) court
- (12) bankruptcy
- (13) compulsory liquidation
- (14) solicitors
- (15) liquidators
- (16) bankruptcy order
- (17) debtor
- (18) trustee
- (19) bankrupt's estate/property/assets
- (20) creditors
- (21) winding-up order
- (22) directors
- (23) assests/property
- (24) dissolved
- (25) debtor's assets/property
- (26) creditors
- (27) claims
- (28) ruling
- (29) trustee
- (30) resolution

### Match the words to their definitions/synonyms:

bankrupt the person administering a dead person's

property

executor the state of being unable to pay debts

bankruptcy a person not being able to pay debts

wound-up freed from bankruptcy

dissolved liquidated

discharged officially terminated

## Make the pairs to create six terms:

involuntary	person
bankruptcy	receiver
general	petition
registered	proceedings
legal	office
official	meeting