

MASARYK UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW

The European Labour Law System and Sources

European Organisations

Council of Europe

- linternational organisation
- Established in 1949 for the purpose of protection of human rights
- European Convention on Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (1950)
- European Social Charter (1961) list of social rights (revised in 1996)

European Union

- 28 member states
- Based on the principle of supranationalism.

History of Integration

- European Coal and Steel Community Treaty of Paris signed in 1951, six countries (Belgium, Luxemburg, Netherlands, France, Italy and Germany)
- European Economic Community
 Treaty Establishing European Economic Community signed in Rome (1957)
- European Atomic Energy Community
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 signed in Rome (1957)

Revisions of Treaties

- Single European Act 1986 first significant revision of the Treaty Establishing the European Community
- Treaty Establishing the European Union 1992 (Treaty of Maastricht)
- Treaty of Amsterdam 1997
- Treaty of Nice 2002
- Treaty of Lisbon 2007

EU Member States

- Original Six Countries Belgium, Luxemburg, Netherlands, France, Italy, Germany
- 1973 Great Britain, Ireland and Denmark
- 1981 Greece
- 1986 Spain and Portugal
- 1995 Austria, Finland and Sweden
- 2004 Czech Republic, Slovakia, Poland, Hungary, Cyprus,
 Malta, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovenia
- 2007 Bulgaria, Romania
- 2013 Croatia

The EU Law

Primary law:

- The Treaty on Functioning of the EU
- Treaty on EU
- Treaties on Accession of New Member States

Secondary law:

- Regulations
- Directives
- Decisions
- Opinions
- Reccommendations
- Agreements

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Labour Law

Labour law is a body of rules regulating:

- Relations between employers and employees arising from performance of dependant work.
- Relations connected with performance of dependant work.
 - Indivudal Labour Law
- Relations between collective of employees and employer or collective of employers
 - Collective Labour Law

European Labour Law

- Central part of the political and social dimension of the EU.
- Originally, EU was just an economic project.
- Since 1985 increasing concern had been expressed at the social consequences of the creation of the Single European Market.
- 1989 Community Charter of the Fundamental Social Rights of Workers was adopted as a declaration of all Member States (with the exception of UK):
 - established the major principles of European labour law
 - shaped the development of the European Social Policy.

European Labour Law

- EU Social policy:
 - Labour Law
 - Social Security Law
 - European Labour Law regulates only selected issues of labour relations.
 - The main concern of the Social Security Law lies in the coordination of national systems of the Member States social security, particularly in connection with the right to free movement of workers.

System of the Individual labour law

- Free movement of workers, prohibition of discrimination based on nationality in employment and occupation
- Equal treatment and combating of discrimination in employment and occupation based on other prohibited grounds
- Health and safety of work
- Protection of young people at work, protection of childcare
- Working time and rest periods
- Social protection of employees in the case of:
 - collective dismissal
 - insolvency of employer
 - transference of undertakings
- Flexible labour relations:
 - temporary work
 - fixed-term work
 - part-time work

System of the collective labour law

- Workers' rights to:
 - information
 - consultation
 - participation
- Regulation of European social dialogue. European social partners have right to:
 - Be consulted
 - Regulate labour issues with framework agreements.

Sources of the European Labour Law

- Primary law:
 - Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (art. 151 161).
- Secondary law:
 - Regulations
 - Directives
 - Decisions
 - Opinions
 - Reccommendations
 - Agreements
- Supplementary law:
 - Case law
 - General principles of law

Sources of the European Labour Law

- European Labour Law is mainly regulated by Directives.
- A large number of directives were issued since 90's.
- Another source of European labour law are Europen Social Partners Framework Agreements. They might be implemented via:
 - Transformation into directives
 - By practices specific for social partnets (the autonomous way)