# Typology of sources of law

Provide short definition of each source of law. Is it binding within the Czech legal order? If so, why?

1. The Constitution
2. Statute.
3. By-law
4. General principles of law.
5. Case law.
6. Constitutional convention.
7. Legal custom

# It's true. But how do we know?

Match the statement with the source of law.

1. The President of the Republic has the power to appoint the chairman of the Constitutional court without government’s countersignature.
2. The President of the Republic has the power to appoint the governor of the Czech National Bank without government’s countersignature.
3. The President of the Republic has the right to return adopted acts, with a statement of her reasons, within fifteen days of the day they were submitted to her. If the last day is a working holiday, it is sufficient to return the act on the next working day.
4. The Constitutional Court has the power to review the constitutionality of an act thas has been already abolished.
5. General principles of law.
6. Case law.
7. Constitutional convention.
8. Statute.