DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM

I. Match the names of diseases with the definitions.

1. Alzheimer disease;	paralysis of one side of the body
also Alzheimer's	
disease	
2. Parkinson disease	CNS disorder often characterized by seizures
(also Parkinson's	
disease)	
3. myelitis	blood clot in the brain
4. hemiplegia	a neurologic condition characterized by difficulty in controlling
	muscles
5. dementia	impaired speech
6. epilepsy	an acute clinical event, related to impairment of cerebral circulation,
	lasting more than 24 hours
7. multiple sclerosis	a disease that may begin in late middle life; characterized by
	progressive mental deterioration that includes loss of memory and
	visual and spatial orientation
8. paraplegia	impaired intellectual function
9. aphasia	inflamed spinal cord
10. dysphasia	disease of the CNS; characterized by the formation of plaques in the
	brain and spinal cord
11. cerebral stroke	inflammation of the brain
12. encephalitis	loss of speech
13. cerebral thrombosis	sudden disturbance in brain function, sometimes producing a
	convulsion
14. seizure	paralysis of the lower extremities and, often, the lower trunk of the
	body

II. Explain in English.

MYELOGRAPHY MENINGITIS

NEUROPLASTY HYDROCEPHALUS

QUADRIPLEGIA CRANIECTOMY

NEURALGIA MENINGIOMA

NEUROPATHY SCIATICA

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also Alzheimer's	progressive mental deterioration that includes loss of memory and
disease	visual and spatial orientation
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	convulsion

II. Explain in English.

MYELOGRAPHY radiography of the spinal cord and nerve roots

NEUROPLASTY surgery to repair a nerve

QUADRIPLEGIA paralysis of all four limbs

NEURALGIA pain in a nerve

NEUROPATHY any disorder of the nervous system

MENINGITIS inflamed meninges

HYDROCEPHALUS excessive cerebrospinal fluid in the brain

CRANIECTOMY excision of part of the skull

MENINGIOMA benign tumor of meninges

SCIATICA pain in the sciatic nerve, located in the lower back and extending

down the thigh