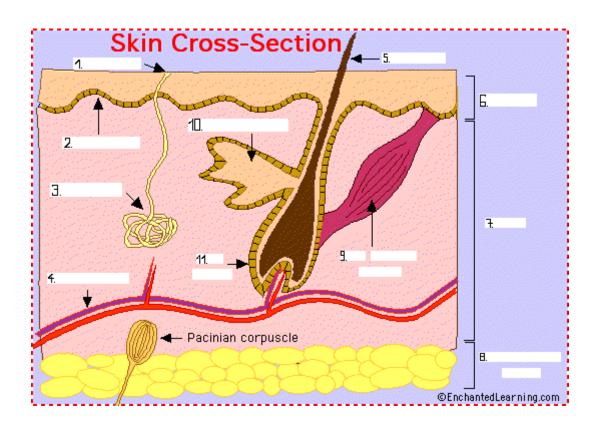
## **INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM**

- I. Work in pairs to answer the following questions:
- 1. What does the integumentary system consist of?
- 2. What are the general functions of the skin?
- 3. The skin contains two layers. What are they?
- 4. Describe the epidermis.
- 5. What is another name for the dermis?
- 6. Describe the dermis.
- 7. What is the difference between the hair shaft and the hair root?
- 8. Why is most of the nail body pink?
- 9. What is sebum? What is its function?
- 10. What is the function of the sweat glands?
- 11. What is another name for breasts?

## II. Describe the picture of the skin:

HAIR SHAFT	MELANOCYTE	SEBACEOU	S GLAND	DERMIS
HAIR FOLLICLE	SWEAT PORE	EPIDERMIS	HAIR ERE	CTOR MUSCLE
BLOOD VESSELS	SWEAT GLAND SUBCUTAN		TANEOUS TI	SSUE



	the definitions:					
a	tubes that carry blood as	it circulates. Arteries bring oxygenated blood				
from the heart and lungs; veins return oxygen-depleted blood back to the heart and lungs.						
b (also called the cutis) the layer of the skin just beneath the epidermis.						
c	the outer layer of the skii	n.				
c the outer layer of the skin. d a tube-shaped sheath that surrounds the part of the hair that is under the						
skin. It is located in the epidermis and the dermis.						
e the part of the hair that is above the skin.						
f a muscle is connected to each hair follicle and the skin - it contracts (in						
	response to cold, fear, etc.), resulting in an erect hair and a "goosebump" on the skin.					
g a cell in the epidermis that produces melanin (a dark-colored pigment						
that protects the skin from sunlight).						
		ond to pressure and vibration; they are oval				
	nsory nerve fibers located in the					
		nd that releases oily (fatty) liquids onto the hair				
		These glands are located in the dermis, usually				
next to hair fo						
		produces perspiration. The gland is located in				
the epidermis.	6.4.4. 1.4.1.1	41 1				
K	- fatty tissue located under	r the dermis.				
IV. Work in pairs. A will define 5 of the following terms regarding the skin. B will try to						
guess which to	erm was defined. Then change ro	lles.				
frostbite		ulcer tumour blister bruise				
birthmark herpes hives bedsores wart itching dermatitis						
scratch	laceration necrosis eczem	a graze acne ingrown toenails				
V. Match.						
a. TUMOUR		1. Verruca; a small hard dry growth on the				
		skin				
b. BLISTER		2. Acute or chronic inflammation of the skin				
		from any cause				
c. DERMATI	TIS	3. Decubitus ulcer; it is caused by lying in				
		bed for a long time, e.g. when ill				
d. BIRTHMA	RK	4. Another name for oedema				
e. WART		5. Abnormal tissue that grows more rapidly				
		then normal				
f. SHINGLES	)	6. Mole or nevus; a mark on the skin from a				
		person's birth				
g. BEDSORE	S	7. Bubble of fluid below the skin				
h. ULCER		8. Generally spots on the skin				
i. SWELLING	Ĭ	9. Herpes zoster; band of painful spots on the				
		skin				
j. RASH		10. It can appear on the skin or on the surface				
J IVII						

of an internal organ