

# ADJECTIVES OF 3<sup>RD</sup> DECLENSION

## GRAMMAR

## THREE TYPES according to the amount of endings in Nom.

sg:

- **3** endings: you will use only one adjective like that, *remember!*:

*acer* M, *acris* F, *acre* N

- **2** endings: *very frequent*

-IS (M+F), -E (N) *brevis*, *breve* type

e. g. : *gravis*, *e*; *cranialis*, *e*; *muscularis*, *e*; *costalis*, *e*, etc.

- **1** ending: -X, -NS (M+F+N)

e. g.: *simplex*, *icis*; *descendens*, *entis*

## ADJECTIVES of 3<sup>RD</sup> DECLENSION

**3 terminations** in nominative sg. which are always:

**-ER** (M), **-IS** (F), **-E** (N)

e. g.:

- **biventer, is, e** *having two bellies*
- **acer, is, e** *sharp, violent, drastic*
- **celer, is, e** *fast, quick*



## ADJECTIVES of 3<sup>RD</sup> DECLENSION

**i termination** in nominative sg. which **usually** is:

**-X, -NS (M+F+N)** and is always accompanied with the genitive ending

e. g.:

- Underived adjectives like: recens, recentis *recent, new*;  
latens, latentis *latent, not manifested*
- Derived adjectives ending **-plex, plicis** *simplex, cis; duplex, cis*  
*(refers to number, multiplicity)*
- Derived adjectives ending on **-ceps, cipitis** *biceps, bicipitis*  
*(refers to head-like structures)*
- Originally participles having meaning of action ending on  
**-ans, antis** and **-ens, entis** *migrans, antis; ascendens, entis*

# DICTIONARY ENTRY

- ADJECTIVES OF 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> DECLENSION

albus, a, um      M//F//N

niger, a, um      M//F//N

- ADJECTIVES OF 3<sup>rd</sup> DECLENSION

- acer, is, e      M//F//N

- brevis, e      M+F//N

- simplex, cis / ascendens, ntis      M+F+N//GENITIVE SG.!!!

# HOW TO DECLINE?

- ADJECTIVES of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> declension

nervus, vena, septum

- ADJECTIVES of 3<sup>rd</sup> declension

pelvis BUT!!! abl. sg. -i

rete

pelvis	<i>musculus</i>	<i>aorta</i>	rete	<i>caput</i>	<i>colon</i>
m. + f.			n.		
-is/-es	BREVIS	DESCENDENS	-ar/-e/ -al ▲	BREVE	DESCENDENS
-is	BREVIS	DESCENDENTIS	-is	BREVIS	DESCENDENTIS
-em	BREVE <b>M</b>	DESCENDENT <b>EM</b>	1	BREVE	DESCENDENS
-e / (-i)	BREVI	DESCENDENT <b>I</b>	-i	BREVI	DESCENDENT <b>I</b>
-es	BREVE <b>S</b>	DESCENDENT <b>ES</b>	-ia ▲	BREVI <b>A</b>	DESCENDENT <b>IA</b>
-ium	BREVI <b>UM</b>	DESCENDENT <b>UM</b>	-ium	BREVI <b>UM</b>	DESCENDENT <b>UM</b>
-es	BREVE <b>S</b>	DESCENDENT <b>ES</b>	1	BREVI <b>A</b>	DESCENDENT <b>IA</b>
-ibus	BREVI <b>BUS</b>	DESCENDENT <b>IBUS</b>	-ibus	BREVI <b>BUS</b>	DESCENDENT <b>IBUS</b>
+ Adj.▼ of 3rd decl. M + F			+ Adj. of 3rd decl. N		



# Adjectives of 3rd declension

	two forms: m+f/n		one form for all genders	
1. singular	<b>brev</b> is	<b>brev</b> e	<b>simplic</b> x	
2.	brev-is		simplic-is	
4.	brev-em	breve	simplic-em	simplex
6.	brev-i		simplic-i	
1. plural	brev-es	brev-ia	simplic-es	simplic-ia
2.	brev-ium		simplic-ium	
4.	brev-es	brev-ia	simplic-es	simplic-ia
6.	brev-ibus		simplic-ibus	

- Words ending in **-ans, -ens, -iens** (communicans, tremens, insufficiens) are declined according to *simplex* !!!

\* they are the participles of verbs (tremens= the one, who trembles) but play the role of one-form adjectives of 3rd declension

- The two-form 3rd decl. adjectives of Greek origin ending in **-genés (m+f)/-genes (n)** are declined like *brevis, e* !!!
- Which paradigm of the 3rd declension is the most similar to declining of the 3rd decl. adjectives?)
- Have a look at the vocabulary of Unit 7 and assign the adjectives to their declensions and paradigms!

# Compare and tell the difference

ulcus gastris **perforatum**

**perforatio** membranae tympanicae

ulcus intestini crassi **perforans**

# COMPLETE THE SUDOKU



*the same expression*



*the same case*

REN MIGRANS				
			MUSCULI BICIPITIS	
	ULCERA MOLLIA			
				RAMORUM COMMUNICANTIUM
		ARTERIIS GASTRICIS		

REN MIGRANS	ULCUS MOLLE	ARTERIA GASTRICA	MUSCULUS BICEPS	RAMUS COMMUNICANS
RENIS MIGRANTIS	ULCERIS MOLLIS	ARTERIAE GASTRICAЕ	MUSCULI BICIPITIS	RAMI COMMUNICANTIS
RENES MIGRANTES	ULCERA MOLLIA	ARTERIAE GASTRICAЕ	MUSCULI BICIPITES	RAMI COMMUNICANTES
RENUM MIGRANTIUM	ULCERUM MOLLIIUM	ARTERIARUM GASTRICARUM	MUSCULORUM BICIPITIUM	RAMORUM COMMUNICANTIUM
RENIBUS MIGRANTIBUS	ULCERIBUS MOLLIBUS	ARTERIIS GASTRICIS	MUSCULIS BICIPITIBUS	RAMIS COMMUNICANTIBUS