



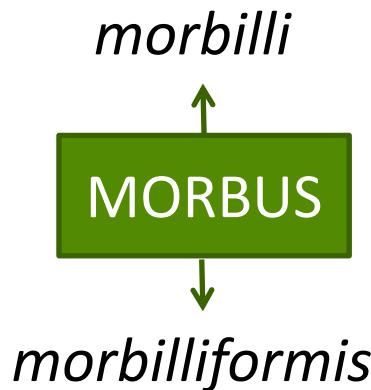
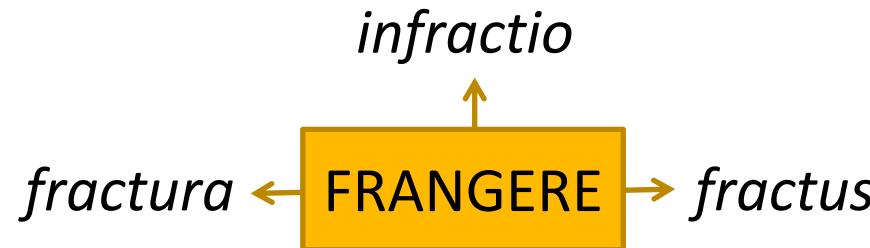
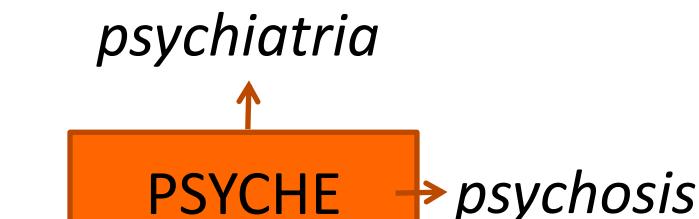
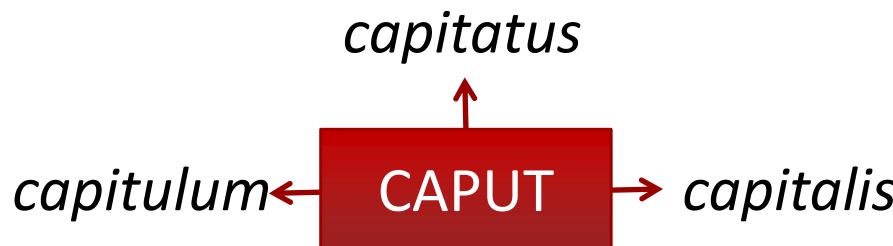
Word Formation in MT III.

READ THE AUTHENTIC MEDICAL RECORD, FIND and CORRECT GRAMMATICAL MISTAKES, TRANSLATE,

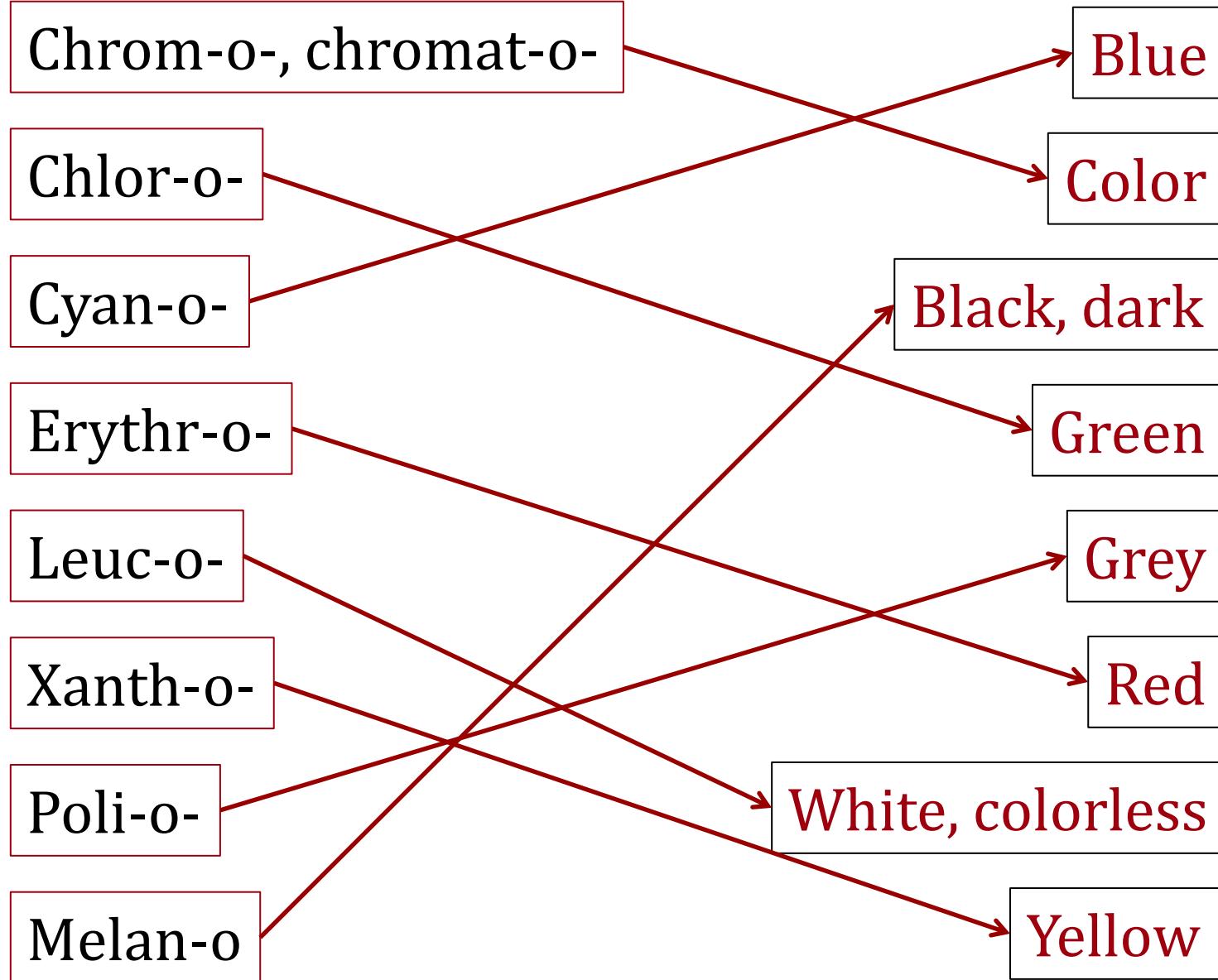
DG:

T068 Polytrauma
V1701 Cykl.řid.x pev.přek.;neprov.neh.;volný čas
S0640 Haemorrhagia epidurale reg. temporale l.sin
F100 Ebrietas aethylica
S0601 Commotio cerebri
S0240 Fr.compl. zygomaticomaxillaris l.sin cum hemosinus sphenoid.
S4201 Fr.claviculae l.sin apeta
S4210 Fr. scapulae l.sin comminutiva
S0210 Fr.allae ossis sphenoidalis l.sin cum hemosinus sphenoid.
S2240 Fr.costarum II-IV hemithoracis l.sin
S2700 Pneumothorax traum. reg. dorsobasale l.sin /dle CT/
S2720 Fluidothorax l.sin. min. dle RTG
S2730 Contuio pulmonisl.sin, reg.dorsobasale
S407 Excoriationes extrem.super. l.sin multipl.
S607 Excoriationes digitorum manuum bilat.
S013 Dilaceratio auriculae l.sin
S708 Excoriationes extrem. inf. l.sin multipl.

EXPLAIN THE MEANING OF DERIVED WORDS



MATCH THE ITEMS IN THE TWO COLUMNS



FORM COMPOUND WORDS WITH NAMES OF COLOURS

1. A yellowish discolouration of the skin is known as*derma*



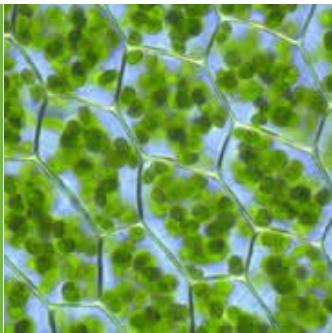
2. A cell producing the dark pigment (.....) is called*cytus*



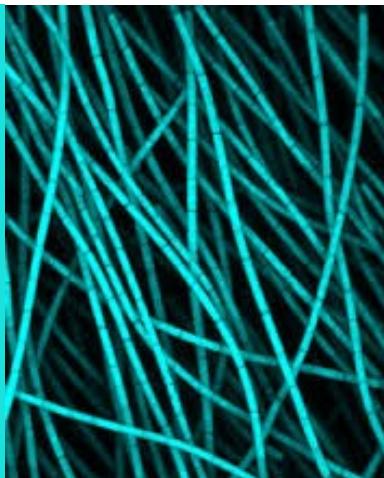
3. A decreased number of red blood cells is*penia*



4. The green pigment of plant leaves and algae is*phyllum*



5. A group of photosynthetic bacteria containing a blue pigment is*bacteria*



6. An excessive discharge of white (or sometimes yellowish) mucus from the vagina is*rrhoea*



BASED ON DEFINITIONS FORM TERMS WITH GREEK ELEMENTS

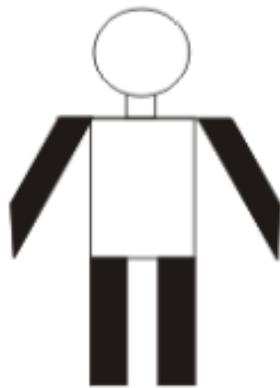
-PARESIS slight, partial paralysis

-PLEGIA stroke, total paralysis

1. Partial paralysis of a single limb or one part of the limb
2. Paralysis of a single extremity
3. Paralysis of corresponding parts on both sides of the body
4. Complete paralysis of the lower half of the body including both legs
5. A slight paralysis or weakness of both legs
6. Paralysis affecting only one side of the body
7. Paralysis of an upper and a lower extremity and of the face
8. Paralysis of all four limbs
9. Muscular weakness affecting all four extremities
10. Paralysis of the whole body
11. Weakness on one side of the body

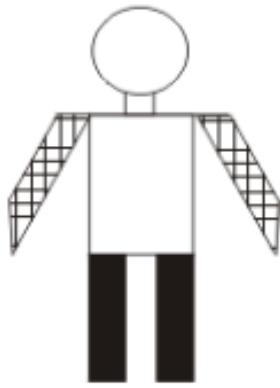
NAME WHAT KIND OF “-PLEGIA” IS ON THE PICTURE

1



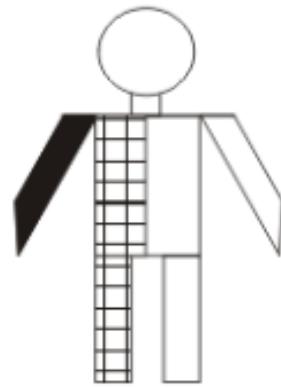
All four limbs are involved.

2



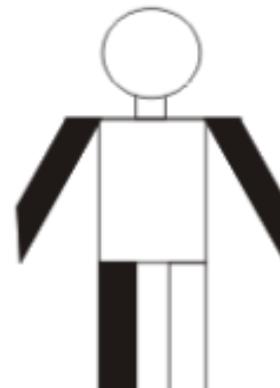
All four limbs are involved. Both legs are more severely affected than the arms.

3



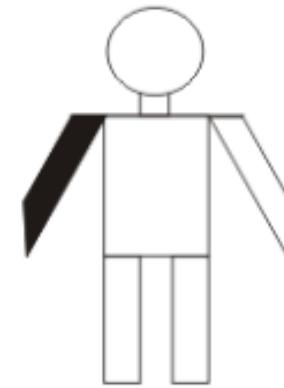
One side of the body is affected. The arm is usually more involved than the leg.

4



Three limbs are involved, usually both arms and a leg.

5



Only one limb is affected, usually an arm.

MONOPLEGIA

TETRAPLEGIA

DIPLEGIA

HEMIPLEGIA

TRIPLEGIA

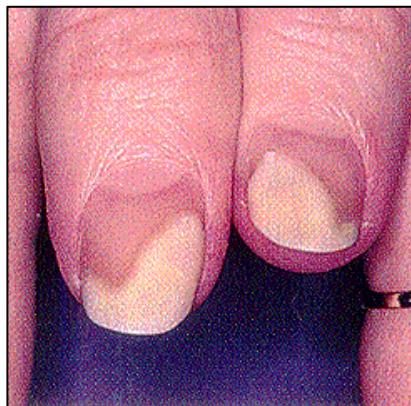
QUADRIPLEGIA

NAME WHAT KIND OF “-DACTYLIA” IS ON THE PICTURE

1



2



3



4



5



6



7



8

SYNDACTYLIA

POLYDACTYLIA

MACRODACTYLIA

ARACHNODACTYLIA

ADACTYLIA

BRACHYDACTYLIA

ISODACTYLIA

OLIGODACTYLIA

FILL IN WHAT IS MISSING



→ Hyper _____

→ Febris, is, f. / Pyrexia, ae, f.

→ Sub_____

→ Hypo_____

FILL IN MISSING COMPOUNDS AND DERIVE THE OPPOSITES.

_____ which literally means "big body," is a term used to describe a large newborn (weighting more than 4500 gr). Its opposite is ?

_____ is a heart rate exceeding the normal range (over 100 BPM). The slow heart beat is ?

_____ *amnion* is condition in which the pregnant uterus contains more than 2l of amniotic fluid. If there is not enough amniotic fluid, then it is ?

_____ is a progressive disease of the kidneys that results from hardening of the small blood vessels in the kidneys. On the other side the abnormal softening of the kidney is ?

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ONE

A. The term ... describes excessive uterine bleeding at both usual time of menstrual periods and at other irregular intervals

- 1.DYSMENORRHOEA 2.HYPERMENORRHOEA 3.OLIGOMENOTHEA 4.MENOMETRORRHAGIA

B. The suffix ... means surgical suturing.

1. -RRHAGIA 2. -RRHAPHIA 3. -RRHOEA 4. -RRHEXIS

C. The term ... describes low output of urine (between 100 and 400 ml/day).

1. ANURIA 2. HYPOURESIS 3. OLIGURIA 4. DIURESIS

D. The term ... means bleeding from the ear.

1. OTOPYORRHOEA 2. OTOMYCOSIS 3. OTORRHAGIA 4. OTOPEXIS

E. The term ... describes condition commonly known as swollen glands or lymph nodes.

1. ANGINA 2. ANGIITIS 3. LYMPHANGIOMA 4. LYMPHADENITIS

EXPLAIN THE MEANING OF FOLLOWING COMPOUND WORDS

-IATRIA (gr. *iatros* healer, physician, treatment)

iatrogenes ★ paediatrica ★ geriatria ★ psychiatria ★
iatrophobia

THROMB- (gr. *thrombos* blood clot)

thrombocytos ★ thrombosis ★ thrombocytopenia ★
thrombectomy ★ thromboendocarditis

MESO- (gr. *mesos* middle, secondary)

mesoderma ★ mesencephalon ★ mesogastralgia ★
mesosyphilis

-GENES/ GEN- (gr. *gignesthai* come into being, produce, have origin)

genetica ★ cryptogenes ★ isogenes ★ pathogenes ★
carcinogenes ★ hepatogenes

READ AUTHENTIC MEDICAL RECORDS

1. St.p. hysterectomiam et adnexectomiam propter uterus myomatosum (2007)
2. St.p. hemicolectomiam l. sin. propter Ca sigmoid., st.p. CHT
3. Cholecystolithiasis - microlithiasis. Haemangioma lob. sin. hepatis.
4. Encephalopathia. St. post ictum cerebri tempore remoto. Hemiparesis l. dx.
5. St.p. CHCE, APPE, HYE et AE bilat.
6. Paraplegia extremitatum infer. bilat., st.p. fr. C6
7. Haemopneumotorax l. sin. traumaticus. Fractura costarum VII.- X. l. sin.
8. Carcinoma mammae dx. STP. mastectomiam cum lymphadenectomia et therapia hormonali curatam

READ AUTHENTIC MEDICAL RECORDS

1. Dystopia int. caeci. Abdomen ad observandum
2. St.p. CHCE, hernia in cicatrice. Obstipatio. Operatio gynaecologica ante annos VII (septem)
3. St. post panhysterectomiam et hernioplastica in cicatrice post laparotomiam
4. TU ventriculi magnum, ad mesocolon transversum crescens, dolores mesogastrii lat. utq.
5. Thrombosis a. brachialis susp., fr. colli chirurgici humeri l. sin.
6. Polycystosis hepatis, Cholecystitis, pericholecystitis. Morbus hypertonicus. Hypothyreosis. St. p. thyreodectomiam propter M. Basedov, nicotinismus