

MEDICAL PRESCRIPTION (unit 10)

1) LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN MEDICAL PRESCRIPTIONS

| a) VERBAL FORMS | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| abbreviation | full form | translation |
| add. | adde/addatur/addantur | add/it should be added/they should be added |
| d. s. | da signa/detur signetur | give and sign/it should be given and signed |
| d./dent. | da/detur/dentur | give/it should be given/they should be given |
| d./div. | divide/dividatur | divide/it should be divided |
| div. in dos. aeq. | divide in doses aequales | divide in equal doses |
| d. t. d. | dentur tales doses | such doses should be given |
| disp. | dispensa/dispensetur | divide, distribute/it should be divided, distributed |
| f. | fiat/fiant | it should be made/they should be made |
| m. | misce/misceatur | it should be mixed/they should be mixed |
| m. f. | misce fiat/misce fiant | mix, it should be made/mix, they should be made |
| rep. | repete/repetatur | repeat/it should be repeated |
| rp. | recipe | take |
| s./sig. | signa/signetur | sign/it should be signed |
| solv. | solve | dissolve |
| sterilis. | sterilisetur | it should be sterilised |
| ut f. | ut fiat... | in order to make... (sth) |

| b) FORMS OF MEDICATIONS | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| abbreviation | full form | translation |
| caps. | capsula/capsulae | capsule/capsules |
| comp. | compositus, a, um | composed of more constituents |
| conc. | concentratus, a, um | concentrated |
| decoc. | decoctum | decoction |
| drg. | dragées | dragee, coated pill |
| empl. | emplastrum | sticking-plaster |

| | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| extr. | extractum | extract |
| extr. fluid. | extractum fluidum | liquid extract |
| extr. sicc. /exsicc. | extractum siccum/exsiccatum | dry/dried extract |
| extr. spiss. | extractum spissum | thick, dense extract |
| garg. | gargarisma | gargle |
| gtt./gutt. | guttae | drops |
| gossyp. | gossypium | cotton wool |
| herb. | herba | plant, herb |
| inj. | injectio | injection |
| inj. i. c. | injectio intracutanea | injection into the skin |
| inj. i. m. | injectio intramuscularis | injection into the muscle |
| inj. i. v. | injectio intravenosa | injection into the vein |
| inj. subcut. | injectio subcutanea | injection under the skin |
| linim. | linimentum | liniment |
| mixt. | mixtura | mixture |
| ol. | oleum | oil |
| pulv./plv. | pulvis/pulveres | powder/powders |
| pulv. adsp. | pulvis adspersorius | dusting powder |
| pulv. div. | pulveres divisi | divided powders |
| sol. | solutio/solubilis/solutus | solution/dissolvable/dissolved |
| spec. | species | mixture of dried plants, tea |
| succ. | succus | juice, draught |
| supp. | suppositorium/suppositoria | suppository |
| susp. | suspensio | suspension |
| tbl. | tabulettae | tablets |
| tbl. efferv. | tabulettae effervescentes | effervescent tablets |
| tbl. obd. | tabulettae obductae | coated tablets |
| ung. | unguentum | ointment |

b) OTHER INSTRUCTIONS concerning dosage, storage, etc.

| abbreviation | full form | translation |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| aa | ana (partes aequales) | in equal quantities |
| ad amp. | ad ampullam | into ampule |
| ad caps. | ad capsulam/as | into capsule/s |
| ad ch (art). (cer.) | ad chartam ceratam | into waxed sachet |

| | | |
|-------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| ad lag. | ad lagoenam | into bottle |
| ad man. med. | ad manus medici | into the hands of doctor |
| ad oll. | ad ollam | into gallipot |
| ad scat. | ad scatulam/as | into box/es |
| ad us. ext. | ad usum externum | for external use |
| ad us. int. | ad usum internum | for internal use |
| ad vitr. | ad vitrum | into glass |
| aliqu. | aliquot | a little of |
| aq. | aqua | water |
| aq. pro inj. | aqua pro injectione | water for injection |
| aq. purif. | aqua purificata | purified water |
| aq. steril. | aqua sterilisata | sterilized water |
| cochl. mag./parv. | cochlear magnum/parvum | table-/teaspoon |
| c. | cum | with |
| ctr. | contra | against |
| d. | dies, ei, m. | day |
| dupl. | duplex | double |
| exp. orig. | expeditio originalis/expeditiones originales | original packaging (sg./pl.) |
| fort. | fortis | strong |
| fortiss. | fortissimus | the strongest |
| guttator. | guttatorium | drop-glass, dropper |
| h. | hora, ae, f | hour |
| l. a./leg. art. | lege artis | according to the rules of medicine |
| m. p. | manu propria | (signed) with one's own hand |
| no. | numero | in number |
| p. d. | pro dosi | per dose |
| p. die | pro die | per day |
| p. o. | peroralis/perorales | peroral (taken through mouth) |
| pro adult. | pro adultis | for adults |
| pro inf. | pro infantibus | for children |
| q. s. | quantum satis | as much as it is necessary |
| simpl. | simplex | simple |
| spir(it). | spiritus | spirit, grain alcohol |
| tot. | totus, a, um | all, whole |

2) FORMS OF PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS AND AGENTS

capsula (e.g. *mollis/enterosolvens* = soft/dissolvable in gastrointestinal tract) = capsule

fascia (e.g. *hydrophila*) = tightening bandage

lana = cotton wool

granulum (e.g. *effervescens*) = granulated powder

charta = paper

ligamentum = bandage

pulvis (e.g. *nasalis/adspersorius*) = powder

species = mixtures to make tea

tabuletta (e.g. *obducta*) = tablet

tela (e.g. *hydrophila*) = gauze

filum (e.g. *sterile*) = thread

emplastrum = sticking-plaster

globulus (e.g. *vaginalis*) = globule, ball

unguentum = ointment

pasta (e.g. *dentrifricia* = tooth-) = paste

sapo, onis, m. (e.g. *kalinus* = potassium) = soap

stylus (e.g. *nasalis*) = stick

suppositorium (e.g. *rectale*) = suppository

vaselinum (e.g. *flavum/purum*) = vaseline

cremor (e.g. *refrigerans* = cooling) = cream

guttae (e.g. *oculoguttae*) = drops

decoctum = decoction

infusio (e.g. *sodii chloridi*) = infusion

oleum = oil

tinctura (e.g. *opii* = of opium) = alcoholic solution made from plants

spuma (e.g. *dermalis*) = foam

3) PARTS OF PLANTS USED IN PHARMACOLOGY

flos, ris, m. (e.g. *tiliae, sumbuci*) = flowers

folium, ii, n. (e.g. *menthae, salviae*) = leaves

fructus, us, m. (e.g. *foeniculi*) = fruit

herba, ae, f. (e.g. *absynthii, thymi*) = herbs, tops of plants

ignum, i, n. (e.g. *cinammi*) = wood

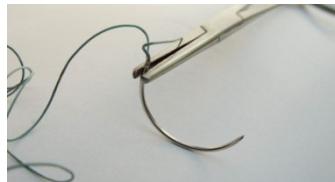
radix, cis, f. (e.g. *liquiritiae*) = roots

resina, ae, f. (e.g. *cannabis*) = resin

semen, inis, n. (e.g. *arnicae*) = seeds

succus, i, m. (e.g. *belladonnae*) = draught, juice

Match the pictures with the terms above:



4) PARTS OF THE PRESCRIPTION

The prescription consists of seven parts. Their Latin names are:

a) INSCRIPTIO

The name and the surname of the doctor, the hospital, clinic or polyclinic medical center, their address, and the date. The date is important from the standpoint of ascertaining for determining the life of the prescription. The prescription of narcotics and controlled substances are governed by special laws and regulations.

b) NOMEN AEGROTI

Name, address and age of the patient. This part serves to identify for whom the prescription is intended. The full name and the address are required by law on all prescriptions for controlled substances. The age of the patient is a good additional piece of information, especially with pediatric patients where dosage calculations have to be double-checked for safety. This part may be located on the designated area, or after the last drug on the back of the form.

c) INVOCATIO

Consists of the message to the chemist/pharmacist, and it includes only the expression **Rp./** – an abbreviation for Recipe, the Latin for Get! (Take)

d) ORDINATIO

This is the main part of the medical prescription, because this is the doctor's order. Here are the *names of medicinal substances, the medicinal forms, and the dosages* (in case of individually prepared medicines) *or brand name* (in case of ready-made preparations). The medicinal substances are required to begin with a capital letter and to be in the genitive case. Brand names are also written with the capital letter, but these are not inflected and are written as seen in the original packaging.

The dosage is noted after the substance or medicinal form using metric units (grams) and Arabic decimal numerals (individually prepared medicines, when read aloud, these should be in accusative case) or number of original packages (ready-made medicines) is given in Roman numerals and full word in the brackets (it is also accusative case).

e) SUBSCRIPTIO

In this part are written, if necessary, *instructions to the chemist* on how to make the preparation and the number of doses, or medicinal forms to be supplied to the patient.

f) SIGNATURA

Notes are written in Czech. The signature is the *message intended for the patient*. It provides instructions as to how the medicine should be taken by the patient. This information must be sufficient to allow the patient to understand fully the amount of the drug product to be taken and the frequency and manner of administration: if the drug has to be used externally only, or to be shaken well before use, or whether it is a poison, and other such facts are included.

g) NOMEN MEDICI

The signature of the doctor may be placed on the designated area, or after the last drug, and this is for identification data.

CZECH MEDICAL PRESCRIPTION

VZOR

| INSCRIPTIO | | RECEPT | | | | | |
|---|--|--------|-----|-------------|--------|---------|--|
| Kód pojíšťovny | | | | | | poř. č. | |
| Údaje platné pro celý recept (výpis, pohotovost, repetatur s počtem opakování, nutná a neodkladná péče, atd.) | | | | | | | |
| Příjmení a jméno | | | | | | | |
| Číslo pojíštěnce | | | | | | | |
| Bydliště (adresa) | | | | | | | |
| Popl. | Diagnóza ¹⁾ | Sk. | Kód | Započ.dopl. | Úhrada | | |
| Rp. | Kalii iodidi Ephedrini hydrochloridi Thymi siripi comp. Aquae purif. | | | 1,0 | | | |
| M. f. liquid. D. ad lag. D. S. 3x denně 1 ižici | | | 0,2 | 20,0 | | | |
| ad 100,0 | | | | | | | |
| Popl. | Diagnóza ¹⁾ | Sk. | Kód | Započ.dopl. | Úhrada | | |
| Rp. | Frontin 0,5 mg Exp. orig. No. III (tres) D. S. 1 tbl. ráno, 1 tbl. večer | | | | | | |
| Dne: | | | | | | | |
| razítko poskytovatele, jmenovka, podpis a telefon lékaře | | | | | | | |
| 1) Vyplňuje se povinně v případě zvýšené úhrady. | | | | Připravil: | Vydal: | | |

PERSONALIA AEGROTI

INVOCATIO

ORDINATIO

a) PRAESCRIPATIO
(COMPOSITIO)

b) SUBSCRIPTIO

c) SIGNATURA

MAGISTRALITER

SPECIALITAS

**SIGILLUM ET NOMEN
MEDICI**

5) PRESCRIPTION TYPES

Prescriptions can be classified as *individually prepared* and *ready-made*.

- a) **Individually prepared medication**, also called *magistraliter* (from Latin word magister – teacher) is an order that requires mixing of one or more ingredients (active medicaments) with one or more pharmaceutical necessities (vehicle, suspending agent). The physician selects the drugs, doses, and pharmaceutical form that he/she desires and the pharmacist prepares the medication accordingly. The name of each drug is placed on a separate line right under the preceding one. The order of ingredients is as follows:

Remedium cardinale (basis). The basis is the principal drug and gives the prescription its chief action.

Remedium adjuvans (adjuvant). As the name suggests, the adjuvant is a drug that aids or increases the action of the principal ingredient.

Remedium corrigens (corrective). The corrective modifies or corrects undesirable effects of the basic or adjuvant.

Remedium constituens (vehicle). The vehicle is the agent used as a solvent in the solution, to increase the size and volume, or to dilute the mixture. The most potent or principal drug is written first, the other ingredient second, and the vehicle last, as shown in the example.

E.g.: Invatio: Rp. (= Recipe = take)

Ordinatio: *Natrii bromati (bromatis)* 6,0 Rem. basis

Phenobarbitali 0,6 Rem. adjuvans

Sirupi Menthae 60,0 Rem. corrigens

Aquae destillatae ad 300,0 Rem. constituens

Subscriptio: M. f. mixt. (= Misce fiat mixtura = Mix to obtain mixture).

Signatura: D. S. (= Da. Signa. = Give. Sign.) *Jedna lžička třikrát denně po jídle.* (= One tablespoon 3 times a day after meal).

b) **Ready-made medication**, or ***specialitas***, does not require mixing of two or more ingredients to obtain a finished product. A precompounded order consists of a drug or a mixture of drugs supplied by a pharmaceutical company by its official or proprietary name and, if it contains more than one substance, the specific ingredients do not have to be listed. Usually, it contains abbreviation ***Exp. orig.*** (= *Expeditio originalis* = original package).

E.g.: Invocatio: ***Rp./*** (= Recipe = take)

Ordinatio: ***Ospamox 750 mg tbl.*** (= tabulettas)

Exp. orig. No. II. (= *expeditiones originales numero duas* = two original packages)

Signatura: ***D. S.*** (= Da. Signa. = Give. Sign) *Jedna tableta každých 12 hodin /po dobu dvou týdnů/* (= One tablet every 12 hours /for two weeks).

SOME EXAMPLES OF MEDICAL PRESCRIPTIONS

analgeticum + antipyreticum

| | |
|---|---------------|
| <i>Rp.</i> | |
| <i>Isalicylici</i> | |
| <i>Paracetamoli</i> | <i>aa 0,3</i> |
| <i>Codeinii dihydrogenphosphorici</i> | <i>0,02</i> |
| <i>Coffeini cum natrio benzoico</i> | <i>0,1</i> |
| <i>Magnesii oxydati</i> | <i>0,05</i> |
| <i>M. f. pulv.</i> | |
| <i>D. t. d. No. XX (viginti) ad caps.</i> | |
| <i>S. 3krát denně 1 prášek.</i> | |

antacidum

| | |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Rp.</i> | |
| <i>Extracti belladonnae sicci</i> | <i>0,4</i> |
| <i>Papaverinii chlorati</i> | <i>1,0</i> |
| <i>Magnesii oxydati</i> | <i>20,0</i> |
| <i>M. f. pulv.</i> | |
| <i>Div. in dos. aeq. No. XX (viginti) ad caps.</i> | |
| <i>D. S. 3krát denně 1 prášek mezi dvěma jídly.</i> | |

urologicum

| | |
|--|----------------|
| <i>Rp.</i> | |
| <i>Herbae equiseti</i> | |
| <i>Folii uvae ursi</i> | <i>aa 15,0</i> |
| <i>Herbae herniariae</i> | |
| <i>Radicis levisticci</i> | <i>aa 20,0</i> |
| <i>Folii betulae</i> | <i>30,0</i> |
| <i>M. f. spec.</i> | |
| <i>D. S. 1 lžíce na šálek nálevu. Denně vypít 3 – 4 šálky.</i> | |

diureticum

| | |
|--|------------|
| <i>Rp.</i> | |
| <i>Aminophyllini</i> | <i>1,8</i> |
| <i>Olei cacao q. s. ut f. supp.</i> | |
| <i>D. t. d. No. VI (sex)</i> | |
| <i>S. 2krát denně zavést 1 čípek do konečníku.</i> | |

antimycoticum

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| <i>Rp.</i> | |
| <i>Ureae</i> | <i>40,0</i> |
| <i>Acidi lactici</i> | <i>1,0</i> |
| <i>Ung. lanalcoli</i> | <i>20,0</i> |
| <i>Cerae albae</i> | <i>5,0</i> |
| <i>Vaselini albi</i> | <i>ad 100,0</i> |
| <i>M. f. ung. Týden používat v okluzním obvazu na nehty před aplikací antimykotik.</i> | |

antidotum

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| <i>Rp.</i> | |
| <i>Carbonis adsorbentis</i> | <i>30,0</i> |
| <i>Magnesii sulfurici</i> | |
| <i>(seu Natrii sulfurici)</i> | <i>15,0</i> |
| <i>Aquae purificatae</i> | <i>ad 300,0</i> |
| <i>M. f. susp.</i> | |
| <i>D. S. Cum formula. Pro medico. Po ukončení výplachu vstříknout do žaludku.</i> | |

gynaecologicum

Rp.
Acidi borici pulv. 100,0
D. ad scat.
S. Jednu lžíci na litr teplé vody k výplachům.

antibioticum

Rp.
Framykoin plv. ads. 1 x 20 gm
Exp. orig. No. II (duas)
D. S. Aplikovat 2krát denně na postižená místa po dobu 10 dnů.

myorelaxans

Rp.
Mydocalm 150 mg tbl. p. o. 30 x 150 mg
Exp. orig. No. III (tres)
D. S. 3krát 1 tableta denně.

immunostimulans

Rp.
Imunor p. o. 4 x 10 mg
Exp. orig. No. I (unam)
D. S. Dle rozpisu.

antidepressivum

Rp.
Asentra 50 tbl. p. o. 28 x 50 mg
Exp. orig. No. IV (quattuor)
D. S. 2 tablety denně.

hypnoticum

Rp.
Amobarbitali 0,15
Codeinii dihydrogenphosphorici 0,03
Aminophenazoni 0,25
Olei cacao q. s. ut f. supp.
D. t. dos. No VI (sex)
S. Na noc zavést 1 čípek.