

BASIC MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY: QUALIFYING TEST MOCKVERSION

Spring semester 2014

Name:

Date:

Group:

1. Change into plural/singular (5):

Cartilago alaris minor

Commissura valvulae semilunaris

Organa genitalia masculina interna

2. Fill in correct endings (7):

Vagina commun_____ tendin_____ (pl.) muscul_____ (pl.) flexor_____ (pl.)

Ramus sin_____ cavernos_____

Nod_____ (pl.) lumbal_____ (pl.) intermedi_____ (pl.)

Ligamentum capit_____ fibul_____ poster_____

Segment_____ (pl.) bronchopulmonal_____ (pl.)

3. Translate into Latin (15):

State after amputation of the big toe on the left side due to frostbites

Subcutaneous haematomas of the upper eyelid of the right eye

Superficial scrapes on the skin in the region of the face

Transverse lesion of the thoracic part of the spinal cord

Bilateral contusions of the top of the frontal lobe

4. Circle words with mistakes and give correct forms (5):

Articulationes interphalangei manus

Oedema cerebri gravis

Defectus dentum subtotalis

Syndroma algica vertebrogenes

Suspicio asthuae bronchialis

5. Translate the terms in the first column, give the noun/adjective which the terms come from + its dictionary form. Follow the examples (6):

terms	English translation	original noun/adjective + its dictionary form
<i>venula</i>	<i>small vein</i>	<i>vena, ae, f.</i>
<i>mutitas</i>	<i>muteness</i>	<i>mutus, a, um</i>
gravida, ae, f.		
vasculum, i, n.		
morbosus, a, um		
malignitas, atis, f.		
marginalis, e		
gustatorius, a, um		

6. Split the following terms into root(s), connecting vowels, prefixes and/or suffixes. Translate the terms (11):

Example:	Analysis + translation
endocarditis	<i>endo-card-itis</i> = <i>inflammation of the internal membrane of the heart</i>
cholecystoptosis	
necrophobia	
splanchnosomaticus	
mastopathia	
gonarthrosis	

7. Match the Latin/Greek word stems with the English terms (3):

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| a) pod(o)- | 1) measurement |
| b) -schisis | 2) same |
| c) crypt(o)- | 3) white |
| d) leuc(o)- | 4) foot |
| e) -metria | 5) hidden |
| f) is(o)- | 6) cleft |

8. Use the words in the first column to form Latin/Greek terms with the given meaning (10):

Pay attention!

The letter k in original Greek words is transcribed like c in derived/compound terms.

<i>original words</i>	<i>description/definition</i>	<i>derived/compound terms</i>
<i>melas</i>	skin tumour containing dark pigment	
<i>fyesthai</i>	expanded articular end of a long bone	
<i>therme</i>	pertaining to heat	
<i>radius</i>	exposure to any form of radiant energy	
<i>plassein</i>	abnormal growth or development	
<i>salpinx + lysis</i>	surgical procedure for freeing a fallopian tube from adhesions	
<i>rhis + rhoe</i>	discharge from the nasal mucous membrane	
<i>oophoron + malakos</i>	softening of the ovaries	
<i>omos + algos</i>	pain in the shoulder	
<i>epision + tome</i>	incision of the perineum to avoid tearing during parturition	