

Revision

4th + 5th declension

(ductus, genu, facies)

TASK 1: Assign the given nouns to their respective paradigms!

Example: *infarctus, infarctus*, masculine, like *ductus*

infarctus, unguentum, dens, pulmo, gargarisma, processus, tempus, morsus, serpens, arcus, ligamentum, dolor, scabies, thorax, lamina, color, labium, rima, scatula, neurosis, pleuritis, dyspnoe, encephalon, nephros

TASK 2: Form the nominatives of the given genitives!

Example: *cariei*, nominative *caries*, feminine, like *facies*

cariei, exitus, obstructionis, manus, genus, visus, calvitiei, articulationis, foraminis, corporis, conchae, morbi, cochlearis, traumatis, vulneris, nuclei, visus, temporis, psychosis

TASK 3: Match the given adjectives with appropriate nouns!

Example: *genu valgum*

NOUNS: *genu, species, abscessus, decubitus, partus, facies, meatus, exitus, usus, processus, status*
ADJECTIVES: *valgus, a, um; varus, a, um; urologicus, a, um; aromaticus, a, um; subcutaneus, a, um; dolorosus, a, um; profundus, a, um; praematurus, a, um; caesareus, a, um; Hippocraticus, a, um; pallidus, a, um; sanus, a, um; acusticus, a, um; subitus, a, um; externus, a, um; internus, a, um; spinosus, a, um; longus, a, um; epilepticus, a, um; asthmaticus, a, um; postoperativus, a, um*

TASK 4: Find Latin and Greek synonyms!

tract, bile, eye, wound, brain, stomach, kidney

TASK 5: Add a corresponding loose attribute to each expression!

Example: *articulatio genus dextri*

articulatio (+ genu dextrum)

arcus (+ vertebrae thoracicae)

causa (+ obstructio venae)

ligamenta (+ manus sinistra)

effectus (+ gargarisma novum)

sanatio (+ decubitus profundus)

collapsus (+ systema circulatorium)

status (+ canities praematura)

TASK 6: Connect the words in brackets with the given preposition, use the correct case!

Example: *ex die*

ex (dies)

post (infarctus acutus)

propter (partus praematurus)

sub (plexus venosus uterinus – state and movement)

in (decursus morbi)

ad (usus internus)

ante (processus spinosus)

pro (decubitus dolorosi)

sine (effectus malus)

TASK 7: Form the plural!

Example: *caries profundae*

caries profunda, genu varum, morbus infectiosus, status acutus, processus longus, facies pallida, vulnus periculosum, excoriatio genus, abscessus subcutaneus, rete venosum

TASK 8: Give the opposite!

manus valga, rete venosum durae matris, corpus album, materies bona, genu dextrum, sanatio per primam intentionem, morbus chronicus systematis digestorii

TASK 9: Fill in the correct endings!

Example: *symptomata infarctus*

symptomata infarct___; unguentum pro decubit___ (pl.); dosis medicament___ (sg.) pro di___; exitus post infarct___ myocard___ acut___; dolores chronic___ dent___ propter cari___ profund___ (all in pl.); mors post part___ praematur___; fractura apert___ gen___ sinistr___; vulnus periculos___ punct___ in faci___; luxatio articulation___ gen___; abscessus meat___ acustic___ extern___

TASK 10: Translate into Latin!

full healing of a sick person after the infarction of brain, cancer of the right lung in its place, injection against pain, acute bleeding into the abdominal cavity, good medicament for the day, with aromatic mixture of dried plants (one word), abscesses under the skin of the right hand, bleeding of the venous network of the eyeball, operation of the lacrimal duct due to a foreign body, human senses: sight, hearing, taste, smell, touch

Paradigms:

M+F: *pelvis*, ONLY Abl. sg.: *-ī*

N: *rēte*

Abl. sg.	<i>-ī</i>	
Gen. pl.	<i>-ium</i>	
Nom. + Ac. pl.	<i>-ia</i>	(neuters)

biceps, bicipitis

triceps, tricipitis

quadriceps, quadricipitis

Abl. sg.: -e

G. pl.: -um

N.+Ak. pl. (neuters): -a

LATIN AND GREEK DECLENSIONS

Declens.		I.			II.				III.					IV.		V.
Paradigm		<i>vena</i>	<i>systole</i>	<i>diabetes</i>	<i>nervus</i>	<i>septum</i>	<i>nephros</i>	<i>colon</i>	<i>dolor</i>	<i>corpus</i>	<i>pelvis</i>	<i>dosis febris</i>	<i>rete</i>	<i>ductus</i>	<i>genu</i>	<i>facies</i>
Gender		f.	f.	m.	m.	n.	m.	n.	m. + f.	n.	m. + f.	m. + f.	n.	m.	n.	f.
S i n g u l a r	1.	-a	-e	-es	-us/-er	-um	-os	-on	?	?	-is/-es	-(s)is/ -xis/-osis	-ar/-e/ -al	-us	-u	-es
	2.	-ae	-es	-ae	-i	-i	-i	-i	-is	-is	-is	-is/-eos	-is	-us	-us	-ei
	4.	-am	-en	-am	-um	1	-on	1	-em	1	-em	-im/-in	1	-um	1	-em
	6.	-a	-e	-a	-o	-o	-o	-o	-e	-e	-e	-i	-i	-u	-u	-e
P l u r a l	1.	-ae	-ae	-ae	-i	-a	-i	-a	-es	-a	-es	-es	-ia	-us	-ua	-es
	2.	-arum	-arum	-arum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-um	-um	-ium	-ium	-ium	-uum	-uum	-erum
	4.	-as	-as	-as	-os	1	-os	1	-es	1	-es	-es	1	-us	1	-es
	6.	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ebus
		+ Adj. of 1st decl. F			+ Adj. of 2nd decl. M	+ Adj. of 2nd decl. N			+Com- parative forms M+F	+Com- parative forms N	+ Adj. of 3rd decl. M + F		+ Adj. of 3rd decl. N			

aorta abdominalis

caput breve

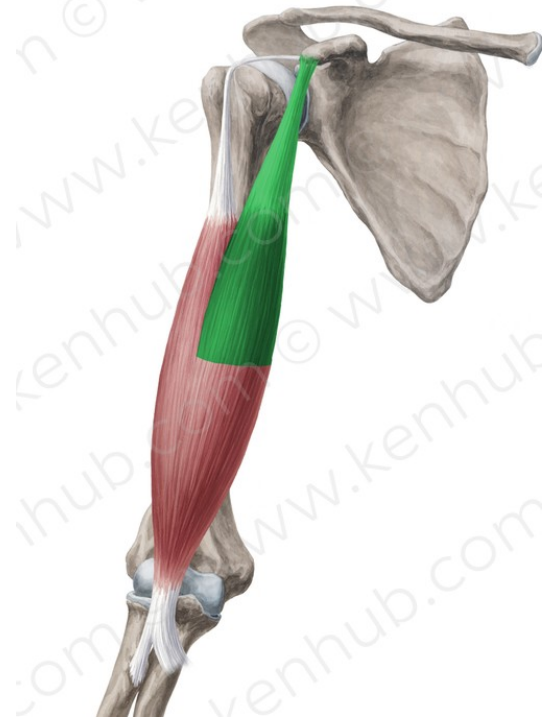
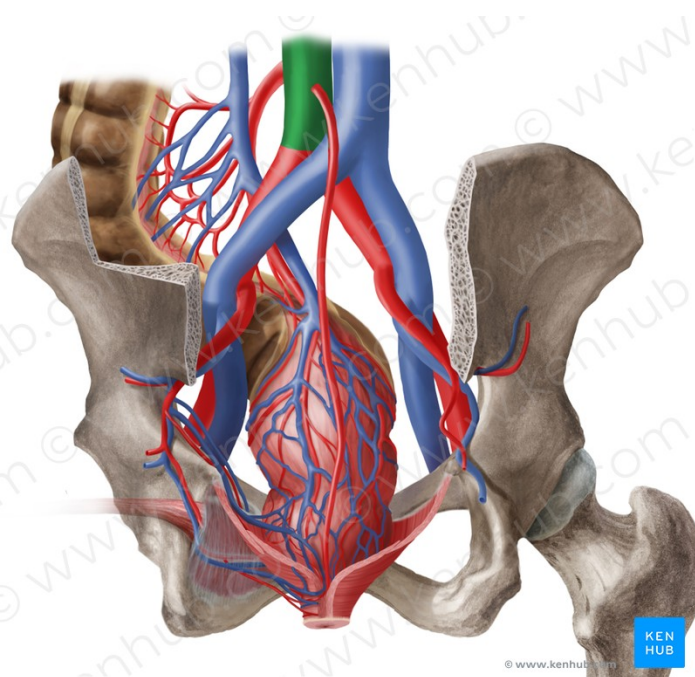
musculus biceps femoralis

abdominalis, e

brevis, e

biceps, bicipitis

femoralis, e



Read and translate:

Caries dentis permanentis, in reti articulari cubiti, canalis centralis, ad tuber frontale, operatio partis ascendentis et descendentis duodeni, capsula articularis, prope columnam vertebralem, musculus biceps brachii, ligamentum teres hepatis et uteri, intestinum tenue, cavum pleurale, vena comitans nervi hypoglossi, musculi levatores costarum breves, appendix vermiformis, glandula suprarenalis, arteria recurrens, vena iliaca communis, liquor cerebrospinalis, ramus communicans cum nervo ulnari, pars abdominalis, organum vestibulocochleare, os ethmoidale, temporale, parietale, occipitale, vesica biliaris (fellea), arteria carotis communis, musculus pectoralis, rami perforantes arcus palmaris profundi.

Vulnus punctum penetrans ad cor, mōrbi apparatus lacrimalis, glomerulonephritis maligna progrediens, sclerosis cerebrospinalis multiplex, carcinoma recti ad vaginam et vesicam urinariam increscens, ulcus molle, psoriasis universalis insanabilis, delirium tremens, insufficientia cordis exacerbans, trauma grave articulationis genus dextri, otitis media acuta recidivans, herpes simplex, haemodialysis extracorporalis, symptomata tuberculosis incipientis, therapia urocystitidis gravis, infarctus recens.

Remedium cardinale, adiuvans, corrigens, constituens, mixtura solvens tussim, saccharum solubile, solutio versicolor, decolor.

TASK 1: Join the given nouns with appropriate forms of the given adjective!

Example: *brachium laterale, margo lateralis*

lateralis, e + brachium, margo

simplex, cis + articulatio, lobulus, unguentum

brevis, e + vita, os, arteria, caput

vertebralis, e + columna, foramen

occipitalis, e + margo, os

communicans, ntis + ramus, arteria

dorsalis, e + rete, ligamentum, pars, nervus, radix, ramus

TASK 2: Join the following nouns with the correct forms of adjectives from both columns!

Example: *tuber ischiadicum, tuber parietale*

<i>tuber</i>	<i>ischiadicus, a, um</i>	<i>parietalis, e</i>
<i>caput</i>	<i>longus, a, um</i>	<i>brevis, e</i>
<i>sepsis</i>	<i>lentus, a, um</i>	<i>puerperalis, e</i>
<i>hepar</i>	<i>induratus, a, um</i>	<i>mobilis, e</i>
<i>infectio</i>	<i>directus, a, um</i>	<i>exogenes, es</i>
<i>ren</i>	<i>cysticus, a, um</i>	<i>migrans, ntis</i>
<i>eczema</i>	<i>ruber, a, um</i>	<i>solaris, e</i>
<i>urocystitis</i>	<i>acutus, a, um</i>	<i>catarrhalis, e</i>
<i>musculus</i>	<i>longus, a, um</i>	<i>biceps, cipitis</i>

TASK 3: Join the expressions from TASK 2 with the word *therapia!*

Example: *therapia tuberis ischiadici, tuberis parietalis*

TASK 4: Join the expressions from Task 2 with the prepositions *propter* and *cum!*

Example: *propter tuber ischiadicum, parietale, cum tubere ischiadico, parietali*

TASK 5: Put the words in the second column into the correct form!

Example: *articulationes columnae vertebralis*

articulationes

columna vertebralis

obliteratio fibrosa

cavum pleurale

thrombosis

vena femoralis

nervus cutaneus

brachium laterale

fissura

ligamentum teres

ostium

appendix vermiformis

fossa

glandula lacrimalis

geniculum

canalis facialis

nucleus

nervus abducens

TASK 6: Put the following expressions into the plural form!

Example: *musculi bicipites*

musculus biceps; ramus dentalis; fossula tonsillaris; ramus communicans; arteria gastrica brevis; os gracile

TASK 7: Fill in the correct endings!

unguentum efficiens pro acn___ indurat___; sanatio facil___ herpet___ simplic___; fracturae multiplic___ column___ vertebral___; facies ossi___ femoral___; medicamenta adiuvan___; foramen magn___ oss___ occipital___; dolores acr___ ischiadic___

TASK 8: Translate into Latin!

dorsal part of the bridge, dorsal network of the hand, soft ulcer, palatal canals, suprarenal gland, short gastric arteries, long and short heads, vertebral column, fissure of the round ligament, branch communicating with an ulnar nerve, descending part of the colon, migratory kidney, lacrimal canals