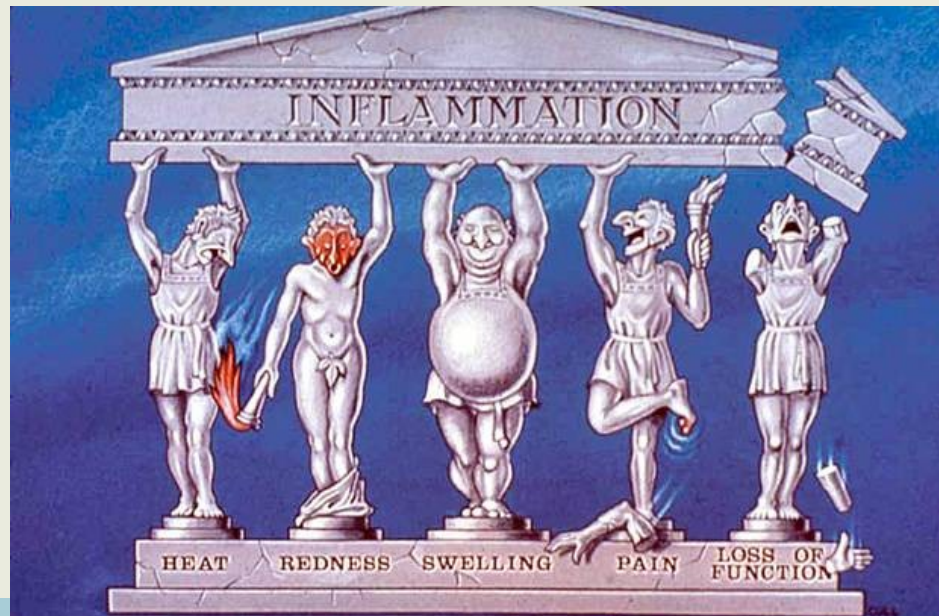


Inflammations and Fever



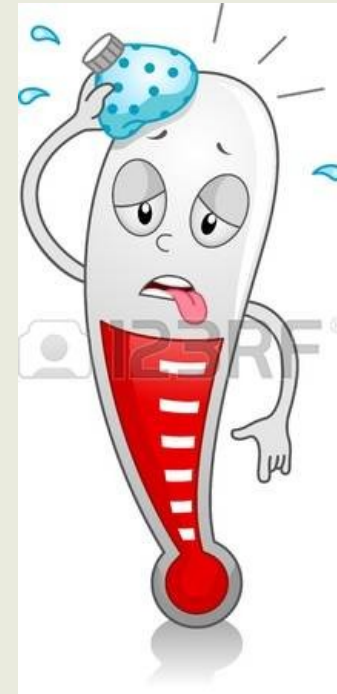
Xenia Ttakka
Nikola Sukdolakova



1. GENERAL TERMS



- febris, is, f. (L.) = pyret- (G.) = fever
- calor, oris, m. (L.) = therm- (G.) = heat



2. BODY TEMPERATURE STATES

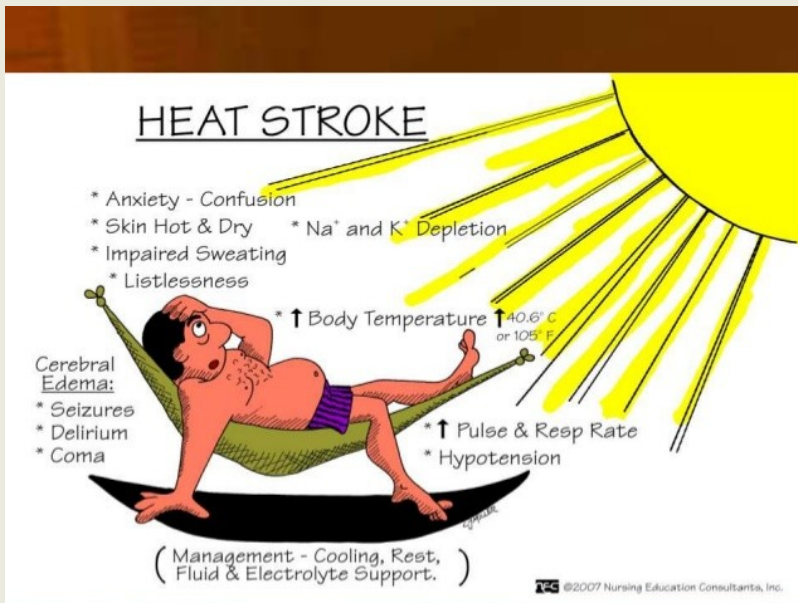


- hypothermia, ae, f.





- subfebris, is, f. / subfebrilis, e - febris, is, f. / pyrexia, ae, f. - hyperpyrexia, ae, f.



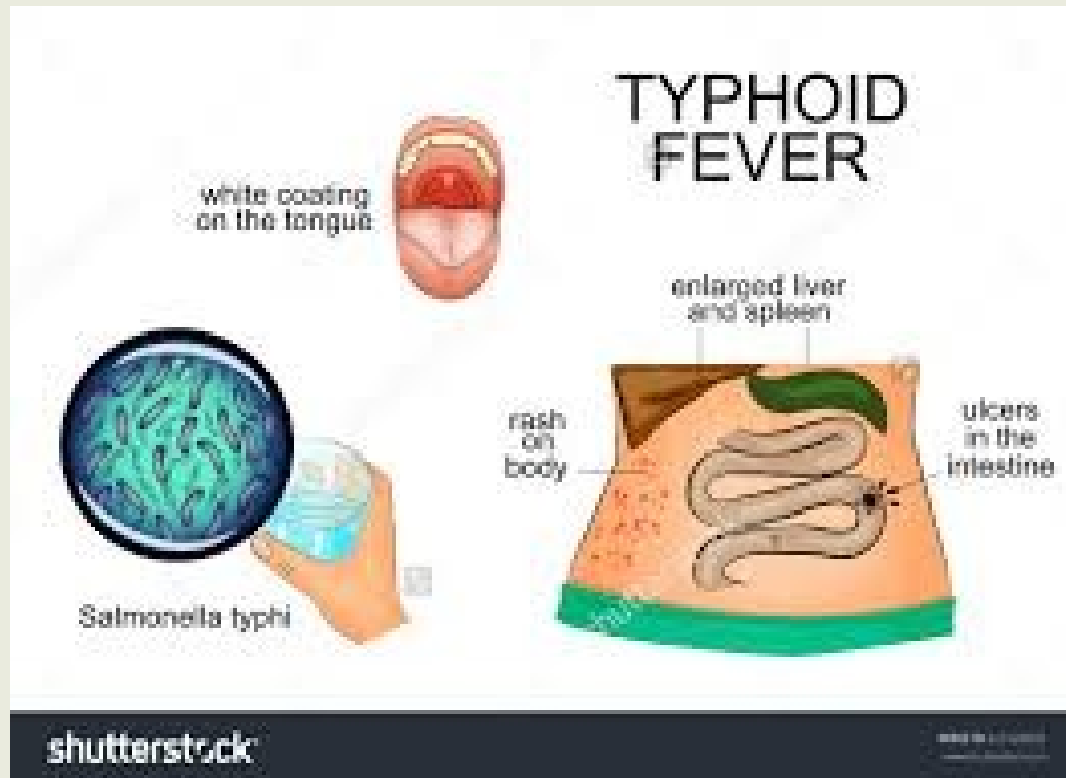
3. TYPES OF FEVER ACCORDING TO ITS PROGRESSION



- f. continua = steady, continuous
- f. ephemera (= febricula) = lasting only one-day
- f. intermittens = the febrile state is alternating with non-febrile state
- f. inversa = in the morning
- f. recurrens = returning
- f. remittens = distinctively oscillating
- f. undulans = proceeding in waves
- f. biphasica/dromedaria = proceeding in two waves/phases

4. TYPES OF FEVER TYPICALLY ACCOMPANYING A PARTICULAR DISEASE

- f. gastrica = typhoid fever





- f. glandularis = accompanying mononucleosis



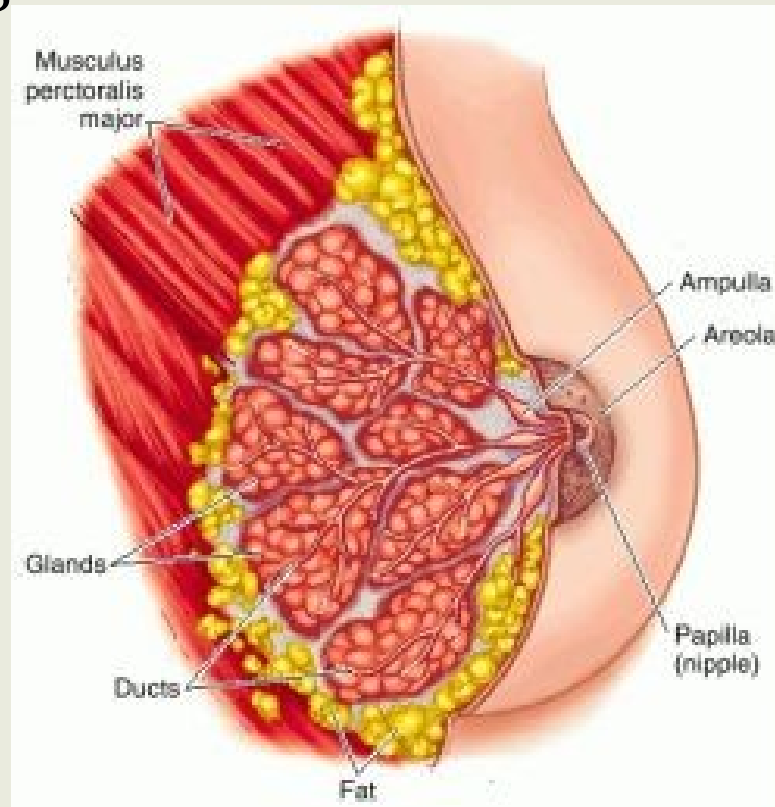


- f. herpetica = accompanying herpetic disease





- f. lactea = accompanying the inflammation of mammary gland





- f. pallida = typical of paleness, e.g. a rheumatic fever





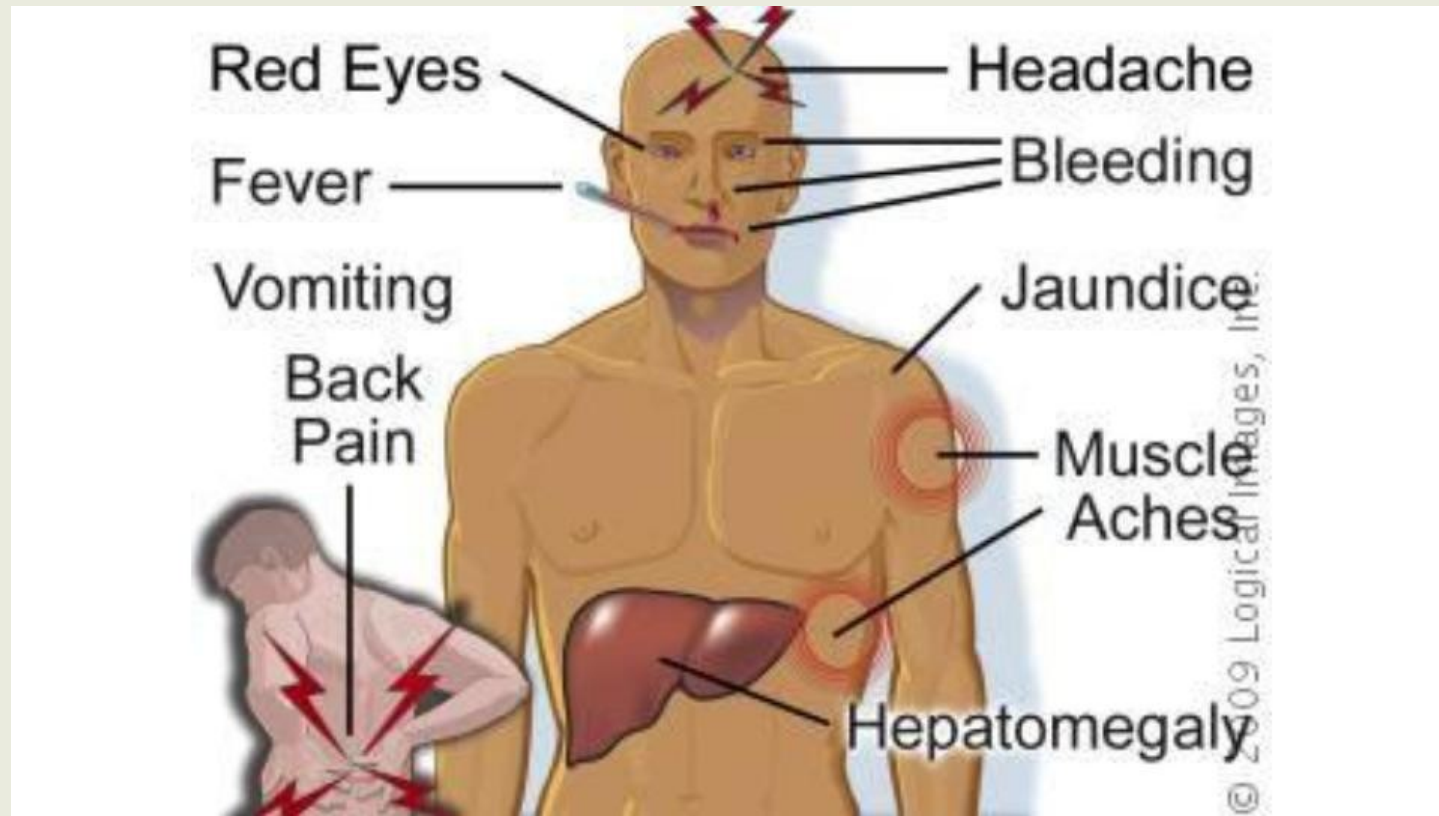
- f. Tertiana/ quartana/ quintana/quotidiana



5. DISEASES



- f. flava = yellow fever



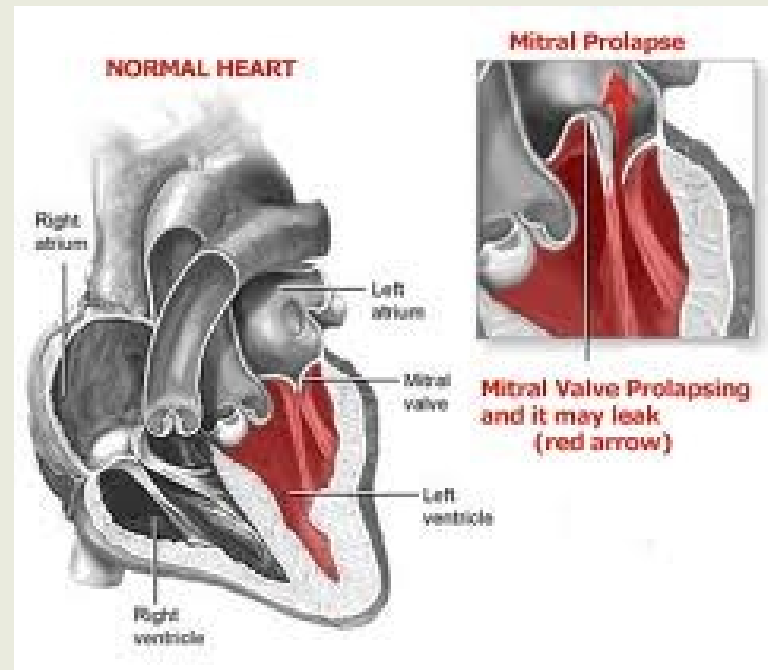
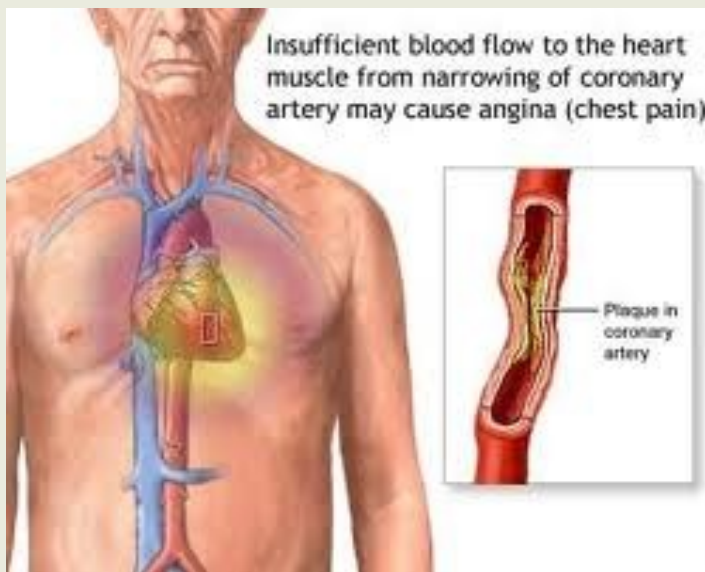


- f. puerperalis = childbed fever, occurring during puerperium (post-partum period) due to infection of reproductive organs





- f. rheumatica = an inflammatory disease involving heart, joints, etc.



INFLAMMATIONS



- **1. General terms**
- inflammatio, onis, f. (L.) – inflammation of something, rarely used!
- phlegmone (G.) = originally an inflammation; nowadays it denotes a spreading diffuse inflammatory process with formation of purulent exudate (pus)



2. TERMS USING –ITIS WITH GREEK ROOTS



- e.g. nephritis ; dermatitis ; arthritis; encephalitis; mastitis; cholecystitis; hepatitis; etc.

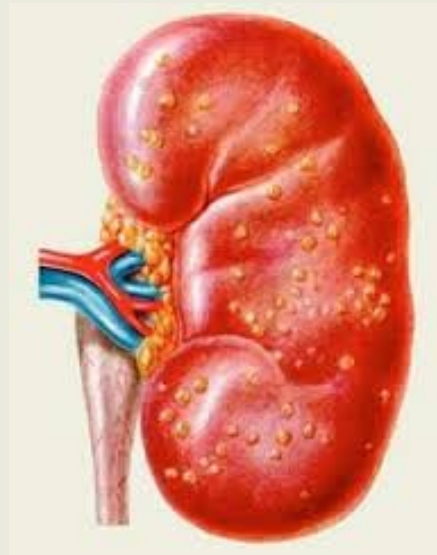
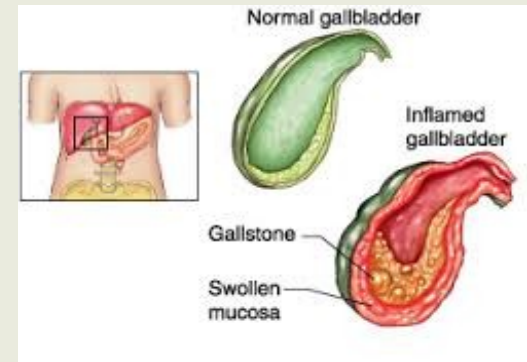


Figure 1



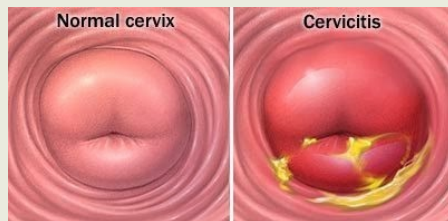
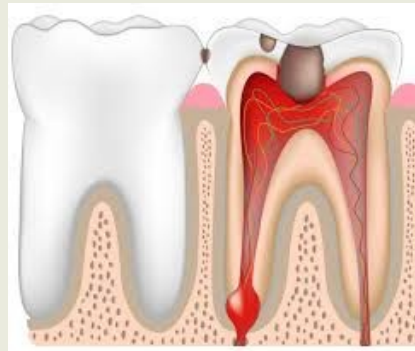
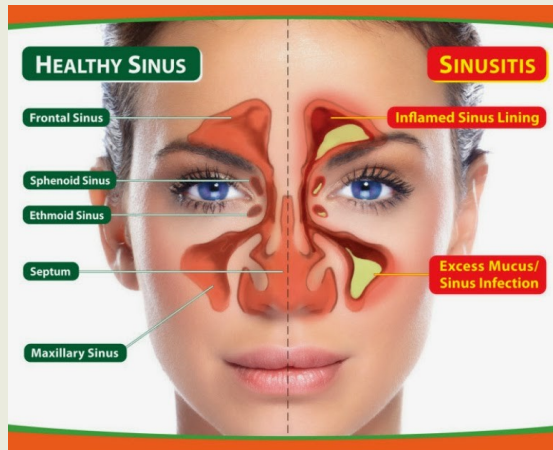
Figure 2



3. TERMS USING –ITIS WITH LATIN ROOTS



- e.g. appendicitis; gingivitis; cervicitis; pulpitis; sinusitis frontalis



4. TERMS USING -IA



- **4. Terms using -ia**
- pneumonia
- ophthalmia
- onychia

