

EXPRESSING POSITION IN MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY

General terms

locus, i, m. / situs, us, m. (L.) = topo- (G.) = place e.g. *topophobia*

in situ = in the (afore-mentioned) place

loco typico = in the typical place

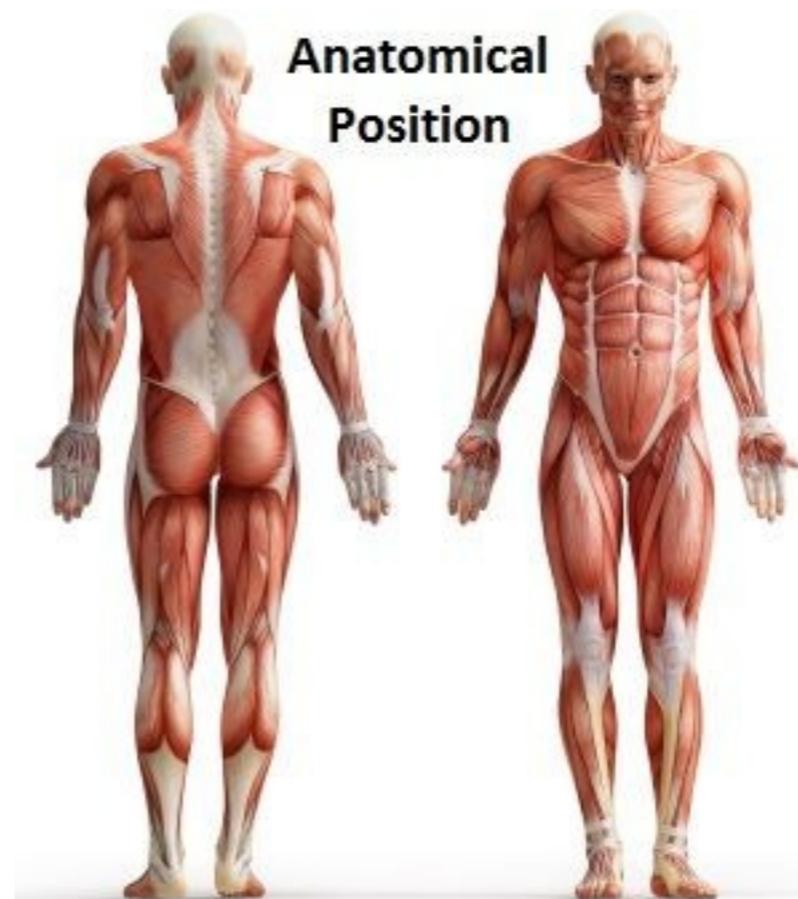
loco cicatricis = in the place of the scar (*cicatrix, icis, f. = scar)

eodem loco = in the same place

localis, e = local



positio, onis, f.



anaesthesia localis

Lateral position

lateris dextri (l.dx.) = on the right side, the right one

lateris sinistri (l.sin.) = on the left side, the left one

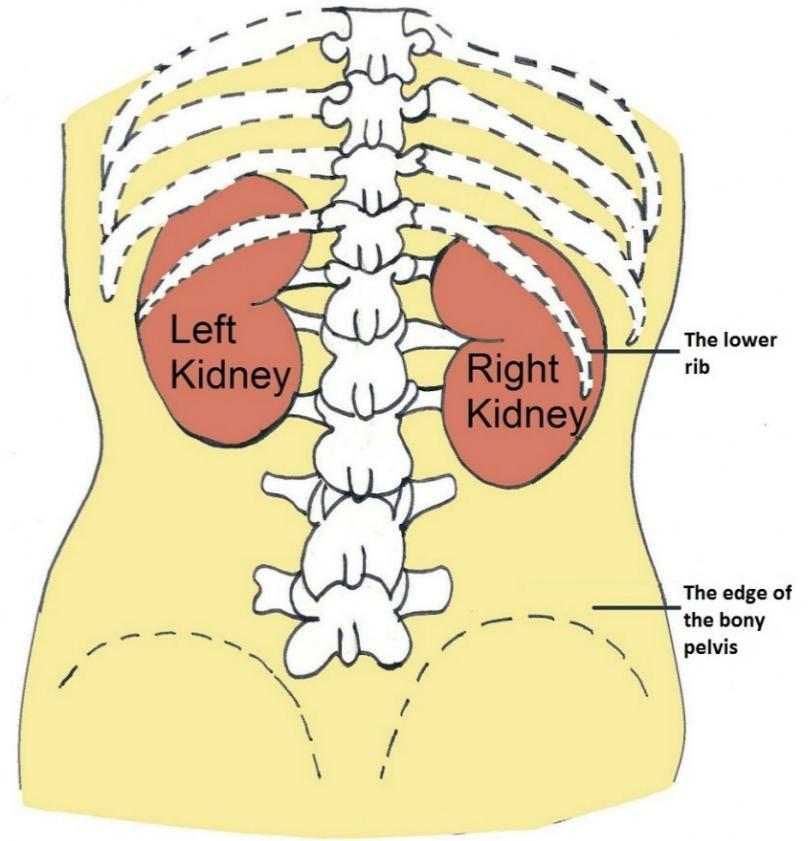
lateris utriusque (l. utr.) = on both sides, both

later- (L.) *(prefix) = related to side

e.g. **lateroposito uteri**

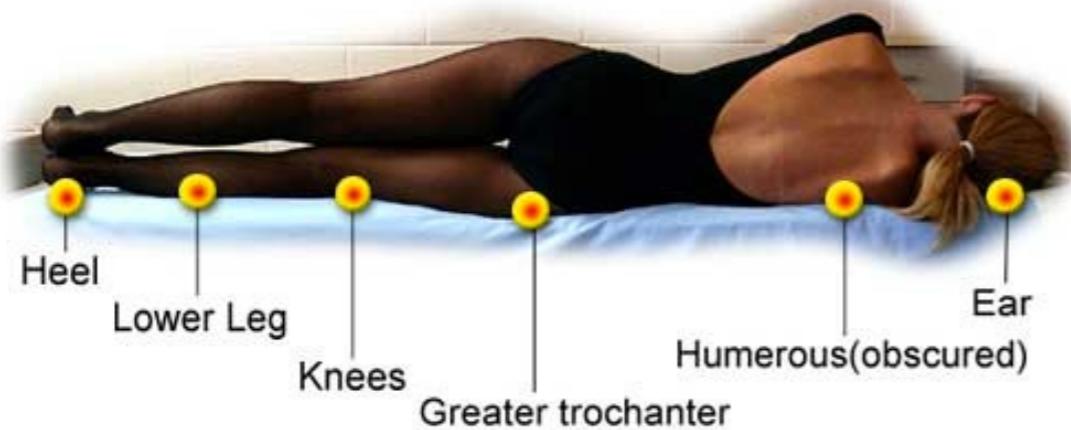
sinistro-/dextroposito = reversal of an organ to the left/right

Kidney Position

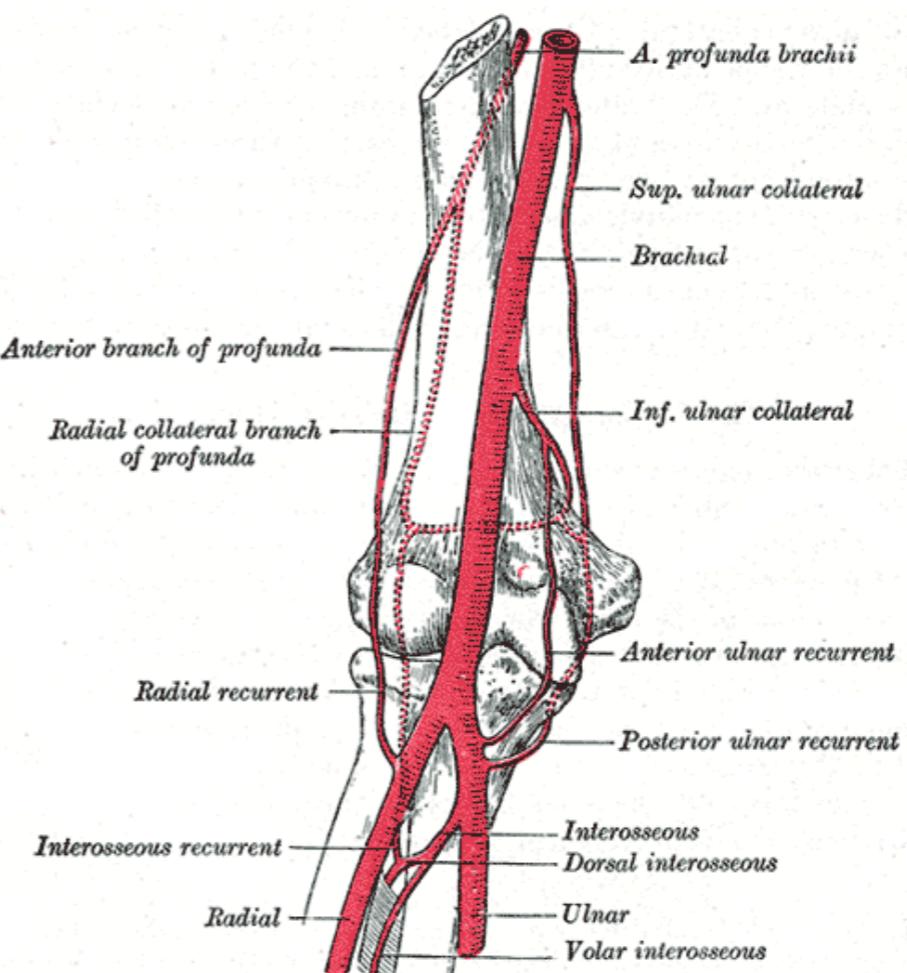


/bi/lateralis, e = /bi/lateral

collateralis, e = located on the same side



decubitus laterales (lateral bedsores)



arteria **collateralis**(collateral artery)

marginalis, e = marginal

acralis, e (G.) = referring to extremities



gingivitis marginalis



cyanosis acralis

Medial position

medius, a, um / medianus, a, um

e.g. *auris media; linea mediana*

medialis, e (x lateralis, e)

e.g. *nervi supraclavicularis mediales*

intermedius, a, um = located between two things

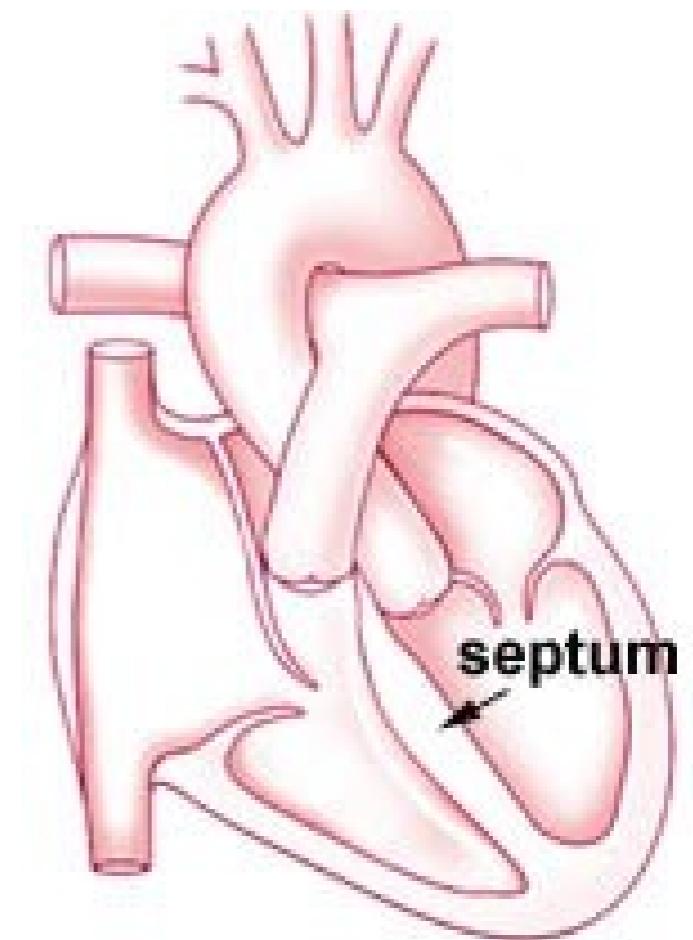
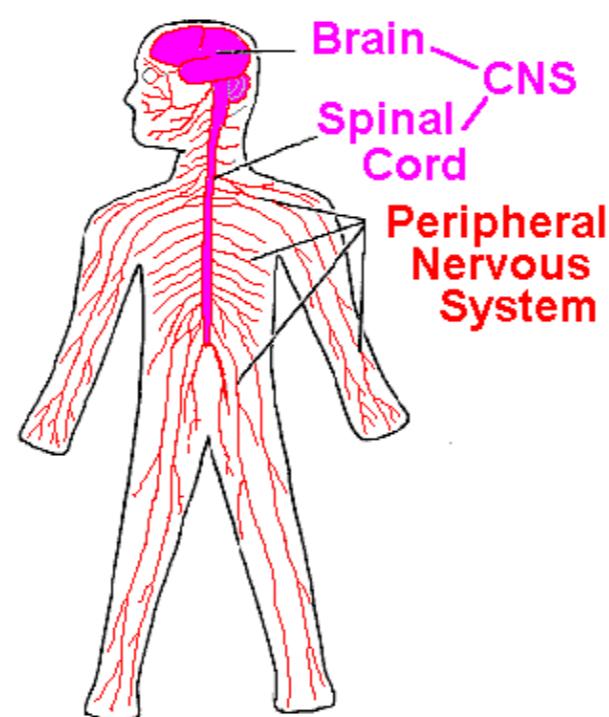
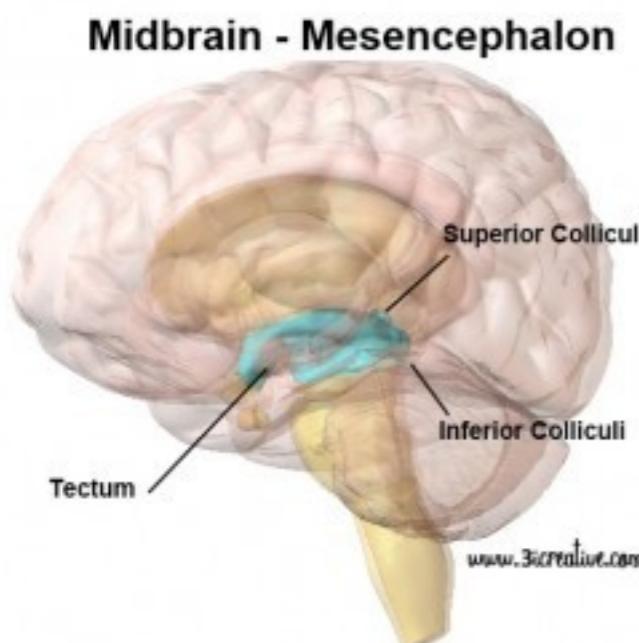
e.g. **septum intermedium**

centralis, e

e.g. **os centrale; sistema nervosum centrale**

mes-o- (G.) *(prefix)

e.g. **mesoderma; mesencephalon**



Anterior position/before sth

anterior, ius *(comparative form)

e.g. *paries anterior gastris*

antero- *(pref.)

e.g. *funiculus anterolateralis*

ante- *(pref.)

e.g. *antepositio uteri*

prae- (L.) *(pref.)

e.g. *transfusio praeoperativa*

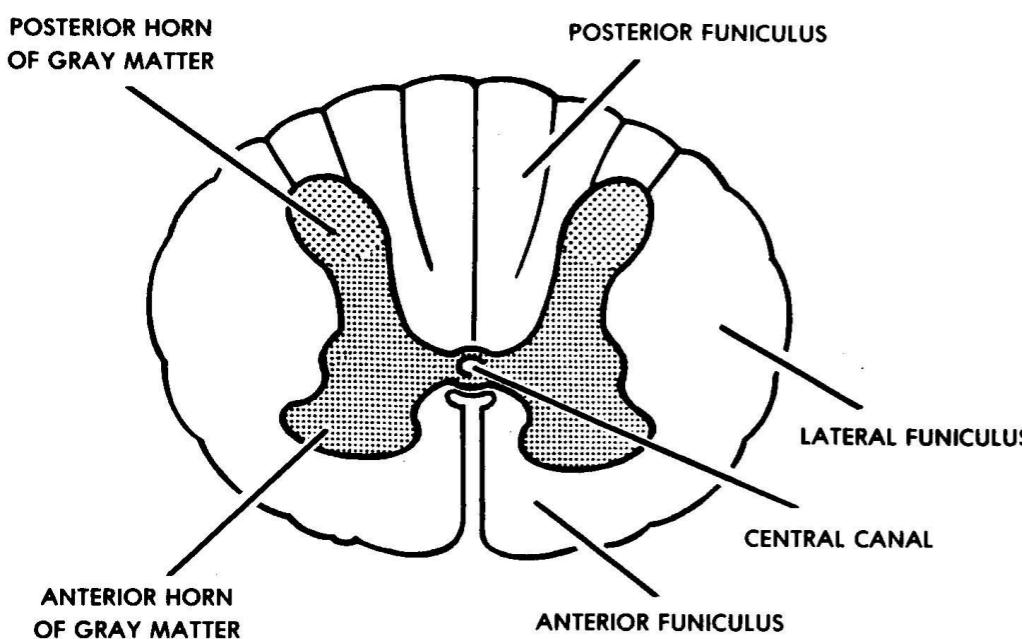
= *transfusion before operation*

pro- (G.) *(pref.)

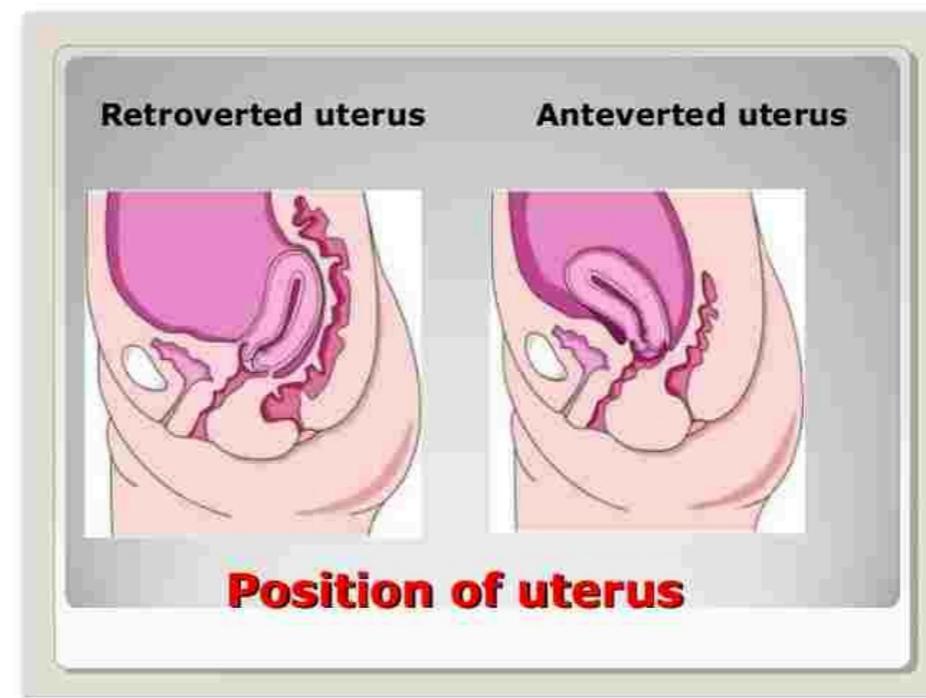
e.g. *progeria adulorum; prognathia*



progeria



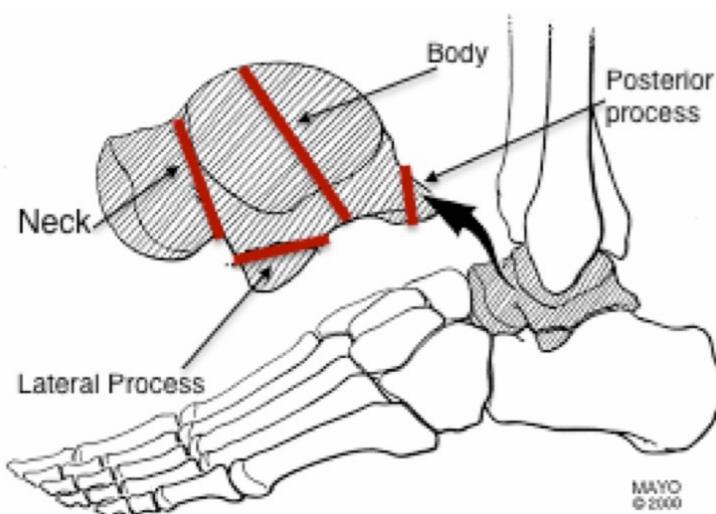
funiculus anterolateralis
(anterior and lateral white matter)



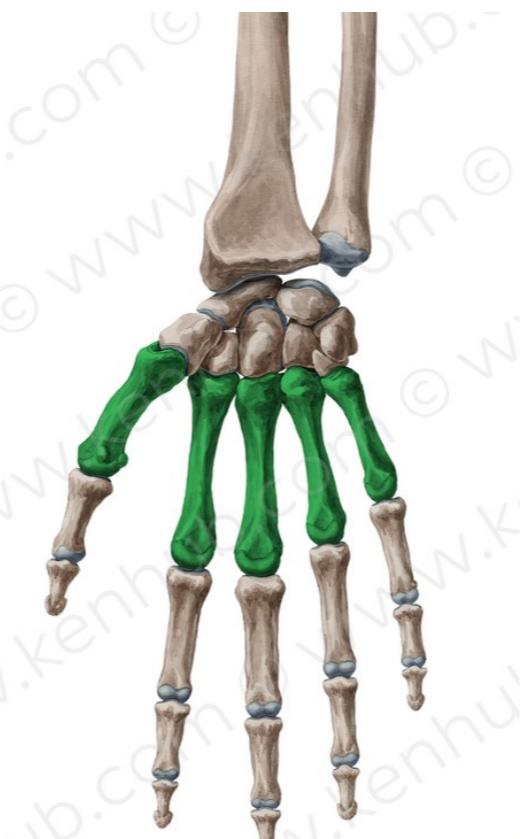
antepositio uteri

Posterior position/after sth

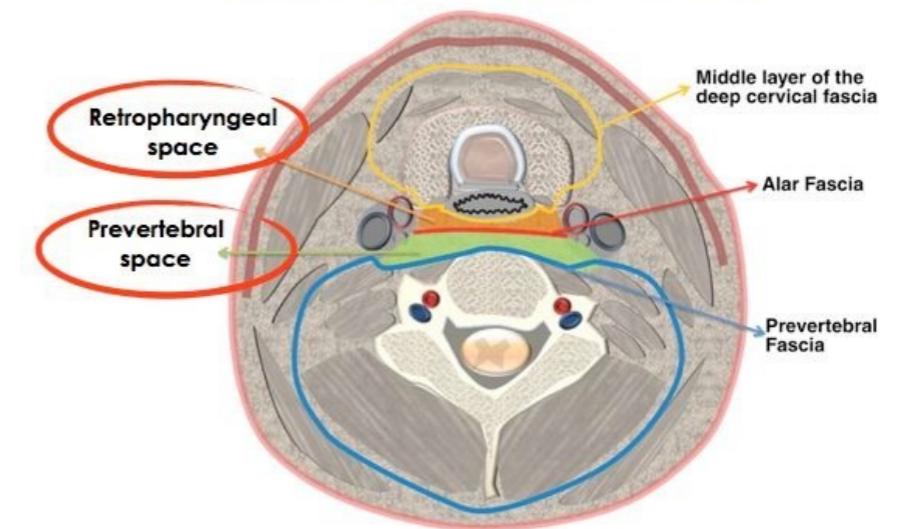
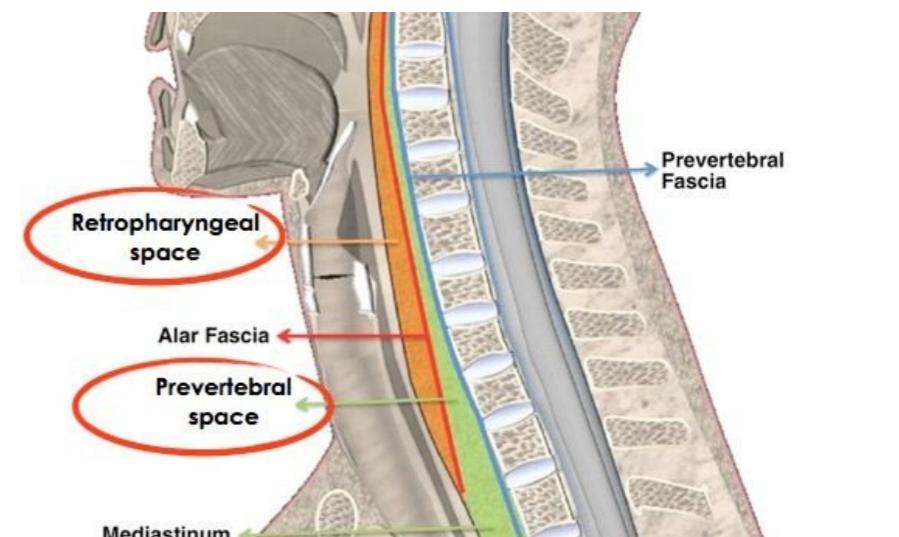
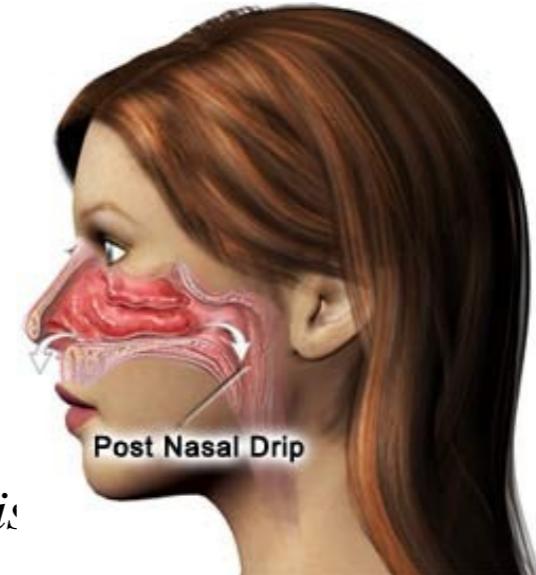
posterior, ius	*(comp. form)	e.g. <i>processus posterior tali</i>
postero-	*(pref.)	e.g. <i>infarctus posterolateralis</i>
post- (L.)	*(pref.) = after	e.g. <i>regio postnasalis; status postabortalis</i>
retro- (L.)	*(pref.)= behind	e.g. <i>spatium retropharyngeum</i>
meta- (G.)	*(pref.) = after	e.g. <i>ossa metacarpalia</i>



processus posterior tali



osse metacarpalia



regio postnasalis

Superior position

superior, ius *(comp. form)	e.g. <i>palpebra superior=superior eyelid</i>
supero- *(pref.)	e.g. <i>nodi lymphatici inguinales superficiales superomediales</i>
supra-/super- (L.) *(pref.)	e.g. <i>fossa supravesicalis; venae superficiales membrae superioris</i>
epi- (G.) *(pref.)	e.g. <i>venae episclerales= veins located above scela(episcleral veins)</i>
hyper- (g.) *(pref.) rarely	e.g. hypernephritis

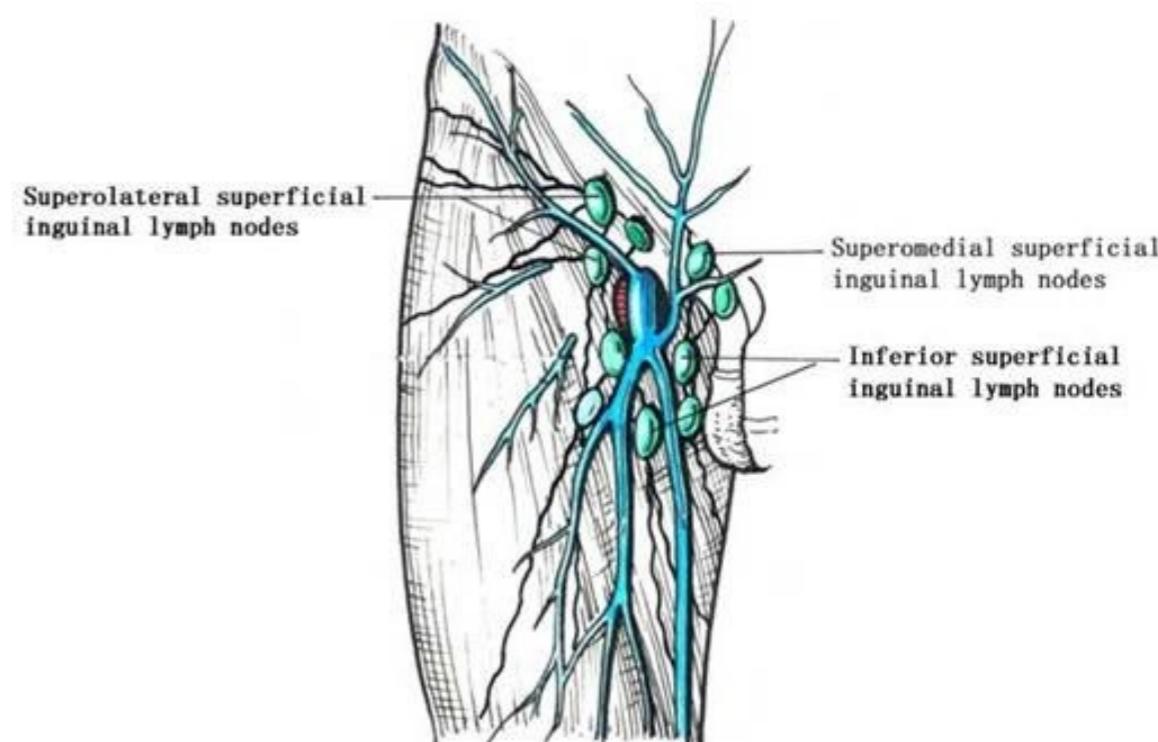
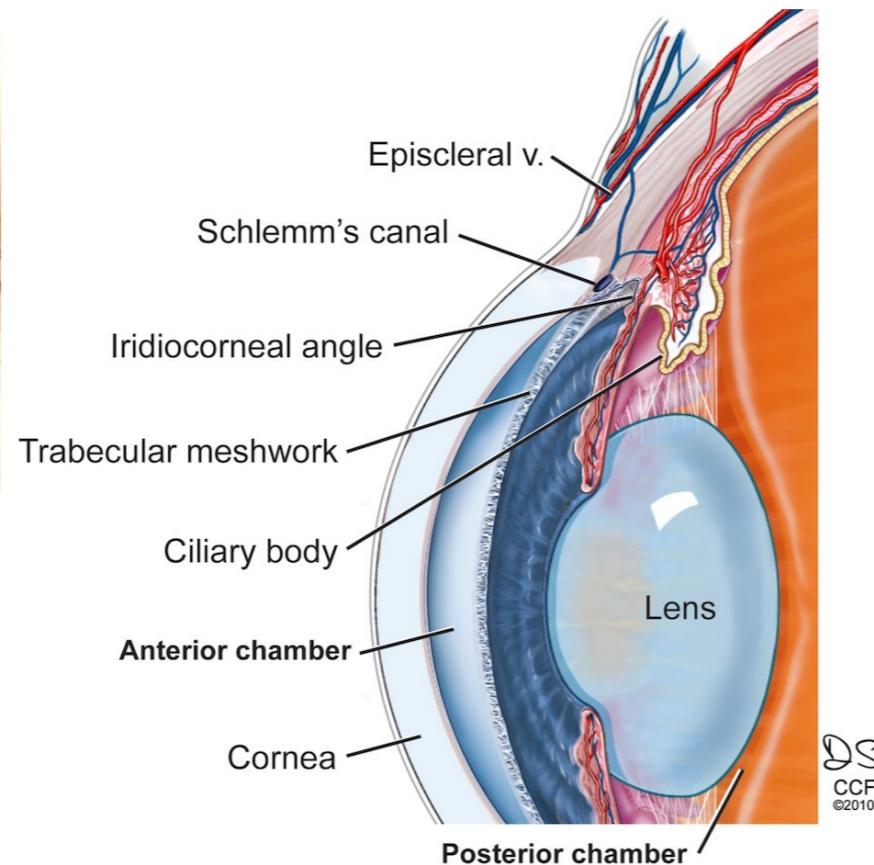
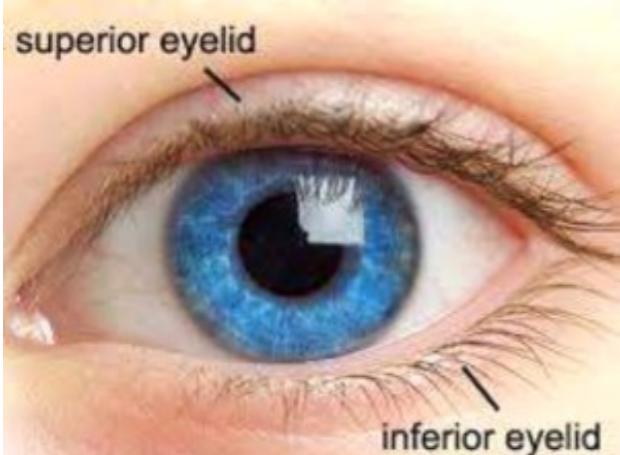


Fig. 3-2-14 The superficial inguinal lymph nodes

Inferior position

inferior, ius *(comp. form)

e.g. *membra inferiora = inferior membrane*

infero- *(pref.)

e.g. *infarctus inferoposterior*

infra- (L.) *(pref.)

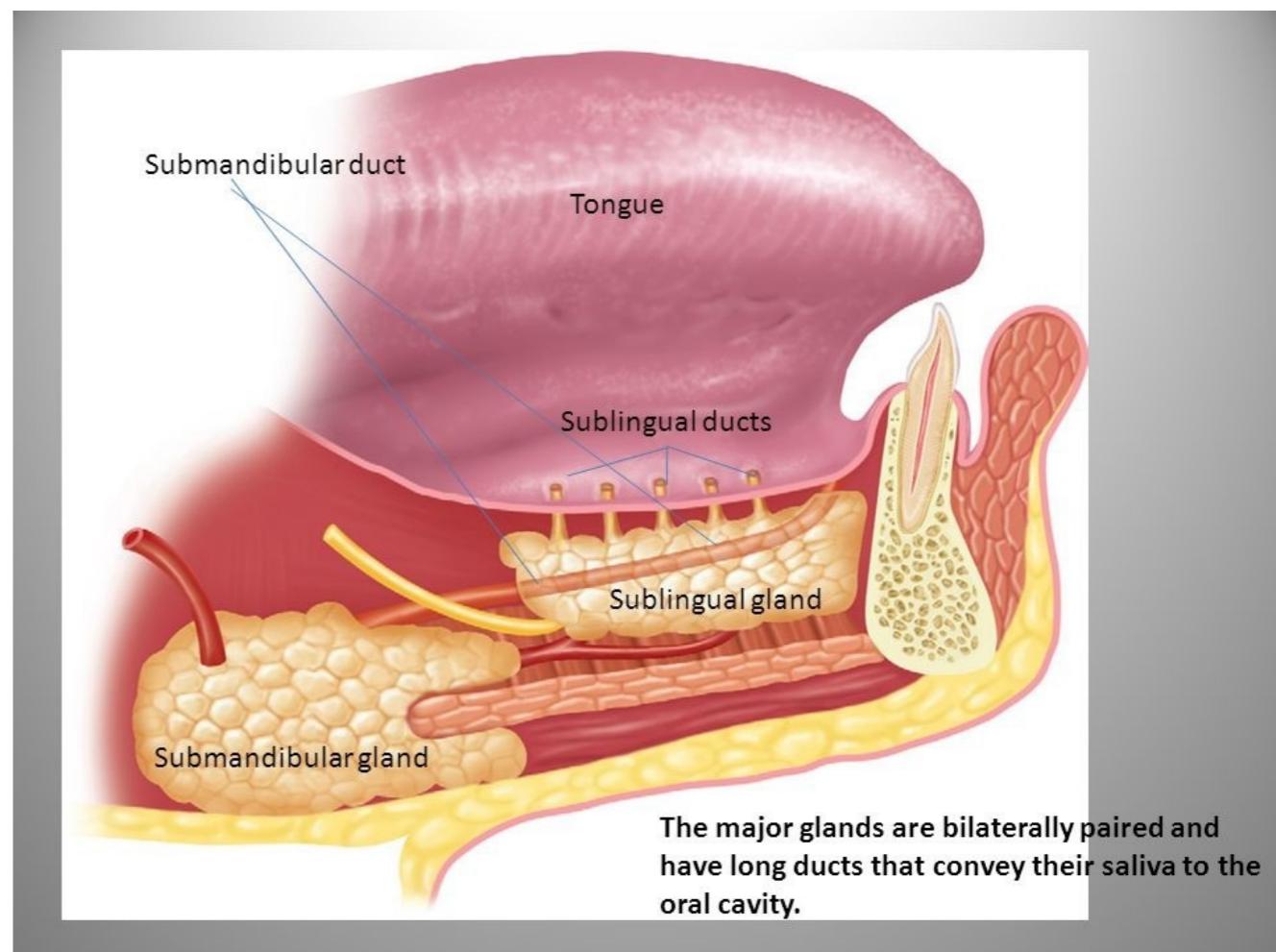
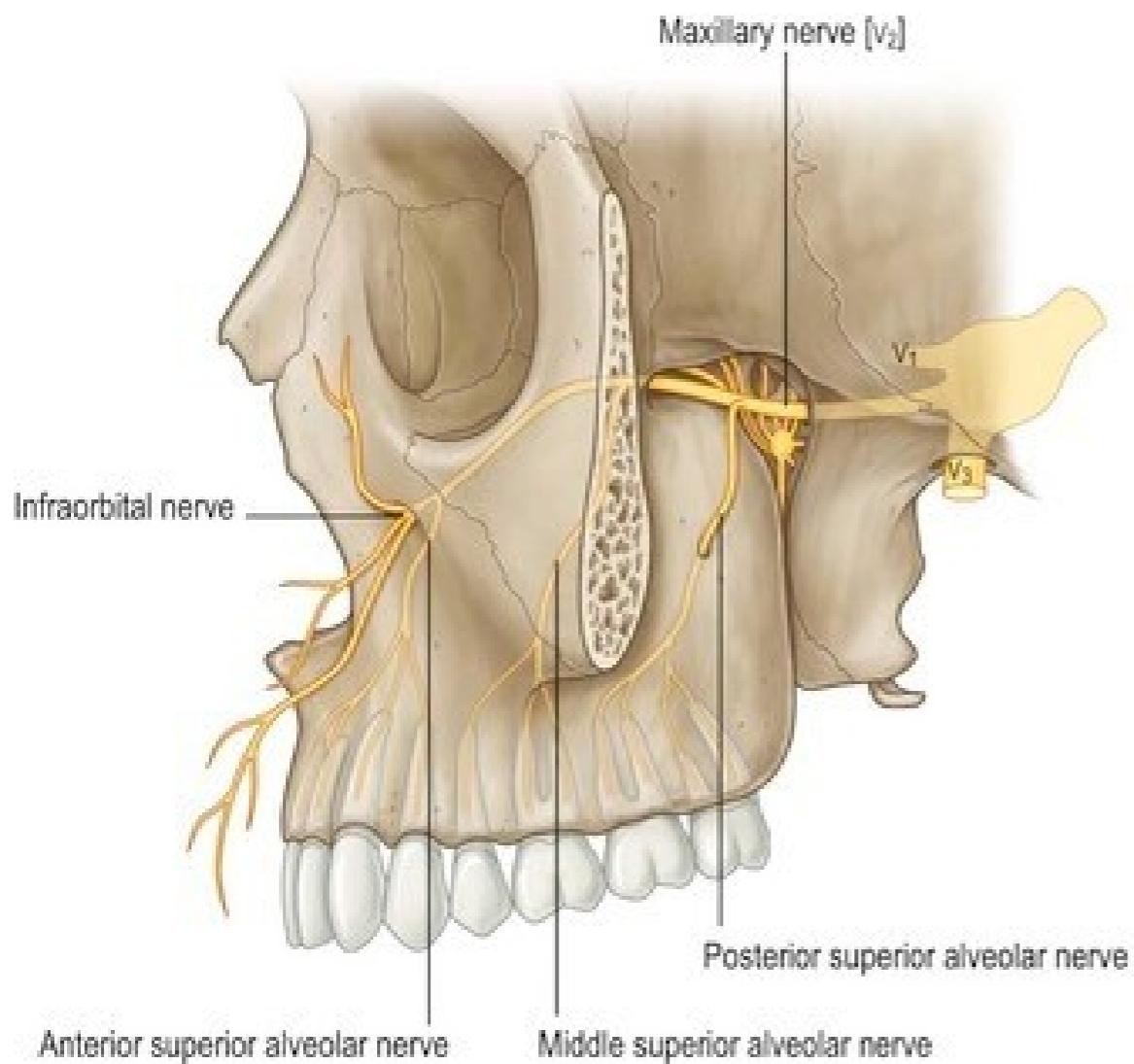
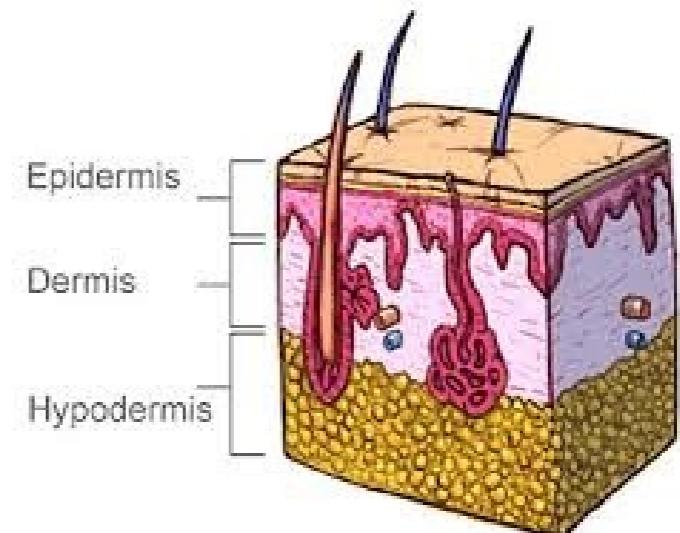
e.g. *nervus infraorbitalis = nerve under orbita.*

sub- (L.) *(pref.)

e.g. *ductus sublingualis maior=major sublingual duct*

hypo- (G.) *(pref.) rarely

e.g. *hypodermis*

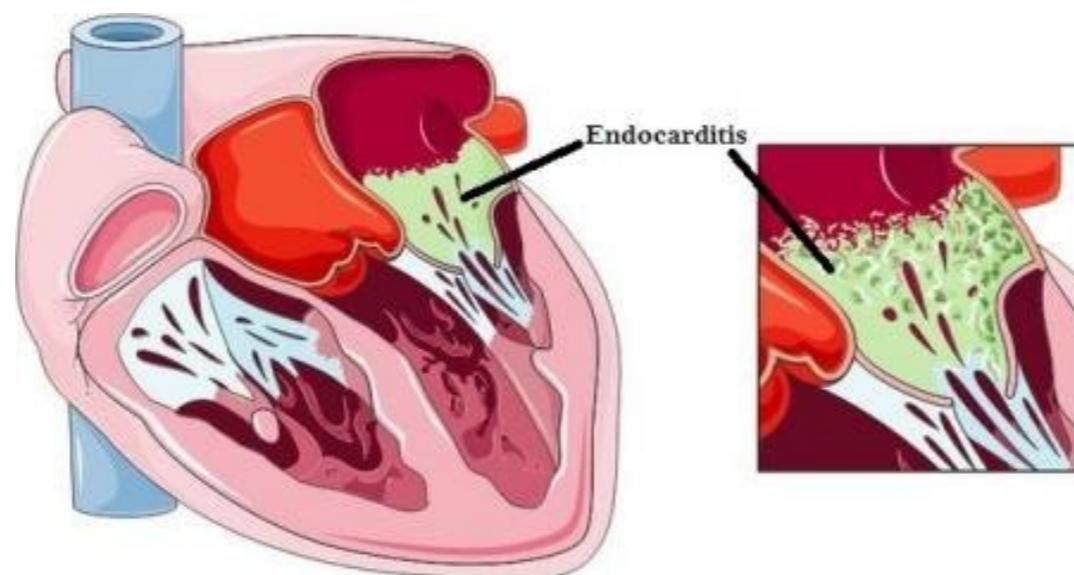
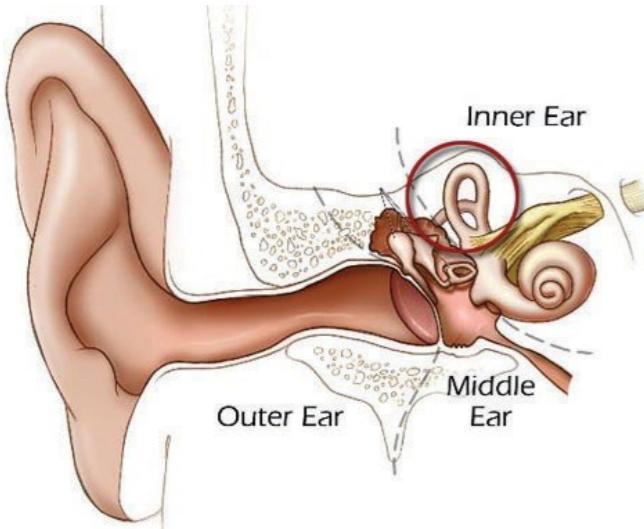


Internal position

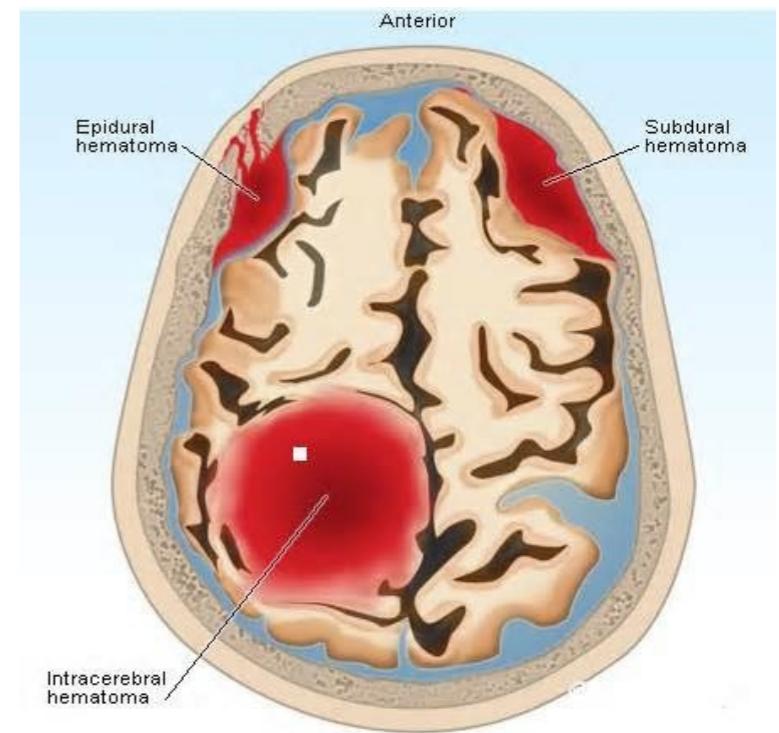
internus, a, um **auris interna** = *inner ear*

intra- (L.) *(pref.) **haemorrhagia intracranialis** = *intracranial bleeding*

endo- (G.) *(pref.) **endocarditis** = *inflammation of endocardium*



haemorrhagia intracranialis



External position

externus, a, um

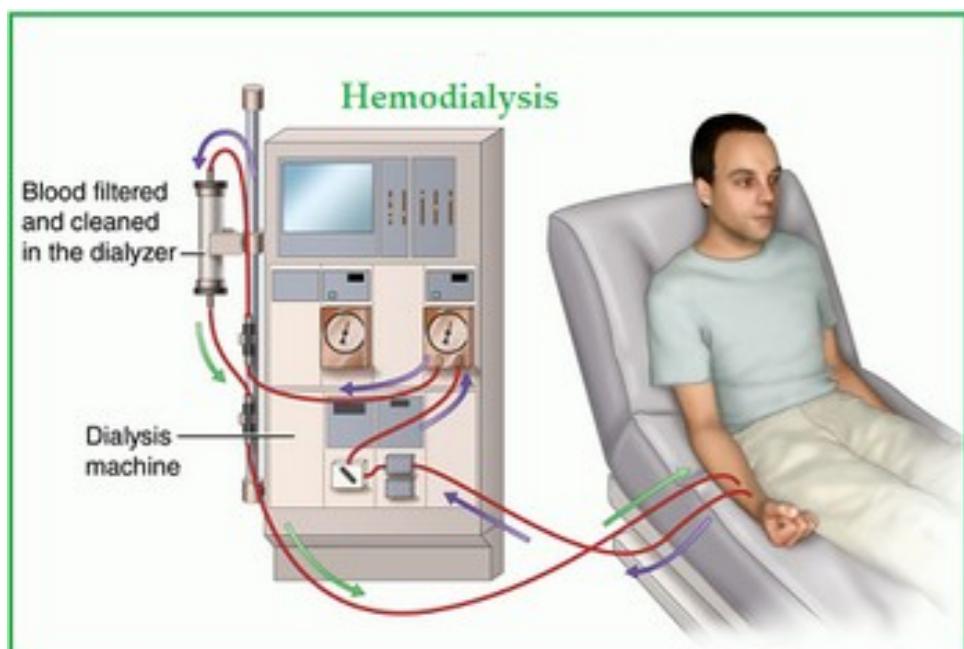
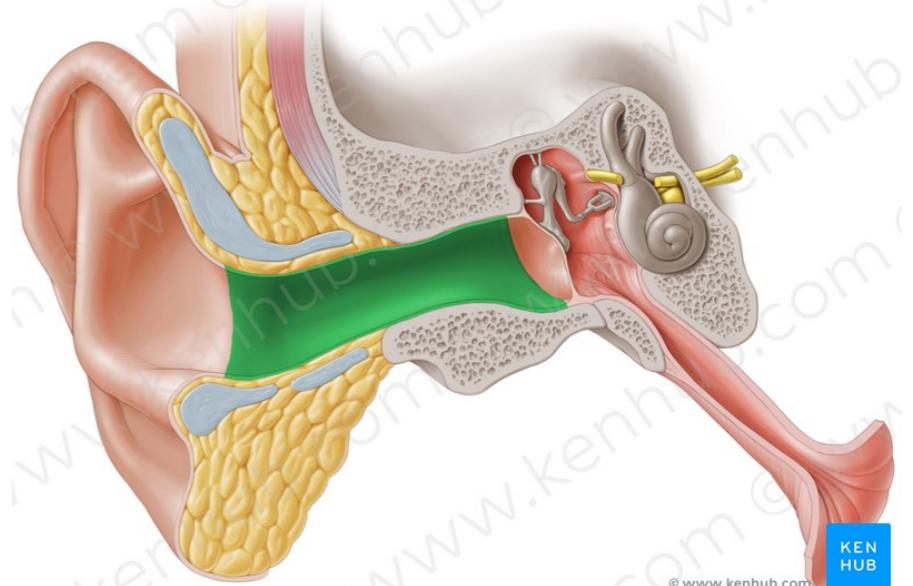
e.g. *meatus acusticus externus*

extra- (L.) *(pref.)

e.g. *circulatio extracorporalis*

ecto-/exo- (G.) *(pref.)

e.g. *ectoparasitus; neurosis exogenes*



circulation of blood outside the body through a machine



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