

Exercise 1. Determine the stem of the following nouns and their declension:

E.g.: Nom.Sg. – cornu, Gen. Sg.–cornus, the stem – corn, the 4th declension.

cornu, us n _____	tendo, inis m _____
systema, atis n _____	os, ossis n _____
paries, etis m _____	caries, ei f _____
articulatio, onis f _____	mandibula, ae f _____
oedema, atis n _____	lac, lactis n _____
vertebra, ae f _____	remedium, ii n _____
morbus, i m _____	sanguis, inis m _____
processus, us m _____	pars, partis f _____
facies, ei f _____	

Exercise 2. Coordinate adjectives with nouns:

E.g.: linea, ae f (transversus, a, um) – linea transversa

cornu, us n (coccygeus, a, um) _____

systema, atis n (nervosus, a, um) _____

septum, i n (osseus, a, um) _____

columna, ae f (vertebralis, e) _____

colon, i n (transversus, a, um) _____

processus, us m (transversus, a, um) _____

arcus, us m (alveolaris, e) _____

os, ossis n (ethmoidalis, e) _____

folium, i n (viridis, e) _____

facies, ei f (temporalis, e) _____

cor, cordis n (pulmonalis, e) _____

apertura, ae f (externus, a, um) _____

tela, ae f (spongiosus, a, um) _____

musculus, i m (glutaeus, a, um) _____

Exercise 4. Determine the gender of the 3rd declension nouns by the ending of the adjectives they are coordinated to:

E.g.: vas lymphaticum – neutrum (n)

Paries labyrinthicus, flos albus, homo sanus, cor sanum, os zygomaticum, os lacrimale, vas capillare, pars thoracica, axis opticus, symphysis pubica, regio mediana, glomus caroticum, ren accessorius, systema lymphaticum, pancreas accessorium, crus anterius, hepar mobile, appendix fibrosa, rete venosum, pecten anale, systema urogenitale.