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| **BASIC MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY** **ii**MOCK TEST 2017 |

Name: Group: Date:

**1) Put the words in the correct order to make diagnoses (10):**

*a) post* | *metatarsi* | *apertam* | *tarsi* | *fracturam*  | *et* | *status*

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

b) *regionis* | *lacerum* | *dextri* |  *lateris* | *orbitae* | *vulnus*

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c) *post* | *abscessus* | *operatio* |  *acuta* | *perforationem* | *duodeni*

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d) *gangraenam* | *phalangis* | *amputatio* | *hallucis* | *distalis* | *propter* | *sinistri*

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e) *cum* | *axim* | *utriusque* | *mandibulae* | *fractura* | *lateris* | *ad*  | *dislocatione*

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**2) Form comparative and superlative forms of given adjectives / prepositions. Complete the following phrases using one of the forms (15):**

latus, a, um \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*distensio musculi \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dorsi*

magnus, a, um \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 *cornu* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ *ossis hyoidei*

mollis, e \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 *palatum durum et palatum*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

intra \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 *prope* *musculos intercostales \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

brevis, e \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 *caput \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bicipitis brachii*

**3) Decide whether the prefixes in the given terms are interpreted correctly (5):**

*anaesthesia*: again YES / NO

*afferens*: away from YES / NO

*peracutus*: very YES / NO

*interbronchialis*: inside YES / NO

*immobilitas*: negation YES / NO

**4) Decide whether the given terms contain roots with equivalent meaning (5):**

angiectomia ­– vena YES / NO

myelorrhagia – medulla YES / NO

peroralis – soma YES / NO

cholaemia – bilis YES / NO

cellulisatio – kystis YES / NO

**5) Give terms to English definitions (10):**

bad digestion *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (noun)*

possible to be healed *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (adjective)*

mucous membrane inside the womb *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (noun)*

tumour of glandular origin *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (noun)*

related to heart *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (adjective)*

outer surface of bones *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (noun)*

similar to a sword *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (adjective)*

the outer layer of the skin *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (noun)*

small channel *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (noun)*

inflammation of eyes *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (noun)*

**6) Explain the clinical terms and divide them into components (10):**

OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGIA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

HAEMATURIA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

EXPECTORANTIA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

PNEUMOHAEMOTHORAX \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

PROGERIA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**7) Give the clinical terms based on definitions (5):**

surgical removal of uterus *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

unspecified disorder of mind *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

paralysis of a single limb *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

prolapse of ovaries *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

visual examination of fetus *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

**8) Translate into Latin (35):**

common sheath of the tendons of flexor muscles

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joints of lower and upper limb

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branch communicating with recurrent laryngeal nerve

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superficial scrapes on the back of both hands

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death after infarction of the anterior wall of the right ventricle of the heart

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wedge-compression fracture of the third thoracic vertebra with paralysis

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**9) Explain the following terms (5):**

VITA MINIMA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

FACIES LEONTINA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

SPHYGMOLOGIA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

FEBRIS QUARTANA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

HEBEPHRENIA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| **BASIC MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY** **ii**MOCK TEST 2017 ANSWERS |

Name: Group: Date:

**1) Put the words in the correct order to make diagnoses (10):**

*a) post* | *metatarsi* | *apertam* | *tarsi* | *fracturam*  | *et* | *status*

STATUS POST FRACTURAM TARSI ET METATARSI APERTAM

b) *regionis* | *lacerum* | *dextri* |  *lateris* | *orbitae* | *vulnus*

VULNUS LACERUM REGIONIS ORBITAE LATERIS DEXTRI

c) *post* | *abscessus* | *operatio* |  *acuta* | *perforationem* | *duodeni*

OPERATIO ACUTA POST PERFORATIONEM ABSCESSUS DUODENI

d) *gangraenam* | *phalangis* | *amputatio* | *hallucis* | *distalis* | *propter* | *sinistri*

AMPUTATIO PHALANGIS DISTALIS HALLUCIS SINISTRI PROPTER GANGRAENAM

e) *cum* | *axim* | *utriusque* | *mandibulae* | *fractura* | *lateris* | *ad*  | *dislocatione*

FRACTURA MANDIBULAE LATERIS UTRIUSQUE CUM DISLOCATIONE AD AXIM

**2) Form comparative and superlative forms of given adjectives / prepositions. Complete the following phrases using one of the forms (15):**

latus, a, um LATIOR, IUS LATISSIMUS, A, UM

*distensio musculi* LATISSIMI *dorsi*

magnus, a, um MAIOR, IUS MAXIMUS, A, UM

 *cornu* MAIUS *ossis hyoidei*

mollis, e MOLLIOR, IUS MOLISSIMUS, A, UM

 *palatum durum et palatum*MOLLE

intra INTERIOR, IUS INTIMUS, A, UM / IMUS, A, UM

 *prope* *musculos intercostales* INTIMOS

brevis, e BREVIOR, IUS BREVISSIMUS, A, UM

 *caput* BREVE *bicipitis brachii*

**3) Decide whether the prefixes in the given terms are interpreted correctly (5):**

*anaesthesia*: again NO

*afferens*: away from NO

*peracutus*: very YES

*interbronchialis*: inside NO

*immobilitas*: negation YES

**4) Decide whether the given terms contain roots with equivalent meaning (5):**

angiectomia ­– vena NO

myelorrhagia – medulla YES

peroralis – soma NO

cholaemia – bilis YES

cellulisatio – kystis NO

**5) Give terms to English definitions (10):**

bad digestion DYSPEPSIA

possible to be healed SANABILIS

mucous membrane inside the womb ENDOMETRIUM

tumour of glandular origin ADENOMA

related to heart CARDIACUS

outer surface of bones PERIOSTEUM

similar to a sword XIPHOIDEUS

the outer layer of the skin EPIDERMIS

small channel CANALICULUS

inflammation of eyes OPHTHALMIA

**6) Explain the clinical terms and divide them into components (10):**

OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGIA medical field dealing with problems of ears, nose and throat

HAEMATURIA presence of blood in urine

EXPECTORANTIA medication group used to clear mucus from the airways

PNEUMOHAEMOTHORAX accumulation of air and blood in pleural cavity

PROGERIA a congenital disorder with symptoms of aging at an early age

**7) Give the clinical terms based on definitions (5):**

surgical removal of uterus HYSTERECTOMIA

unspecified disorder of mind PSYCHOPATHIA

paralysis of a single limb MONOPLEGIA

prolapse of ovaries OOPHOROPTOSIS

visual examination of fetus FETOSCOPIA

**8) Translate into Latin (35):**

common sheath of the tendons of flexor muscles

VAGINA COMMUNIS TENDINUM MUSCULORUM FLEXORUM

joints of lower and upper limb

ARTICULATIONES EXTREMITATIS INFERIORIS ET SUPERIORIS

branch communicating with recurrent laryngeal nerve

RAMUS COMMUNICANS CUM NERVO LARYNGEALI RECURRENTI

superficial scrapes on the back of both hands

EXCORIATIONES DORSI MANUS LATERIS UTRIUSQUE SUPERFICIALES

death after infarction of the anterior wall of the right ventricle of the heart

EXITUS POST INFARCTUM PARIETIS ANTERIORIS VENTRICULI DEXTRI CORDIS

wedge-compression fracture of the third thoracic vertebra with paralysis

FRACTURA VERTEBRAE THORACICAE TERTIAE INCUNEATA COMPRESSIVA CUM PARALYSI

**9) Explain the following terms (5):**

VITA MINIMA minimal signs of life, state of apparent death

FACIES LEONTINA face resembling that of a lion usually caused by some kinds of leprosy

SPHYGMOLOGIA study of pulse

FEBRIS QUARTANA fever repeating itself every four days typical of malaria

HEBEPHRENIA a form of schizophrenia occurring during puberty