

**BASIC MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY II**  
MOCK TEST 2

Name:..... Date:..... Group:.....

**1) Match the Greek (a-f) and Latin (1-6) medical terms including the component with an identical meaning:**

*Example: chondroma + cartilago thyroidea (chondr- = cartilago = cartilage) (5 points)*

- |                         |                                    |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| a) achromatopsia        | 1) lactatio                        |
| b) macrodactylia        | 2) dextropositio cordis            |
| c) necrolysis           | 3) excisio tonsillarum palatinarum |
| d) electrocardiographia | 4) pityriasis versicolor           |
| e) amygdalitis          | 5) obesitas permagna               |
| f) galactorrhoea        | 6) fetus mortuus                   |

**2) Divide the following terms into components. Explain the meaning of the terms: (15 points)**

<i>Example:</i> <i>endocarditis</i>	<i>endo-card-itis = inflammation of the innermost layer of heart</i>
onychomycosis	
hydrocephalus	
hypertrichosis	
prognathia	
paraplegia	
colposcopia	
urocystectomy	

**3) Give medical terms for the definitions using the Greek roots stated: (10 points)**

<i>cyst-</i>	surgical opening of bladder	
	measurement of bladder function	
<i>gloss-</i>	congenital duplication of tongue	
	congenital absence of tongue	
	surgical excision of tongue	
<i>dactyl-</i>	finger pain	
	spasm in finger	
	more fingers than normal	
<i>blephar-</i>	prolapse of eyelid	
	swelling of eyelid	

**4) Fill in correct endings: (20 points)**

abortus post trauma grav\_\_\_\_\_ abdomin\_\_\_\_\_

vulnera contusolacer\_\_\_\_\_ post mors\_\_\_\_\_ animal\_\_\_\_\_

symptomata stomatitid\_\_\_\_\_ ulceros\_\_\_\_\_

oedem\_\_\_\_\_ (pl.) membr\_\_\_\_\_ (pl.) inferior\_\_\_\_\_ propter diabet\_\_\_\_\_ mellit\_\_\_\_\_

margines liber\_\_\_\_\_ ungu\_\_\_\_\_ (pl.)

excisio segment\_\_\_\_\_ terti\_\_\_\_\_ duoden\_\_\_\_\_ propter carcinom\_\_\_\_\_

collapsus pulmonal\_\_\_\_\_ in graviditat\_\_\_\_\_

**BASIC MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY II**  
**MOCK TEST 2 SOLUTIONS**

Name:..... Date:..... Group:.....

**1) Match those Greek (a-f) and Latin (1-6) medical terms which include the root with the same meaning:**

*Example: chondroma + cartilago thyroidea (chondr- = cartilago = cartilage) (5 points)*

- |                         |                                  |     |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|
| a) achromatopsia        | 1) lactatio                      | A 4 |
| b) macrodactylia        | 2) dextropositio cordis          | B 5 |
| c) necrolysis           | 3) excisio tonsillarum palatarum | C 6 |
| d) electrocardiographia | 4) pityriasis versicolor         | D 2 |
| e) amygdalitis          | 5) obesitas permagna             | E 3 |
| f) galactorrhoea        | 6) fetus mortuus                 | F 1 |

chromat- ~ -color; macro- ~ -magna; necro- ~ mortuus; -cardi- ~ cordis;  
 amygdal- ~ tonsillae; galact- ~ lac

**2) Split the following terms into components. Translate/explain the meaning of the terms in English: (15 points)**

<i>Example:</i> endocarditis	<i>endo-card-itis = inflammation of the innermost layer of the heart</i>
onychomycosis	onych-o-mycosis = mycosis (fungus) in the nail
hydrocephalus	hydro-cephal-us = accumulation of cerebrospinal fluid in brain
hypertrichosis	hyper-trich-osis = excessive amount of hair growth in body
prognathia	pro-gnath-ia = abnormal protrudence of the upper jaw to the front
paraplegia	para-plegia = total paralysis of the lower part of body
colposcopia	colpo-scopia = visual examination of vagina
urocystectomy	uro-cyst-ec-tomia = surgical removal of urinary bladder

**3) Give medical terms for the definitions using the Greek roots stated: (10 points)**

<i>cyst-</i>	surgical opening of bladder	<b>cystostomia</b>
	measurement of bladder function	<b>cystometria</b>
<i>gloss-</i>	congenital duplication of tongue	<b>diglossia</b>
	congenital absence of tongue	<b>aglossia</b>
	surgical excision of tongue	<b>glossectomia</b>
<i>dactyl-</i>	finger pain	<b>dactylalgia/dactylodynia</b>
	spasm in finger	<b>dactylospasmus</b>
	more fingers than normal	<b>polydactylia</b>
<i>blephar-</i>	prolapse of eyelid	<b>blepharoptosis</b>
	swelling of eyelid	<b>blepharoedema</b>

**4) Fill in correct endings: (20 points)**

abortus post trauma grave abdominis

vulnera contusolacera post morsum animalis

symptomata stomatitidis ulcerosae

oedemata membrorum inferiorum propter diabetam mellitum

margines liberi unguium

excisio segmenti tertii duodeni propter carcinoma

collapsus pulmonalis in graviditate