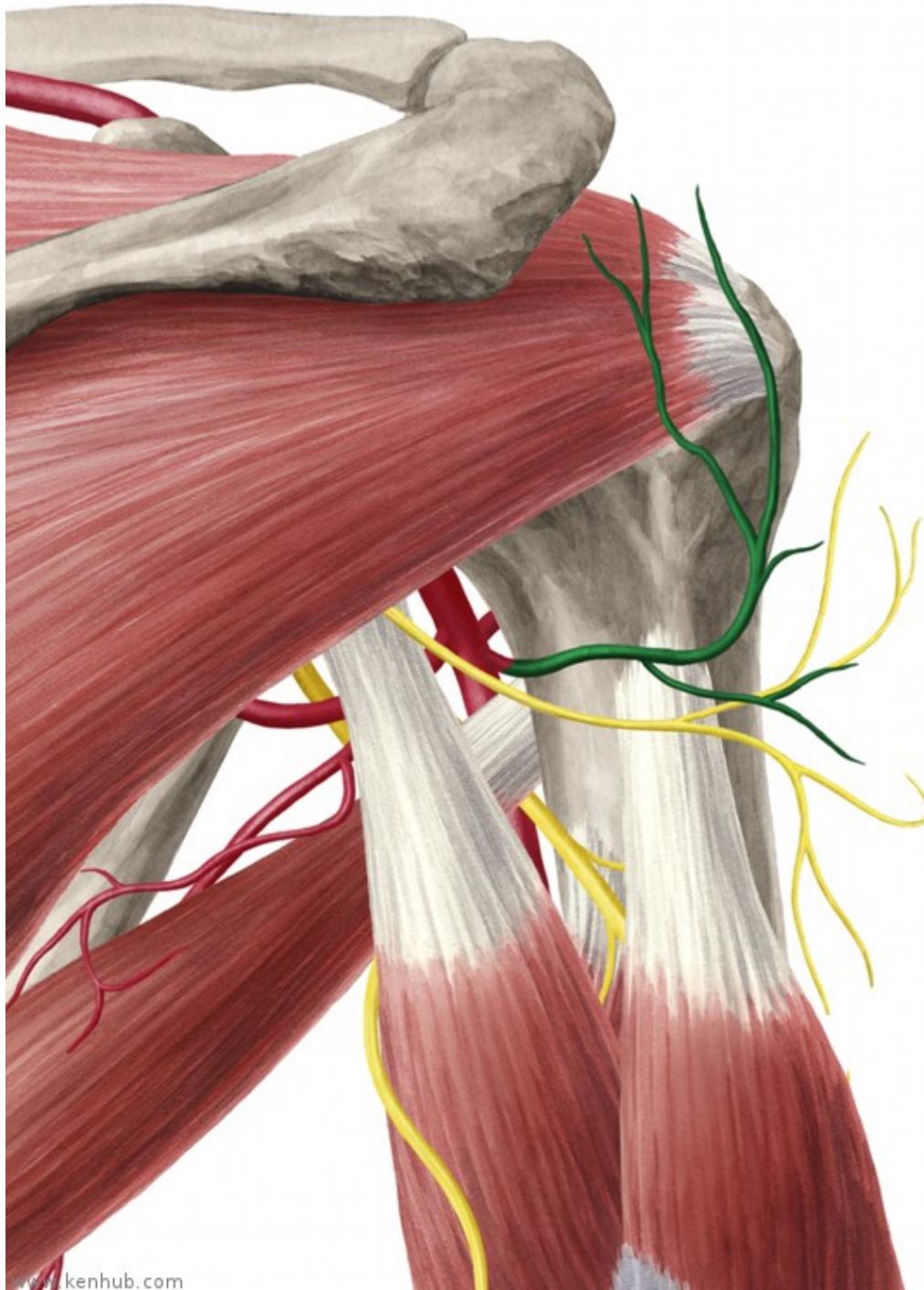
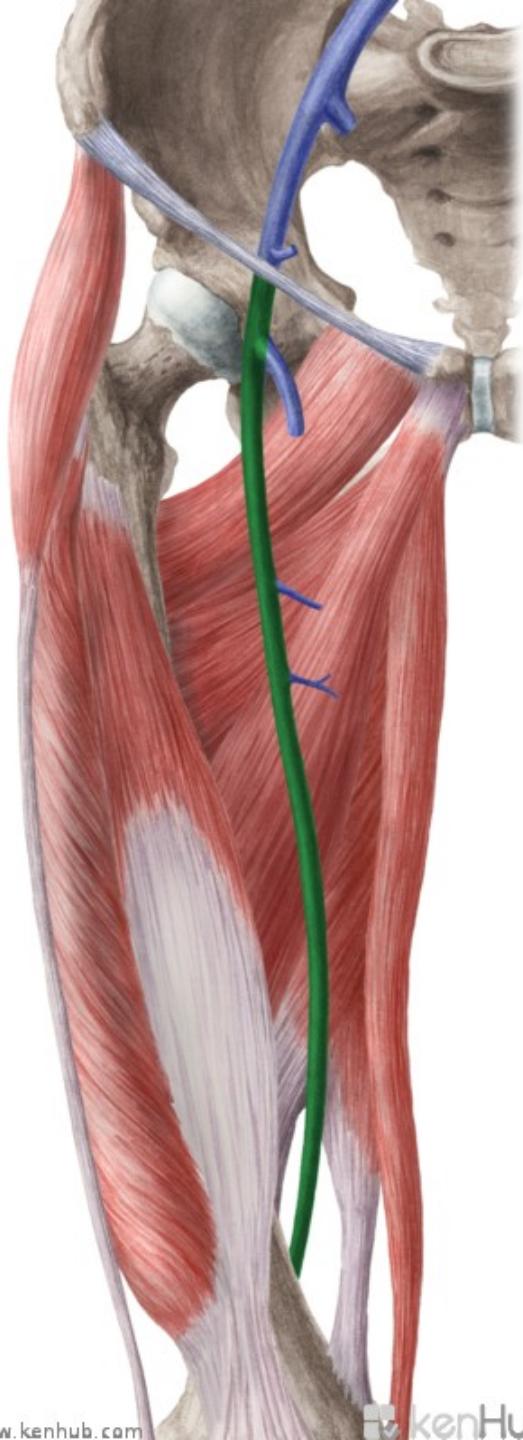


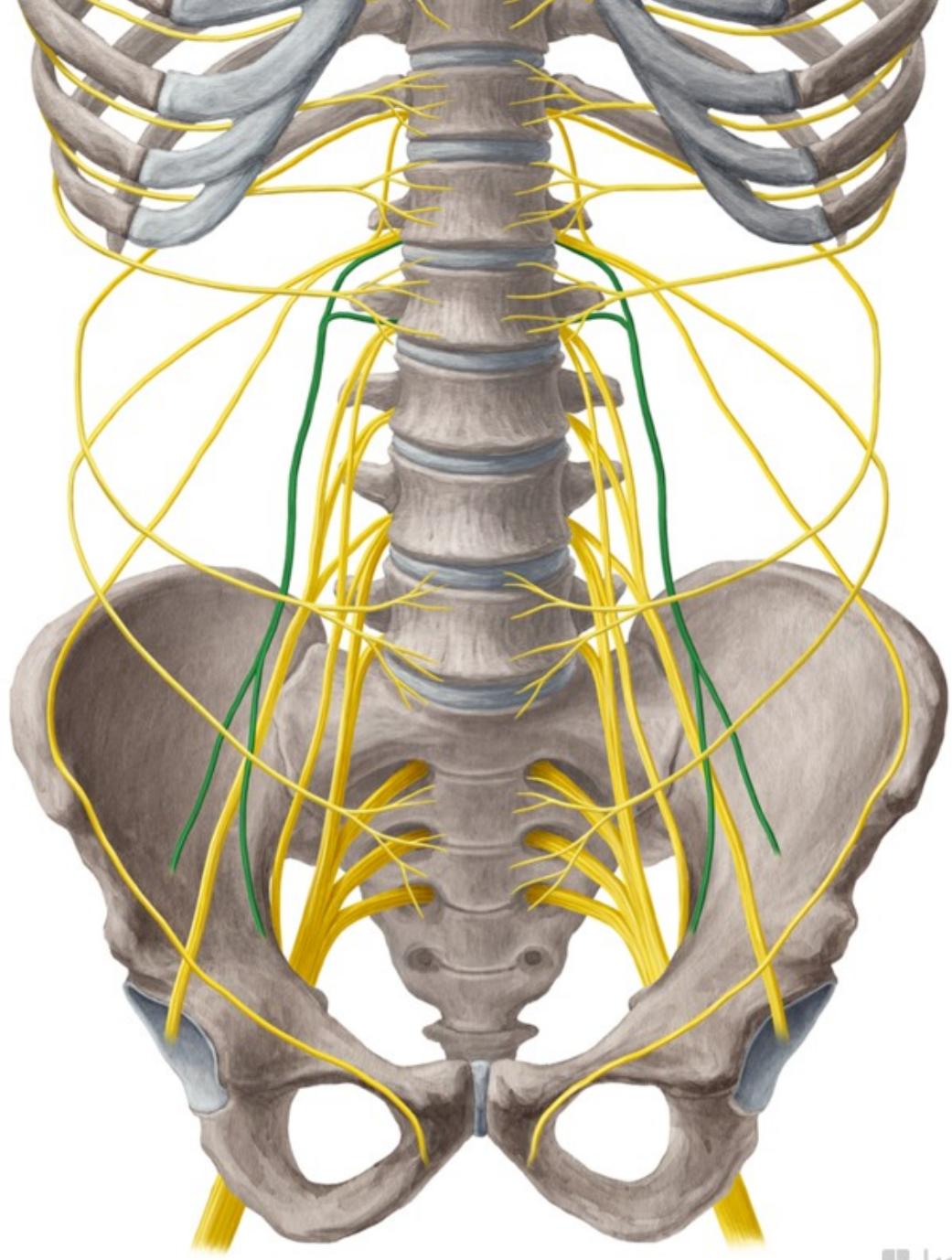
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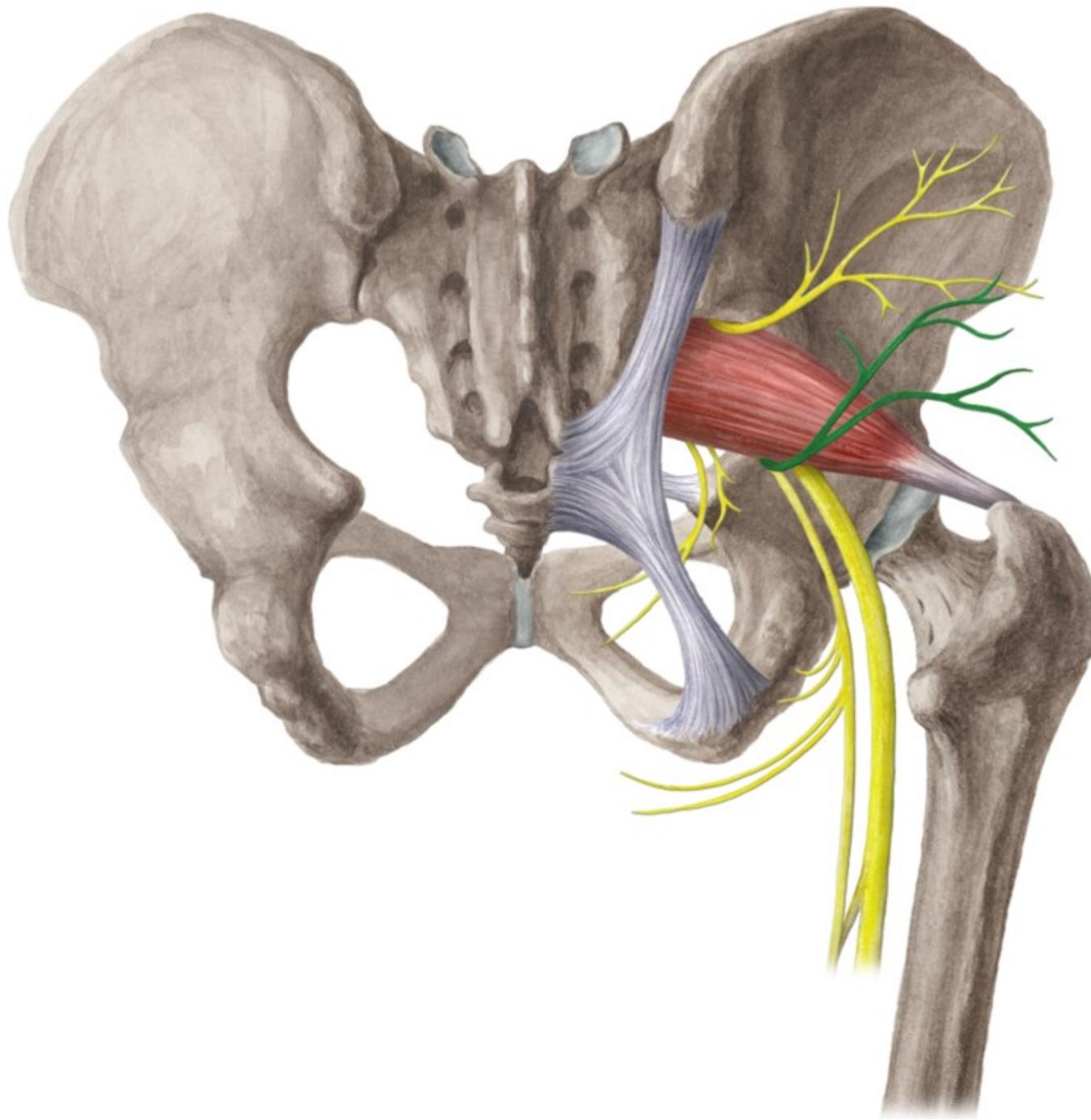
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5



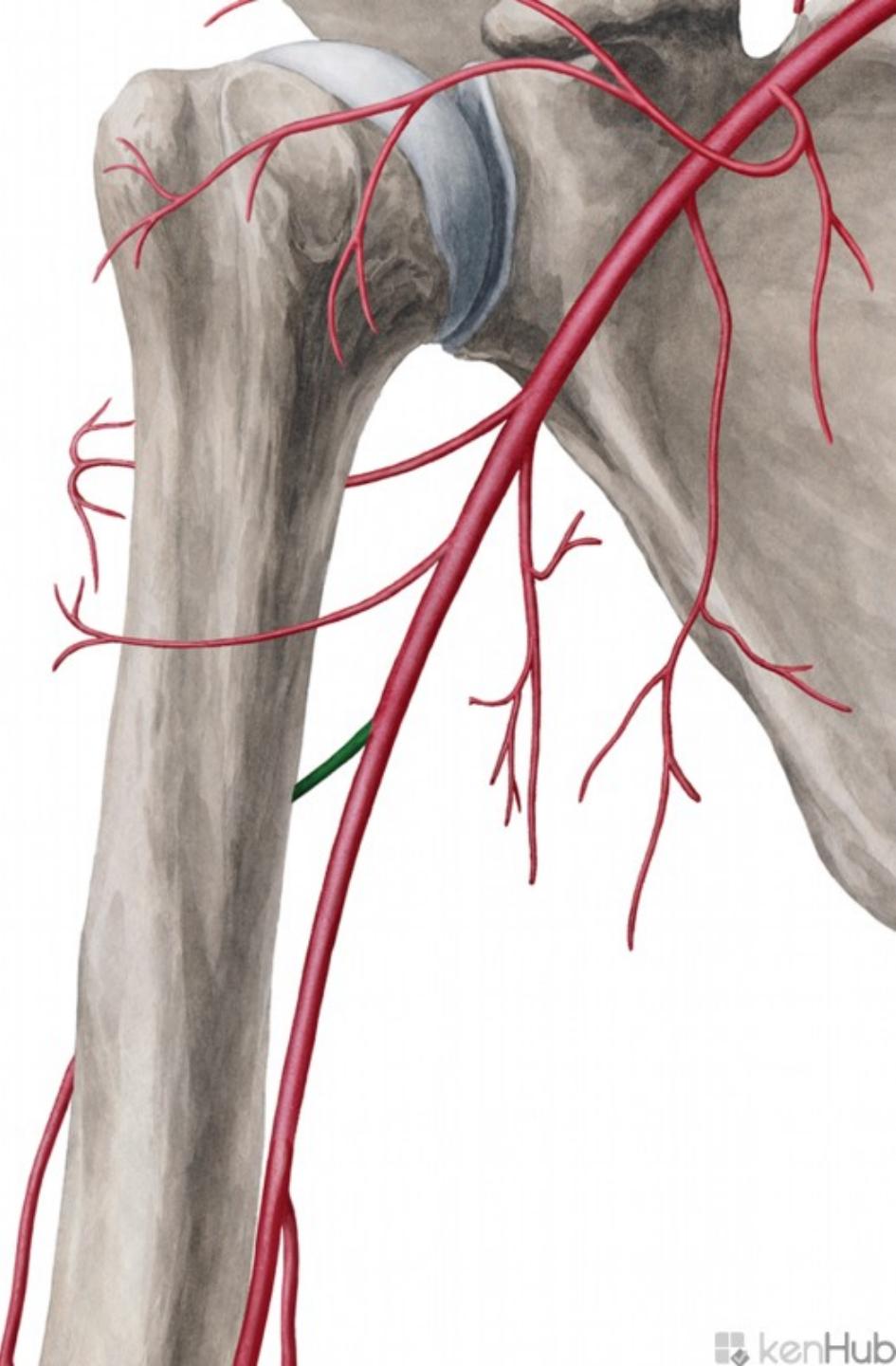
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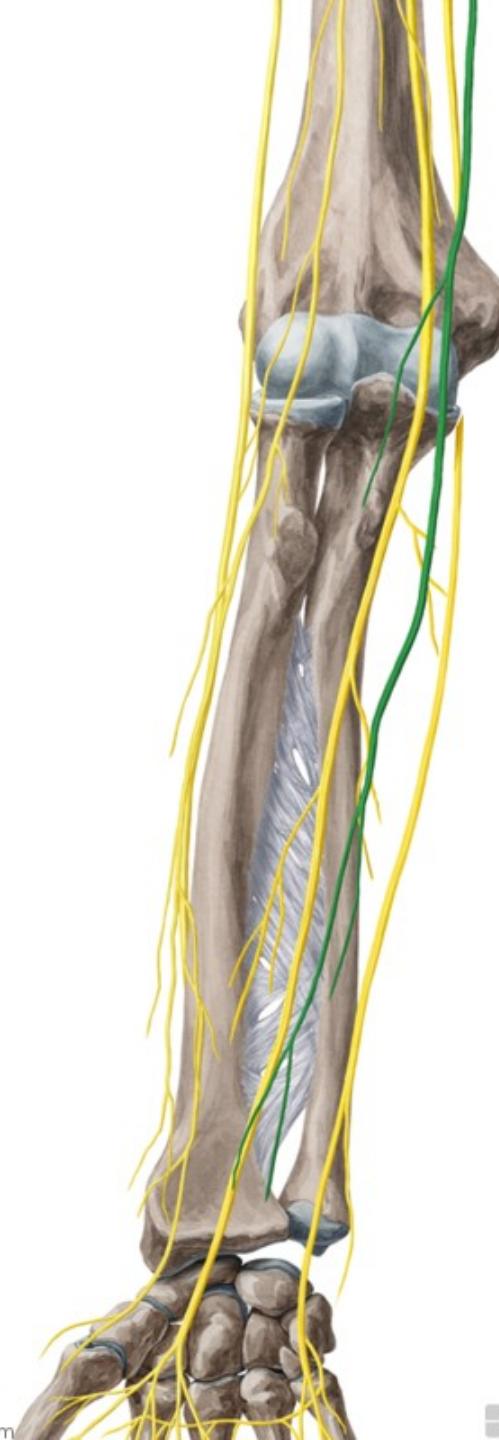
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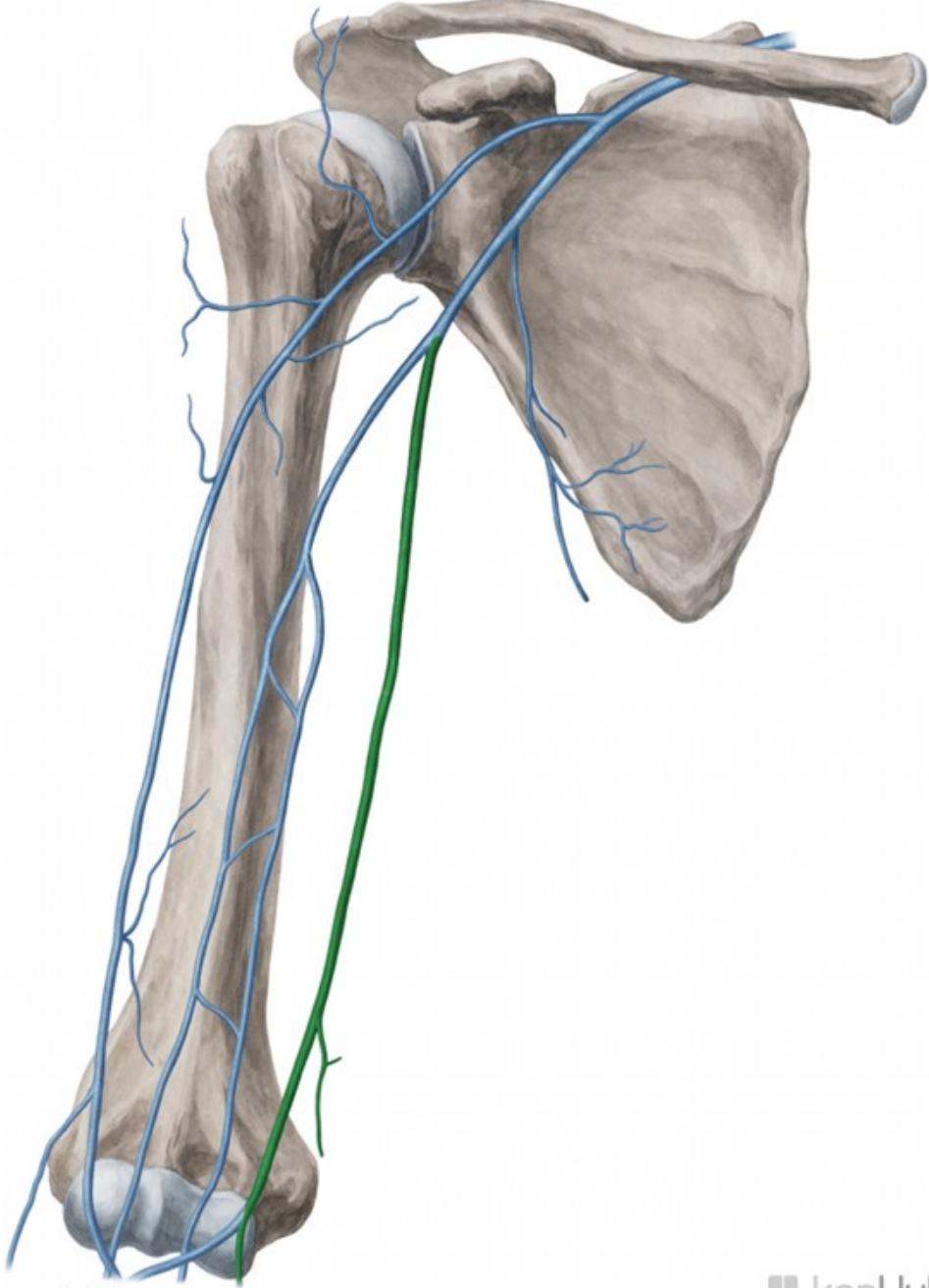
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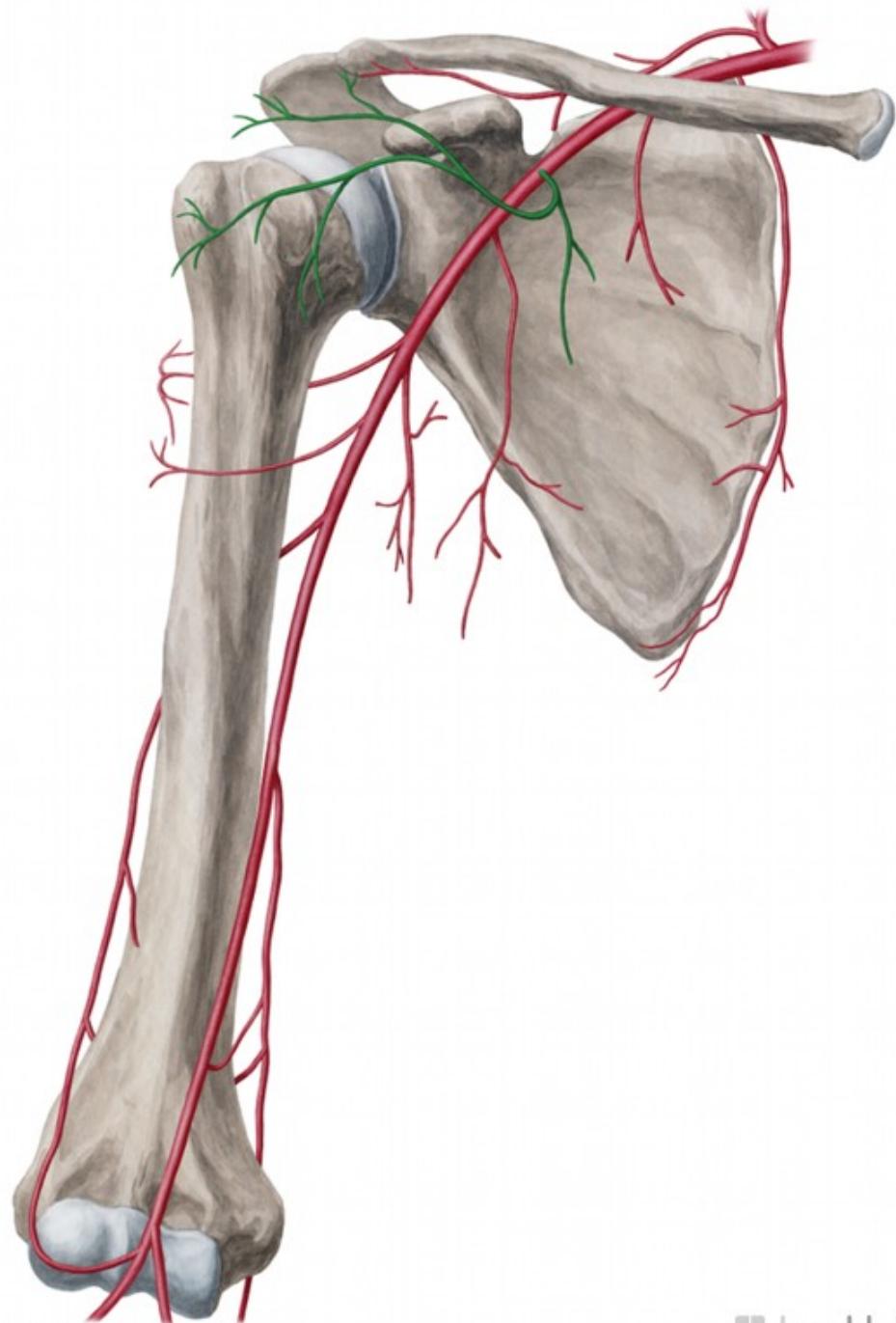
9

An anatomical illustration showing the posterior aspect of the knee and the continuation of the sciatic nerve down the posterior side of the leg. The sciatic nerve is depicted as a thick green line, which branches into the tibial and common fibular nerves. These nerves are surrounded by a network of smaller yellow nerves. The tibial nerve supplies the muscles and skin of the medial side of the leg and foot. The common fibular nerve supplies the muscles and skin of the lateral side of the leg and foot.

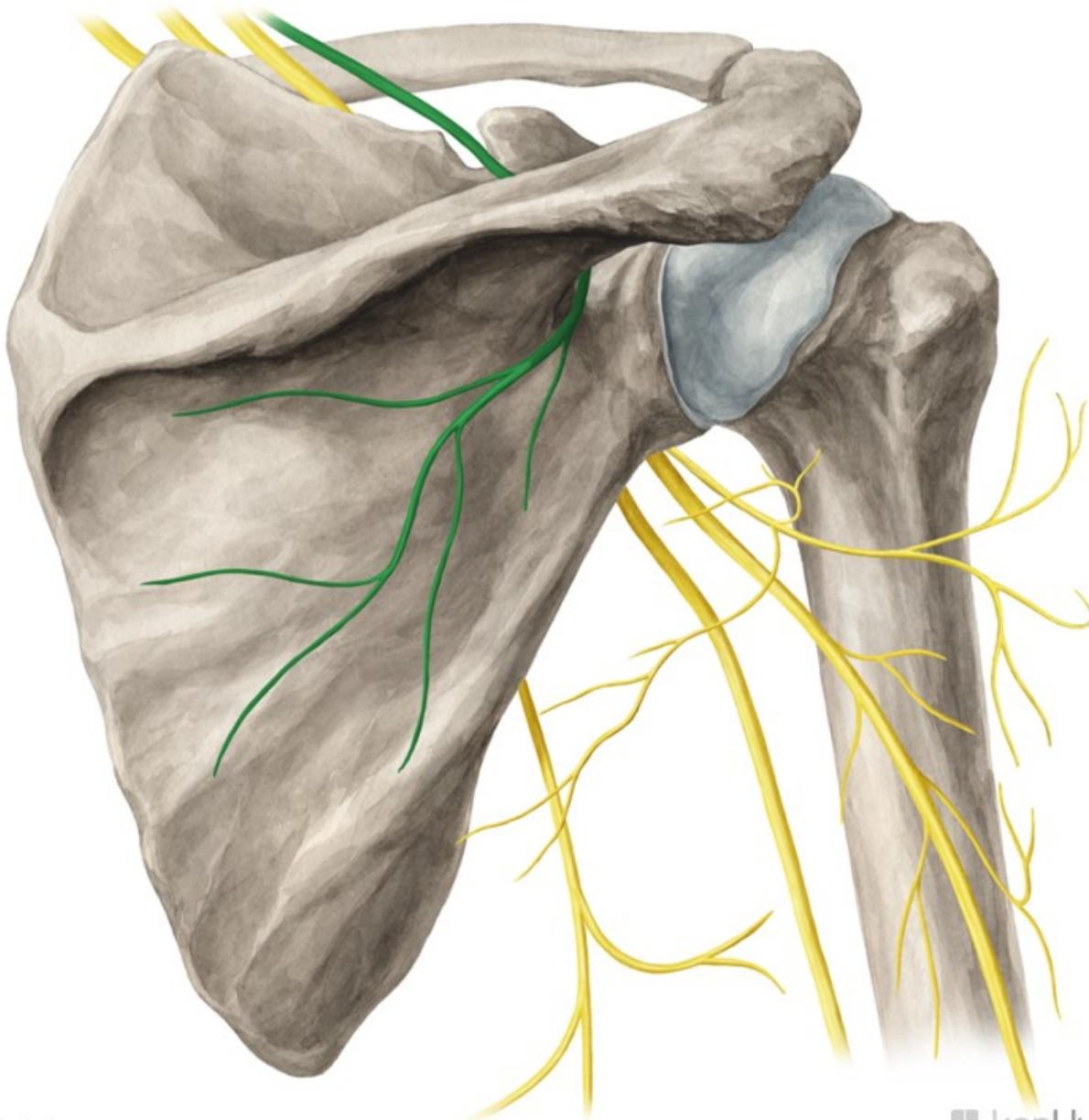
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11



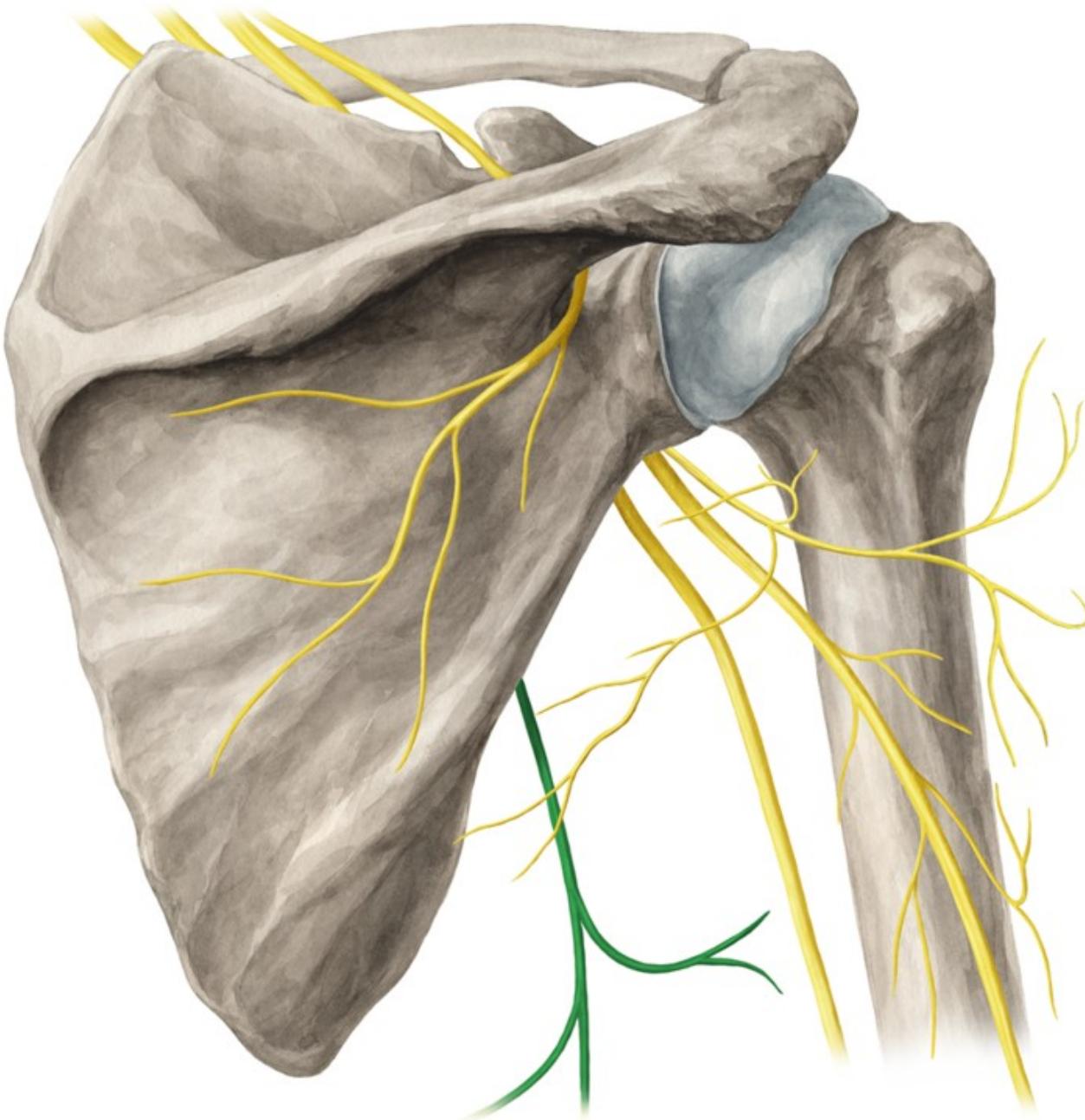
12



13



14



15

- 1) a. ulnaris
- 2) v. saphena parva
- 3) a. circumflexa humeri posterior
- 4) v. femoralis
- 5) n. genitofemoralis
- 6) a. tibialis anterior
- 7) n. gluteus inferior
- 8) n. peroneus superficialis
- 9) a. profunda brachii
- 10) n. cutaneus antebrachii medialis

- 11) v. basilica
- 12) a. thoracoacromialis
- 13) n. suprascapularis
- 14) a. tibialis posterior
- 15) n. thoracodorsalis