

# Guidelines

## 2007 Guidelines for the Management of Arterial Hypertension

### The Task Force for the Management of Arterial Hypertension of the European Society of Hypertension (ESH) and of the European Society of Cardiology (ESC)

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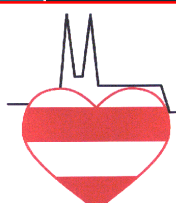


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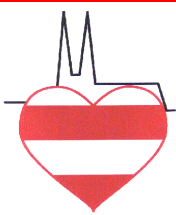
## ESH/ESC Guidelines: Definition and classification (mmHg)

<b>Category</b>	<b>BPs</b>	<b>BPd</b>
<b>Optimal</b>	<b>&lt; 120</b>	<b>&lt; 80</b>
<b>Normal</b>	<b>120-129</b>	<b>80-84</b>
<b>High normal</b>	<b>130-139</b>	<b>85-89</b>
<b>Hypertension</b>		
<b>grade 1 (mild)</b>	<b>140-159</b>	<b>90-99</b>
<b>grade 2 (moderate)</b>	<b>160-179</b>	<b>100-109</b>
<b>grade 3 (severe)</b>	<b>≥ 180</b>	<b>≥ 110</b>
<b>Izolated systolic hypertension</b>	<b>≥ 140</b>	<b>&lt; 90</b>



## 2007 ESH/ESC Guidelines: NORMAL VALUES

- Office 140/90 mmHg
- Self monitoring 135/85 mmHg
- 24 hod monitoring 125/80 mmHg
- Daily 135/85 mmHg
- Night 120/70 mmHg

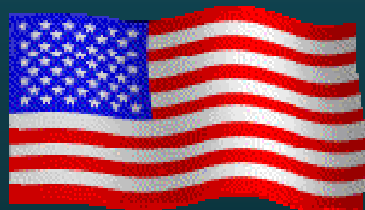


# Classification according BP

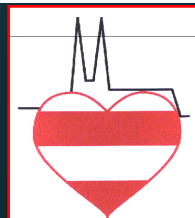


	<b>BPs (mmHg)</b>	<b>BPd (mmHg)</b>
<b>Normal</b>	<b>&lt; 120</b>	<b>&lt; 80</b>
<b>Prehypertension</b>	<b>120-139</b>	<b>80-89</b>
<b>grade 1</b>	<b>140-159</b>	<b>90-99</b>
<b>grade 2</b>	<b>&gt; 160</b>	<b>&gt; 100</b>

	<b>BPs (mmHg)</b>	<b>BPd (mmHg)</b>
<b>Optimal</b>	<b>&lt; 120</b>	<b>&lt; 80</b>
<b>normal</b>	<b>120-129</b>	<b>80-84</b>
<b>High normal</b>	<b>130-139</b>	<b>85-89</b>
<b>Mild – grade 1</b>	<b>140-159</b>	<b>90-99</b>
<b>Moderate - grade 2</b>	<b>160-179</b>	<b>100-109</b>
<b>Severe - grade 3</b>	<b>&gt; 180</b>	<b>&gt; 110</b>
<b>ISH</b>	<b>&gt; 140</b>	<b>&lt; 90</b>



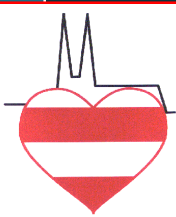
**JNC 7 vs. ESC**



**Healthy** → **“Prediseased”**

→ **Hypertension**

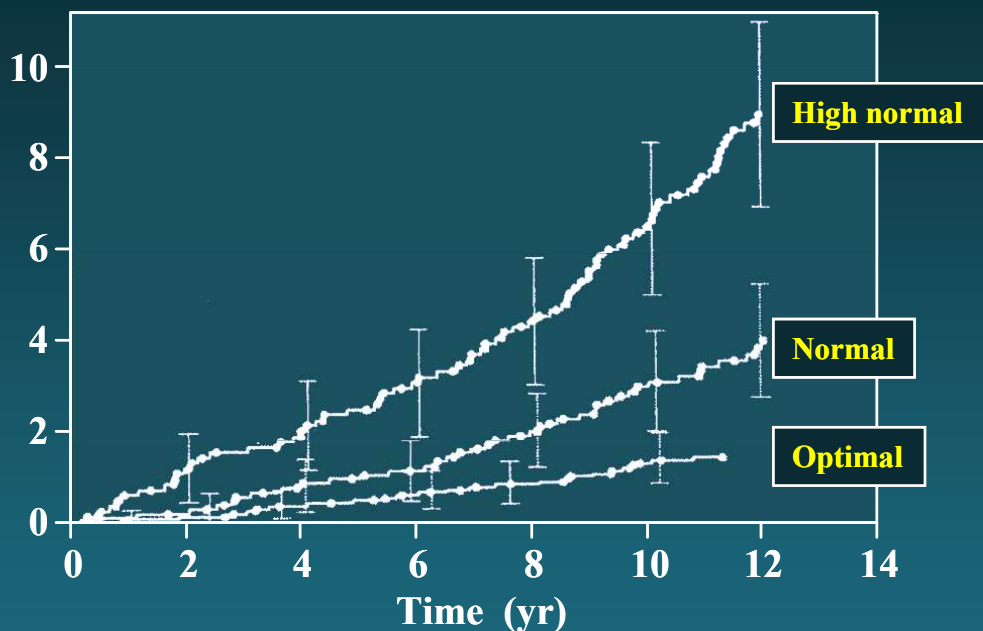
→ **Hypertension with complications**



# Cardiovascular events in patients with „normal“ blood pressure

**Female**

Cumulative incidence (%)

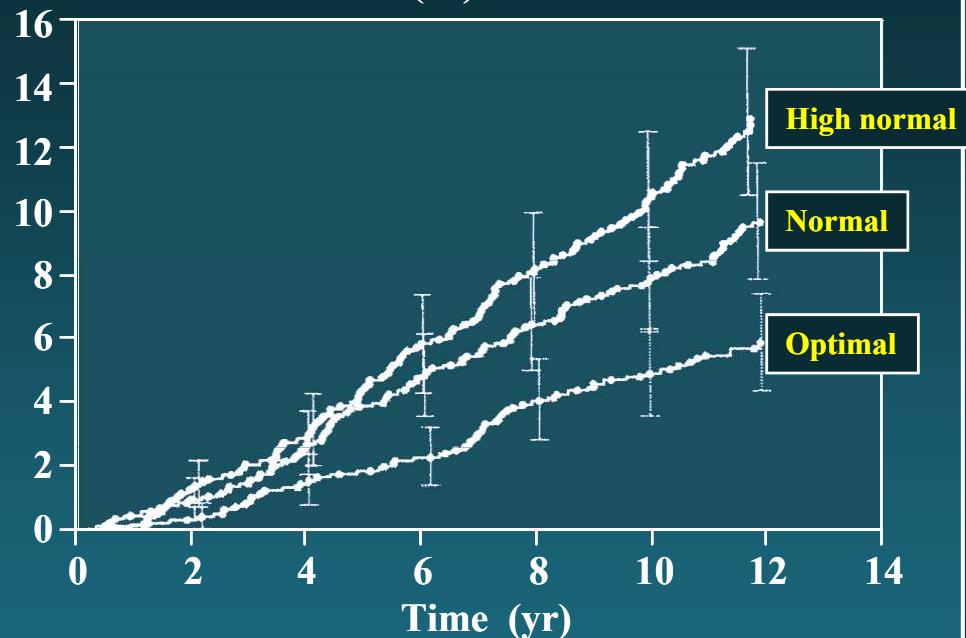


No. at risk

<b>Optimal</b>	1875	1867	1851	1839	1821	1734	887
<b>Normal</b>	1126	1115	1097	1084	1061	974	649
<b>High-normal</b>	891	874	859	840	812	722	520

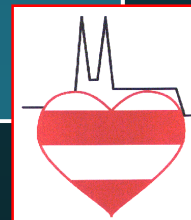
**Male**

Cumulative incidence (%)



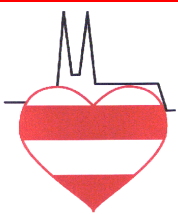
No. at risk

<b>Optimal</b>	1005	995	973	962	934	892	454
<b>Normal</b>	1059	1039	1012	982	952	892	520
<b>High-normal</b>	903	879	857	819	795	726	441



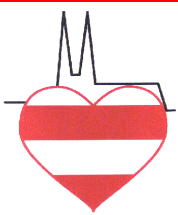
## ESH/ESC Guidelines – Risk factors

- **BPs / BPd**
- **Age: male > 55 years, female > 65 years**
- **Smoking**
- **Dyslipidemia**
  - total chol. > 6,5 mmol/l
  - LDL-chol. > 4,0 mmol/l
  - HDL-chol. < 1,0 (male) or < 1,2 (female) mmol/l
- **Family history CVD (male < 55 years; female < 65 years)**
- **Abdominal obesity (waist  $\geq$  102 cm male,  $\geq$  88 cm female)**
- **C-reactiv protein  $\geq$  1 mg/l**



# ESH/ESC Guidelines – organ damage

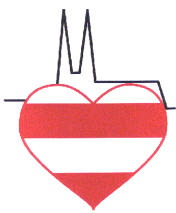
- **LVH**
  - ECG (Sokolow-Lyon  $> 38$  mm / Cornell  $> 2440$  mm $\times$ ms)
  - Echo: LVMI  $\geq 125$  g/m<sup>2</sup> (male)  
 $\geq 110$  g/m<sup>2</sup> (female)
- **Intima/media carotid thickness (IMT  $\geq 9$  mm)  
Or plaque**
- **Increased S-cr (115 - 133  $\mu$ mol/l male,  
107 – 124  $\mu$ mol/l u žen)**
- **Mikroalbuminuria**
  - 30-300 mg/24 hour
  - albumin / creatinin
    - male:  $\geq 22$  mg/g
    - female:  $\geq 31$  mg/g





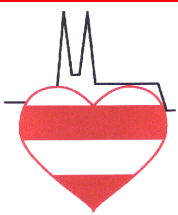
## 2007 ESH/ESC Guidelines: Greades for treated HT

- **I = without changes**
- **II = with changes**
- **III = with end organ damage**



## 2007 ESH/ESC Guidelines: Organ damage

- **Heart - IHD**
- **Brain - Stroke**
- **Kidney - Nefropathy, MIA**
- **Periphery - ID of LE**
- **Eyesi - hemorhagy**



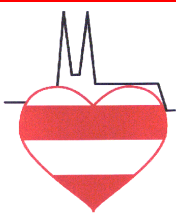
## 2007 ESH/ESC Guidelines: Examinations

### **ALL**

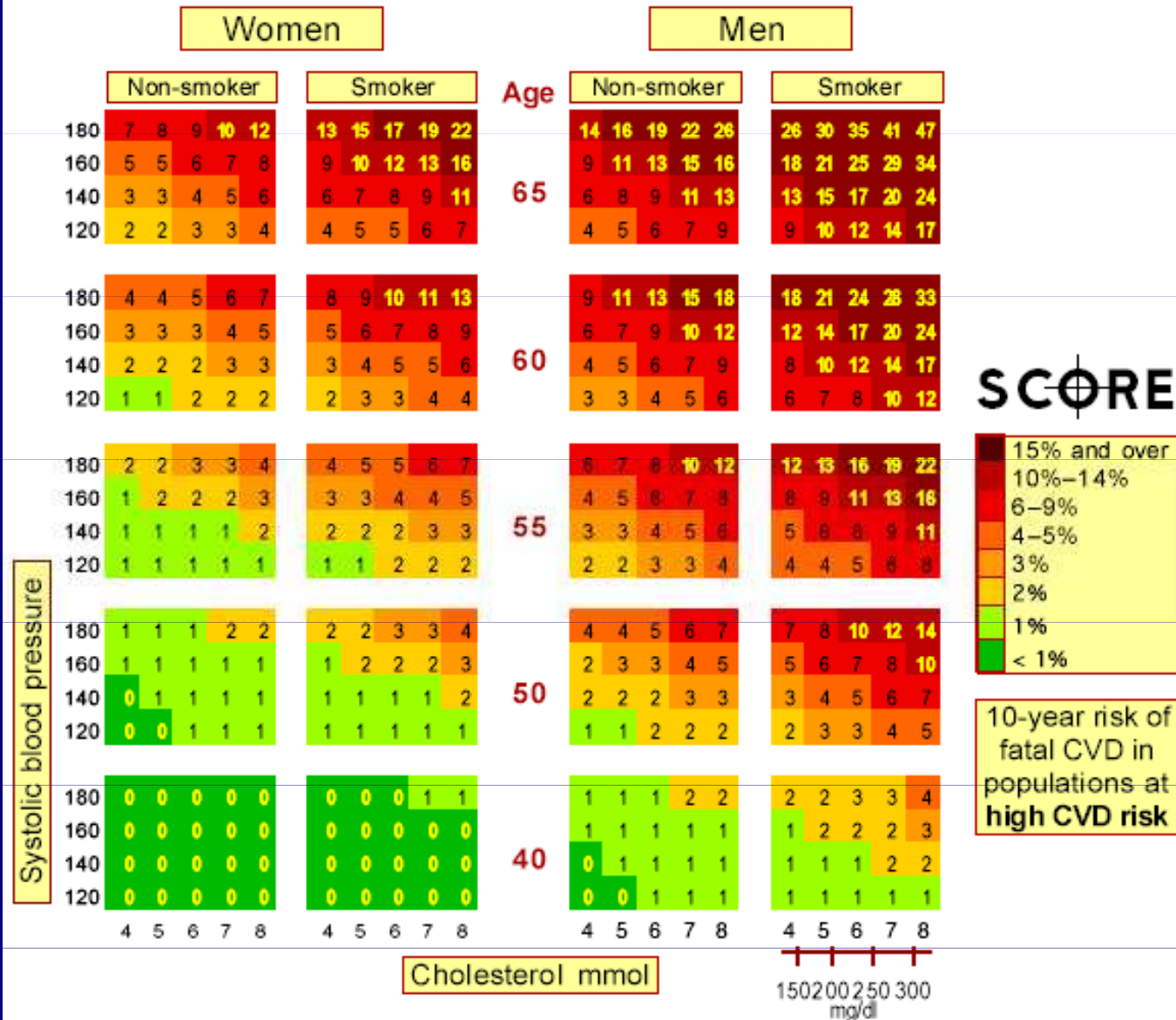
- Pers. and fam. hist
- Fysical exam
- BP on both upper ex
- Urine + MIA
- Kreat, U, Na, K, gly, UA
- Lipids
- ECG

### **SELECTED**

- USD carotid
- USD heart
- MIA (DM)
- Creat clear, proteinuria
- Retinopathy



# Countries with high risk



# 2007 ESH-ESC Guidelines

## Expected risk

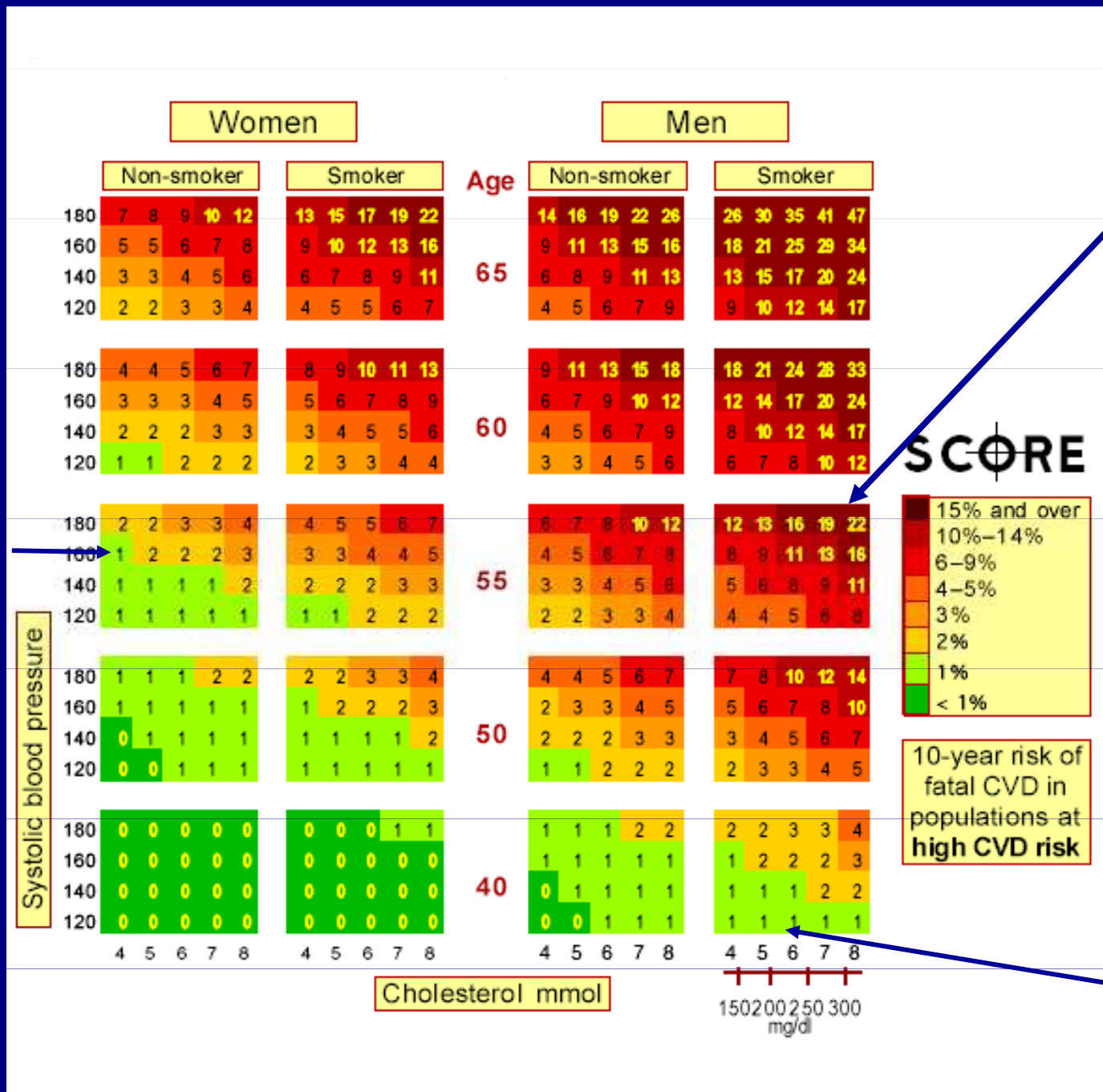
	<i>10-year risk IHD</i>	<i>10-year risk death</i>
<b>Low</b>	<b>&lt; 15%</b>	<b>&lt; 4%</b>
<b>Moderate</b>	<b>15-20%</b>	<b>4-5%</b>
<b>High</b>	<b>20-30%</b>	<b>5-8%</b>
<b>Very high</b>	<b>&gt; 30%</b>	<b>&gt; 8%</b>

# Case report

- Demography Male, 55 years
- Total cholesterol 6,2 mmol/l
- HDL 1,3 mmol/l
- BP 160/95 mm Hg
- LDL 4,2 mmol/l
- TG 3,4 mmol/l
- Smoking, LVH, DM YES
- **10year risk IHD**

**Male, 55 smoker**

**BPs 160**



**Chol 6,2**

# Case report

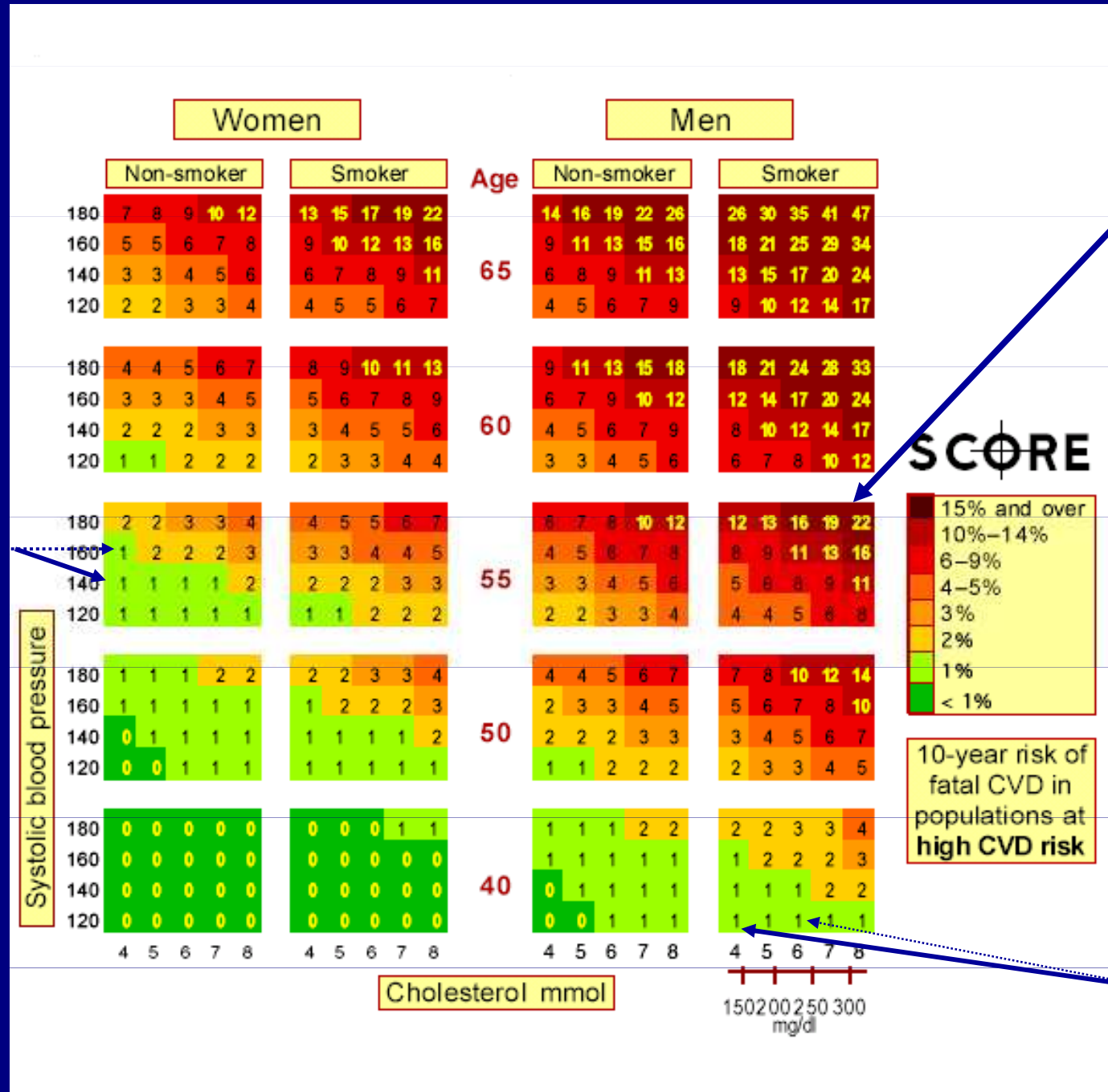
- Demography Male, 55 years
- Total cholesterol 6,2 mmol/l
- HDL 1,3 mmol/l
- BP 160/95 mm Hg
- LDL 4,2 mmol/l
- TG 3,4 mmol/l
- Smoking, LVH, DM YES
- **10year risk IHD 11%**



# Case report

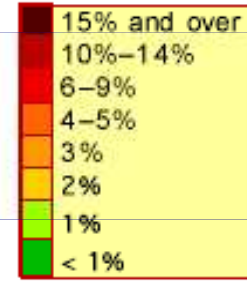
• Demography	Male, 55 years	Male, 55 years
• Total cholesterol	6,2 mmol/l	4,1 mmol/l
• HDL	1,3 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l
• BP	160/95 mm Hg	140/83 mm Hg
• LDL	4,2 mmol/l	2,7 mmol/l
• TG	3,4 mmol/l	3,0 mmol/l
• Smoking, LVH, DM	YES	YES
• <b>10year risk IHD</b>	<b>11%</b>	

**BPs 140**



**Male, 55 smoker**

**SCORE**



10-year risk of fatal CVD in populations at high CVD risk

**Chol 4,1**

# Case report

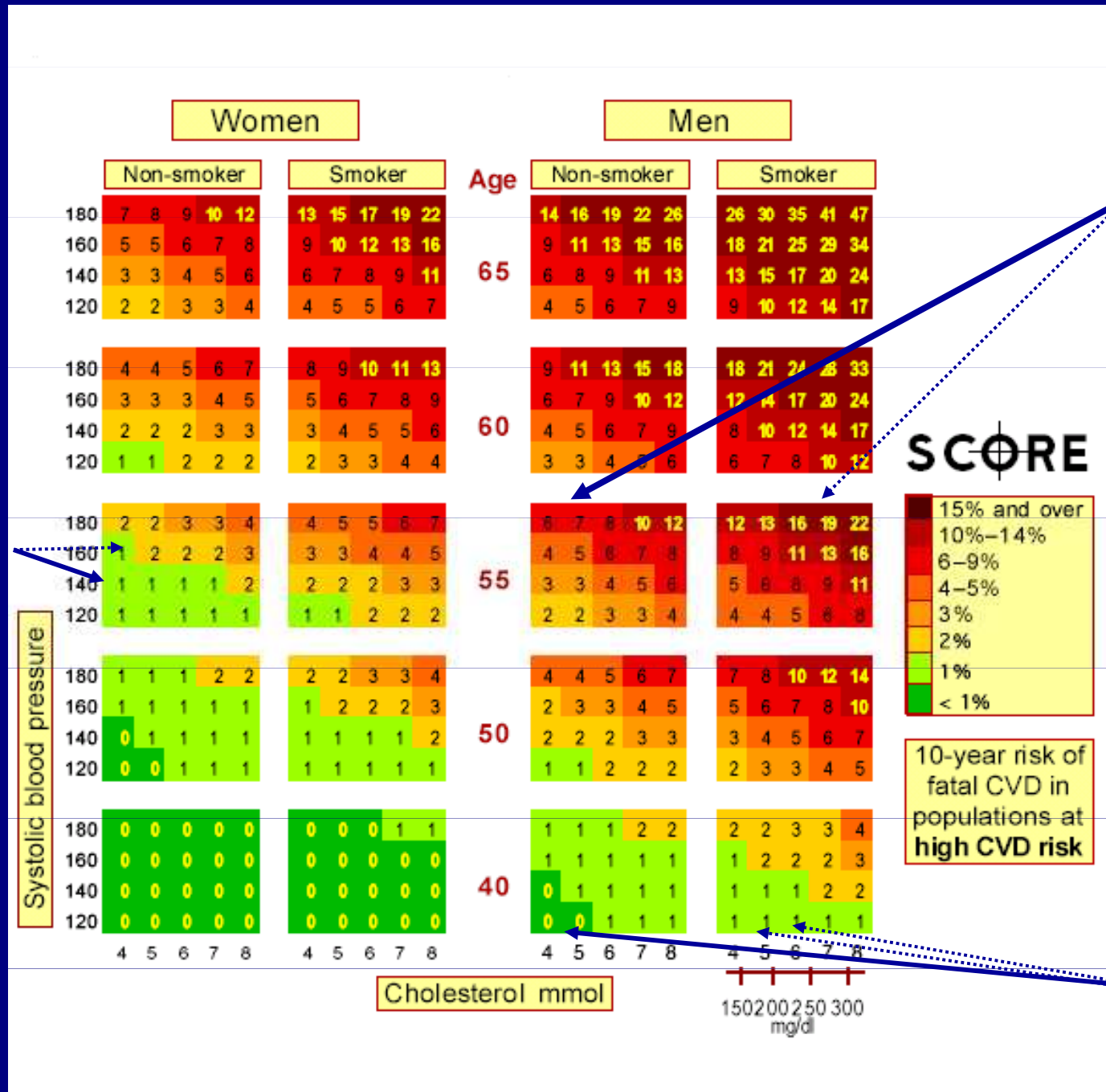
• Demography	Muž, 55 let	Muž, 55 let
• Total cholesterol	6,2 mmol/l	4,1 mmol/l
• HDL	1,3 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l
• BP	160/95 mm Hg	140/83 mm Hg
• LDL	4,2 mmol/l	2,7 mmol/l
• TG	3,4 mmol/l	3,0 mmol/l
• Smoking, LVH, DM	YES	YES
• <b>10year risk IHD</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>5%</b>

# Case report

• Demography	MALE, 55	MALE, 55	MALE, 55
• Total cholesterol	6,2 mmol/l	4,1 mmol/l	4,1 mmol/l
• HDL	1,3 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l
• BP	160/95 mm Hg	140/83 mm Hg	140/83 mm Hg
• LDL	4,2 mmol/l	2,7 mmol/l	2,7 mmol/l
• TG	3,4 mmol/l	3,0 mmol/l	3,0 mmol/l
• Smoking, LVH, DM	YES	YES	NO !!!
• <b>10year risk IHD</b>	11%	5%	

**Muž, 55  
nonsmoker**

**BPs 140**



**Chol 4,1**

# Case report

• Demography	Male, 55	Male, 55	Male, 55
• Total cholesterol	6,2 mmol/l	4,1 mmol/l	4,1 mmol/l
• HDL	1,3 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l
• BP	160/95 mm Hg	140/83 mm Hg	140/83 mm Hg
• LDL	4,2 mmol/l	2,7 mmol/l	2,7 mmol/l
• TG	3,4 mmol/l	3,0 mmol/l	3,0 mmol/l
• Smoking, LVH, DM	YES	YES	NO !!!
• 10year risk IHD	11%	5%	2%

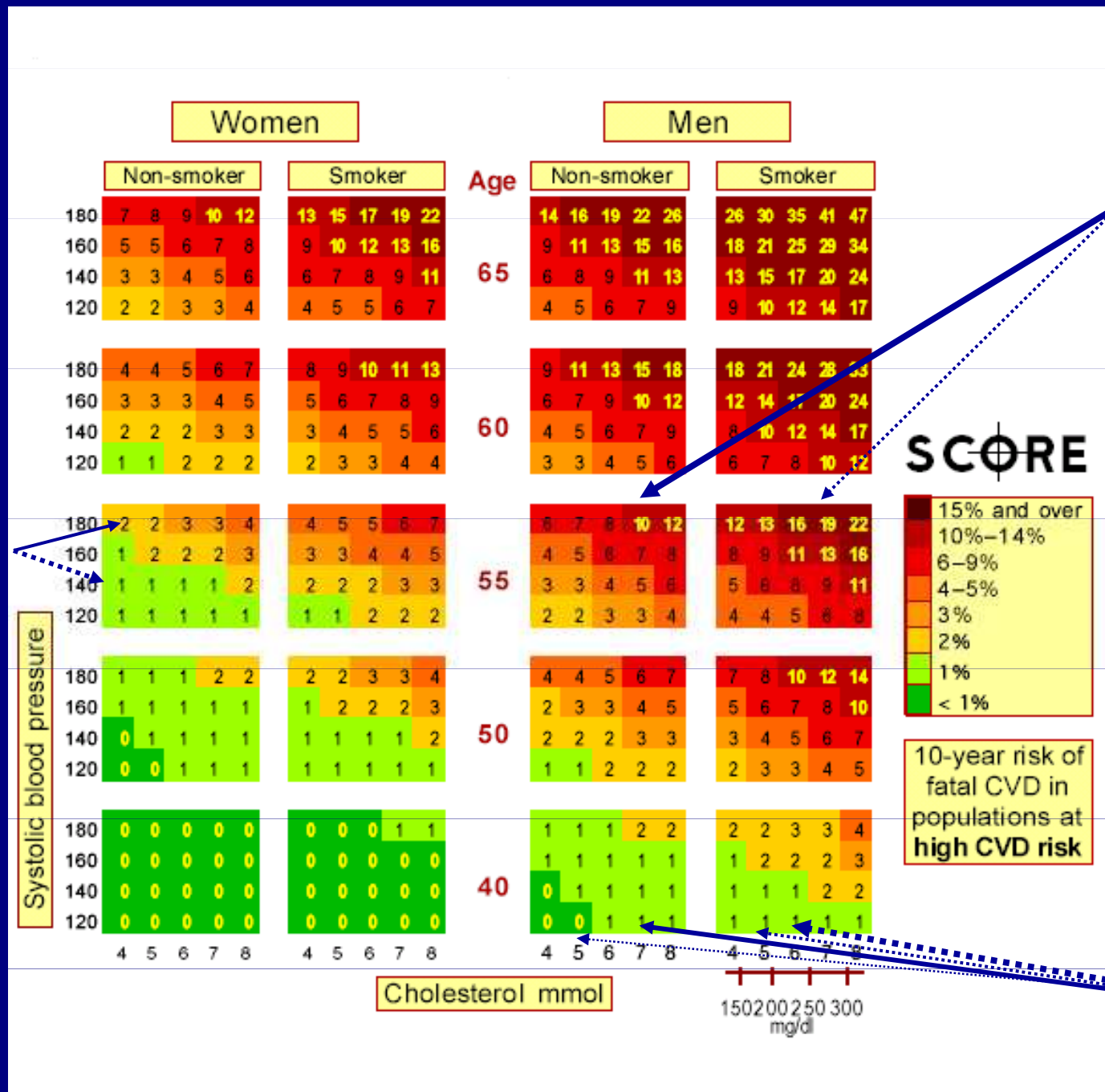
# Case report

• Demography	Male, 55	Male, 56
• Total cholesterol	4,1 mmol/l	6,8 mmol/l
• HDL	1,4 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l
• BP	140/83 mm Hg	175/90 mm Hg
• LDL	2,7 mmol/l	2,7 mmol/l
• TG	3,0 mmol/l	3,0 mmol/l
• Smoking, LVH, DM	NO !!!	NO !!!
• <b>10year risk IHD</b>	2%	

**Because he did not smoke, he overweight 15 kg**

**Male, 56  
nonsmoker**

**TKs 175**



**Chol 6,8**



# Case report

• Demography	Male, 55 let	Male, 56 let
• Total cholesterol	4,1 mmol/l	6,8 mmol/l
• HDL	1,4 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l
• BP	140/83 mm Hg	175/90 mm Hg
• LDL	2,7 mmol/l	3,9 mmol/l
• TG	3,0 mmol/l	4,2 mmol/l
• Smoking, LVH, DM	NE !!!	NE !!!
• <b>10year risk IHD</b>	2%	10%

**Because he did not smoke, he overweight 15 kg**

# Case report

• Demography	Muž, 55 let	Muž, 56 let
• Total cholesterol	4,1 mmol/l	6,8 mmol/l
• HDL	1,4 mmol/l	1,4 mmol/l
• BP	140/83 mm Hg	175/90 mm Hg
• LDL	2,7 mmol/l	3,9 mmol/l
• TG	3,0 mmol/l	4,2 mmol/l
• Smoking, LVH, DM	NE !!!	NE !!!
• <b>10year risk IHD</b>	2%	20%

**Because he did not smoke, he overweight 15 kg and got DM**

# JNC - ESC/ESH (2007)

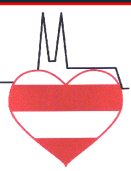
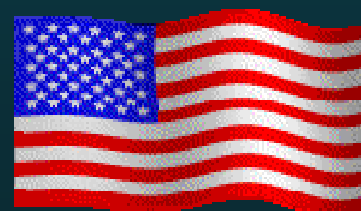
Basic antihypertensives are:

- ♥ Diuretics
- ♥ ACE inhibitors
- ♥ Betablockers
- ♥ Ca antagonists
- ♥ AII antagonists

These groups are equal.

If BP > 20/10 mmHg above normal value

We can start the treatment with combinations !!!



# Diuretics (thiazid)

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## *Indication*

Heart failure

Old age

Izolated systolic hypertension

HT of Afroamericans

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## *KI absolut*

Goat

---

## *KI relativ*

gravidity

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# Diuretics (thiazid and K sparing)

<b>hydrochlorothiazid</b>	<b>12,5-25 mg</b>	
<b>chlorthalidon</b>	<b>12,5 či 25 mg ob den</b>	
<b>indapamid</b>	<b>2,5 - 5 mg</b>	
<b>metipamid</b>	<b>1,25 – 2,5 mg</b>	
<b>amilorid</b>	<b>2,5-5 mg</b>	

# Diuretics (loop)

*Indication*

**Renal insufficiency**

**Heart failure**

*KI absolut*

---

*KI relativ*

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# Diuretics (loop)

<b>furosemid</b>	<b>20-40 mg</b>	
<b>torasemid</b>	<b>10–20 mg</b>	

# Diuretics (aldosteron antagonists)

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*Indication*

**Heart failure**

**Post MI**

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*KI absolut*

Renal ins.

Hyperkalemia

---

*KI relativ*

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## Diuretics (aldosteron antagonists)

<b>spironolakton</b>	<b>25-50 mg</b>	
<b>eplerenon</b>	<b>25-50 mg</b>	

# Betablockers

---

## *Indications*

**Angina pectoris**

**Post MI**

**Heart failure**

**Gravidity**

**Tachyarytmia**

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## *KI absolut*

Asthma

Lung obstructive disease

A–V blockade II. a III. stupně

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## *KI relativ*

Periferal arterial disease

Glukose intolerans

Atlets

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# Betablockers

<b>acetabutolol</b>	<b>1 x 400 mg</b>	<b>Selectiv with ISA</b>	
<b>atenolol</b>	<b>1 x 100mg</b>	<b>Selectiv with ISA</b>	
<b>betaxolol</b>	<b>1 x 20 mg</b>	<b>Selectiv without ISA</b>	
<b>bopindolol</b>	<b>1 x 2 mg</b>	<b>Neselectiv with ISA</b>	
<b>celiprolol</b>	<b>1 x 400 mg</b>	<b>Selectiv with ISA</b>	
<b>metipranol</b>	<b>3 x 40 mg</b>	<b>Nonselectiv without ISA</b>	
<b>metoprolol</b>	<b>2 x 100 mg</b>	<b>Selectiv with ISA</b>	
<b>bisoprolol</b>	<b>1 x 10 mg</b>	<b>Selectiv without ISA</b>	
<b>carvedilol</b>	<b>2 x 50 mg</b>	<b>Noselective without ISA, VD</b>	
<b>metoprolol ZOK</b>	<b>1 x 200 mg</b>	<b>Selective without ISA</b>	

# ACE inhibitors

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## *Indications*

**Heart failure**  
**LV dysfunction**  
**Post MI**  
**Nondiabetic nephropathy**  
**DM 1. type**  
**Proteinuria**

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## *KI absolut*

Gravidity  
Hyperkalémia  
Bilateral renal artery stenosis

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## *KI relativ*

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# ACE inhibitors

<b>captopril</b>	<b>3 x 50mg</b>	
<b>cilazapril</b>	<b>1 x 5 mg</b>	
<b>enalapril</b>	<b>2 x 20mg</b>	
<b>fosinopril</b>	<b>1 x 20mg</b>	
<b>lisinopril</b>	<b>1 x 35mg</b>	
<b>moexipril</b>	<b>1 x 15mg</b>	
<b>perindopril</b>	<b>1 x 4mg</b>	
<b>quinapril</b>	<b>1 x 40mg</b>	
<b>ramipril</b>	<b>2 x 5mg</b>	
<b>spirapril</b>	<b>1 x 6mg</b>	
<b>trandolapril</b>	<b>1 x 4mg</b>	

# AIIA - ARB

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## *Indications*

**DM 2. type**

**DM mikroalbuminuria**

**Proteinuria**

**LVH**

**Cough post ACE-I**

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## *KI absolut*

Gravidity

Hyperkalémia

Bilateral renal artery stenosis

---

## *KI relativ*

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---

# AIIA - ARB

<b>candesartan</b>	1x 16- 32 mg	
<b>eprosartan</b>	1-2 x 200-400 mg	
<b>irbesartan</b>	1 x 150-300 mg	
<b>losartan</b>	1 x 50-100 mg	
<b>telmisartan</b>	1 x 40-80 mg	
<b>valsartan</b>	2 x 80-160 mg	

# Ca blockers (dihydropyridin)

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## *Indications*

**Older**

**ISH**

**Angina pectoris**

**Periferal artery disease**

**Aterosis of carotid art.**

**Gravidity**

---

## *KI absolut*

---

---

## *KI relativ*

Tachyarytmia

Heart failure

---



# Ca blockers (dihydropyridin)

nifedipin GITS	1 x 10-20 mg	
<b>amlodipin</b>	<b>1 x 5-10 mg</b>	
barnidipin	1 x 10-20 mg	
<b>felodipin</b>	<b>1 x 5-10 mg</b>	
<b>isradipin SRO</b>	<b>1 x 5- 10 mg</b>	
<b>lacidipin</b>	<b>1 x 2-6 mg</b>	
lercanidipin	1 x 10-20 mg	
nilvadipin	1 x 8 –16 mg	
nisoldipin	2 x 5-20 mg	
nitrendipin	1 x 10-20 mg	

# Ca blocker (diltiazem, verapamil)

*Stavy podporující užití*

Angina pectoris

Atherosclerosis of carotid art.

Supraventrikular tachykardia

*KI absolut*

A–V blockade II. a III. Grade

Heart failure

*KI relativ*

---

# Ca blocker (diltiazem, verapamil)

<b>diltiazem retard</b>	<b>2 x 90-180 mg</b>	
<b>verapamil SR</b>	<b>1x 120 – 480 mg</b>	

# $\alpha$ - blocker

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*Indications*

**Benign hyperplasia prostatica**  
**Hyperlipidemia**

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*KI absolut*

Ortostatic hypotension

---

*KI relativ*

Heart failure

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# $\alpha$ - blokcker

prazosin	3x2 mg	
doxazosin	1 x 4-8 mg	
terazosin	1 x 5 mg	

## Other

### Central agonist of presynaptic alfa 2 receptors

<b>metyldopa</b>	<b>2-3 x 250 mg</b>	<b>gravidity</b>
<b>guanfacin</b>	<b>1 x 1-2 mg</b>	
<b>clonidin</b>	<b>HT krize 0,1-0,3 mg</b>	



### Central agonist of imidazolin receptors

<b>moxonidin</b>	<b>1 x 0,2 až 2 x 0,3 mg</b>
<b>rilmenidin</b>	<b>1 x 1 mg</b>



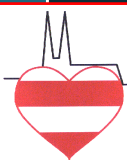
### Peripheral alfa 1 blockers and a central serotonin receptor agonists

<b>urapidil</b>	<b>HT crises 10-20 mg i.v.</b>
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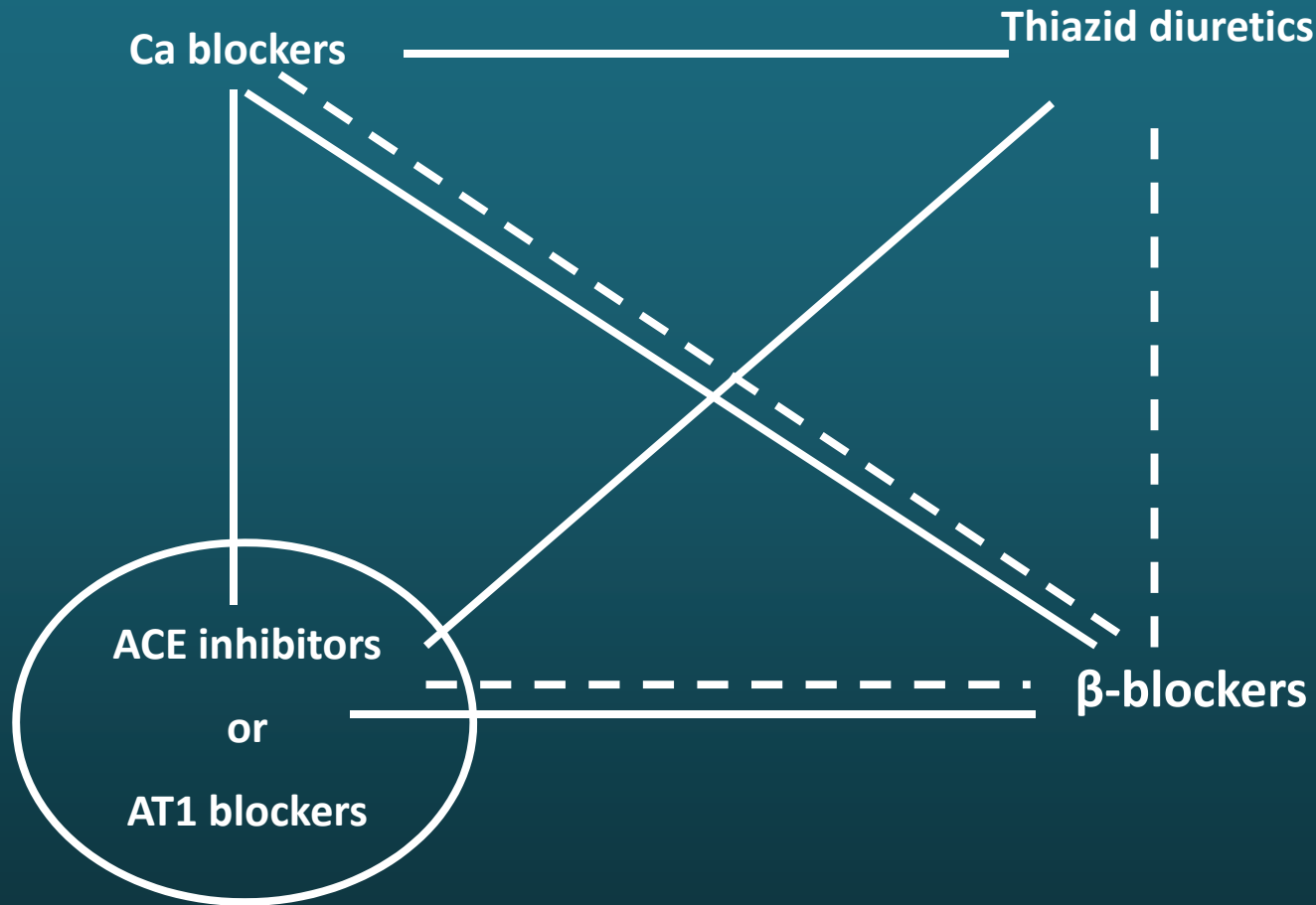


## ESH/ESC Guidelines – Indications

- **Thiazids** Heart failure / Older / ISH / Afroamericanns
- **Loop diuretics** Renal insufienci / Heart failure
- **Aldosteron antagonists** Heart failure /post MI
- **βB** AP / post MI / Heart failure / Pregnancy / Tachyarytmias
- **Ca antagonists (DHP)** Older personc / ISH /AP / Aterosklerosis / Pregnancy
- **Ca antagonists (non-DHP)** AP / Aterosklerosis / Suprav. Tachykardias
- **ACEI** Heart failure / LV dysfunction / post MI / DM / Proteinurie
- **ARB** DM / microalbuminuria / proteinuria / LVH / ACEI-caugh



# Combination treatment



**Non DHP Ca blocker + betablocker = clear contraindication**  
**ACE-I/AT1 blocker + betablocker = combination - CHF, ICD**  
**ACE-I + AT1 blocker = combination - proteinuria**