

## Cvičení k 6. lekci

### 1. Vyberte tvary akuzativu singuláru:

domum, rerum, spurium, hominum, vulnus, arcus, basim, regionum, continuum, superficiem, cornu, rete, tussium, diaphragmatum, spiritum, ureterum, os, ossa, uterum, nasalium, crurum, ganglion, rem, ren

### 2. Převeďte do singuláru nebo plurálu:

meatum	decubitum
genuum	bicipites
carie	foramine nutricio
fetūs	partium
gravidas	partuum
graviditas	partibus
cubitum	morbum
capitum	mortium

### 3. Spojte s vhodným tvarem adjektiva z nabídky:

*sinistri, dextrum, dextro, sinistrorum, sinistra, sanā, dextras, renalis, simplex, pelvicorum, simplicium, multiplices, simplicis, cervicali, brachialem, multiplicem, sinistrā, dextrarum, sinistris, sinistrae, renalium, cervicalibus, sanorum*

manū, articulationum, plexum, cornū, pulmonum, oculum, pulverum, aure, plexūs, genūs, renum, plexu, manuum, fracturae, sclerosim, plexuum

### 4. Vytvořte spojení:

periculum — partus — praematurus  
sine — dolor — caput  
propter — pulsus — frequens  
symptoma — morbus — incipiens  
symptoma (pl.) — arthritis — rheumaticus  
contra — morbus (pl.) — infectiosus  
in — periculum — mors  
ulcus (pl.) — in — colon — descendens  
sanatio — cum — defectus  
ad — scatula — parvus  
partus — extra — murus<sup>1</sup> (pl.)  
trauma (pl.) — gravis — columna vertebralis  
operatio — propter — fractura — gravis — ulna — sinister  
contusio — musculus — biceps — brachium  
in — status — post — infarctus — cor — recens  
propter — nephrosis — gravis  
gutta (pl.) — contra — tussis  
propter — fractura — collum — femur  
vulnus (pl.) — lacer — caput  
fractura — pars — distalis — humerus  
extractio — dens — lacteus — e — caries  
apud — aditus — larynx  
in — sinus — occipitalis

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<sup>1</sup> mūrus, ī, m. „zed“