

MEDICAL VOCABULARY – REVISION - A

ache	1. medication that kills bacteria and cures infections
allergy <i>noun</i> , allergic <i>adj</i>	2. a hard bandage that is wrapped around a broken bone to keep it in place
ambulance	3. objects that people with injured legs or feet use to help them walk
antibiotics	4. emergency vehicle that rushes people to a hospital
appointment	5. a virus commonly contracted by children, characterized by itchy spots all over the body
wheelchair	6. time of day when friends and family are allowed to visit patients in hospital
arthritis	7. a bone that is divided in two or more pieces as a result of an injury
blood pressure	8. a lack of something necessary for one's health
broken	9. pain that won't go away
bruise <i>noun</i> , bruised <i>adj</i>	10. a medical disorder that is harmful to a person's health
unconscious	11. a section of a hospital or health facility where patients stay
visiting hours	12. discharge of a person stomach contents through the mouth
cast	13. a scheduled meeting with a medical professional
chickenpox	14. unable to hear
crutches	15. a body's abnormal reaction to certain foods or environmental substances (eg causes a rash)
vomit	16. a chair on wheels used for transporting patients from place to place
ward	17. alive, but appearing to be asleep and unaware of the surroundings
deaf	18. injured body tissue that is visible underneath the skin
deficiency	19. the rate at which blood flows through the body (high/low)
disease	20. a disease that causes the joints to become swollen and crippled

Your son is extremely _____ to peanuts.

We called the _____ when Josh stopped breathing.

I'm afraid you'll have to come back during _____.

I've made you an _____ with a specialist in three week's time.

The accident left the patient both _____ and blind.

My grandmother can't knit anymore because the _____ in her hands is so bad.

High _____ puts you at risk of having a heart attack.

The woman was badly _____ when she came into the emergency room.

I hit my head on the steering wheel and was still _____ when the ambulance arrived.

I understand that this _____ runs in your family.

My throat infection went away after I started the _____.

If you get in the _____ I'll take you down to see the garden.

My leg was in a _____ for graduation.

The tests show that you have an iron _____.

We thought it was just a sprain, but it turned out his leg was _____.

It is best to get _____ as a child so that you don't get it worse as an adult.

I'd rather hop on one foot than use _____.

I can't sleep because my knees _____ in the night.

I should warn you that we're entering the mental health _____.

The pregnant woman can't stop _____.

MEDICAL VOCABULARY – REVISION- B

flu (influenza)	1. doctor
heart attack	2. a doctor's appointment to check a person's general health
illness <i>noun</i> , ill <i>adj</i>	3. strong discomfort in certain areas of the body
inflamed	4. instance in which blood stops pumping through the heart
injury	5. painful
intensive care unit (ICU)	6. general term for any condition that makes a person feel sick for a certain period of time
itchy	7. type of medicine that takes away some or all of the discomfort of an illness or injury
pain	8. an injury (less serious than a break) to a joint (ankle, wrist, knee etc)
pain killer, pain reliever	9. many types of respiratory or intestinal infections passed on through a virus
pharmacy, drugstore	10. the correct amount and type of medication needed to cure an illness or relieve symptoms
wound <i>noun</i> , wounded <i>adj</i>	11. a photograph of a person's bones and organs
physician	12. appearance (red and swollen) of an injured body part
prescription <i>noun</i> , prescribe <i>verb</i>	13. feeling discomfort on the skin's surface
sting	14. ligaments (parts that hold the joints together) growing bigger and rounder after an injury to a joint
x-ray	15. injury to body ("flesh wound" means not deep)
swelling <i>noun</i> , swollen <i>adj</i>	16. sharp, temporary pain
routine check-up	17. section of the hospital where patients get constant attention and doctors rely on specialized equipment
sore	18. damage to the body
sprain	19. a place where people go to buy medication and other medical supplies

People who smoke are at greater risk of having a _____.

If you are allergic to this medication your skin will get red and _____.

Her _____ went away when she started eating better.

My right ankle was so _____ it was twice the size of my left one.

Her _____ were minor; just a few cuts and bruises.

Ask your family _____ to refer you to a specialist.

She will remain in the _____ until she can breathe on her own.

You can take two _____ every four hours.

I _____ my knee playing soccer.

We gave your husband some medicine to relieve some of the _____.

You should be able to buy a bandage at the _____.

I knew my ankle was sprained because it was so _____.

The technician took _____ of my shoulder to make sure it wasn't broken.

The _____ soldiers are being airlifted to the hospital.

You will need to visit your doctor to get another _____.

I'd like to see you a year from now for a _____.

People who have the _____ should not visit hospital patients.

I have a _____ throat and a runny nose.

It may _____ when I insert the needle.



Taken from:

<http://www.englishclub.com/english-for-work/medical-vocabulary.htm>