



MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



COMPACT
Kompetence v jazykovém vzdělávání

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

GASTROINTESTINAL/DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

I. Answer the following questions:

1. What primary organs is the digestive system composed of?
2. Which accessory organs belong to the digestive system?
3. What are the three main functions of the digestive system?
4. What is the study of the stomach and the intestine called?
5. What are the three parts of the small intestine called?
6. What does the colon consist of?
7. Which gland is the largest in the body?
8. What functions does the liver perform?

II. Fill in the gaps in the sentences:

1. Hepatitis is _____ of the liver.
2. Appendectomy is an _____ of the appendix.
3. Colonoscopy is a visual _____ of the colon.
4. Hepatic lobectomy means _____ of the liver lobe.
5. Dentist is a physician who _____ in the teeth.
6. Gastric ulcer is an ulcer of the _____.
7. Hepatoma is a _____ of the liver.
8. The medical term for _____ is dyspepsia.

III. Match:

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| 1. buccal | A. inflammation of the esophagus |
| 2. lingual | B. pertaining to the stomach |
| 3. dentalgia | C. pertaining to the intestine |
| 4. esophagitis | D. the act of vomiting |
| 5. gastric | E. pertaining to the cheek |
| 6. duodenum | F. gas in the stomach |
| 7. enteric | G. pertaining to the tongue |
| 8. emesis | H. bad breath |
| 9. flatus | I. toothache |
| 10. halitosis | J. first portion of the small intestine |

IV. Revision – translate:

1. rovina těla
2. buňky a tkáně
3. kosti, klouby a svaly
4. hrudní koš
5. tepny, vlasečnice a žíly
6. velký krevní oběh

7. červené krvinky, bílé krvinky a krevní destičky
8. krevní obraz
9. výstelka
10. sliznice

Adapted from:

Kobylková, Anděla. *English for medical students*. 2. vyd. Brno : Masarykova univerzita, 1998.