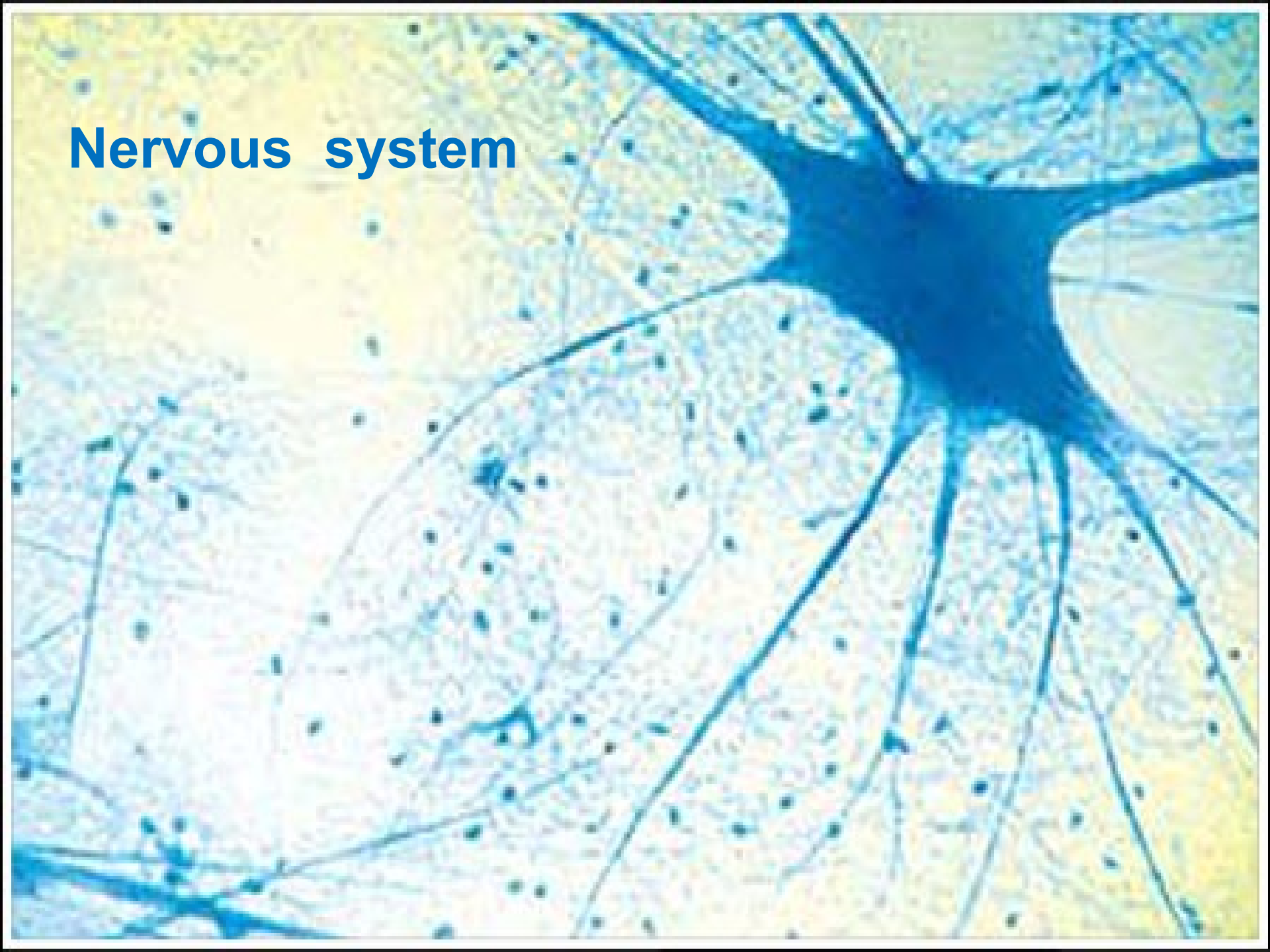


# Nervous system



# Nervous system

is a complex, sophisticated system that regulates and coordinates body activities

regulates the body's responses to internal and external stimuli

has three main functions, sensory input, integration of data and motor output

is composed of excitable nerve cells

conducts nerve impulses

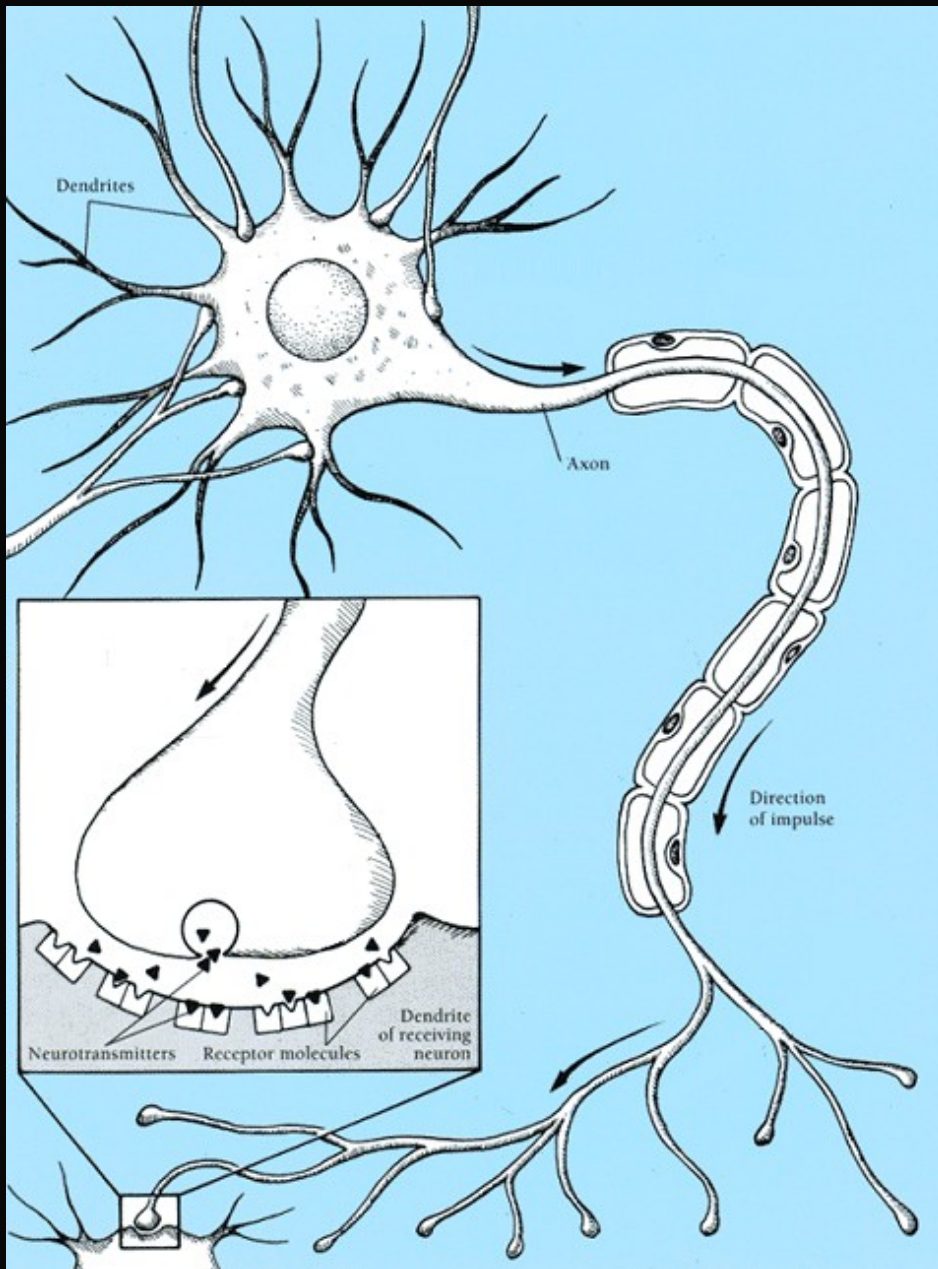
is divided into two categories: the central nervous system- **CNS** and the peripheral nervous system - **PNS**

the basic structural and functional unit - **neuron**

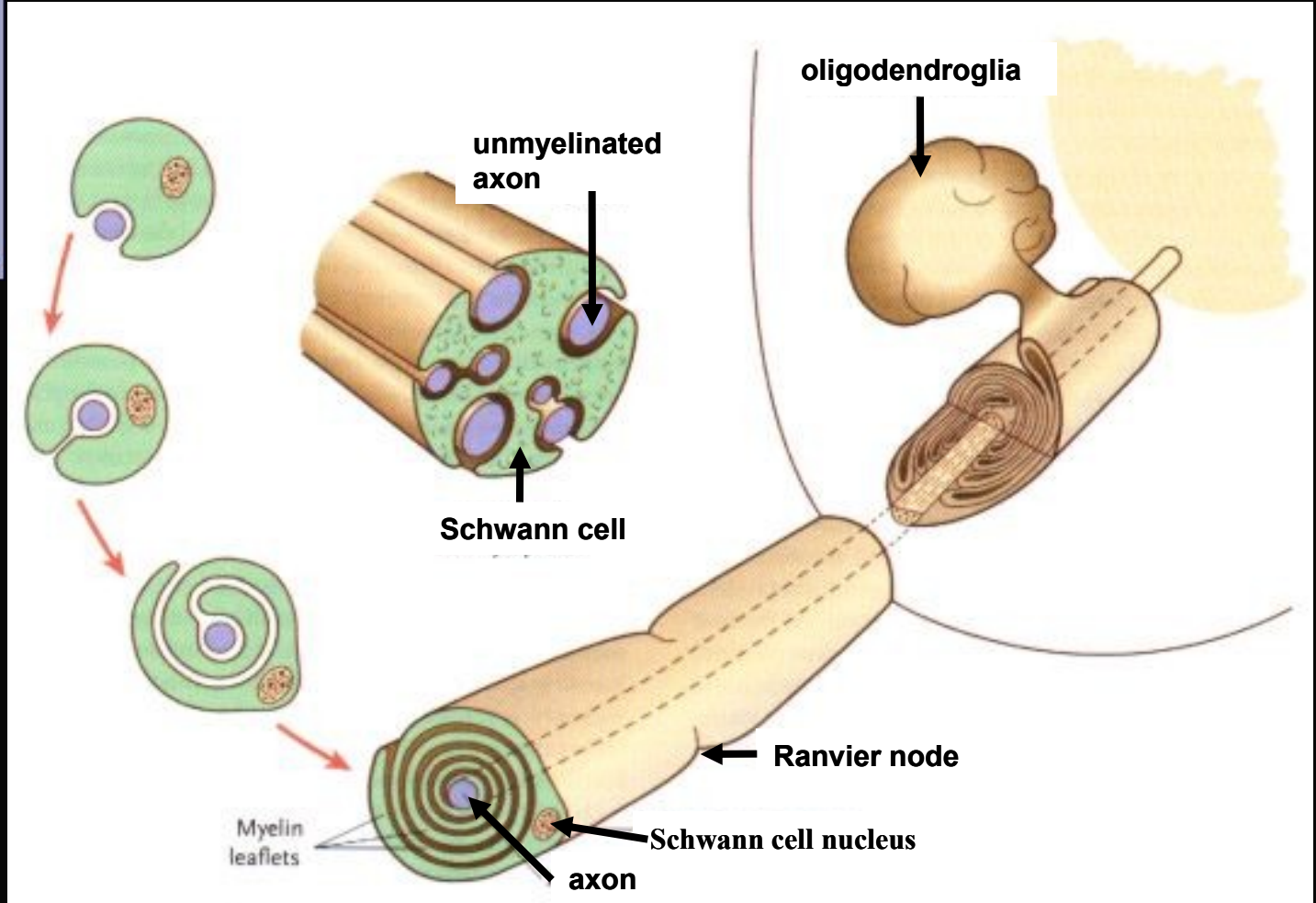
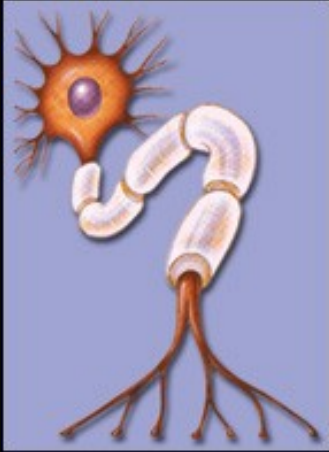
cells providing support and protection for neurons – **glial cells**

# Neuron

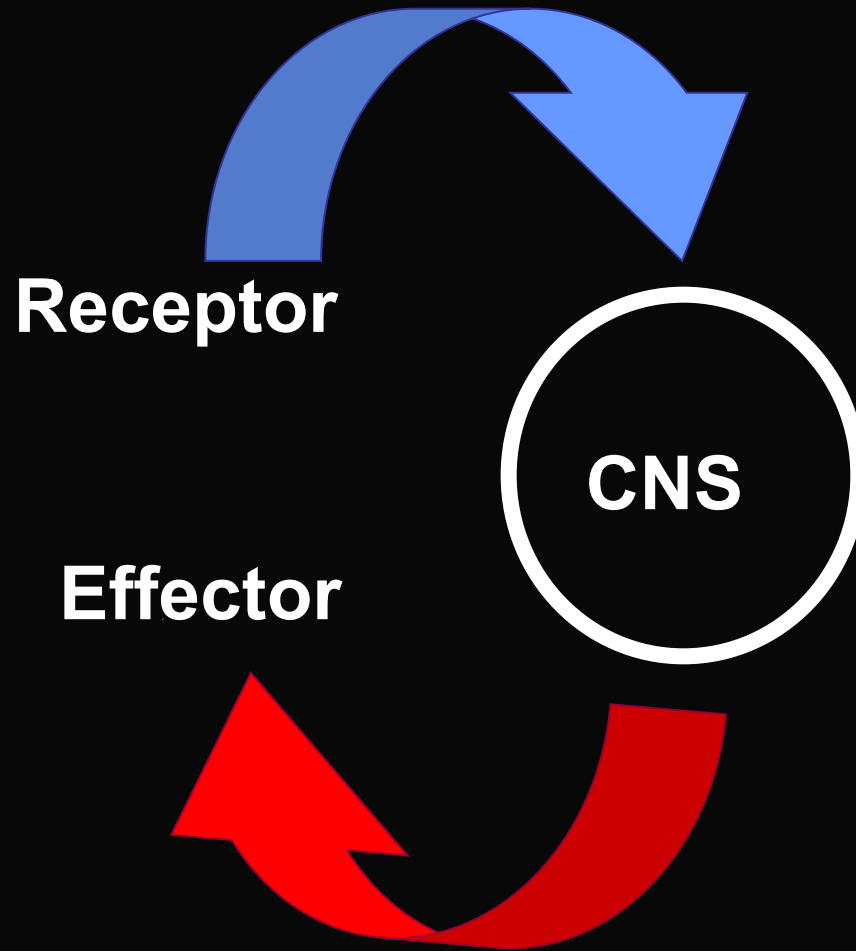
- receives stimuli
- transforms stimuli to nerve impulses
- conducts nerve impulses
- processes information
- transmits the electro-chemical signal across a synapse



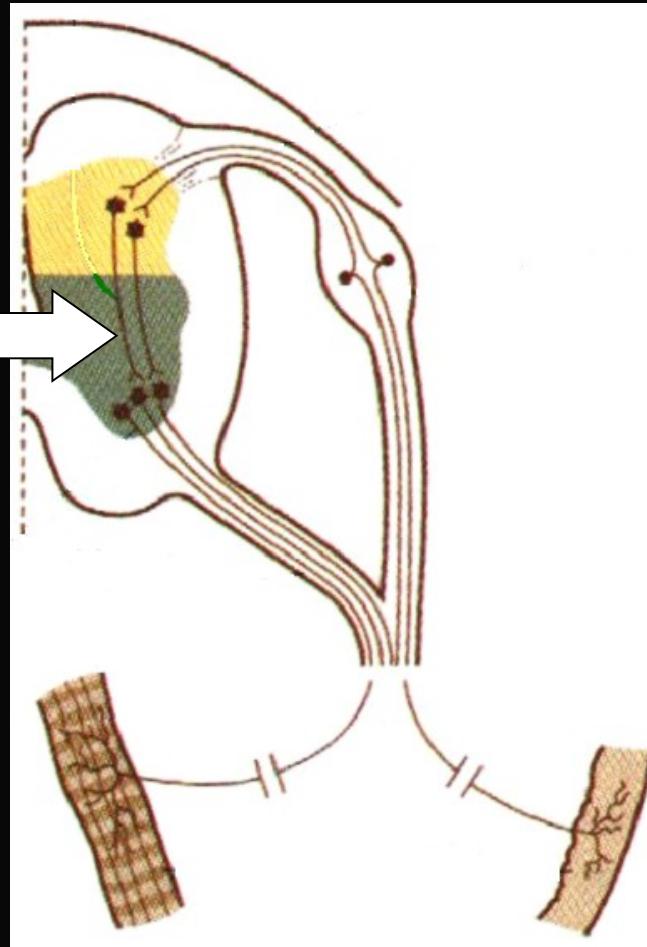
# Myelinization



# Basic function of NS - **reflex**



**Interneuron** →

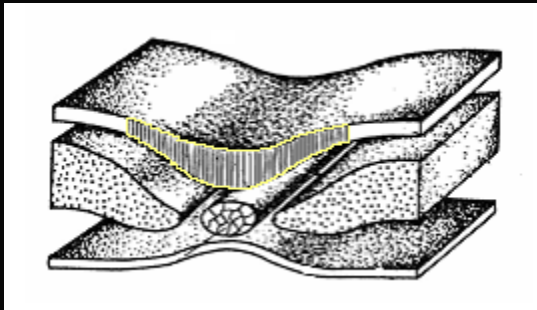


**Muscle**

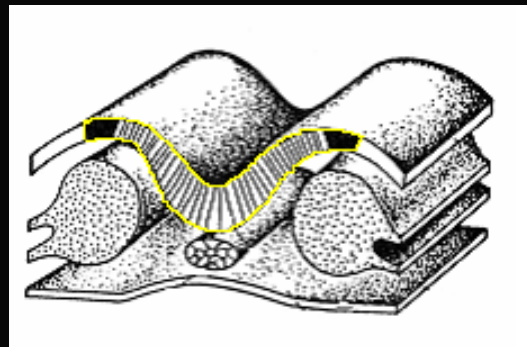
**Skin**

# Development of NS

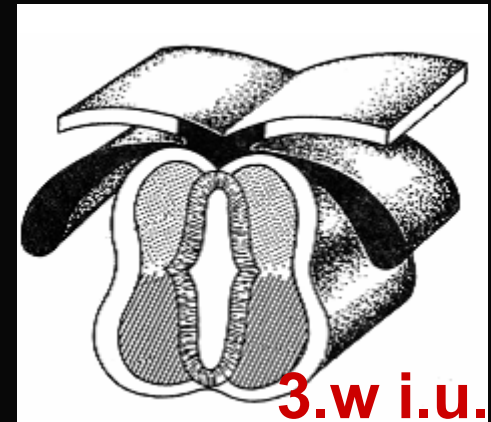
from ectoderm (under influence of the notochord) arises the neural:



**plate**



**groove**



**tube**

**+ neural crest**

## **Parts derived from the neural tube**

**brain**

**spinal cord**

## **Parts derived from the neural crest**

**cranial nerve ganglia**

**dorsal root and autonomic ganglia**

**medulla of the suprarenal gland**

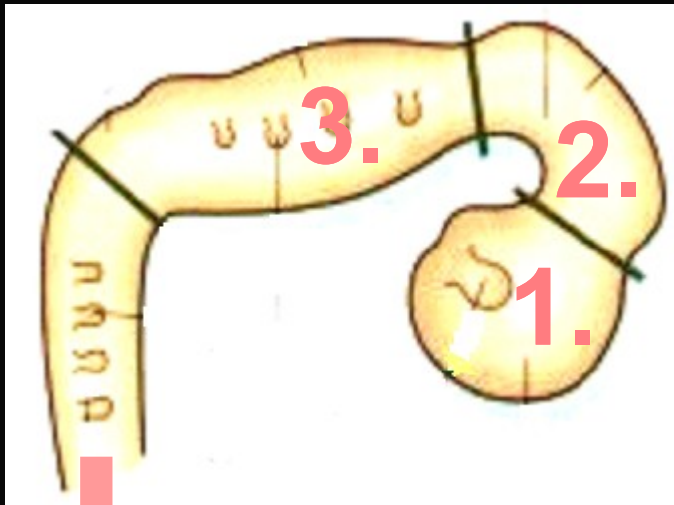
**some bones, cartilage and**

**connective tissue of the head**

**pigment cells ...**



# Cerebral vesicles from the rostral part of the neural tube



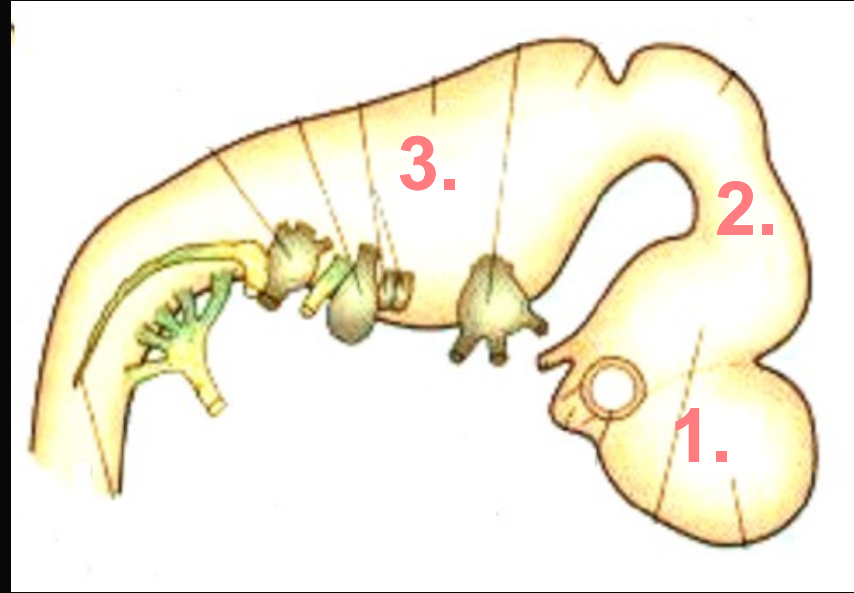
**Spinal cord**  
**medulla spinalis**

**3. rhombencephalon**  
(hindbrain)

**2. mesencephalon**  
(midbrain)

**1. prosencephalon**  
(forebrain)

# Secondary vesicles

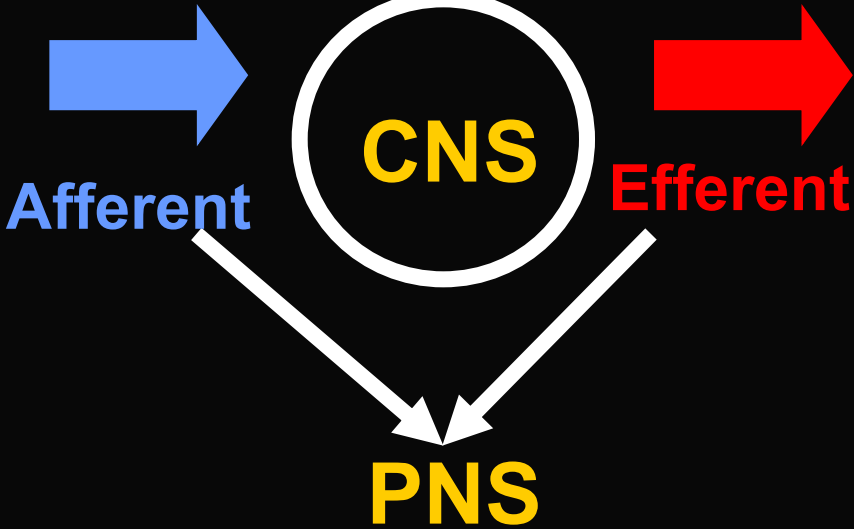


- |    |                       |                   |
|----|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 3. | <b>myelencephalon</b> | medulla oblongata |
|    | <b>metencephalon</b>  | pons, cerebellum  |
| 2. | <b>mesencephalon</b>  | midbrain          |
| 1. | <b>diencephalon</b>   | diencephalon      |
|    | <b>telencephalon</b>  | telencephalon     |

# RECEPTOR

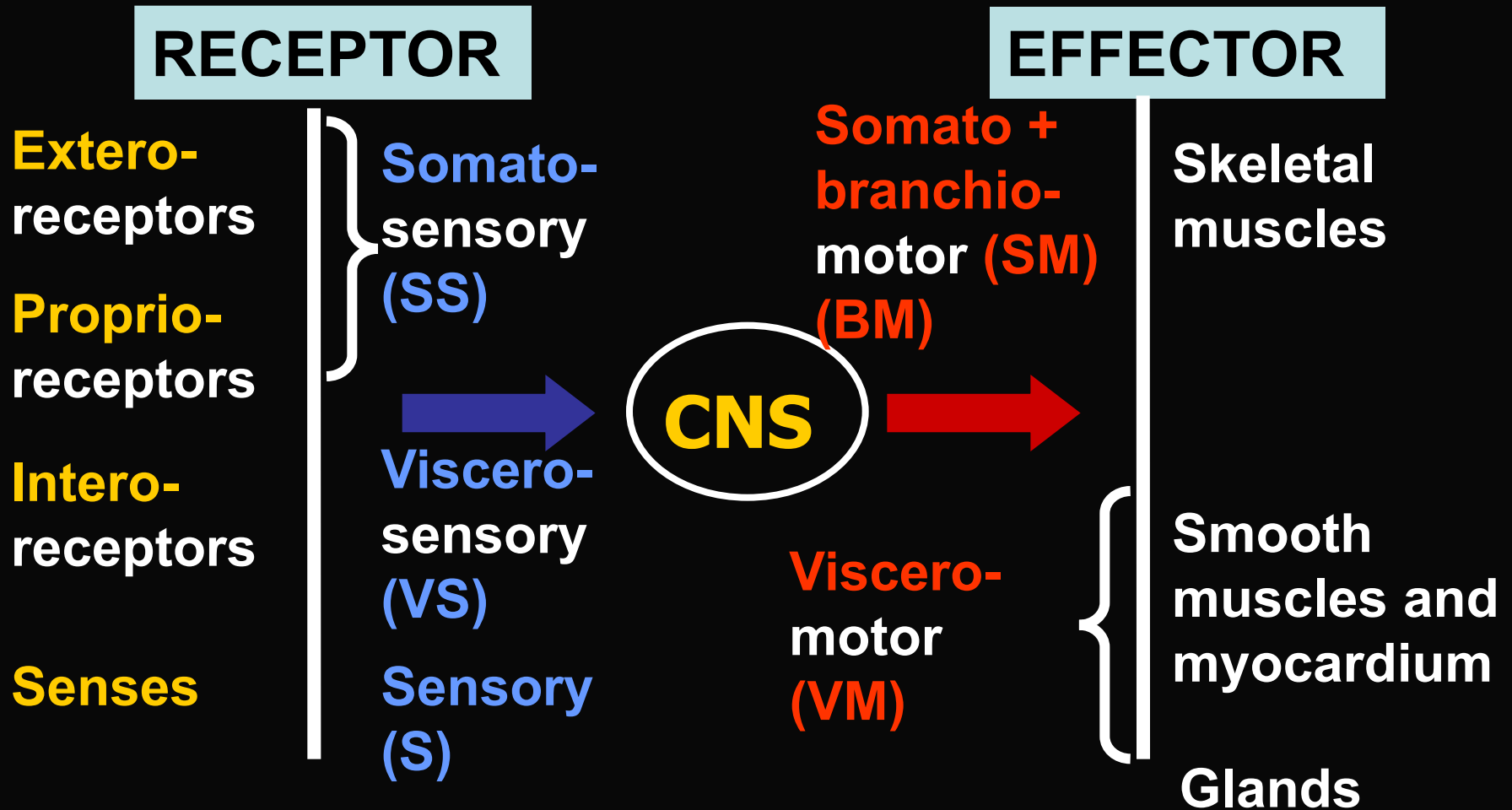
# EFFECTOR

- Surface of the body  
**Extero receptors**
- Organs of motions  
**Proprio receptors**
- Viscera  
**Intero receptors**
- Senses



- Skeletal muscles
- Smooth muscles + myocardium
- Glands

# Functional types of axons



# PNS

**Cranial nerves III. - XII. (I.- XII.)**

**pass through the skull base**

**Spinal nerves - 31 pairs**

**pass through the intervertebral  
foramina**

# CNS

## I. Brain

medulla oblongata

pons

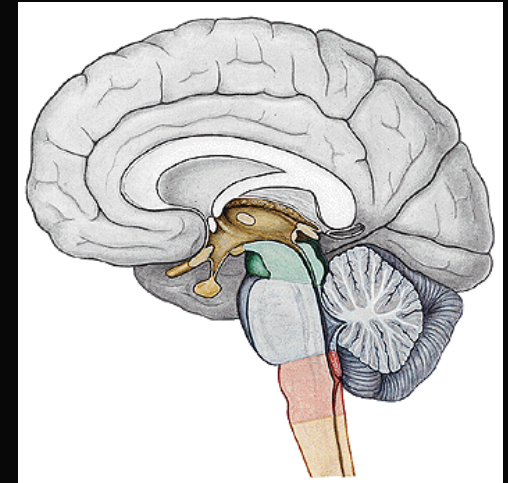
mesencephalon

cerebellum

diencephalon

telencephalon

## II. Spinal cord



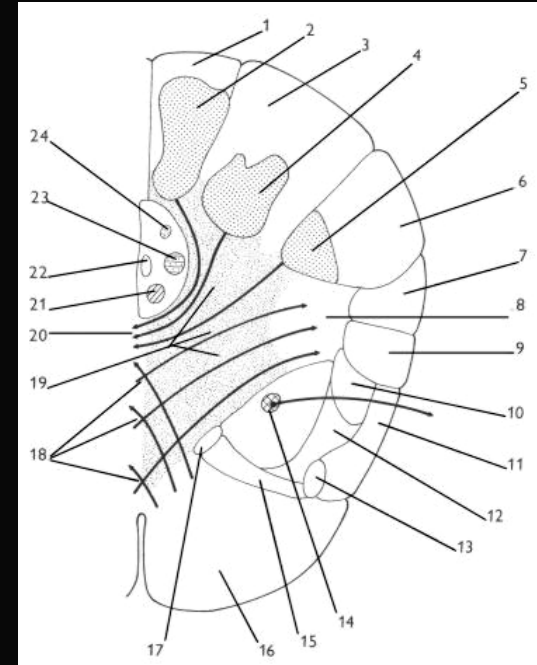
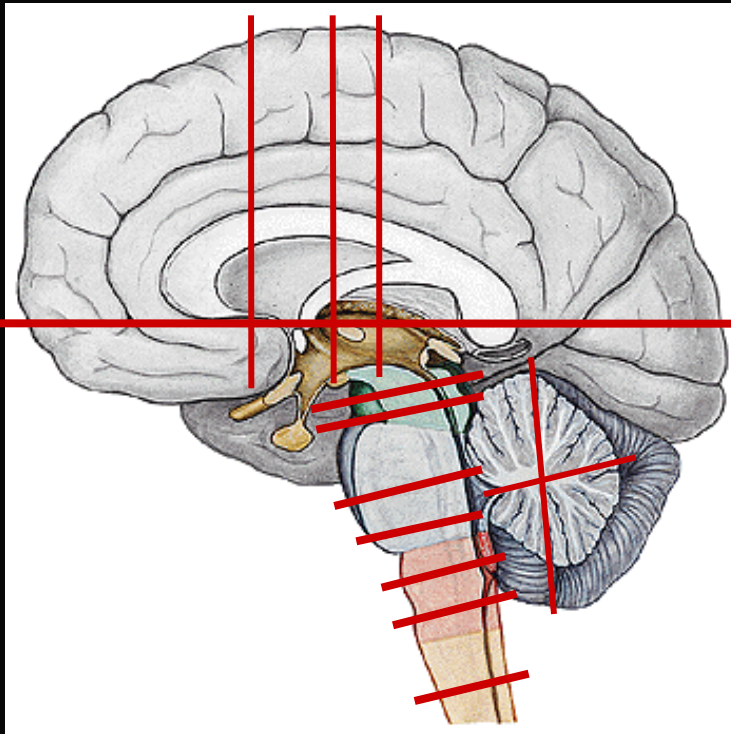
# Structure of the CNS

Gray matter - **nuclei**

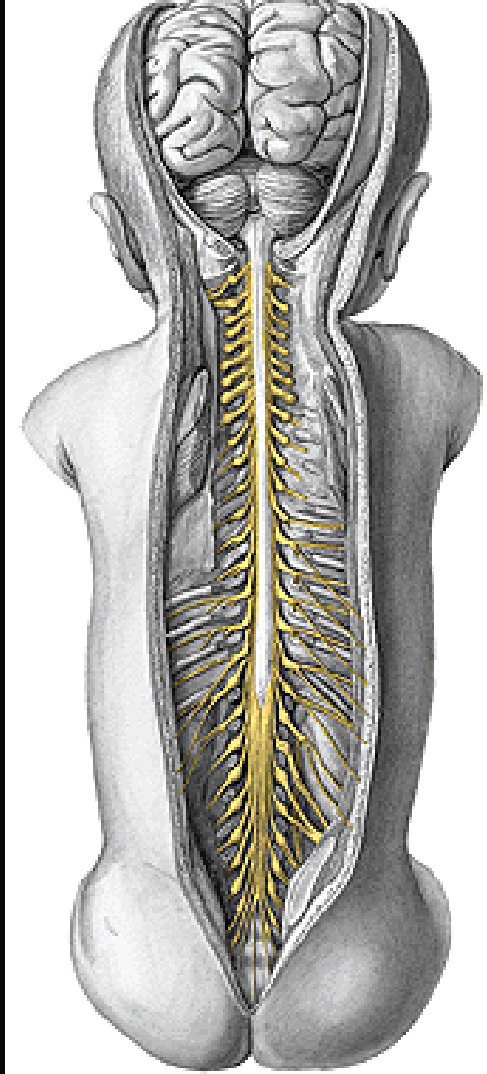
White matter – **nerve tracts:**

- tractus

- fasciculus (lemniscus)



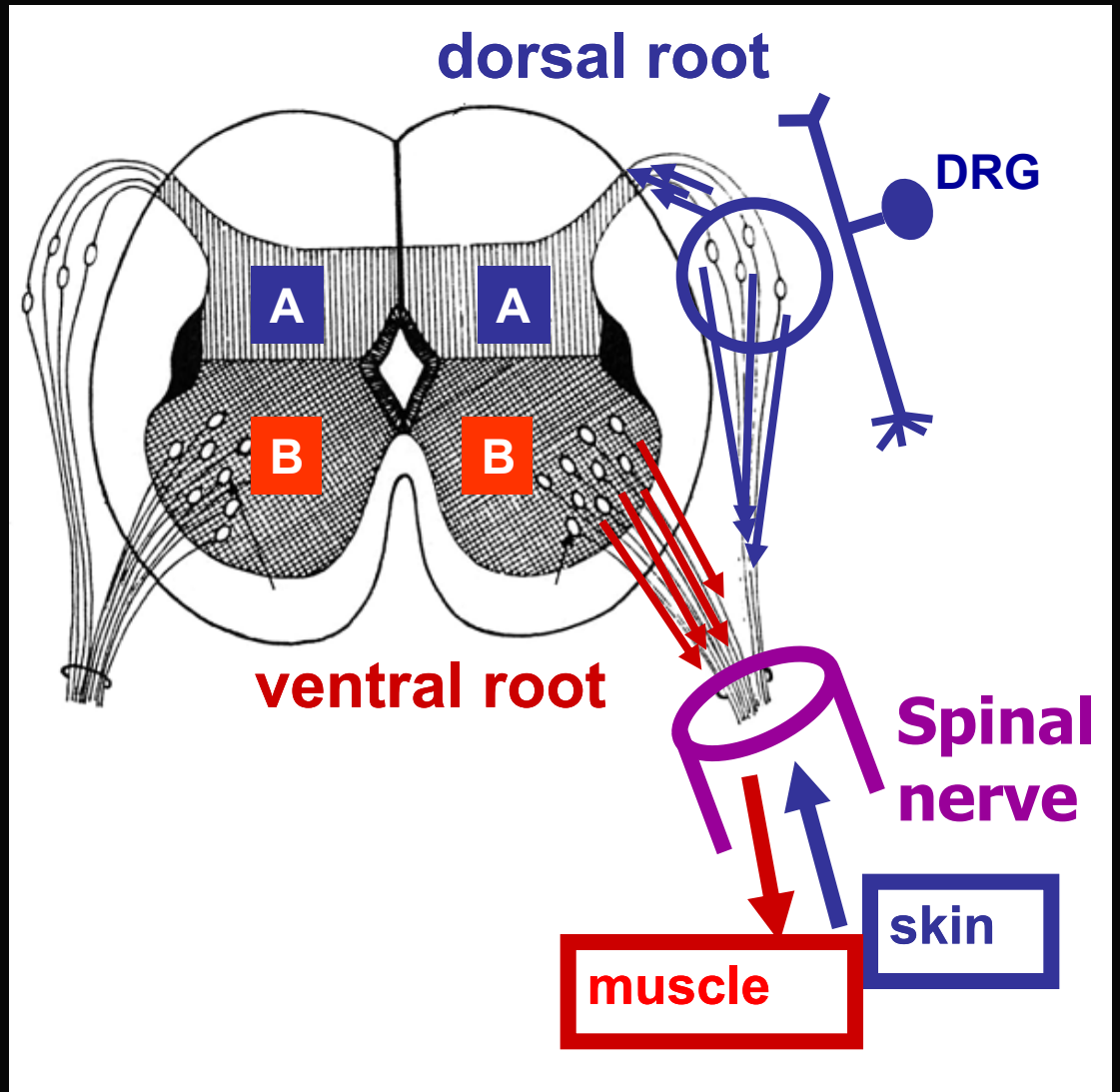
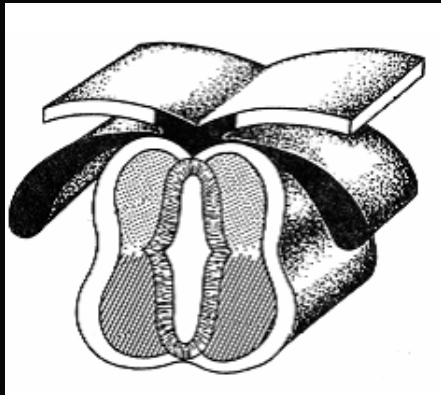
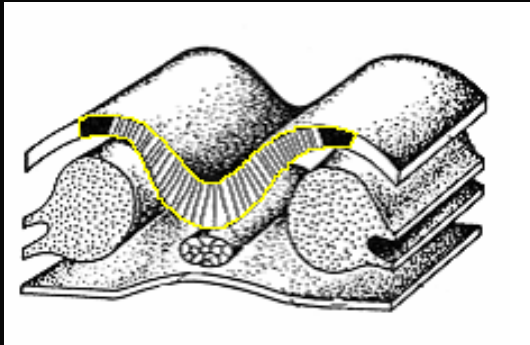
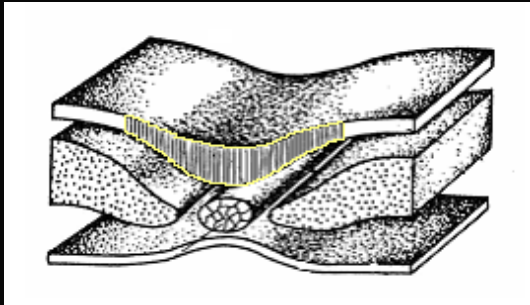
# Spinal cord



**transmission of neural signals between the brain and the rest of the body**

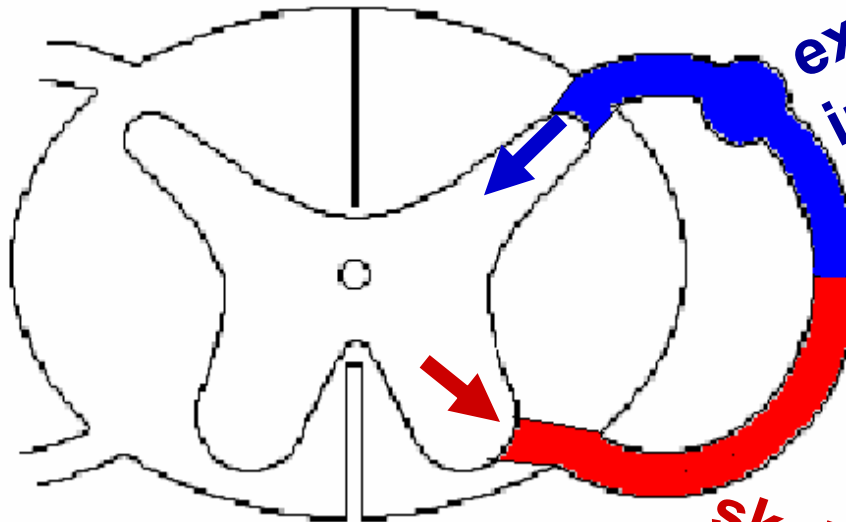
**contains neural circuits that can independently control numerous reflexes and central pattern generators**





**Dorsal root**

*extero + proprio +  
intero-receptors*

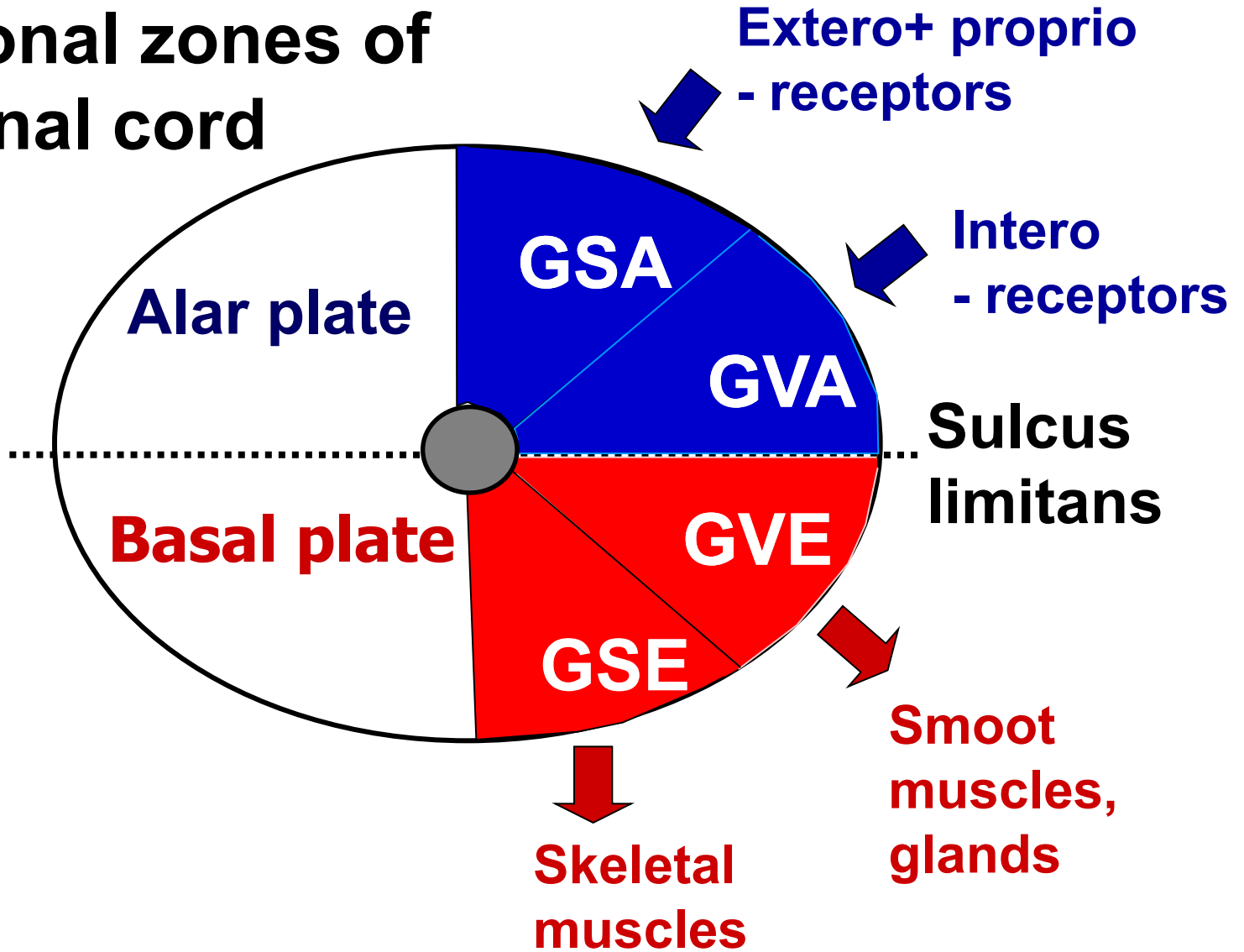


**Spinal  
nerve**

**Ventral root**

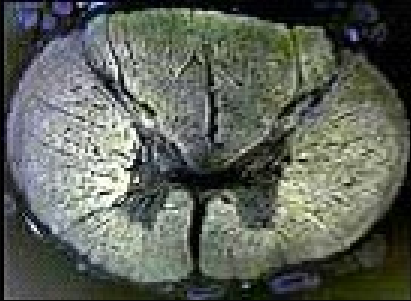
*skeletal + smooth  
muscles + glands*

# Functional zones of the spinal cord

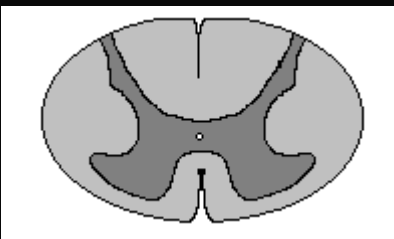




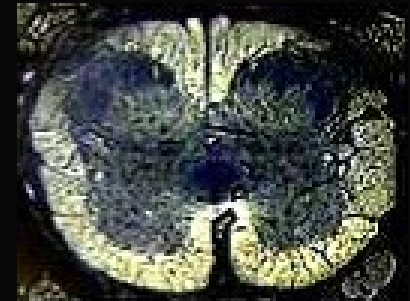
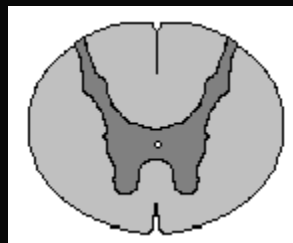
**Dorsal horn**  
**Ventral horn**



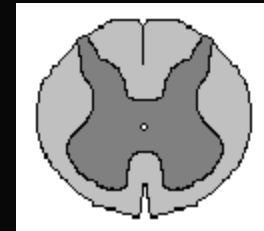
**p. cervicalis**



**p. thoracica**



**p. sacralis**



# Gray matter

**DORSAL HORN** – afferent neurons

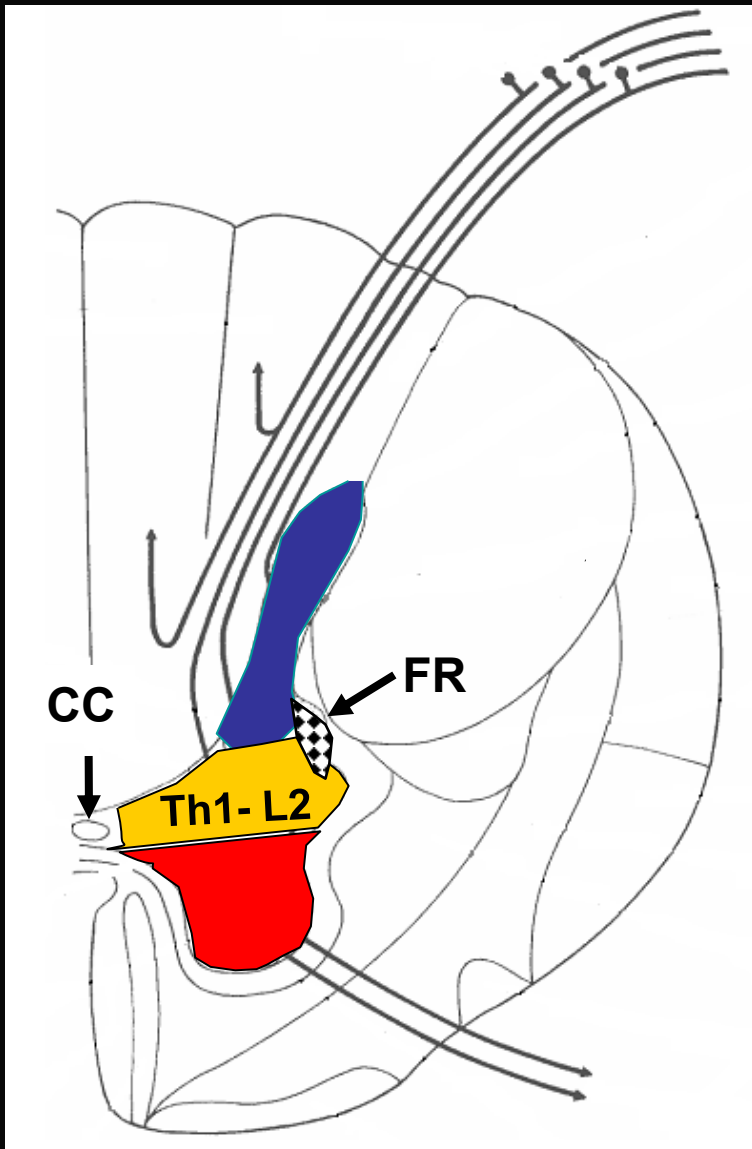
**SUBST. INTERMEDIA (lateral horn)**  
motoneurons of the ANS

**VENTRAL HORN** - motoneurons  
**ncll. originis**

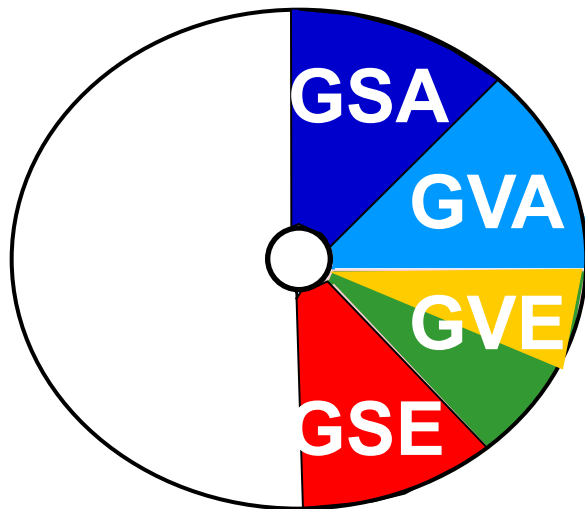
# White matter

**Funiculus post.**  
(fasc. gracilis et cuneatus)

**Funiculus ant.** } **F. anterolateralis**  
**Funiculus lat.** }



# Functional zones in the spinal cord

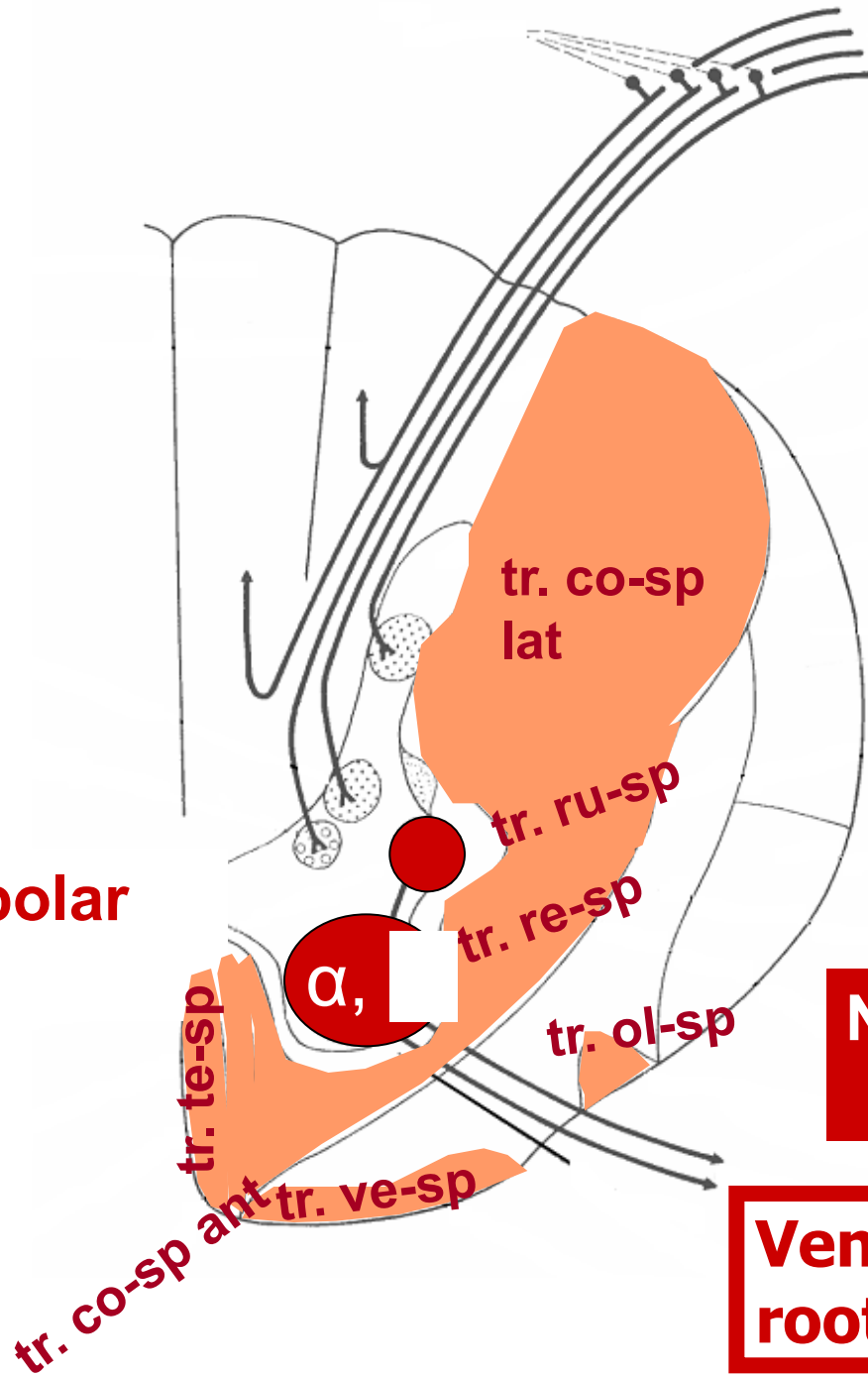


## GVE zone

T1 - L2 - preganglionic  
**sympathetic neurons**

below L2 - preganglionic  
**parasympathetic neurons**

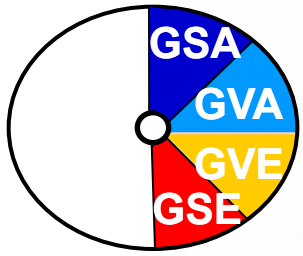
**Multipolar cells**



**Ncl. intermedio-lat.**

**Ncll. motorii**

**Ventral root**



**dorsal root**

**ncl apicalis  
subst gel Rolandi**

**ncl proprius**

**ncl thoracicus**

**ncl intermed-med**

**ncl intermedio-lat**

**ncll motorii**

**ventral root**

