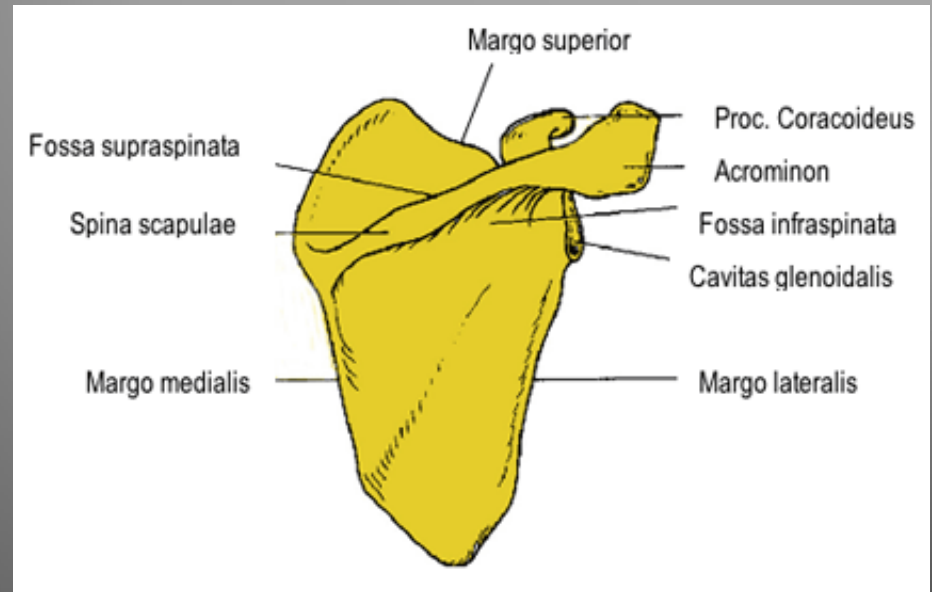





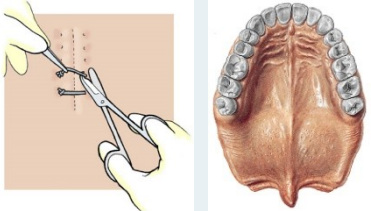
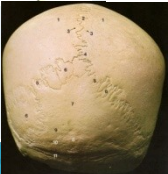
Fill in the table:

nom. sg.	gen. sg.	gender	declension	example
pylorus				
	suturæ			
acromion				
	diametri			
diabetes				
	ophthalmi			
uterus				
	membranæ			
raphe				
	tuberculi			
cancer				
	ventriculi			
lingua				
	antagonistæ			

Acromion



Give Latin and Greek equivalents to the following terms, give genitive of singular and gender:

picture	Latin equivalent	Greek equivalent	gen. sg.	gender
				
				
				
 				

a) What is the gender of nouns in the left circle?

b) Match the nouns with the adjectives in correct forms:

ligamentum
palatum
glandula
nervus
morbus
ramus
diameter
oculus
medicamentum
fractura

complicatus, a, um
novus, a, um
thyroideus, a, um
transversus, a, um
dexter, a, um
vagus, a, um
sinister, a, um
acutus, a, um
durus, a, um
latus, a, um

Form plural:

costa vera

morbus chronicus

remedium compositum

musculus transversus

diameter obliqua

ramus externus

methodus nova

Give opposites to the terms in red ink in the previous slide.

Form grammatically correct medical terms:

cancer + colon

magister + pharmacia

fractura + digitus

ruptura + ligamentum

morbus + organum

bulbus + oculus

Change in plural the tems in red ink in the previous slide.

Form grammatically correct medical terms:

ligamentum latum + uterus

fissura transversa + cerebrum

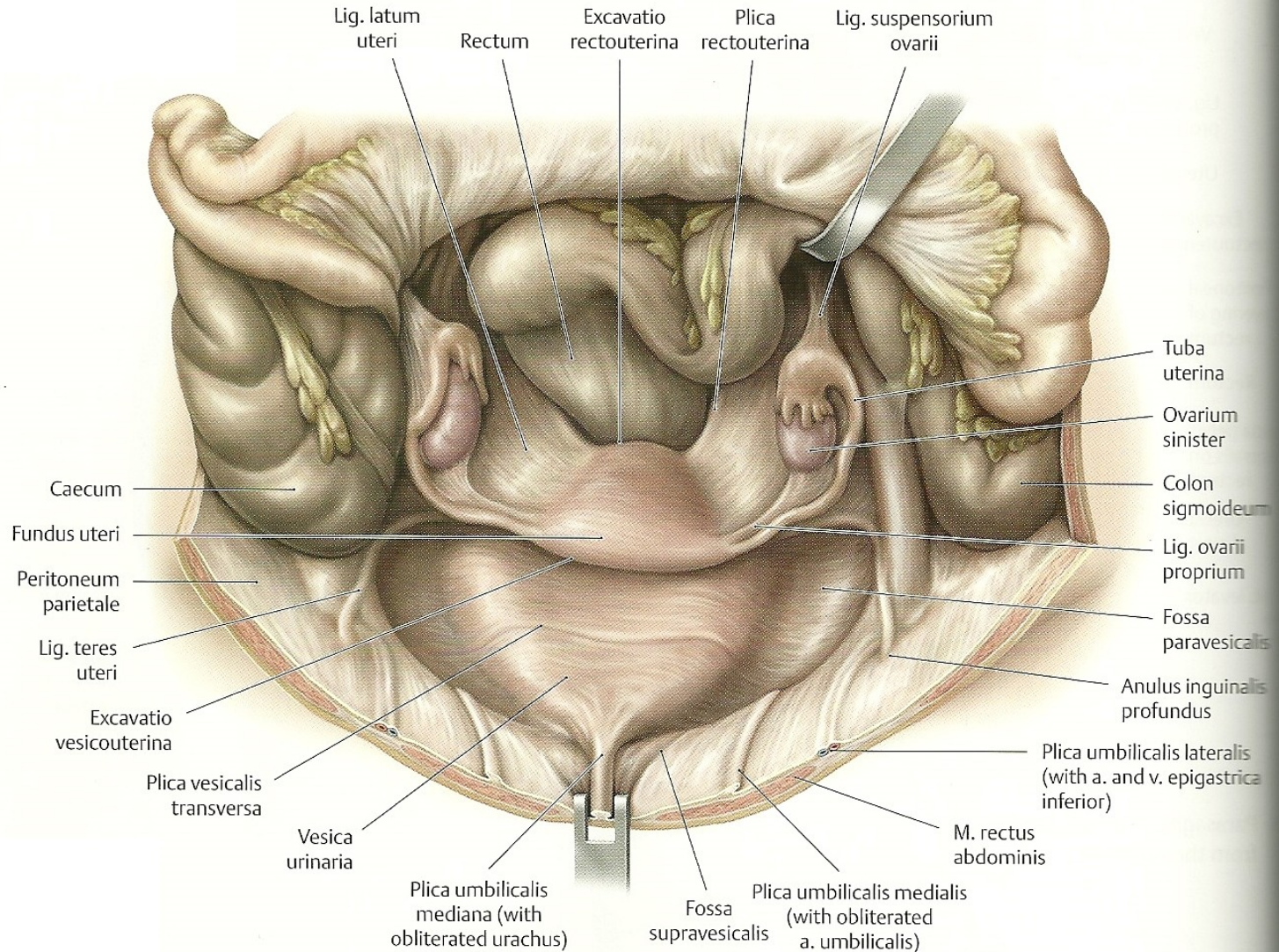
fractura complicata + humerus

membrana interossea + antebrachium

tunica mucosa + vesica fellea

anomalia congenita + bulbus oculi

LIGAMENTUM LATUM UTERI



Fill in the table according the the example:

NOUN	DECLENSION	EXAMPLE	TERM
<i>arteria</i>	<i>1st</i>	<i>vena</i>	<i>per arteriam</i>
cranium			ad _____
vitrum			in (x) _____
morbis			post _____
talus			sub (x) _____
aegrotus			pro _____
cancer			propter _____
ophthalmos			in (⇒) _____
tonsilla			sub (⇒) _____
diabetes			propter _____

Talus



Join the words in brackets with the prepositions:

propter (diabetes mellitus)

post (morbus acutus)

in (x) (glandula thyroidea)

ante (periodus longa)

post (fractura costae verae)

propter (fissura palati congenita)

Fill in correct endings:

Icterus neonat_____

Fractura antebrachi_____ complicat_____

Morbus chronic_____ intestin_____ crass_____

Ruptura ven_____ cerebr_____

Cura diabet_____ mellit_____

Ruptura medull_____ oblongat_____

Sutura crani_____

Medicamenta pro adult_____ (pl.)

Translate into English:

Digitus medius

Intestinum crassum

Angulus costae

Palatum osseum

Collum scapulae

Nucleus ruber

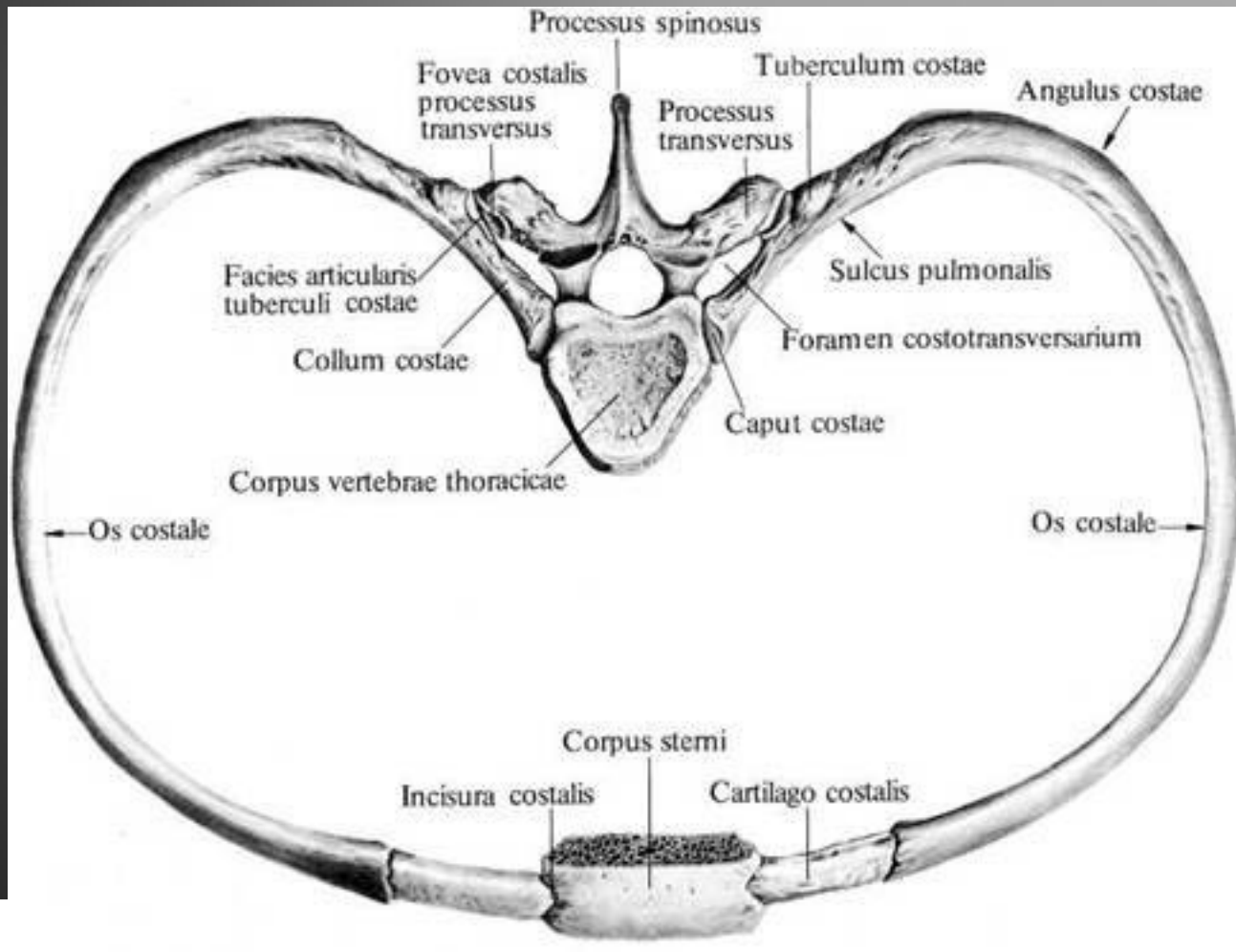
Fossa olecrani

Tuberculum calcanei

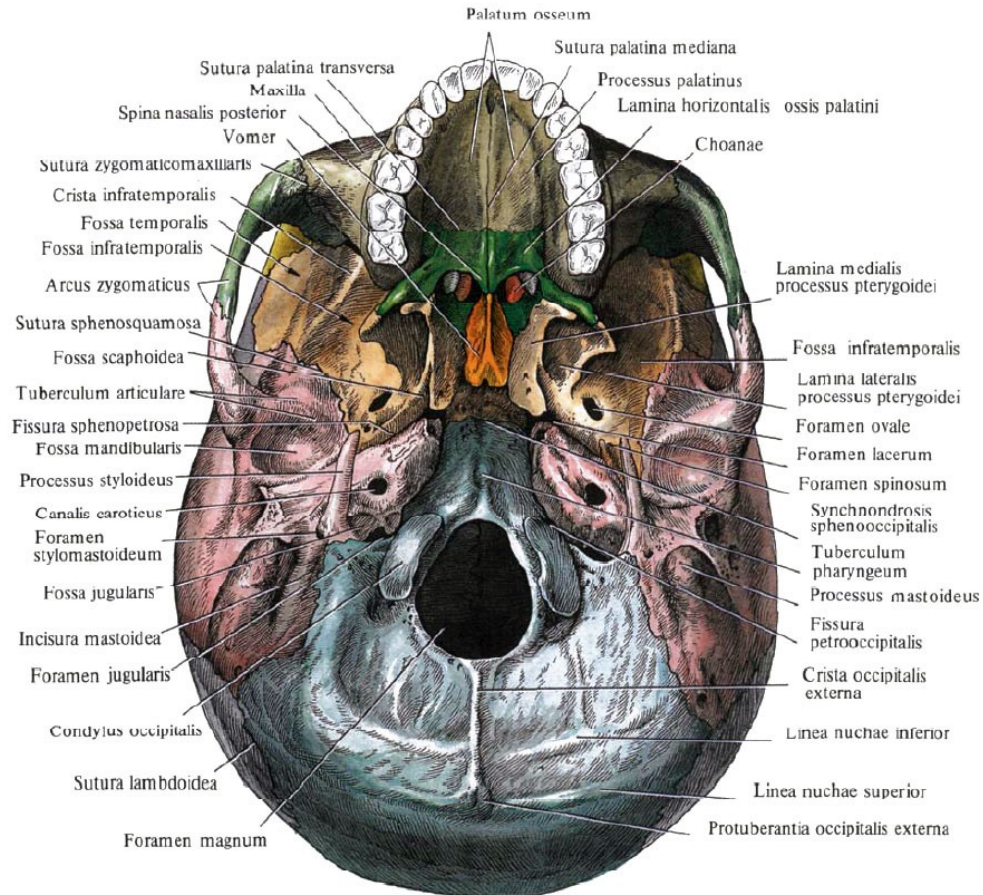
Colon sigmoideum

Septum nasi

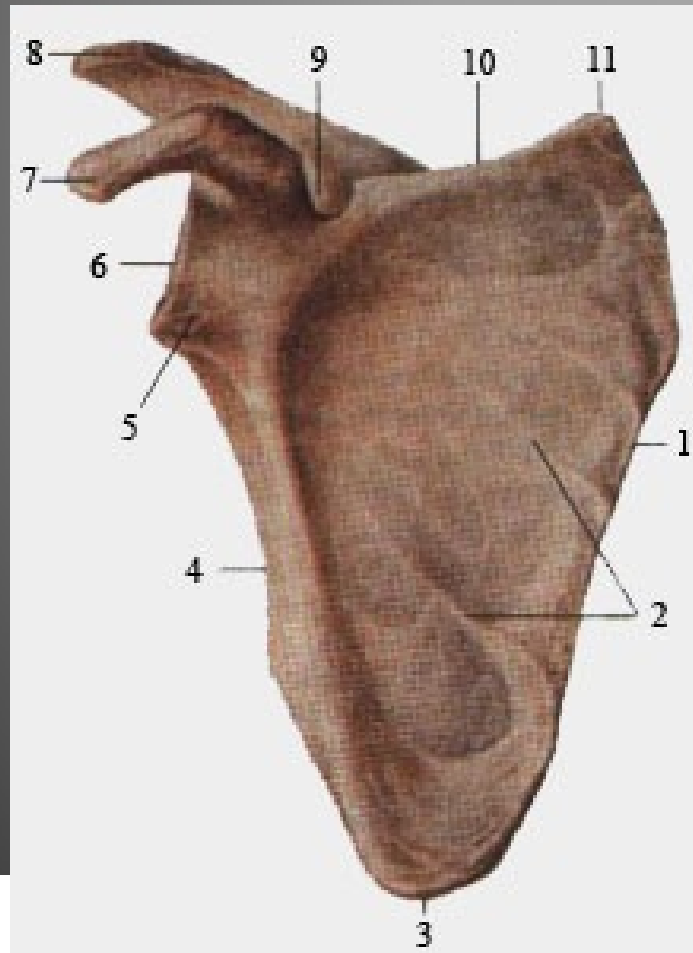
Angulus costae



Palatum osseum



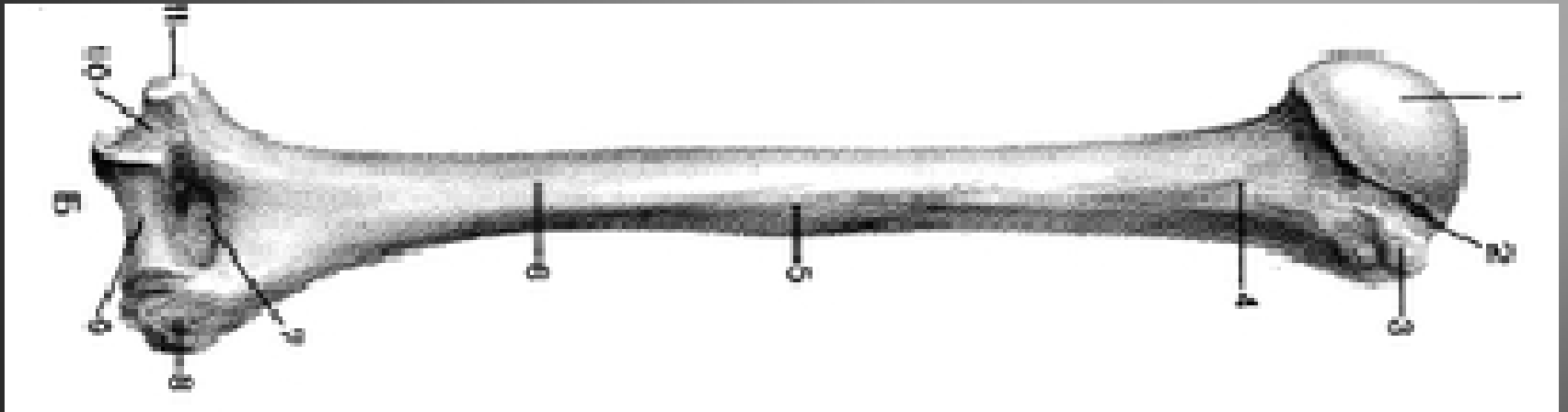
Collum scapulae



Nucleus ruber



Fossa olecrani



Tuberculum calcanei



Determine the case and number of every single noun/adjective in the following terms:

Mebrana interossea antebrachii

In ligamento carpi radiato

Organa oculi accessoria

Prope ostium pharyngeum tubae auditivae

Fracturae digitorum mediorum

Sub ramo dextro venae portae

Ligamentum carpi radiatum

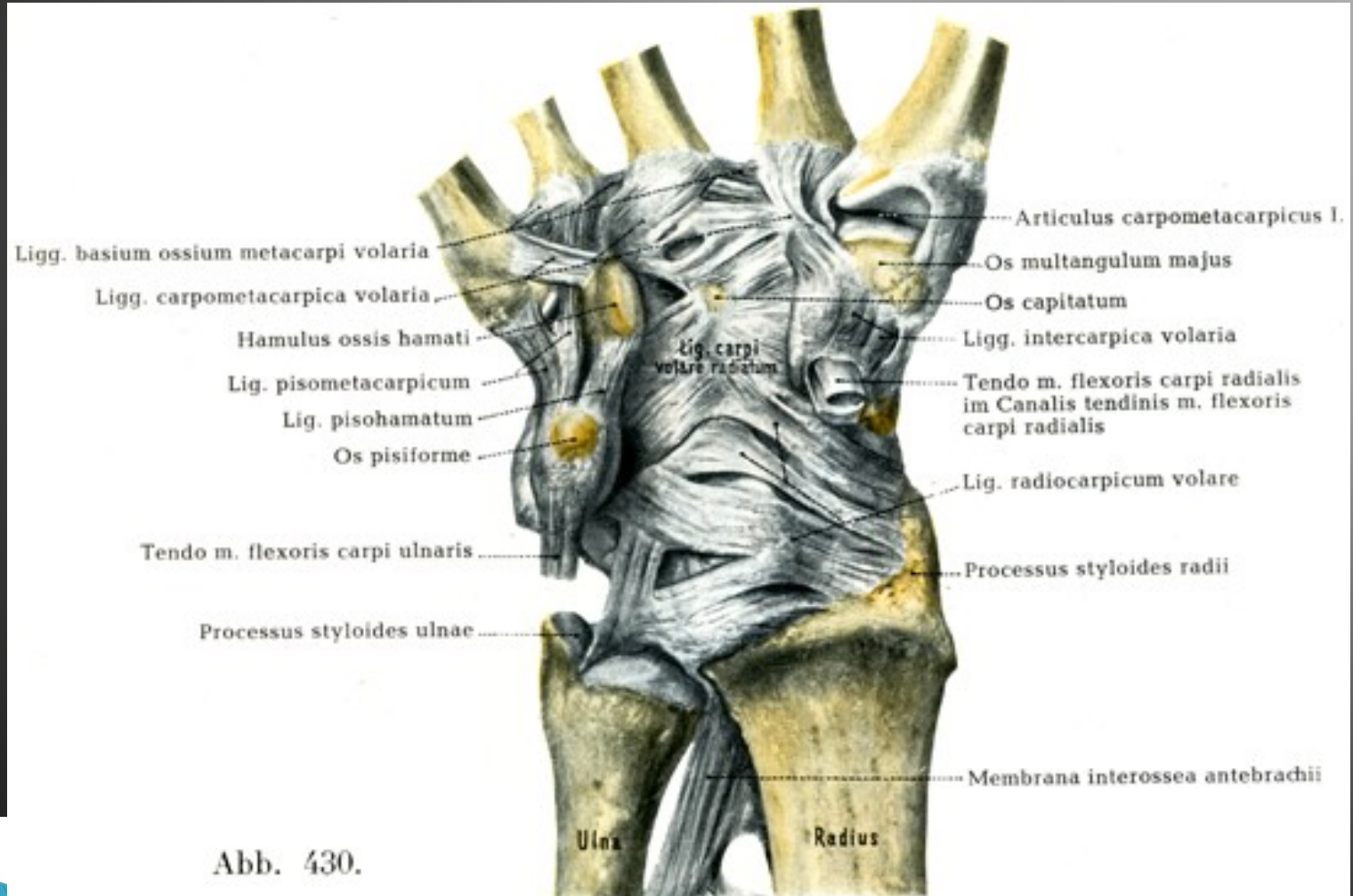


Abb. 430.

Underline all forms in accusative/ablative of singular:

Post fracturam complicatam colli humeri

Propter cancrum ventriculi

Sine ruptura ligamenti interossei

Sub signo veneni

Per rectum

Unguentum glycerini

Extractum belladonnae

Belladonna

Atropa belladonna



ადაპტირებულია დიდი დათესილის
სამედიცინო ენციკლოპედიის ფარგლებში



Translate into Latin:

Acute ascites

Muscles of the back

Branches of nerves

Left lobe of the thyroid gland

Congenital fissure of the palate

Rupture of the wide ligament of the uterus

Without any cause of the disease

Under the sign of poison

Before bleeding into the brain