

3RD DECLENSION									
CONSONANT - STEMS The stem of gen. pl. ends in any consonant (e. g. <i>dolorum</i> , <i>pulmonum</i> , <i>thoracicum</i>).				I - STEMS The stem of gen. pl. ends in the vowel <i>i</i> (e. g. <i>pelvium</i> , <i>aurium</i> , <i>animalium</i>).					
Latin origin				Latin origin				Greek origin	
m. + f.		n.		m. + f.		n.		f.	
sg.	pl.	sg.	pl.	sg.	pl.	sg.	pl.	sg.	pl.
dolor	dolores	corpus	corpora	pelvis	pelves	rete	retia	dosis	doses
doloris	dolorum	corporis	corporum	pelvis	pelvium	retis	retium	dosis	dosium
dolorem	dolores	corpus	corpora	pelvem	pelves	rete	retia	dosim	doses
dolore	doloribus	corpore	corporibus	pelve	pelvibus	reti	retibus	dosi	dosibus
<p>These two paradigms differ only in akuz. sg. and nom., akuz. pl.: dolorem X corpus (akuz. sg.) dolores X corpora (nom., akuz. pl.)</p>				<p><i>Pelvis</i> differs from <i>dolor</i> only in gen. pl.: <i>dolorum</i> X <i>pelvium</i> <i>Rete</i> differs from <i>corpus</i> in abl. sg. (<i>corpore</i> X <i>reti</i>), nom. and akuz. pl. (<i>corpora</i> X <i>retia</i>) and gen. pl. (<i>corporum</i> X <i>retium</i>) <i>Dosis</i> must have -im in akuz. sg., -i in abl. sg. and -ium in gen. pl.</p>					
<p>Greek nouns with the following endings in nom. sg. and gen. sg. are declined like dolor or corpus: -itis, -itidis (encephalitis) → like dolor, they are always fem. -er, -eris (ureter) → like dolor, they are always mask. -ma, -matis (trauma), -oma, -omatis (carcinoma) → like corpus, they are always neut.</p>				<p>A noun is declined like pelvis in two cases: 1) There is the same number of syllables in nom. and gen. sg.: e.g. <i>cutis</i>, <i>pubes</i>, <i>auris</i>, <i>avis</i>, <i>axis</i> 2) There is a group of consonants before -is in gen. sg., e.g. <i>pons</i>, <i>pont-is</i>, <i>mors</i>, <i>mort-is</i>, <i>larynx</i>, <i>laryng-is</i>, <i>pars</i>, <i>part-is</i></p>					
				<p>A noun is declined like rete if it ends in -e, -ar or -al in nom. sg., e.g. <i>cochlear</i>, <i>calcar</i>, <i>animal</i></p>					
				<p>A noun is declined like dosis if it ends in -sis, -xis or -osis in nom. sg., e.g. <i>basis</i>, <i>prophylaxis</i>, <i>narcosis</i> + some words of Latin origin: <i>tussis</i>, <i>pertusis</i>, <i>sitis</i>, <i>febris</i>, <i>tuberculosis</i></p>					