

BASIC MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY: CREDIT TEST X

Autumn semester 2013

Name:

Date:

Group:

1.

a) Classify all nouns in the table into five groups according to their declensions. Give their genitive singular form, gender and paradigm. There are two words which you will not use.

thorace ~ thoracicae ~ scabie ~ dyspnoe ~ palatum ~ palatinum ~ partum

declension	Latin noun	full genitive singular form	gender	paradigm
1 st declension				
2 nd declension				
3 rd declension				
4 th declension				
5 th declension				

b) Fill in the terms from task 1a in the definitions.

- _____ is a part of a body of a mammal between the neck and the abdomen, including the cavity enclosed by the ribs, breast bone and dorsal vertebrae.
- _____ is the process of giving birth.
- _____ is a contagious skin disease marked by itching and small red raised spot, caused by the itch mite.
- _____ is the roof of the mouth, separating the cavities of the mouth and nose in vertebrates.

- _____ is difficult or laboured breathing.

2. Put the terms into the required form.

rhaphe mediana	gen. sg.	-----
neurosis traumatica	abl. sg.	-----
sensus humanus	acc. pl.	-----
genu valgum	acc. sg.	-----
musculus rotator	nom. pl.	-----

3. Fill in the adjectives from the table in the correct form.

<p>clanicus, a, um ~ lacer, a, um ~ latus, a, um ~ profundus, a, um ~ thoracicus, a, um</p>

- ruptura fasciae -----
 periculum mortis -----
 luxatio radii cum vulneribus -----
 arcus ductus -----
 dolores chronici dentis propter cariem -----

4. Put the words in the correct order to make anatomical/clinical terms. Translate the terms into English.

oedema	post
trauma	cerebri

1) Term: _____
 Translation: _____

tumoris	uteri
maligni	operatio

2) Term: _____
 Translation: _____

glandulae pars
profunda parotidis

3) Term: _____

Translation: _____

paralysis progressivae
musculorum symptomata

4) Term: _____

Translation: _____

post excisionem
status myomatis

5) Term: _____

Translation: _____

ramus longi
nervi thoracici

6) Term: _____

Translation: _____

5. Fill in missing endings.

Margin____(pl.) et angul____ (pl.) acromi____

Fractura lamin____ arc____ vertebr____ thoracic____ secund____

Exitus post vulner____ (pl.) sclopetari____ region____ abdomin____

Ulcer____ (pl.) radic____ lingu____

Functio laes____ uter____ propter abscess____

Pars hepat____ sinistr____

6. Translate the terms in brackets into Latin, and put them into the correct form after the prepositions.

sectio propter _____ (position of the foetus)
aegrotus cum _____ (haemorrhagic encephalitis)
amputatio ex _____ (gangrene of the big toe)
anaesthesia sine _____ (postoperative vomiting)
medicamenta ad _____ (internal use)

7. Solve the crossword.

1. Joints of heads of ribs
2. Rupture of the cyst on the right ovary
3. Orbital fat body
4. Thrombosis due to narrowing of veins
5. Perforated ulcers in the vestibule of the mouth
6. Collapse of lungs caused by obstruction
7. Diabetes mellitus of the mother
8. Blood vessels of the retina



