

COMPLEMENTARY EXERCISES UNITS 1-4

1. Connect with preposition **ad** and **ab**,

ad oesophagum

a/ab oesophago

intestinum + crassus, a, um
ligamentum + latus, a, um
bulbus + oculus
nervus + opticus, a, um
apex + pulmo
auris + medius, a, um

2. First connect noun with adjective, then change for abl. sg. using preposition **in**:

nom. sg.

in + abl. sg.

latus (dexter, a, um)	_____	_____
orbita (dexter, a, um)	_____	_____
oculus (dexter, a, um)	_____	_____
radius (dexter, a, um)	_____	_____
corpus (dexter, a, um)	_____	_____
femur (dexter, a, um)	_____	_____

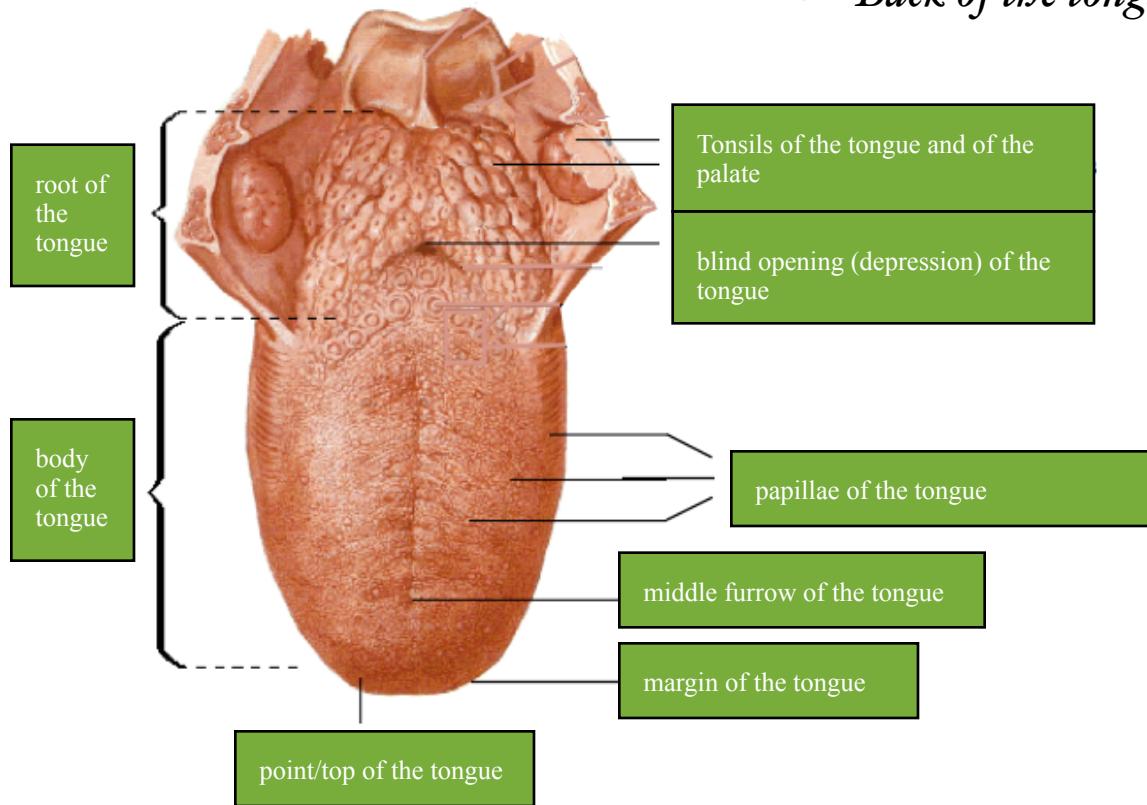
3. Translate and then connect with preposition:

acute pain	_____
bruised injury	_____
sudden death	_____
strong poison	_____
small spoon	_____
human body	_____
infectious disease	_____

after	_____
inside	_____
before	_____
from	_____
without	_____
in	_____
with	_____

4. Name structures/parts of the tongue:

Back of the tongue



4. Connect with prepositions:

- on the top/back of the tongue _____
- in the middle furrow of the tongue _____
- inside the blind opening of the tongue _____
- on the root/margin of the tongue _____
- next to palatal tonsil _____
- next to the gland of the point of the tongue _____
- close to the septum of the tongue _____
- muscles of the tongue _____
- diseases of the tongue _____

5. Translate diagnoses :

- tumor apicis linguae
- carcinoma radicis linguae et tonsilae sinistrale

- carcinoma tonsillae palatinae et radicis linguae lateris sinistri
- tumor oropharyngis et radicis linguae
- carcinoma cavitatis oris, oesophagi et ventriculi

6. Translate and reape names of colours form UNIT 3:

medulla ossium rubra/flava	linea nigra/alba
corpus luteum (<i>gravitatis</i>)	ramus (<i>communicans</i>) griseus/albus
<i>stratum</i> album profundum	macula lutea retinae
substantia grisea/alba	

8. Translate terms with prepositions

ad dextrum, ad vitrum, circum oculos, contra dolores, extra uterum, per rectum,
prope oculum, propter combustionem, propter vulnus, ex aure, sine aqua, in pectore,
in brachio, sub scapulam

9. Form the correct expression of the noun and adjective, translate:

axis + opticus, a , um
rete + venosus, a um
auris + medius, a, um
margo + interosseus, a, um
pes + planus, a, um

10. Find the term with the opposite meaning and translate into English:

coxa vara
tumor malignus
ulna sinistra
dyspnoe acquisita
oculus dexter

11. Translate into English:

lobus medius pulmonis dextri
gravitas extrauterina

sanguis venosus
ulcus duodeni perforatum
foramina nutricia ossium
transfusio sanguinis ante operationem
extractio dentis
dentes decidui
medulla ossium rubra

12. Translate into Latin:

long muscle of the neck
fracture of the middle finger
bleeding from the nose
congenital deformation of the chest
long extensor muscle of the big toe
osseous part of the auditory tube
incomplete fracture of the radius

13. Form the plural and translate into English:

musculus extensor
dolor magnus
ulcus durum
organum accessorium
ramus gastricus

KEY FOR EXERCISES 9-13

Exercise 9

axis + opticus, a , um – axis opticus (optical axis)
rete + venosus, a um – rete venosum (venous network)
auris + medius, a, um – auris media (middle ear)
margo + interosseus, a, um – margo interosseus (interosseous margin)
pes + planus, a, um – pes planus (flat foot)

Exercise 10

coxa vara (coxa valga – hip bone bent outward)
tumor malignus (tumor benignus – benign tumor)
ulna sinistra (ulna dextra – right ulna)
dyspnoe acquisita (dyspnoe congenita – congenital dyspnoe)
oculus dexter (oculus sinister – right eye)

Exercise 11

lobus medius pulmonis dextri (the middle lobe of right lung)
gravitas extrauterina (extrauterine pregnancy)
sanguis venosus (venous blood)
ulcus duodeni perforatum (perforated ulcer of duodenum)
foramina nutricia ossium (the nourishing foramina of the bones)
transfusio sanguinis ante operationem (blood transfusion before the operation)
extraction dentis (dental extraction)
dentes decidui (milky teeth)
medulla ossium rubra (red bone marrow)

Exercise 12

long muscle of the neck (musculus colli longus)
fracture of the middle finger (fractura digiti medii)
bleeding from the nose (haemorrhagia e naso/haemorrhagia nasi)
congenital deformation of the chest (deformatio thoracis congenita)

long extensor muscle of the big toe (extensor hallucis longus)
osseous part of the auditory tube (pars ossea tubae auditivae)
incomplete fracture of the radius (fractura incompleta radii)

Exercise 13

musculus extensor (musculi extensores – the extensor muscles)
dolor magnus (dolores magni – big pains)
ulcus durum (ulcera dura – the hard ulcers)
organum accessorium (organa accessoria – the accessory organs)
ramus gastricus (rami gastrici – gastric branches)