3rd declension

consonant + i-stems

Specific features of the 3rd declension

- All 3 genders are included (cortex m., radix f., femur n.)
- Nom. Sg. various endings (sanguis, excisio, abductor, rete, latus, femur, abdomen, cavitas)
 - Nominative form is not interconnected with the gender!!!
- Two main groups:
 - nominative and genitive stem differs (genitive is longer than nominative) Consonant stems
 - nominative and genitive stem remains unchanged (genitive has same number of syllables as nominative) *I- stems + exceptions*

Consonant stems

- stem in gen. sg. and nom sg. usually differs (pulm-o//pulmon-is, fem-ur//femor-is, rad-ix//radic-is)
- for the proper inflection it is necessary to know the genitive form
- 1. pulm-o
- 2. pulmon-is
- 4. pulmon-em
- 6. pulmon-e

Paradigms of consonant stems

Decl	ens.	/	I.		II.					I	V.					
Paradigm		vena	systole	diabetes	nervus	septum	nephros	colon	dolor	corpus	pelvis	dosis febris	rete	ductus	genu	facies
Gender		f.	f.	m.	m.	n.	m.	n.	m. + f.	n.	m. + f.	m. + f.	n.	m.	n.	f.
S i	1.	- a	-e	-es	-us/-er	-um -ŧ	-os	-on ▲	?	?	-is/-es	-(s)is/ -xis/-osis	-ar/-e/ -al 靠	-us	-u 	-es
n g	2.	-ae	-es	-ae	-i	-i	-i	-i	-is	-is	-is	-is/-eos	-is	-us	-us	-ei
u l	4.	-am	-en	-am	-um	1	-on	1	-em	1	-em	-im/-in	1	-um	1	-em
a r	6.	- a	-e	-a	-0	-0	-0	-0	-e	-e	-е	-i	-i	-u	-u	-е
P	1.	-ae	-ae	-ae	-i	-a ▲	-i	-a ▲	-es	-a ▲	-es	-es	-ia ▲	-us	-ua ▲	-es
l u	2.	-arum	-arum	-arum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-um	-um	-ium	-ium	-ium	-uum	-uum	-erum
r a	4.	-as	-as	-as	-os	1	-os	1	-es	1	-es	-es	1	-us	1	-es
1	6.	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ebus
		+ Adj. of 1st decl. F			+ Adj. of 2nd decl. M	+ Adj. of 2nd decl. N			+Com- parative forms M+F	+Com- parative forms N	+ Adj. ♥ of 3rd decl. M + F		+ Adj. of 3rd decl. N			

i-stems

stem in nom. sg. and gen. sg. does not differ (pelv-is //pelv-is, canal-is//canal-is, ret-e// ret-is, dos-is//dosis)

- 1. *cut*-is
- 2. cut-is
- 4. cut-em
- 6. **cut-**e

Paradigms of i-stems

Declens.			I.		II.						IV.		V.			
Parac	digm	vena	systole	diabetes	nervus	septum	nephros	colon	dolor	corpus	pelvis	dosis febris	rete	ductus	genu	facies
Gen	der	f.	f.	m.	m.	n.	m.	n.	m. + f.	n.	m. + f.	m. + f.	n.	m.	n.	f.
S i	1.	-a	-e	-es	-us/-er	-um ▲	-os	-on ▲	?	?	-is/-es	-(s)is/ -xis/-osis	-ar/-e/ -al	-us	-u 	-es
n g	2.	-ae	-es	-ae	-i	-i	-i	-i	-is	-is	-is	-is/-eos	-is	-us	-us	-ei
u l	4.	-am	-en	-am	-um	1	-on	1	-em	1	-em	-im/-in	1	-um	1	-em
a r	6.	-a	-e	-a	-0	-0	-0	-0	-e	-e	-е	-i	-i	-u	-u	-е
P	1.	-ae	-ae	-ae	-i	-a ▲	-i	-a <u></u>	-es	-a <u></u> •	-es	-es	-ia ▲	-us	-ua ♣	-es
l u	2.	-arum	-arum	-arum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-um	-um	-ium	-ium	-ium	-uum	-uum	-erum
r a	4.	-as	-as	-as	-os	1	-os	1	-es	1	-es	-es	1	-us	1	-es
1	6.	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ebus
		+ Adj. of 1st decl. F			+ Adj. of 2nd decl. M	+ Adj. of 2nd decl. N			+Com- parative forms M+F	+Com- parative forms N	+ Adj. ▼ of 3rd decl. M + F		+ Adj. of 3rd decl. N			

Difference between consonant and i-stems?

Decl	ens.		I.			II	.				III.			I	<i>V</i> .	V.
Paradigm		vena	systole	diabetes	nervus	septum	nephros	colon	dolor	corpus	pelvis	dosis febris	rete	ductus	genu	facies
Gender		f.	f.	m.	m.	n.	m.	n.	m. + f.	n.	m. + f.	m. + f.	n.	m.	n.	f.
S i	1.	-a	-e	-es	-us/-er	-um ▲	-os	-on ▲	?	?	-is/-es	-(s)is/ -xis/-osis	-ar/-e/ -al 靠	-us	-u ▲	-es
n g	2.	-ae	-es	-ae	-i	-i	-i	-i	-is	-is	-is	-is/-eos	-is	-us	-us	-ei
u l	4.	-am	-en	-am	-um	1	-on	1	-em	1	-em	-im/-in	1	-um	1	-em
a r	6.	-a	-e	-a	-0	-0	-0	-0	-е	-е	-е	-i	-i	-u	-u	-e
P	1.	-ae	-ae	-ae	-i	-a ▲	-i	-a <u></u>	-es	-a •	-es	-es	-ia ▲	-us	-ua ▲	-es
l u	2.	-arum	-arum	-arum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-um	-um	-ium	-ium	-ium	-uum	-uum	-erum
r a	4.	-as	-as	-as	-os	1	-os	1	-es	1	-es	-es	1	-us	1	-es
1	6.	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ebus
		+ Adj. of 1st decl. F			+ Adj. of 2nd decl. M	+ Adj. of 2nd decl. N			+Com- parative forms M+F	+Com- parative forms N	+ Adj. ▼ of 3rd decl. M + F		+ Adj. of 3rd decl. N			

What nouns are declined as pelvis?

masculine and feminine nouns...

- which have the same nominative and genitive forms:
 - cutis, is, f.; canalis, is, m.; auris, is, f.; cystis, is, f.; axis, is, f.

- whose genitive stem ends in two consonants
 - dens, ntis, m.; pars, rtis, f.; pons, ntis, m.; mens, ntis, f.; lens, ntis, f.

Nouns declined like rete?

Only the following three neuters:

- animal, alis, n.
- calcar, aris, n.
- cochlear, aris, n.

Words of Greek origin

Declens.		ens.		I.			I	[.				III.			r	V.	V.
	Paradigm		vena	systole	diabetes	nervus	septum	nephros	colon	dolor	corpus	pelvis	dosis febris	rete	ductus	genu	facies
	Gen	der	f.	f.	m.	m.	n.	m.	n.	m. + f.	n.	m. + f.	m. + f.	n.	m.	n.	f.
	S i	1.	-a	-e	-es	-us/-er	-um	-os	-on ▲	?	?	-is/-es	-(s)is/ -xis/-osis	-ar/-e/ -al ‡	-us	-u 	-es
	n g	2.	-ae	-es	-ae	-i	-i	-i	-i	-is	-is	-is	-is/-eos	-is	-us	-us	-ei
	u l	4.	-am	-en	-am	-um	1	-on	1	-em	1	-em	-im/-in	1	-um	1	-em
	a r	6.	-a	-e	-a	-0	-0	-0	-0	-e	-e	-е	-i	-i	-u	-u	-е
1	P	1.	-ae	-ae	-ae	-i	-a <u></u> •	-i	-a <u></u>	-es	-a <u></u>	-es	-es	-ia ▲	-us	-ua ♣	-es
	l u	2.	-arum	-arum	-arum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-um	-um	-ium	-ium	-ium	-uum	-uum	-erum
	r a	4.	-as	-as	-as	-os	1	-os	1	-es	1	-es	-es	1	-us	1	-es
	1	6.	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ebus
			+ Adj. of 1st decl. F			+ Adj. of 2nd decl. M	+ Adj. of 2nd decl. N			+Com- parative forms M+F	+Com- parative forms N	+ Adj. ▼ of 3rd decl. M + F		+ Adj. of 3rd decl. N			

Nouns declined like dosis?

feminine nouns of Greek origin ending in -sis, -xis, or -osis

*in the dictionary you can identify them according to the double Genitive ending **—is/-eos**

- some Latin nouns:
 - febris, is, f.
 - sitis, is, f.
 - tussis, is, f.
 - pertussis, is, f.
 - tuberculosis, is, f.