

# Ajectives and nouns





periculosa      periculosus      periculosum

Declens.		I.			II.			III.					IV.		V.	
Paradigm		vena	systole	diabetes	nervus	septum	nephros	colon	dolor	corpus	pelvis	dosis febris	rete	ductus	genu	facies
Gender		f.	f.	m.	m.	n.	m.	n.	m. + f.	n.	m. + f.	m. + f.	n.	m.	n.	f.
S i n g u l a r	1.	-a	-e	-es	-us/-er	-um	-os	-on	?	?	-is/-es	-(s)is/ -xis/-osis	-ar/-e/ -al	-us	-u	-es
	2.	-ae	-es	-ae	-i	-i	-i	-i	-is	-is	-is	-is/-eos	-is	-us	-us	-ei
	4.	-am	-en	-am	-um	1	-um	1	-em	1	-em	-im/-in	1	-um	1	-em
	6.	-a	-e	-a	-o	-o	-o	-o	-e	-e	-e / (-i)	-i	-i	-u	-u	-e
P l u r a l	1.	-ae	-ae	-ae	-i	-a	-i	-a	-es	-a	-es	-es	-ia	-us	-ua	-es
	2.	-arum	-arum	-arum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-um	-um	-ium	-ium	-ium	-uum	-uum	-erum
	4.	-as	-as	-as	-os	1	-os	1	-es	1	-es	-es	1	-us	1	-es
	6.	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ebus
		+ Adj. of 1st decl. F			+ Adj. of 2nd decl. M	+ Adj. of 2nd decl. N			+Compa -rative forms of adj. M+F	+ Com -parative forms of adj. N	+ Adj. of 3rd decl. M + F		+ Adj. of 3rd decl. N			

When you know what gender of the adjective you should use, you decline it according to the paradigm for that adjective.

# Adjectives and nouns



- The adjective always have to be of the same **GENDER**, **CASE** and **NUMBER** as the noun with which it is connected
- dangerous disease -> morbus periculosus
- cause of dangerous disease -> causa morbi periculosi
- after dangerous disease -> post morbum periculosum
- with dangerous disease -> cum morbo periculoso

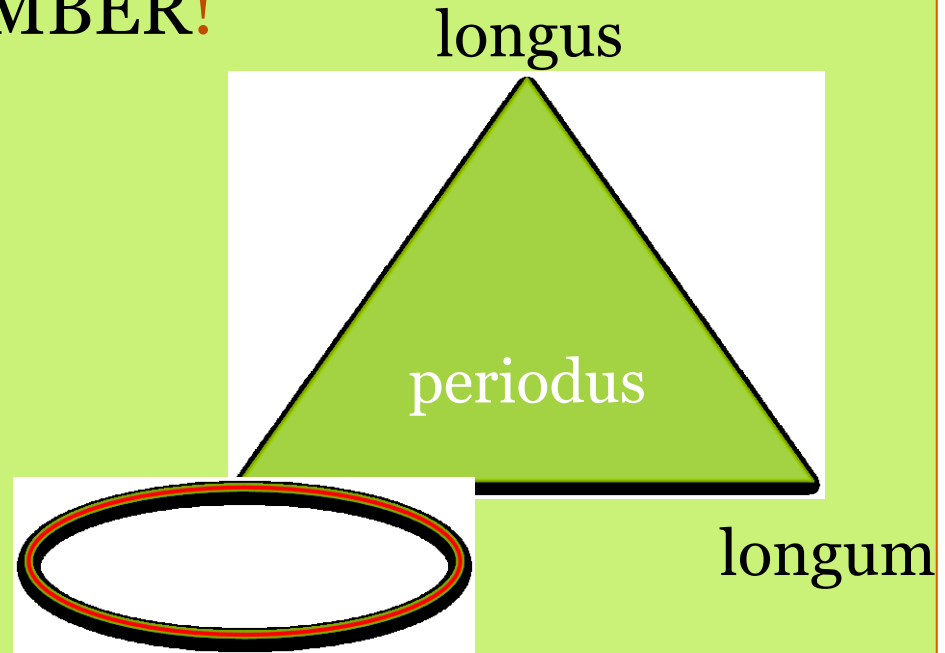
# Adjectives and nouns



- !The adjective does not have to have the same endings as the noun, it has to be of the same **GENDER, CASE and NUMBER!**

- periodus, i, f.
  - -> periodus longa

- after a long period
  - post periodum longam



The noun and the adjective are BOTH of feminine GENDER, accusative CASE and singular NUMBER, although they do not have the same endings

# Decide on declension and paradigm



- Chole
- Medulla
- Nephros
- Ascites
- Methodus
- Tarsus
- Diabetes
- Collum
- Colon
- Palatum
- Oculus
- Therapia
- Diameter
- Cancer
- Puer
- Tibia

# Connect the nouns with adjectives



- oculus + niger, gra, grum → oculus niger
- chole + purus, a, um → chole pura
- palatum + durus, a, um → palatum durum
- tibia + dexter, tra, trum → tibia dextra
- methodus + novus, a, um → methodus nova
- diabetes + mellitus, a, um → diabetes mellitus
- therapia + chirurgicus, a, um → therapia chirurgica
- nephros + sinister, tra, trum → nephros sinister

# Connect given terms with the prepositions (or nouns)



- sine + nephros sinister
  - sine nephro sinistro
- ad + chole pura
  - ad cholen puram
- in + palatum durum (position)
  - in palato duro
- fractura + tibia dextra
  - fractura tibiae dextrae -> fracture of left shinbone
- cum + methodus nova
  - cum methodo nova
- propter + diabetes mellitus
  - propter diabetam mellitum



# What is the gender, number and case of the following nouns?



- palata palatum, i, n., nominative pl. *or* accusative pl.
- angulis angulus, i, m./ ablative pl.
- oculos oculus, i, m./ accusative pl.
- ovariorum ovarium, ii, n./ genitive pl.
- nephron nephros, i, m./ accusative sg.
- alvo alvus, i, f./ ablative sg.
- icterum icterus, i, m./ accusative sg.
- olecranon olecranon, i, n./ nominative *or* accusative sg.
- methodi methodus, i, f./ genitive sg. *or* nominative pl.

# Translate into Latin



- big muscle
  - musculus magnus
- muscle of back
  - musculus dorsi – state of dependency -> genitive case
- big muscle of back
  - musculus magnus dorsi – state of dependency -> genitive case
- big muscles of back
  - musculi magni dorsi – state of dependency -> genitive case  
-> noun and adjective in plural
- muscle of finger
  - musculus digiti – state of dependency -> genitive case
- muscles of fingers
  - musculi digitorum – state of dependency -> plural genitive case

# Form phrases from words in boxes and translate them into English

uterus

ligamentum

latus, a, um

ligamentum latum uteri  
wide ligament of uterus

cerebrum

transversus, a, um  
fissura

fissura transversa cerebri  
transverse fissure of brain

antebrachium membrana

interosseus, a, um

membrana interossea antebrachii  
interosseous membrane of forearm

anomalía bulbus

congenitus, a, um  
oculus

anomalía bulbi oculi congenita  
hereditary anomaly of the eye bulb

# Form phrases from words in boxes

tunica vesica  
mucosus, a, um  
felleus, a, um

tunica mucosa vesicae felleae  
mucous membrane of gall bladder

plica (pl.)  
transversus, a, um  
rectum

plicae transversae recti  
transverse folds of rectum

apertura ventriculus  
quartus, a, um  
medianus, a, um

apertura ventriculi quarti mediana  
median opening of the fourth ventricle

sinister, a, um  
thyroideus, a, um  
lobus glandula

lobus glandulae thyroideae sinister  
left lobe of thyroid gland