

**BASIC MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY**

Credit test winter semester – mock version

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Group: \_\_\_\_\_

**1. a) Classify all nouns in the table into five groups according to their declensions. Give their nominative singular form, genitive singular form, gender and paradigm. There are two words which you will not use.**

abscessum ~ ascites ~ caecus ~ enamelum ~ lien ~ palatinum ~ rabies

declension	nominative singular form	full genitive singular form	gender	paradigm
1 <sup>st</sup> declension				
2 <sup>nd</sup> declension				
3 <sup>rd</sup> declension				
4 <sup>th</sup> declension				
5 <sup>th</sup> declension				

**1. b) Fill in the terms from task 1a.**

- \_\_\_\_\_ is an organ located near the stomach that destroys worn-out red blood cells and produces white blood cells.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is an enclosed collection of liquefied tissue, known as pus, somewhere in the body. It is the result of the body's defensive reaction to foreign material.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is the hard, thin, translucent substance covering and protecting a tooth crown and composed almost entirely of calcium salts.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is abnormal accumulation of serous fluid in the spaces between tissues and organs in the cavity of the abdomen.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is an acute virus disease of the nervous system of mammals that is caused by a rhabdovirus usually transmitted through the bite of an animal and that is characterized typically by increased salivation, abnormal behaviour, and eventual paralysis and death when untreated.

**2. Put the terms into the required form.**

diameter recta	gen. sg.	_____
habitus asthenicus	abl. sg.	_____
infectio urologica	acc. pl.	_____
canities subita	acc. sg.	_____
musculus sphincter	nom. pl.	_____

**3. Fill in the adjectives from the table in the correct form.**

contagiosus, a, um ~ contusus, a, um ~ dexter, a, um ~ osseus, a, um ~ perforatus, a, um

sanatio morborum \_\_\_\_\_  
pars \_\_\_\_\_ tubae auditivae  
fractura pelvis cum vulneribus \_\_\_\_\_  
lobus medius pulmonis \_\_\_\_\_  
ulcus \_\_\_\_\_ parietis ventriculi

**4. Put the words in the correct order to make anatomical/clinical terms; translate them.**

dx. fractura  
scapulae corporis

1)  
Term: \_\_\_\_\_  
Translation: \_\_\_\_\_

dentis resectio  
decidui radice

2)  
Term: \_\_\_\_\_  
Translation: \_\_\_\_\_

intestini corpus  
crassi alienum

Term: \_\_\_\_\_

Translation: \_\_\_\_\_

acustici	externi
meatus	haemorrhagia

4)

Term: \_\_\_\_\_

Translation: \_\_\_\_\_

caesaream	status
sectionem	post

5)

Term: \_\_\_\_\_

Translation: \_\_\_\_\_

per	primam
sanatio	intentionem

6)

Term: \_\_\_\_\_

Translation: \_\_\_\_\_

### 5. Fill in missing endings.

vulner\_\_\_\_ lacer\_\_\_\_ parv\_\_\_\_ front\_\_\_\_

trauma muscul\_\_\_\_ extensor\_\_\_\_ halluc\_\_\_\_ long\_\_\_\_

causa stenosis\_\_\_\_ ureter\_\_\_\_ later\_\_\_\_ sinistr\_\_\_\_

glandul\_\_\_\_ (pl.) duct\_\_\_\_ choledoch\_\_\_\_

margin\_\_\_\_ (pl.) liber\_\_\_\_ (pl.) ungu\_\_\_\_ (pl.)

fractura coll\_\_\_\_ femor\_\_\_\_

### 6. Translate the terms in brackets into Latin, and put them into the correct form after prepositions.

abortus propter \_\_\_\_\_ (congenital disorder)

neonatus cum \_\_\_\_\_ (complicated jaundice)

operatio post \_\_\_\_\_ (rupture of the diaphragm)

cancer sine \_\_\_\_\_ (thrombosis of veins)

anomalia in \_\_\_\_\_ (digestive tract)

**7. Translate diagnoses and anatomical terms:**

1. symptoms of the cancer of ovaries

\_\_\_\_\_

2. tendons of the fingers of hand

\_\_\_\_\_

3. hard ulcer of the rectum

\_\_\_\_\_

4. wrong function of kidneys and heart

\_\_\_\_\_

5. acute pains in the abdomen

\_\_\_\_\_

6. red and yellow bone marrow

\_\_\_\_\_

7. deep bedsores in the region of hip

\_\_\_\_\_

8. vomiting after the brain concussion

\_\_\_\_\_

**8. Derive the adjectives of the 3rd declension from nouns using endings -alis, e or -aris, e:**

vertebra \_\_\_\_\_

rectum \_\_\_\_\_

pectus \_\_\_\_\_

malleolus \_\_\_\_\_

cortex \_\_\_\_\_

## BASIC MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY

Credit test winter semester – mock version

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Group: \_\_\_\_\_

**1. a) Classify all nouns in the table into five groups according to their declensions. Give their nominative singular form, genitive singular form, gender and paradigm. There are two words which you will not use.**

abscessum ~ ascites ~ caecus ~ enamelum ~ lien ~ palatinum ~ rabies

declension	nominative singular form	full genitive singular form	gender	paradigm
1 <sup>st</sup> declension	<i>ascites</i>	<i>ascitae</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>diabetes</i>
2 <sup>nd</sup> declension	<i>enamelum</i>	<i>enameli</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>septum</i>
3 <sup>rd</sup> declension	<i>lien</i>	<i>lienis</i>	<i>m.</i>	<i>dolor</i>
4 <sup>th</sup> declension	<i>abscessus</i>	<i>abscessus</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>ductus</i>
5 <sup>th</sup> declension	<i>rabies</i>	<i>rabiei</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>facies</i>

**1. b) Fill in the terms from task 1a.**

- \_\_\_ *lien* \_\_\_\_\_ is an organ located near the stomach that destroys worn-out red blood cells and produces white blood cells.
- \_\_\_ *abscessus* \_\_\_\_\_ is an enclosed collection of liquefied tissue, known as pus, somewhere in the body. It is the result of the body's defensive reaction to foreign material.
- \_\_\_ *enamelum* \_\_\_\_\_ is the hard, thin, translucent substance covering and protecting a tooth crown and composed almost entirely of calcium salts.
- \_\_\_ *ascites* \_\_\_\_\_ is abnormal accumulation of serous fluid in the spaces between tissues and organs in the cavity of the abdomen.
- \_\_\_ *rabies* \_\_\_\_\_ is an acute virus disease of the nervous system of mammals that is caused by a rhabdovirus usually transmitted through the bite of an animal and that is characterized typically by increased salivation, abnormal behaviour, and eventual paralysis and death when untreated.

**2. Put the terms into the required form.**

diameter recta                      gen. sg.    \_\_\_ *diametri rectae* \_\_\_\_\_

habitus asthenicus                abl. sg.    \_\_\_ *habitu asthenico* \_\_\_\_\_

infectio urologica                 acc. pl.    \_\_\_ *infectiones urologicas* \_\_\_\_\_

canities subita                      acc. sg.    canitiem subitam  
musculus sphincter                nom. pl.   musculi sphincteres

**3. Fill in the adjectives from the table in the correct form.**

contagiosus, a, um ~ contusus, a, um ~ dexter, a, um ~ osseus, a, um ~ perforatus, a, um

sanatio morborum contagiosorum

pars ossea tubae auditivae

fractura pelvis cum vulneribus contusis

lobus medius pulmonis dextri

ulcus perforatum parietis ventriculi

**4. Put the words in the correct order to make anatomical/clinical terms; translate them.**

dx.      fractura  
scapulae      corporis

1) Term: fractura corporis scapulae dx.

Translation: fracture of the body of right scapula

dentis      resectio  
tertii      radiceis

2) Term: resectio radiceis dentis tertii

Translation: resection of the root of the third tooth

intestini      corpus  
crassi      alienum

Term: corpus alienum intestini crassi

Translation: foreign body of the large intestine = inside the large intestine

acustici      externi  
meatus      haemorrhagia

4) Term: haemorrhagia meatus acustici externi

Translation: bleeding of the external auditory canal (=meatus)

caesaream	status
sectionem	post

5) Term: status post sectionem caesaream

Translation: state after the caesarean section

per	primam
sanatio	intentionem

6) Term: sanatio per primam intentionem

Translation: healing without complications = at the first intervention

### 5. Fill in missing endings.

vulner\_ **a** \_\_\_ lacer\_ **a** \_\_\_ parv\_ **a** \_\_\_ front\_ **is** \_\_\_  
trauma muscul\_ \_\_\_ extensor\_ **is** \_\_\_ halluc\_ **is** \_\_\_ long\_ **i** \_\_\_  
causa stenosis\_ **is** \_\_\_ ureter\_ **is** \_\_\_ later\_ **is** \_\_\_ sinistr\_ **i** \_\_\_  
glandul\_ **ae** \_\_\_ (pl.) duct\_ **us** \_\_\_ choledoch\_ **i** \_\_\_  
margin\_ **es** \_\_\_ (pl.) liber\_ **i** \_\_\_ (pl.) ungu\_ **ium** \_\_\_ (pl.)  
fractura coll\_ **i** \_\_\_ femor\_ **is** \_\_\_

### 6. Translate the terms in brackets into Latin, and put them into the correct form after the prepositions.

abortus propter vitium congenitum (congenital disorder)  
neonatus cum ictero complicato (complicated jaundice)  
operatio post rupturam diaphragmatis (rupture of the diaphragm)  
cancer sine thrombosi venarum (thrombosis of veins)  
anomaliam in tractu digestivo (digestive tract)

### 7. Translate diagnoses and anatomical terms:

1. symptoms of cancer of ovaries  
symptomata cancro ovariorum
2. tendons of fingers of the hand  
tendines digitorum manus

3. hard sore of the rectum

\_\_\_ *ulcus durum recti*

4. wrong function of kidneys and the heart

\_\_\_ *functio laesa renum et cordis = functio renum et cordis laesa*

5. acute pains in the abdomen

\_\_\_ *dolores acuti abdominis = dolores abdominis acuti*

6. red and yellow bone marrow

\_\_\_ *medulla ossium flava et rubra*

7. deep bedsores in the region of the hip

\_\_\_ *decubitus profundi regionis coxae = in regione coxae*

8. vomiting after the brain concussion

\_\_\_ *vomitus post commotionem cerebri*

**8. Derive the adjectives of the 3rd declension from nouns using endings -alis, e or -aris, e:**

vertebra      \_\_\_ *vertebralis, e* \_\_\_\_\_

rectum        \_\_\_ *rectalis, e* \_\_\_\_\_

pectus        \_\_\_ *pectoralis, e* \_\_\_\_\_

malleolus    \_\_\_ *malleolaris, e* \_\_\_\_\_

cortex        \_\_\_ *corticalis, e* \_\_\_\_\_