

Revision



Give the nom. sg. form



caries infarctus

unguentum

dentes

pulmonum pleuritidem gargarismate diei

temporibus labio morsum arcuum

ligamenta faciem thoracis serpentem

laminarum scatulis tractu neuroseos

dyspnoea nephron encephalo cornua

Identify the case; add the correct form of adjective

in genibus

dolor genus

in genua

dolor genuum

in genu

genua

valgus, a, um

sanatio decubitus

prope decubitus

sub decubitu

sanatio decubituum

sub decubitibus

prope decubitum

dolorosus, a, um

propter cariem

therapia carierum

sub carie

therapia caciei

sub caciebus

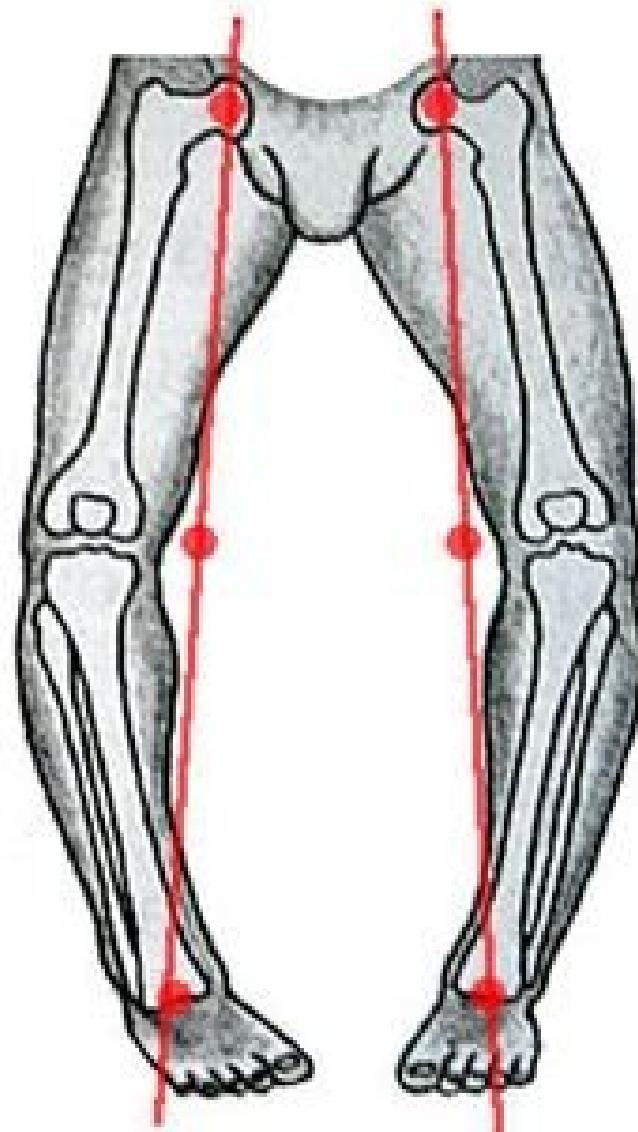
propter caries



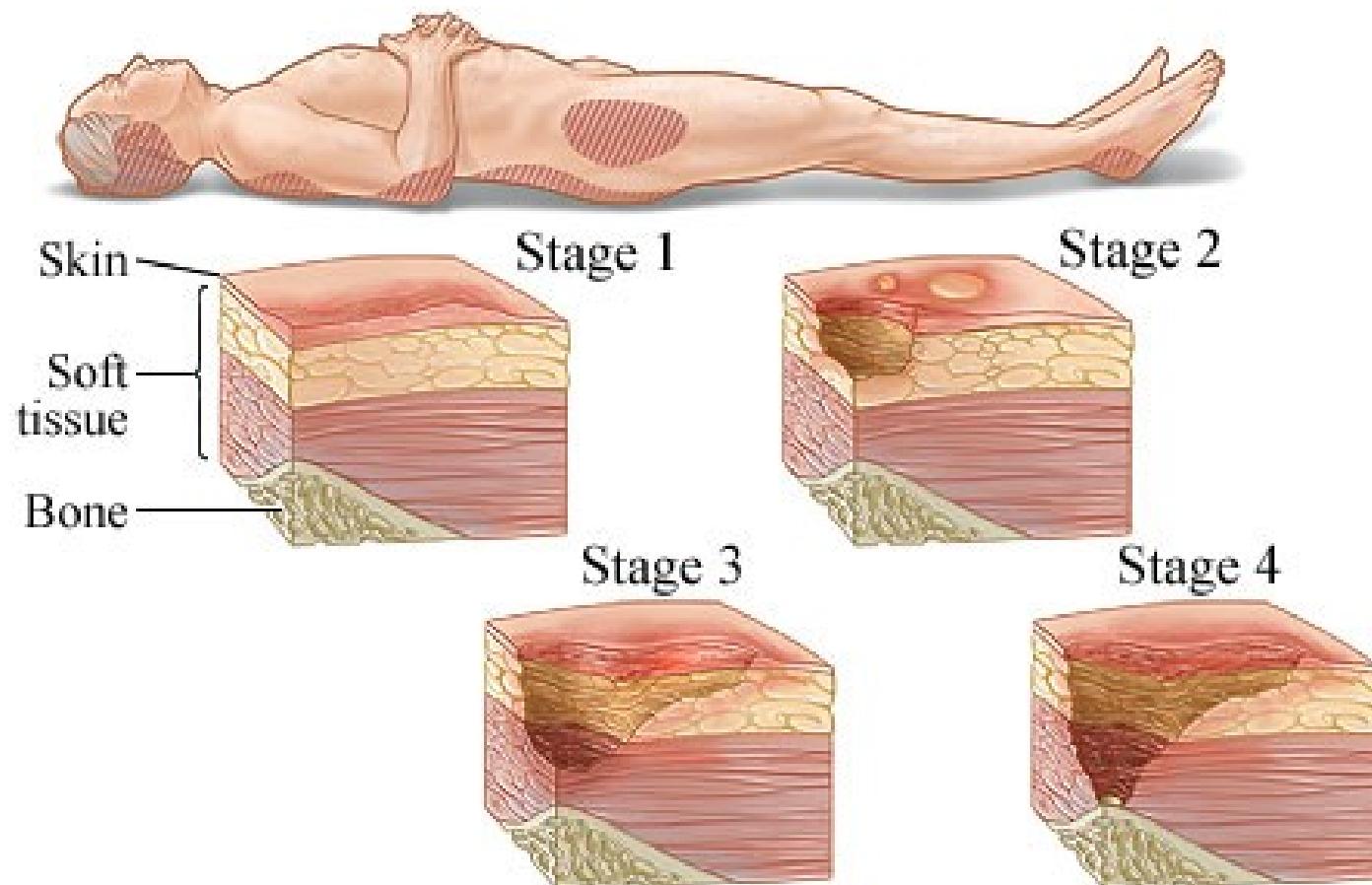
profundus, a, um



genua valga



genua vara

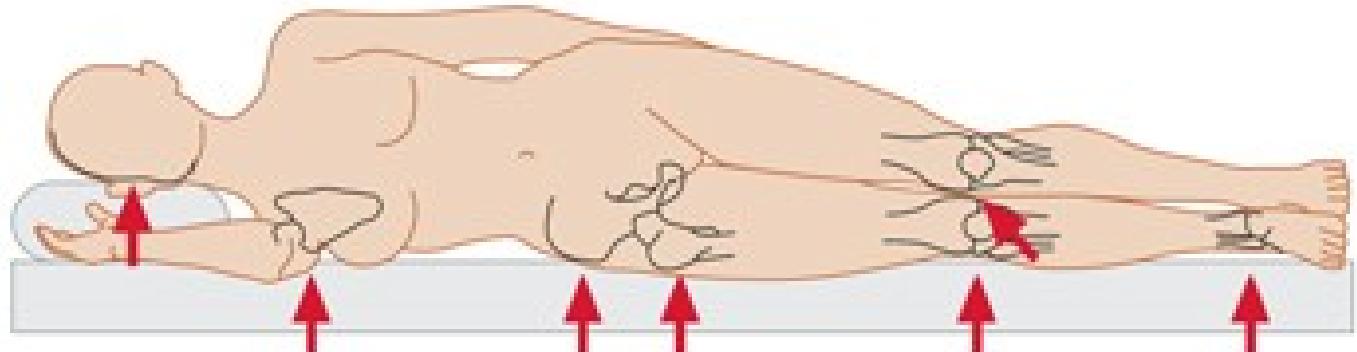
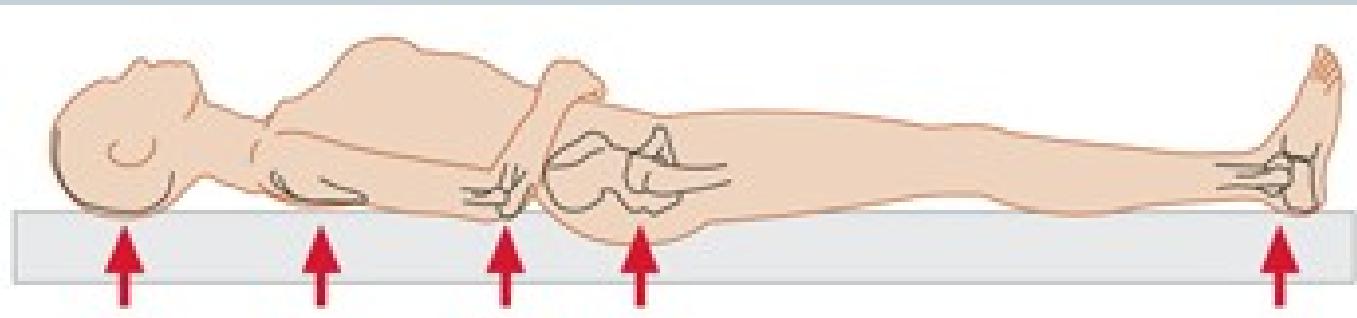


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decubitus profundus

Decubitus

(*decubitus ulcer, bedsore, pressure sore, pressure ulcer*) is an area of unrelieved pressure over a defined area, usually over a bony prominence, resulting in ischemia, cell death, and tissue necrosis.



Form corresponding loose attributes



- articulatio (genu dextrum)
 - Articulatio genus dextri
- arcus (vertebrae thoracicae)
 - Arcus vertebrarum thoracicarum
- causa (obstructio venae)
 - Causa obstructionis venae
- ligamenta (manus sinistra)
 - Ligamenta manus sinistrae
- effectus (gargarisma novum)
 - Effectus gargarismatis novi
- sanatio (decubitus profundus)
 - Sanatio decubitus profundi
- collapsus (systema circulatorium)
 - Collapsus systematis circulatorii
- status (canities praematura)
 - Status canitiei praematurae

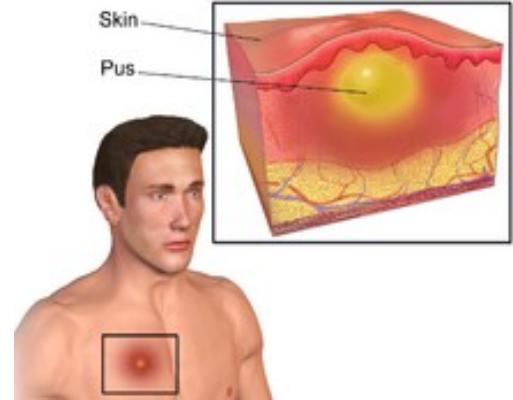
Connect the phrases with the preposition



- post + infarctus acutus
 - Post infarctum acutum
- propter + partus praematurus
 - propter partum praematurum
- sub +plexus venosus uterinus
 - Sub plexu venoso uterino / sub plexum venosum uterinum
- in + decursus morbi
 - In decursu morbi
- ad + usus internus
 - Ad usum internum
- ante + processus spinosus
 - Ante processum spinosum
- sine + effectus malus
 - Sine effectu malo

Abscessus

is a collection of pus that has built up within the tissue of the body, it may occur in any kind of solid tissue (lungs, brain, teeth, kidneys and tonsils), but most frequently appears on skin



abscessus (4x) ○ abscessuum ○ abscessum ○ abscessu ○ abscessibus

1. causae _____
2. _____ ductus choledochi
3. excisio _____ dolorosi ani
4. operatio meatus acustici sine _____
secundario
5. _____ secundarii in vulneribus operativis
6. status post _____ encephali
7. operation propter _____ tubarum uterinarum
8. grava cum _____ dentium

Find a suitable group of adjectives for each of the listed nouns

genu

decubitus

ususstatus

species

partus

facies

pulsus

profundus, a, um
dolorosus, a, um

epilepticus, a, um
asthmaticus, a, um
postoperativus, a,
um

aromaticus, a, um
urologicus, a, um
antiasthmaticus, a,
um

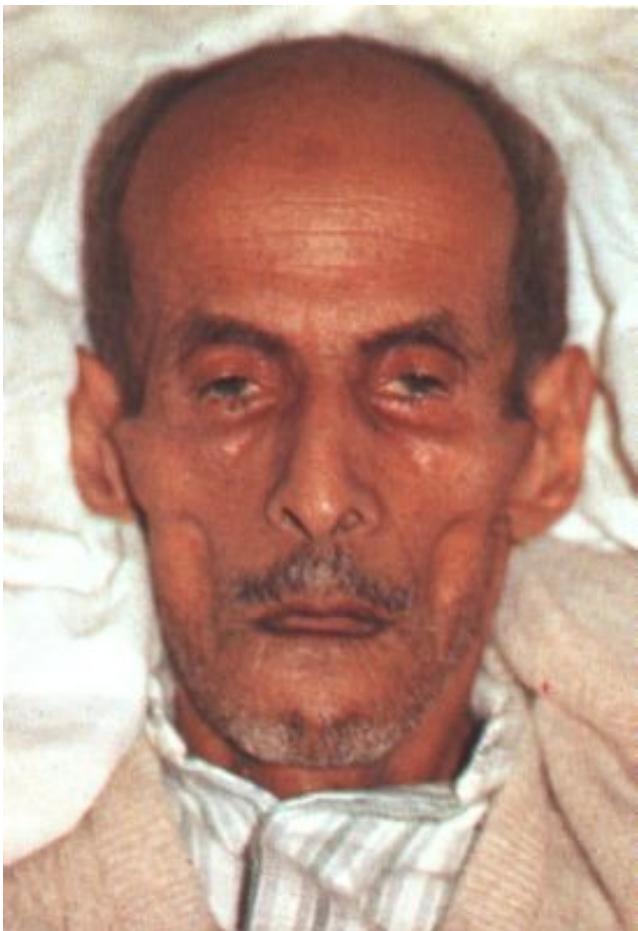
tardus, a, um
durus, a, um
rarus, a, um

externus, a, um
internus, a, um

varus, a, um
valgus, a, um
dexter, a, um
sinister, a, um

pallidus, a, um
Hippocraticus, a, um
gastricus, a, um
diaphragmaticus, a,
um
aethylicus, a, um

praematurus, a, um
complicatus, a, um
primus, a, um
dolorosus, a, um
maturus, a, um



facies Hippocratica /
facies abdominalis

The facial expression produced in the by impending death or long illness (accompanied by pain), excessive evacuations, excessive hunger, and the like, e.g. by peritonitis (inflammation of peritoneum) or cholera. Its synonym is **facies abdominalis**.

The nose is sharp, the eyes sunken, the temples fallen in, the ears cold and drawn in and their lobes distorted, the skin of the face hard, stretched and dry, and the colour of the face pale or dusky.





facies composita – normal,
calm facial expression of
healthy person



facies dolorosa – facial
expression showing signs
of pain

Form phrases from words in boxes and translate them into English

medicamentum (pl.)

infectiosus, a, um

morbus

contra

medicamenta contra morbum

infectiosum

medicaments against infectious disease

symptoma (pl.)

hepatitis

acutus, a, um

symptomata hepatitidis acutae
symptoms of acute inflammation of
the liver

acus, a, um

pulmo

dolor

dextrer, tra trum

dolor acutus pulmonis dextri
acute pain of right lung

vulnus

pus

in

lacer, a, um

pus in vulnere lacero
pus in a torn wound

Form phrases from words in boxes and translate them into English

decubitus dexter, tra, trum

 regio in

scapula dolorosus, a, um

decubitus dolorosus in regione scapulae

dextrae

painful bedsore in region of right
shoulder blade

exisio lacteus, a, um

caries

dens propter

excisio dentis lactei propter cariem
excision of a milk tooth because of
dental decay

excisio, onis, f. - excision

dens

profundus, a, um

caries

caninus, a, um

caries profunda dentis canini

deep dental decay of canine tooth

operatio status

femur

fractura post

 sinister, tra, trum

status post operationem fracturae
 femoris sinistri

state after operation of left femur

Fill in correct endings



- unguentum contra decubit...
- dosis medicament... pro di...
- exitus post infarct... myocardi... acut...
- dolores chronic... dent... incisiv... propter cari...
profund...
- mors post part... praematur...
- fractura apert... genus... sinistr...
- vulner... punct... thorac...
- abscessus meat... acustic... extern...

ADJECTIVES of 3RD DECLENSION /DICTIONARY ENTRY



- ADJECTIVES OF 1st and 2nd DECLENSION

albus, a, um // niger, a, um

- ADJECTIVES OF 3rd DECLENSION

acer, is, e // brevis, e // simplex, cis

- **3** : -ER (M), -IS (F), -E (N): very rare in med. terminology
- **2** : -IS (M+F), -E (N): extremely frequent
- **1** : -X, -NS (M+F+N): some types are frequent

ADJECTIVES of 3RD DECLEMNSION



3 terminations in nominative sg. which are always:

-ER (M), -IS (F), -E (N)

e. g.:

- biventer, is, e *having two bellies*

ADJECTIVES of 3RD DECLENSION



2 terminations in nominative sg. which are always:

-IS (M+F), -E (N) :

- Underived adjectives like:

brevis, e <i>short;</i>	gravis, e <i>heavy, difficult</i>
levis, e <i>light;</i>	tenuis, e <i>thin, slender</i>

- Derived adjectives ending on **-alis, e/-aris, e**

cranialis, e; muscularis, e
(means relation, pertaining to or belonging to)

- Derived adjectives ending on **-bilis, e**

operabilis, e; mobilis, e
(means capable or susceptible of a specified action)

- Derived adjectives ending on **-formis, e**

○ pisiformis, e; vermiformis, e
(means shaped like, similar to, Latin equivalent to Greek ending -oideus, a, um)

ADJECTIVES of 3RD DECLENSION



1 termination in nominative sg. which usually is:

-X, -NS (M+F+N)

always accompanied with the genitive ending

- Underived adjectives like:
 - *recens, recentis recent, new;*
 - *latens, latentis latent, not manifested*
- Derived adjectives ending -plex, plicis (*refers to number, multiplicity*)
 - *simplex, cis; duplex, cis*
- Derived adjectives ending on -ceps, cipitis (*refers to head-like structures*)
 - *biceps, bicipitis*
- Originally participles having meaning of action ending on -ans, antis and -ens, entis
 - *migrans, antis; ascenderes, entis*

ENDINGS OF ADJECTIVES OF THE 3rd DECLENSION

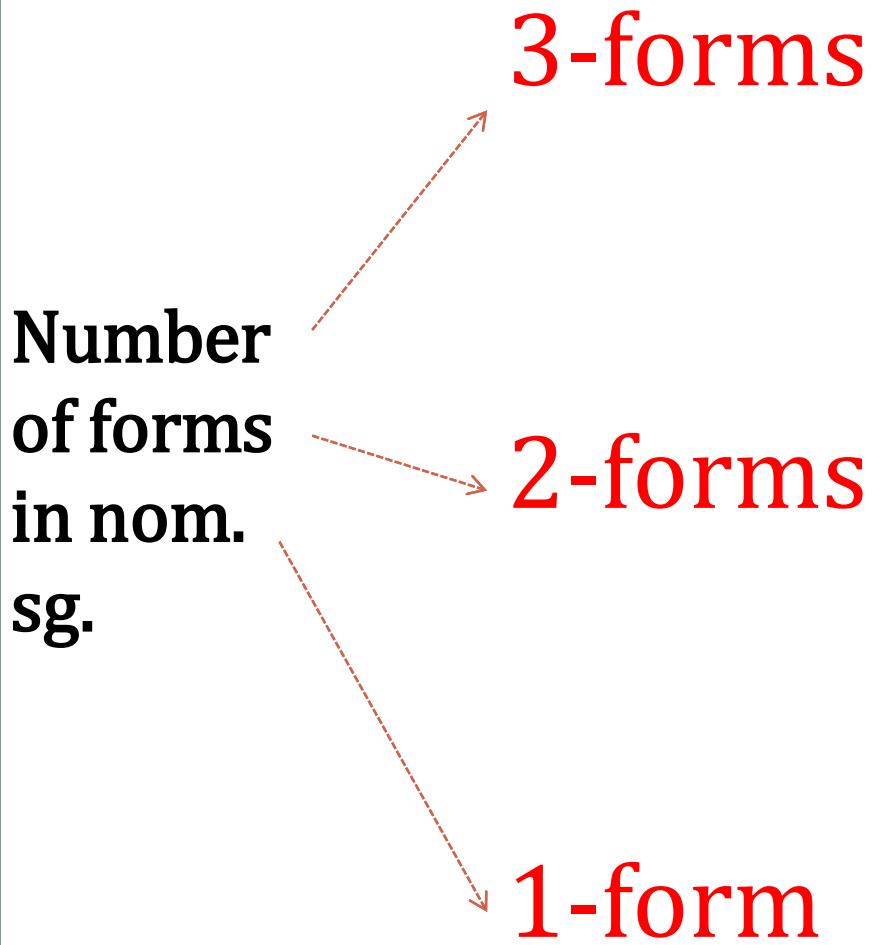


	SG		PL	
	M + F	N	M + F	N
1	(1)-x, -ns (2)-is (3)-er/-is	(1)-x, -ns (2)-e (3)-e	-es	-ia
2		-is		-ium
4	-em	= 1.	-es	= 1.
6		-i		-ibus

LATIN AND GREEK DECLENSIONS

Declens.		I.			II.				III.				IV.		V.	
Paradigm		vena	systole	diabetes	nervus	septum	nephros	colon	dolor	corpus	pelvis	dosis febris	rete	ductus	genu	facies
Gender	f.	f.	m.	m.	n.	m.	n.	m. + f.	n.	m. + f.	m. + f.	n.	m.	n.	f.	
Singular	1.	-a	-e	-es	-us/-er	-um	-os	-on	?	?	-is/-es	-(s)is/-xis/-osis	-ar/-e/-al	-us	-u	-es
	2.	-ae	-es	-ae	-i	-i	-i	-i	-is	-is	-is	-is/-eos	-is	-us	-us	-ei
	4.	-am	-en	-am	-um	1	-um	1	-em	1	-em	-im/-in	1	-um	1	-em
	6.	-a	-e	-a	-o	-o	-o	-o	-e	-e	-e / (-i)	-i	-i	-u	-u	-e
Plural	1.	-ae	-ae	-ae	-i	-a	-i	-a	-es	-a	-es	-es	-ia	-us	-ua	-es
	2.	-arum	-arum	-arum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-orum	-um	-um	-ium	-ium	-ium	-uum	-uum	-erum
	4.	-as	-as	-as	-os	1	-os	1	-es	1	-es	-es	1	-us	1	-es
	6.	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-is	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ibus	-ebus
		+ Adj. of 1st decl. F			+ Adj. of 2nd decl. M	+ Adj. of 2nd decl. N			+Compa -rative forms of adj. M+F	+ Compa -rative forms of adj. N	+ Adj. of 3rd decl. M + F		+ Adj. of 3rd decl. N			

FORM CLOSE ATTRIBUTE



- **musculus** + biventer, is, e
 - **fossa** + biventer, is, e
 - **ganglion** + biventer, is, e
-
- **musculus** + communis, e
 - **arteria** + communis, e
 - **crus** + communis, e
-
- **lobulus** + simplex, cis
 - **articulatio** + simplex, cis
 - **crus** + simplex, cis

Derive adjectives using endings -alis, e or -aris, e



- costa/ cost- + alis → **costalis, e**
- femur / femor- + alis, e → **femoralis, e**
- musculus/ muscul- + aris, e → **muscularis, e**

dorsum	intestinum	cervix	labium
facies	nasus	pulmo	viscera
apex	digitus	margo	medulla
rectum	orbita		maxilla
	pectus		
ren	patella	vagina	tonsilla
sternum	abdomen	frons	paries
superficies	vestibulum	spina	bronchus
pars	os, oris	cranium	dens