

DIAGNOSTIC TEST ACCURACY

		Disease Status		Total
		Present	Absent	
Test Result	Positive	TP	FP	TP + FP
	Negative	FN	TN	TN + FN
	Total	TP + FN	FP + TN	TP + FP + TN + FN

- **Sensitivity** = $TP / (TP + FN)$
- **Specificity** = $TN / (TN + FP)$
- **Positive Predictive Value** = $TP / (TP + FP)$
- **Negative Predictive Value** = $TN / (TN + FN)$
- **Overall Accuracy** = $(TP + TN) / (TP + FP + TN + FN)$

TP = True Positive; FP = False Positive; TN = True Negative; FN = False Negative

MEASURES OF ASSOCIATION

		Outcome Status		Total
		Present (Cases)	Absent (Controls)	
Exposure Status	Exposed (Treatment)	A	B	A + B
	Non-exposed (Placebo)	C	D	C + D
	Total	A + C	B + D	A + B + C + D

- **Absolute Risk** = Number of Cases / Number of Cohort Members
- **Absolute Risk of Exposed Group** = $A / (A + B)$
- **Absolute Risk of Non-exposed Group** = $C / (C + D)$
- **Risk Ratio (also known as Relative Risk)** = Absolute Risk of Exposed / Absolute Risk of Non-exposed = $(A / (A + B)) / (C / (C + D))$
- **Odds Ratio** = AD / BC
- **Risk Difference (for observational studies)** = Absolute Risk of Exposed – Absolute Risk of Non-exposed = $(A / (A + B)) - (C / (C + D))$
- **Risk Difference (for experimental studies)** = Absolute Risk of Non-exposed (control) – Absolute Risk of Exposed (treatment) = $(C / (C + D)) - (A / (A + B))$
- **Number Needed to Treat (NNT)** = $1 / \text{Risk Difference}$
- **Population Attributable Risk (PAR)** = Risk Difference * Prevalence of Exposure
- **Population Attributable Fraction (PAF)** = $PAR / \text{Total Incidence of Outcome}$