

Physics, Foundation Programme – Problem Solving Exercises 2

Algebraic Expressions

1. Write the exponential expression in the simplest form so that all exponents are positive:

a) $2x^{-4}$ a: $\frac{2}{x^4}, x \neq 0$

b) $\frac{5}{z^{-5}}$ a: $5z^5, z \neq 0$

c) $(x^3y^2)(xy^5)$ a: x^4y^7

d) $\frac{6a^4}{8a^8}$ a: $\frac{3}{4a^4}, a \neq 0$

e) $(-6x^4y)(7x^{-3}y^{-5})$ a: $-\frac{42x}{y^4}, x \neq 0, y \neq 0$

f) $\frac{(-v)^3 \cdot (-v)^5}{v^2} \cdot \frac{v^5}{(-v)^2}$ a: $v^9, v \neq 0$

g) $\frac{x^2y^3z^4}{m^5} \cdot \frac{m^4z}{2x^3y^2} \div \frac{z^4}{4m^2x}$ a: $2yzm, x \neq 0, y \neq 0, z \neq 0, m \neq 0$

h) $\frac{a^6 \cdot (a^3)^2}{(a^3)^4}$ a: $1, a \neq 0$

i) $\left[16a^4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{a^2}\right)^3 \cdot \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^4 \right]^3$ a: $a^6, a \neq 0$

j) $\frac{[3(z^2)^3 \cdot y^2]^2}{(3zy)^4}$ a: $\frac{z^8}{9}, z \neq 0, y \neq 0$

k) $\frac{(2u^3v^2)^4}{12} \div \frac{(2u^2v^5 \cdot 3u^4v^2)^2}{(3u^2v^4)^3}$ a: $u^6v^6, u \neq 0, v \neq 0$

2. Evaluate each expression. Express the result in scientific notation. Round using the multiplication/division/addition/subtraction rules for significant digits.

a) $(3.4 \cdot 10^{-4})(2.0 \cdot 10^{-5})$ A: $(6.8 \cdot 10^{-9})$

b) $(6.7 \cdot 10^3)(4.0 \cdot 10^9)$ a: $2.68 \cdot 10^{13} \approx 2.7 \cdot 10^{13}$

c) $(1.5 \cdot 10^5)(2.3 \cdot 10^{-3})$ a: $(3.45 \cdot 10^2) \approx (3.5 \cdot 10^2)$

d) $(4.9 \cdot 10^9) \div (7.0 \cdot 10^4)$ a: $7.0 \cdot 10^4$

e) $(1.11 \cdot 10^{-9}) \div (3.7 \cdot 10^{-5})$ a: $3.0 \cdot 10^{-5}$

f) $(3.29 \cdot 10^{12}) + (4.35 \cdot 10^{12})$ a: $7.64 \cdot 10^{12}$

g) $(5.98 \cdot 10^{-5}) - (3.2 \cdot 10^{-6})$ a: $5.66 \cdot 10^{-5}$

h) $(8.5 \cdot 10^6) - (7.3 \cdot 10^5)$ a: $7.8 \cdot 10^6$

3. For each polynomial determine its a) standard form, b) degree, c) coefficients, d) leading coefficient, e) number of terms

a) $x^3 - 1$ a: a) $x^3 - 1$; b) 3; c) 1, 0, 0, -1; d) 1; e) 2

b) $-3x^2 - 11 - 12x^4$ a: a) $-12x^4 - 3x^2 - 11$; b) 4; c) -12, 0, -3, 0, -11; d) -12; e) 3

c) $3x^2 - 5x^3 + 7x - 1$ a: a) $-5x^3 + 3x^2 + 7x - 1$; b) 3; c) -5, 3, 7, -1; d) -5; e) 4

4. Perform indicated operations and simplify if possible by combining like terms. Write the result in standard form.

a) $(5x^4 - 3x^2 + 9) + (3x^3 - 2x^2 - 7x + 3)$ A: $5x^4 + 3x^3 - 5x^2 - 7x + 12$

b) $(u^3 - 3u^2 - 4u + 8) - (u^3 - 2u + 4)$ a: $-3u^2 - 2u + 4$

c) $*(4x - 5)(2x^2 + 7x - 8)$

a: $8x^3 + 18x^2 - 67x + 40$

d) $*(5x - 7)(3x^2 - 8x - 5)$

a: $15x^3 - 61x^2 + 31x + 35$

5. Use the FOIL method to find the indicated product and simplify if possible. Write the result in standard form.

a) $(2x + 4)(5x + 1)$

A: $10x^2 + 22x + 4$

b) $(b - 4)(b + 6)$

a: $b^2 + 2b - 24$

c) $(5x - 11y)(2x - 7y)$

a: $10x^2 - 57xy + 77y^2$

d) $(4z - 3)(z - 4)$

a: $4z^2 - 19z + 12$

e) $(6w - 11x)(2w - 3x)$

a: $12w^2 - 40wx + 33x^2$

6. Use special product formulas to perform indicated operation.

a) $(x + 5)^2$

A: $x^2 + 10x + 25$

b) $(3x^2 - y)^2$

a: $9x^4 - 6x^2y + y^2$

c) $(5x - y)(5x + y)$

a: $25x^2 - y^2$

d) $[(x + 5) + y][(x + 5) - y]$

a: $x^2 + 10x + 25 - y^2$

7. Evaluate the given polynomial for the indicated value of the variable:

a) $x^2 + 7x - 1$, for $x = 3$ a: 29

b) $-x^2 - 5x + 4$, for $x=5$ a: -46

c) $3x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 3$, for $x=-1$ a: -1

8. The number of committees consisting of exactly 3 people that can be formed from a group of n people is given by the polynomial

$$\frac{1}{6}n^3 - \frac{1}{2}n^2 + \frac{1}{3}n.$$

Find the number of committees consisting of exactly 3 people that can be formed from a group of 6 people.

Ans.: 20

9. Factor out the greatest common factor (GCF) for each polynomial:

a) $-15x^2 - 12x$ a: $-3x(5x+4)$

b) $(x - 4)(2a - b) + (x + 4)(2a - b)$ a: $2x(2a - b)$

c) $6w^3 + 4w^2 - 15w - 10$ (use grouping) a: $(2w^2 - 5)(3w + 2)$

10. Factor each difference of squares:

a) $x^2 - 9$ a: $(x - 3)(x + 3)$

b) $y^4 - 81$ a: $(y^2 - 9)(y^2 + 9) = (y - 3)(y + 3)(y^2 + 9)$

c) $(x + 5)^2 - 4$ a: $(x+7)(x+3)$

11. Factor each perfect square trinomial:

a) $x^2 + 10x + 25$ a: $(x + 5)^2$

b) $a^2 - 14a + 49$ a: $(a - 7)^2$

c) $25y^2 + 40y + 16$ a: $(5y + 4)^2$

12. Factor each sum or difference of cubes:

a) $x^3 - 8$ a: $(x - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)$

b) $8 - y^6$ a: $(2 - y^2)(4 + 2y^2 + y^4)$

13. Factor each trinomial by the trial and error method:

a) $x^2 + 7x + 12$ a: $(x + 4)(x + 3)$

b) $b^2 + 12b - 28$ a: $(b + 14)(b - 2)$

c) $x^2 + 12x + 35$ a: $(x+5)(x+7)$

d) $x^2 - 9x + 18$ a: $(x-3)(x-6)$

14. Simplify each rational expression:

a) $\frac{y + 1}{n + ny}$ a: $\frac{1}{n}, n \neq 0, y \neq -1$

$$\text{b) } \frac{a^2 - ab}{ab - b^2} \quad \text{a: } \frac{a}{b}, b \neq 0, b \neq a$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{9z^2 - 12z + 4}{3z - 2} \quad \text{a: } 3z - 2, \quad z \neq \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{p^2 - 4}{pq + 2q - p - 2} \quad \text{a: } \frac{p - 2}{q - 1}, q \neq 1, p \neq -2$$

15. Perform the indicated operation(s). State the result in the simplest form:

$$\text{a) } \frac{p + 5}{r} + \frac{2p - 7}{r} \quad \text{a: } \frac{3p - 2}{r}, \quad r \neq 0$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{2s + 5t}{4t} + \frac{-2s + 3t}{4t} \quad \text{a: } 2, \quad t \neq 0$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{x}{x - 5} + \frac{x}{x + 3} \quad \text{a: } 2x \frac{x - 1}{(x - 5)(x + 3)}, x \neq 5, x \neq -3$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{5y - 7}{y + 4} - \frac{2y - 3}{y + 4} \quad \text{a: } \frac{3y - 4}{y + 4}, \quad y \neq -4$$

$$\text{e) } \frac{x}{x^2 - 9} - \frac{3x - 1}{x^2 + 7x + 12} \quad \text{a: } \frac{-2x^2 + 14x - 3}{(x - 3)(x + 3)(x + 4)}, \quad x \neq \pm 3, x \neq -4$$

$$\text{f) } \left[\left(\frac{u}{v} \right)^2 - 1 \right] \div \left(\frac{1}{v} \right)^2 \quad \text{a: } u^2 - v^2, \quad v \neq 0$$

$$\text{g) } \left(1 + \frac{m}{1-m} \right) \div \frac{1+m}{1-m} \quad \text{a: } \frac{1}{1+m}, \quad m \neq \pm 1$$

$$\text{h) } \frac{a^2 + ax}{x - x^2} \div \frac{x^2 + ax}{a - ax} \quad \text{a: } \frac{a^2}{x^2}, \quad x \neq 0, a \neq -x, x \neq 1$$