

NEUTRALS

A. Nouns.

	II. declension (SEPTUM)		III. declension (RETE)		IV. declension (GENU)		
nominative sg. ending	um		on		e / al / ar		
	antebrachium atrium cerebrum septum tuberculum vestibulum...		acromion colon encephalon ganglion olecranon skeleton		rete animal calcar cochlear		
genitive sg. ending	-i		-is		-us		
III. declension (CORPUS)							
nominative sg. ending	men	(o)ma	as	ut	us	ur	other
	abdomen foramen	adenoma asthma carcinoma diaphragma eczema empyema gargarisma melanoma mesoderma neoplasma oedema symptoma syndroma...	pancreas	caput	corpus crus latus pectus pus ulcus vulnus	femur	fel hepar os tuber vas
genitive sg. ending	-is						
stem	N -inis	T -matis -omatis -atis (pancreas) -itis (caput)			R -oris -eris (latus, vulnus, ulcus) -uris (crus, pus)		various fel, fellis hepar, atis os, oris os, ossis tuber, is vas, is

B. Adjectives.

II. declension	III. declension	III. declension comparative
UM	E	US, IUS

Neutral declensions

		II		III				IV
		um	on	corpus	comparative adjectives	rete	adjectives	u
SG	nom.	um	on	various	us / ius	various	e	u
	gen.	i		is	oris	is		us
	acc.	um	on	= nominative		= nominative		u
	abl.	o		e		i		u
PL	nom.	a		a		ia		ua
	gen.	orum		um		ium		uum
	acc.	a		a		ia		ua
	abl.	is		ibus		ibus		ibus

RULES FOR NEUTRALS (apply to both nouns and adjectives)

1. ACCUSATIVE copies NOMINATIVE (singular and plural)

2. NOMINATIVE PLURAL ends in -A.

Exceptions:

- ◆ os, ossis, n. : genitive is **ossum**
- ◆ vas, vasis, n. : singular type *corpus*, plural II. declension *septum*
- ◆ hepar, atis, n. : type *corpus*

Important to notice: most words ending in **-oma** are types of tumors