

SEMINAR 8B – PRONOUNS 2

QUESTIONS (to answer after you have studied the seminar handout carefully)

1. The reflexive pronouns have *two uses*. Which ones? Give examples in sentences.
2. Explain the difference in meaning between the following sentences:
 - a) She poured *herself* a glass of wine.
 - b) She poured *her* a glass of wine.
 - c) Paul told John to look at *him*.
 - d) Paul told John to look at *himself*.
3. Which *reflexive* pronoun is 'indefinite' and when can we use it?
4. Give examples of the following verbs in sentences and explain whether we use reflexive pronouns with them:
 - a) a reflexive verb
 - b) semi-reflexive verb
 - c) nonreflexive verb (can take a reflexive pronoun, but doesn't have to)
5. Do we need to use *reflexive* pronouns with the verb 'enjoy'?
6. Choose the right pronouns:
 - a) I don't have any money on *me / myself*.
 - b) She was sitting by *her / herself*. (=on her own)
 - c) I was sitting by *her / herself*.
 - d) He was beside *him / himself* with rage.
 - e) She looked about *her / herself*.
 - f) She looked after *her / herself*.
7. Which of the following sentences illustrate the *emphatic* use of the reflexive pronouns? What's the meaning of the reflexive pronouns? Can we change their position within the sentence in this use?
 - a) John himself told me about the meeting.
 - b) Carol dressed herself and put on some make up.
 - c) I myself would never do it.
 - d) Did you talk to the manager himself?

8. Explain the difference between the following sentences:
- Mary and Jane stood in front of the mirror and looked at themselves.
 - Mary and Jane looked at each other.
9. Explain the two main uses of *possessive* pronouns, give examples in sentences.
10. We can modify the possessive pronouns using only one word. Which one? Give a few examples in sentences.
11. Explain the difference between *restrictive* and *nonrestrictive* relative clauses – see the examples. Could we use other relative pronouns in them?
- My house, which I bought last year, has got a lovely garden.
 - Is that the woman who you met at the concert?
12. Which of the following sentences are wrong? Correct them.
- The man who wants to buy our car phoned yesterday.
 - The man that we saw running from the bank was a robber.
 - The woman with whom he came to the party was his cousin.
 - The girl about that he told me the other day was waiting for him in front of the school.
 - The students which don't pass the test will have to take it again.

In which of these sentences can we *leave out the relative pronouns*?

13. Consider the following sentences and explain how we use the *interrogative* pronouns.
- What* director do you like best?
 - Which* director do you like best?
 - Who* is your favourite actor?
 - Which* is your favourite actor?
14. Demonstrative pronouns do not refer only to space. What else do they refer to? Give examples.
15. What's the difference between the following sentences?
- This* is my friend Charlie.
 - That* is my friend Charlie.

- c) *This* is how it's done.
- d) *That* is how it's done.

16. What does '*that*' imply in the following sentences?

- a) Janet is coming. I hope she doesn't bring *that* husband of hers.
- b) She's awful, *that* Mabel.