

Part 1_2

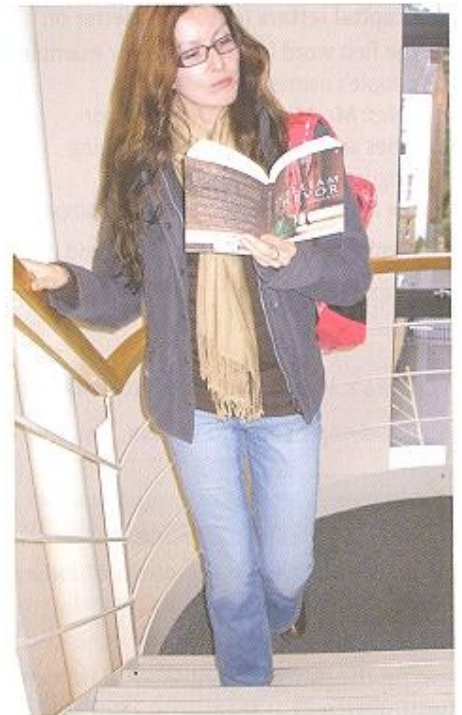
- 3 Read the magazine article *How do you read?* Compare your lists in exercise 2 with the information in the article.

How do you read?

People read in many different places, for example in a park, on a bus, or in a car. This is because books, newspapers, magazines, and so on, are easy to carry. We also read in many different ways, and at different speeds.

Sometimes we read quickly. We just want to get the general idea from a newspaper article, a report, or a book in a bookshop. Perhaps we want to know what it is about, or if it is interesting or important. We call this type of reading 'skimming'. We also read quickly to get a particular piece of information, such as a date, a telephone number, or the name of a restaurant. This is called 'scanning'. We scan timetables, telephone directories, dictionaries, and web pages.

At other times we need to read more carefully. For example, we read a textbook, an article, or a report to understand everything. This is called 'intensive reading' or 'study reading'. Then we read slowly and check the meaning. We use our dictionaries a lot to help us. Perhaps we take notes and try to remember things. Sometimes we need to learn things by heart, for example a poem, or a mathematical equation.



- 4 **Read Study Skill** Match situations 1–3 with the ways of reading a–c.

STUDY SKILL Ways of reading

A good reader reads in different ways.

Sometimes you read **slowly and carefully** (*intensive reading / study reading*).

At other times you read **quickly** for the **general idea** (*skimming*) or for **information** (*scanning*).

A good reader chooses the right way to read.

situations	ways of reading
1 <input type="checkbox"/> reading a chapter of a physics textbook to understand a topic	a study reading
2 <input type="checkbox"/> looking for a room number on an exam timetable	b skimming
3 <input type="checkbox"/> choosing an interesting book to read	c scanning

