Name:

FIRST AID

Resuscitation In which cases do we initiate resuscitation?				
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ea1RJUOiNfQ primary survey				
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BQNNOh8c8ks CPR adult				
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ea1RJUOiNfQ AED				
Correct performance of resuscitation:				
 Arms stretched Extended elbows Interwoven fingers Resuscitate at the centre of the sternum Frequency 100/minute Depth 4 to 5 cm 				
Proper artificial respiration:				
 Head tilt Chin tilt Pinch nose Open mouth Exhale fluently into mouth 				
In which cases do we not provide artificial respiration?				
Resuscitation of a child:				
Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=avYRvVHAvfM - baby				
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ea1RJUOiNfQ - child				
What are the specifics of first aid?				

Name:

EPILEPSY

Play students a video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ovsw7tdneqE at about 1:00 stop the video - space for discussion: How can I help a disabled person? What comes next? Then play the rest of the video where all the important points are summarised.

Scenarios: Students get assigned or draw a situation and try to simulate it as best as they can. The other students work as an onlookers and evaluate the performance of first aid.

Scenarios suggestions:

Student A - disabled/injured

A student simulates unconsciousness. He/she lies on the ground, does not move, does not breathe, and we cannot feel his heartbeat.

Student B - rescuer

Passer-by. He/she notices the unconscious and initiates the correct first aid procedure.

C – other students decide whether student B provided first aid correctly

Student A – disabled/injured

A student simulates unconsciousness. He/she lies on the ground, does not move, does not breathe, and we cannot feel his heartbeat.

Student B - rescuer

Passer-by. He/she notices the unconscious and initiates the correct first aid procedure.

Students C – other passer-by

The task of others will be to deliberately interfere with the provision of first aid - so the rescuer will work under pressure.

Student A – disabled/injured

A student simulates myocardial infarction. Symptoms: chest pain, constricting upper pain in limb, neck and abdomen; vomiting, sweating, restlessness, shortness of breath

Name:

Ctud	ant	R _	rescuer	

The rescuer recognizes the symptoms of a heart attack and initiates first aid.

C – other students will recognize what non-injury emergency status it was and decide whether student B provided the PP correctly

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gDwt7dD3awc

Student A – injured pupil

A student simulates a fracture of the upper limb. He/she stumbles over a school backpack in the aisle between the benches.

Student B – teacher, treating

A teacher expects a fracture and provide first aid, involves other pupils (C)

C – other pupils in the class

Student A – disabled/injured

Asthma attack. Dyspnoea seizure, tickly cough, breathing with wheezing.

Student B - rescuer

A student decides on the condition of the affected person and starts first aid.

C – other students decide whether student B provided first aid correctly

After each scenario, summarize the situation and the main points.

A table can be made in which students will fill in the information:

INJURY/STATE	DESCRIPTION-SYMPTOMS	FIRST AID