

Příklad 1: Vypočítejte následující limity:

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x \cdot \sin x} &= \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] \stackrel{\text{L'Hosp.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{0 + \sin x}{1 \cdot \sin x + x \cdot \cos x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + x \cdot \cos x} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] \stackrel{\text{L'Hosp.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{\cos x + \cos x - x \cdot \sin x} \\ &= \frac{1}{1+1-0 \cdot 0} = \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\ln x}{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right)} &= \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] \stackrel{\text{L'Hosp.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\sin\frac{\pi}{2}x \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{1}{-\frac{\pi}{2}} \\ &= \underline{\underline{-\frac{2}{\pi}}} \end{aligned}$$

Příklad 1: Vypočtěte následující limity:

$$6. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^3 \cdot \ln \frac{1}{x} = [0 \cdot \infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln \frac{1}{x}}{x^3} = \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L'Hosp.} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x} \cdot (-1) \cdot x^{-2}}{-3 \cdot x^{-4}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x^3}}{\frac{-3}{x^4}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x^4}{3x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x^3}{3} = \underline{\underline{0}} \end{aligned}$$

$$9. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x = [0 \cdot (-\infty)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} = \left[ \frac{-\infty}{\infty} \right]$$

$$\text{L'Hosp.} \\ = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-x^2}{-1} = \underline{\underline{0}}$$

Příklad 1: Vypočítejte následující limity:

$$\begin{aligned}
 11. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\cos 3x)^{\frac{1}{x^2}} &= [1^\infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} e^{\ln (\cos 3x)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}} \\
 &= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \ln (\cos 3x)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}} \stackrel{(*)}{=} e^{-\frac{9}{2}} \\
 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \ln (\cos 3x)^{\frac{1}{x^2}} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x^2} \cdot \ln (\cos 3x) = [\infty \cdot 0] \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln (\cos 3x)}{x^2} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] \stackrel{\text{L'Hosp.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\cos 3x} \cdot (-\sin 3x) \cdot 3}{2x} \\
 &= \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] \stackrel{\text{L'Hosp.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3 \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 3x} \cdot 3}{2} = \frac{-9}{2} \quad (*) \quad \boxed{-3 \cdot \tan 3x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 12. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} x^{\frac{1}{1-x}} &= [1^\infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} e^{\ln x^{\frac{1}{1-x}}} \\
 &= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x^{\frac{1}{1-x}}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{1}{1-x} \cdot \ln x} \stackrel{(*)}{=} e^{-1} = \frac{1}{e} \\
 \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln x}{1-x} &= \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] \stackrel{\text{L'Hosp.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-1} = \underline{\underline{-1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Příklad 1: Vypočtěte následující limity:

$$16. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \left( \frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{1}{\ln x} \right) = [\infty - \infty]$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x \cdot \ln x - x + 1}{(x-1) \cdot \ln x} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] \stackrel{L'Hosp.}{=} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln x + \cancel{x \cdot \frac{1}{x}} - 1}{\ln x + (x-1) \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln x}{\ln x + \frac{x-1}{x}} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right]$$

$$\stackrel{L'Hosp.}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{x+1}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x}{x+1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$17. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x \cdot \sin x} - \frac{1}{x^2} \right) = [\infty - \infty]$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin x}{x^2 \cdot \sin x} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] \stackrel{L'Hosp.}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{2x \cdot \sin x + x^2 \cdot \cos x} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right]$$

$$\stackrel{L'Hosp.}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2 \cdot \sin x + \underbrace{2x \cdot \cos x + 2x \cdot \cos x - x^2 \cdot \sin x}_{4x \cdot \cos x}} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right]$$

$$\stackrel{L'Hosp.}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{\underbrace{2 \cos x + 4 \cdot \cos x}_{6 \cos x} - \underbrace{4x \cdot \sin x}_0 - \underbrace{2x \cdot \sin x}_0 - \underbrace{x^2 \cdot \cos x}_0} = \frac{1}{6}$$