Selected Topics in History of Science

Doing Science Internationally in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century

Lecture 3

21 March 2024

## Doing Science Internationally in the early 20th century



### Science communication

- Polished pieces of thought
  - books and articles
  - periodicals
- How do we know what scientists thought?
  - manuscripts (even fragments)
  - letters (if preserved)
- How do we know who talked to whom?
  - mentioning them in letters, reports and other ephemerals
  - word of mouth

## Science done internationally?

- What does it mean?
  - Letter Exchange
  - Translations
  - Universities as meeting places
  - Studying abroad
- Obstacles to meeting in person:
  - Distance
  - Borders

- ...

### 1893: Columbian exhibition

- Meeting of mathematicians: associated
- Organised by Felix Klein
- Two other participants from Europe:
  - Eduard Study
  - Norbert Herz
- Compare: Antonín Dvořák (1892-1895)
  - Journey nine days (train, ship, train)
  - for a stay months, not days, long

## American mathematics: offspring of German and British mathematics?

James Joseph Sylvester

(1814-1897)



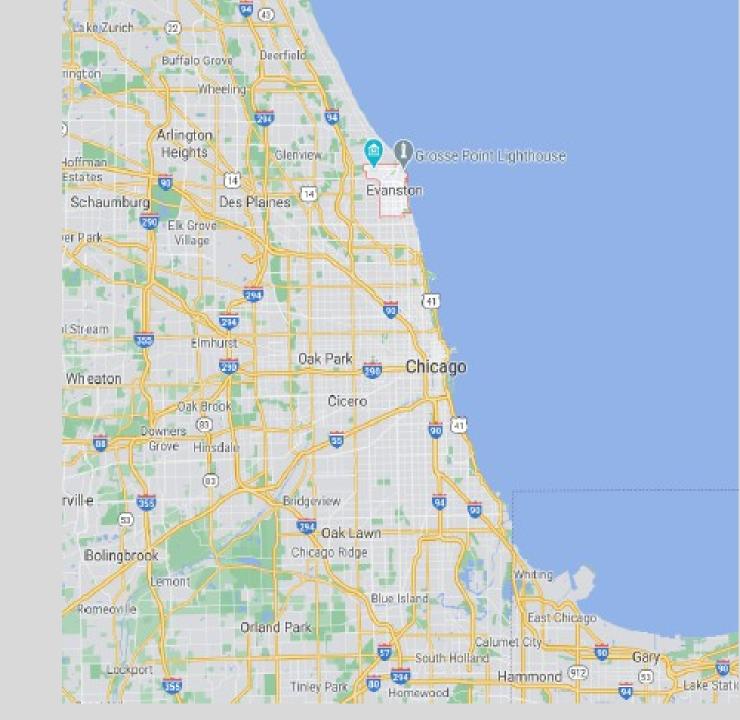
Felix Klein (1849-1925)



### Evanston, IL 1893

- Lectures by Felix Klein
- for American mathematicians

- from 28 August
- to 9 September

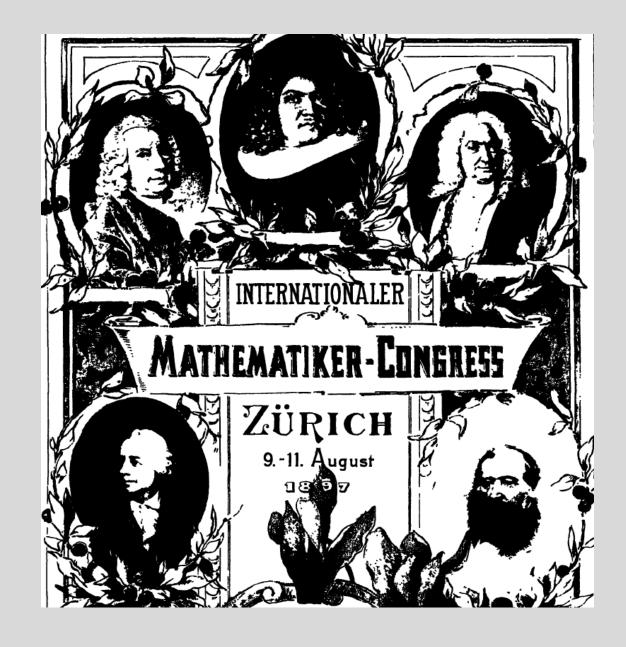


# International Congress of Mathematicians: Before the Great War

- Zurich, Switzerland (1897)
- Paris, France (1900)
- Heidelberg, Germany (1904)
- Rome, Italy (1908)
- Cambridge, UK (1912)

## Zurich 1897

- Daniel Bernoulli (1700-1782)
- Jacob Bernoulli (1654-1705)
- Johann Bernoulli (1667-1748)
- Leonhard Euler (1707-1783)
- Jakob Steiner (1796-1863)



## **Paris 1900**

- Start of a new century
- David Hilbert (1862-1943)
- French mathematicians:
- Charles Hermite (1822-1901)
- Friend with M. Lerch (1860-1922)

Henri Poincaré (1854-1912)

#### COMPTE RENDU

DΙ

### DEUXIÈME CONGRÈS INTERNATIONAL

### DES MATHÉMATICIENS

TENU A PARIS DU 6 AU 12 AOUT 1900.

#### PROCES-VERBAUX ET COMMUNICATIONS

PUBLIÉS PAR

#### E. DUPORCQ,

Ingénieur des Télégraphes, Secrétaire général du Congrès.



#### PARIS,

GAUTHIER-VILLARS, IMPRIMEUR-LIBRAIRE

DU BUREAU DES LONGITUDES, DE L'ÉCOLE POLYTECHNIQUE,
Quai des Grands-Augustins, 55.

1902

## Heidelberg 1904

- Remembering:
- Carl Gustav Jacobi
- (1804-1851)

- Affiliations:
- Towns, not countries

### VERHANDLUNGEN

DES DRITTEN INTERNATIONALEN

### MATHEMATIKER-KONGRESSES

IN HEIDELBERG VOM 8. BIS 13. AUGUST 1904.

HERAUSGEGEBEN VON DEM SCHRIFTFÜHRER DES KONGRESSES

DR. A. KRAZER

PROFESSOR AN DER TECHNISCHEN HOCHSCHULE KARLSRUHE I. B.

MIT EINER ANSICHT VON HEIDELBERG IN HELIOGRAVÜRE.



## **Rome** 1908

Guido Castelnuovo (1865-1952)

- Representatives of math. societies and institutions:
- Academis of science
- Mathematical societies
- Smithsonian Institution
- Ministries
- Government representation

### ATTI

DEL IV CONGRESSO INTERNAZIONALE

DEI

### MATEMATICI

(Roma, 6-11 Aprile 1908)

PUBBLICAT

PER CURA DEL SEGRETARIO GENERALE

G. CASTELNUOVO

PROF. ALL'UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA

## Cambridge 1912

- Local organising committee
- International programme committee

- Introducers of sections
- (nowadays: chairs)

### **PROCEEDINGS**

OF THE FIFTH INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS

OF

### MATHEMATICIANS

(Cambridge, 22—28 August 1912)

EDITED BY THE GENERAL SECRETARIES OF THE CONGRESS

E. W. HOBSON

SADLEIRIAN PROFESSOR OF PURE MATHEMATICS IN THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

AND

A. E. H. LOVE

SEDLEIAN PROFESSOR OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD

### Repercussions of the Great War

- ICSU international science council
- Abbreviations: in French (diplomatic language, language of post office, ...)
- Founded by the French and Belgians
- Excluded from international scientific communication: Germans

(also: Austrians, Bulgarians --- that is: those who lost)

## International Congress of Mathematicians in the Interbellum

- Strasbourg, France (1920)
- Toronto, Canada (1924)
- Bologna, Italy (1928)
- Zurich, Switzerland (1932)
- Oslo, Norway (1936)

## Strasbourg 1920

 Introducing new international organisations

Excluding Germans

• IMU: without Felix Klein, David Hilbert, and others

• Resistance (1924)

#### COMPTES RENDUS

 $\mathbf{D}\mathbf{U}$ 

### CONGRES INTERNATIONAL

DES

### **MATHÉMATICIENS**

(Strasbourg, 22-30 Septembre 1920)

PUBLIÉS PAR

#### HENRI VILLAT

Professeur à l'Université de Strasbourg.



#### TOULOUSE

IMPRIMERIE ET LIBRAIRIE ÉDOUARD PRIVAT
Librairie de l'Université

14, RUE DES ARTS (SQUARE DU MUSÉE)

1921

## Toronto 1924

First on the American continent

- Czech participation
- In parallel: conference on applied mathematics in Delft, NL – German scholars also invited

### **PROCEEDINGS**

OF THE

### INTERNATIONAL

### MATHEMATICAL CONGRESS

HELD IN

TORONTO, AUGUST 11-16, 1924

EDITED BY

J. C. FIELDS

RESEARCH PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS IN THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

WITH THE COLLABORATION OF AN EDITORIAL COMMITTEE

VOL. I

REPORT OF THE CONGRESS LECTURES COMMUNICATIONS TO SECTIONS I AND II

> TORONTO: THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO PRESS 1928

## Bologna 1928

- Germans were (finally!) also allowed to participate
- Diplomacy
- Is this an international congress?
- What about the ones before?
- Were they truly international?

### ATTI

DEL

## CONGRESSO INTERNAZIONALE DEI MATEMATICI

BOLOGNA 3-10 SETTEMBRE 1928 (VI)

TOMO I.

RENDICONTO DEL CONGRESSO
CONFERENZE



## Zurich 1932

- In parallel:
- Rockefeller foundation grants
- Institute for Advanced Study founded in Princeton
- (Oswald Veblen)

Verhandlungen des Internationalen Mathematiker-Kongresses Zürich 1932

### I. Band

### Bericht und Allgemeine Vorträge

Im Auftrage des Komitees für den Internationalen Mathematiker-Kongress Zürich 1932 herausgegeben von

Dr. Walter Saxer Professor an der Eidg. Techn. Hochschule



ORELL FÜSSLI VERLAG ZÜRICH UND LEIPZIG

## **Oslo 1936**

Commemorating
 Niels Henrik Abel (1802-1829)

- Note the sign
- And the language
- Congresses growing in size

### COMPTES RENDUS

### CONGRÈS INTERNATIONAL DES MATHÉMATICIENS

OSLO 1936

Tome I

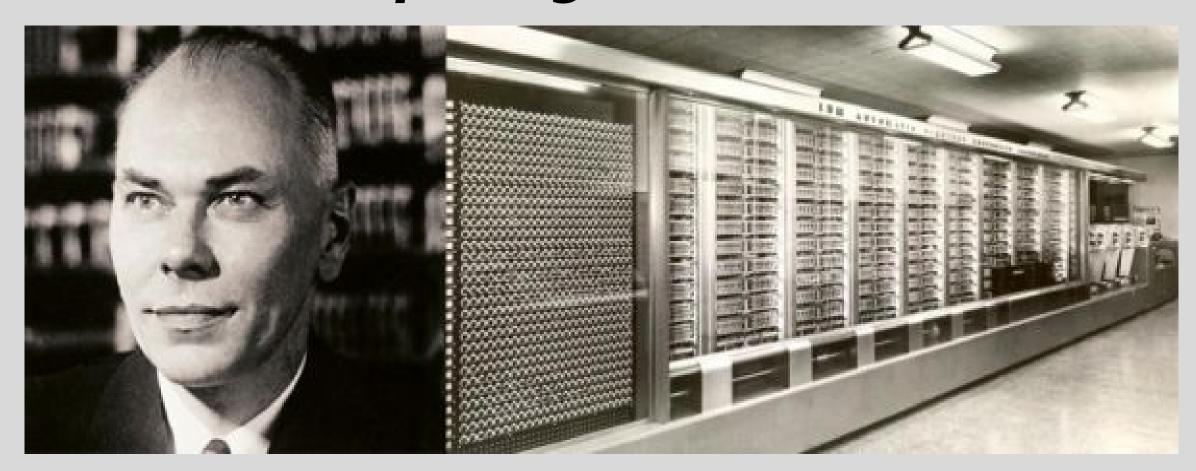
Procès-Verbaux Conférences Générales



A. W. BRØGGERS BOKTRYKKERI A/S

**OSLO 1937** 

## Evening lecture by Howard Aiken at ICM 1950: Computing Machines



1st International Congress of Mathematicians after WWII: Cambridge, MA / Harvard (1950)



http://legacy-www.math.harvard.edu/history/icm1950/index.html