











INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

CONDITIONALS

There are four basic types of **conditional sentences**:

Zero conditional: I take my umbrella if it rains.

First conditional: I'll call you if I work late.

Second conditional: If the bus didn't arrive on time, I would drive you to the airport.

Third conditional: She wouldn't have come if I hadn't invited her.

Zero conditional

USE:

The zero conditional describes situations that are always true; we use it to **state general truths**. If has the same meaning as when (or whenever).

If I go to school, I get up at seven. (Whenever I go to school I get up at the same time.) If you park your car on double yellow lines, you pay a fine. (Whenever you park illegally, you pay a fine.) If we heat ice, it melts, = Ice melts if we heat it.

FORM:

We use the **present simple tense** in both the main clause and the if clause. If + present tense, present tense.

First conditional

USE:

The first conditional refers to the present or future. The first conditional sentences are used to speculate about possible situations that can really happen.

We do not use "will" in an if clause to describe future activities (compare it to time clauses).

If he studies hard, he'll pass the exams. If we catch the 10.15 train, we will arrive on time. If you don't get the ticket, what will you do?

FORM:

If + present tense, will + infinitive of verb











Second conditional

USE:

The second conditional also refers to the present or future. In second conditional sentences we speculate about situations that will probably never happen.

If I had more time, I would help you. (But I am not free at the moment. I can't help you).

If I won a million dollars, I would start a business of my own. (But I know that it is not realistic.)

Form

If + past tense, would + infinitive of verb

Note: the verb to be can have a specific form in the if clause.

If I were rich, I wouldn't work. If he were younger, he would marry her.

(But was is also possible: If I was rich, I wouldn't work. If he was younger, he would marry her.)

But: If I were you, I wouldn't do it. (In this expression, were is much more usual than was.)

EXERCISE:

First conditional			
1.	If you	(send) this letter now, she	(receive) it tomorrow.
2.	If I	_(do) this test, I(im	prove) my English.
3.	If I	(find) your ring, I	_(give) it back to you.
4.	Peggy	(go) shopping if she	(have) time in the afternoon.
5.	Simon	(go) to London next week if he	e(get) a cheap flight.
6.	If her boyfriend	(phone / not) toda	ay, she(leave) him.
7.	If theyexam.	(study / not) harder, they	(pass / not) the
Second conditional			
1.	If we	(have) a yacht, we	(sail) the seven seas.
2.	If he	(have) more time, he	(learn) karate.
3.	If they	(tell) their father, he	(be) very angry.
4.	She	(spend) a year in the USA if it	(be) easier to get a green
5.	My brother	(buy) a sports car if he	(have) the money.
6.	If I	(feel) better, I	(go) to the cinema with you.
7	If you	(go) by bike more often, you	(be / not) so

(adapted from http://www.ego4u.com)

flabby.

KEY: CONDITIONALS

1) First conditional

- 1. If you send this letter now, she will receive it tomorrow.
- 2. If I do this test, I will improve my English.
- 3. If I find your ring, I will give it back to you.
- 4. Peggy will go shopping if she has time in the afternoon.
- 5. Simon will go to London next week if he gets a cheap flight.
- 6. If her boyfriend doesn't phone today, she will leave him.
- 7. If they don't study harder, Theky won't pass the exam.

2) Second conditional

- 1. If we had a yacht, we would sail the seven seas.
- 2. If he had more time, he would learn karate.
- 3. If they told their father, he would be very angry.
- 4. She would spend a year in the USA if it was easier to get a green card.
- 5. My brother would buy a sports car if he had the money.
- 6. If I felt better, I would go to the cinema with you.
- 7. If you went by bike more often, you wouldn't be so flabby.