Communication, means of communication

Communication is the act of sharing or exchanging information, ideas or feelings. It is a vital part of personal life and is important in any other situation where people encounter each other.



How can these people communicate?



face to face – with words or non-verbally



writing (books, letters, photographs, etc. – an early version of movable type of communication)



by different types of electronic communication

- **telephone**, **radio and television** all of them are modern types of communication. There is no doubt that they have been most important communication technologies in history.
- **computers and information technologies**: letters, memos, reports and other documents can be transmitted almost anywhere at the speed of light

Which of these types of communication do you use very often?

Use of the Internet



The Internet is the foundation of computer networks. It is interconnected by both wires and by waves forwarded directly and through satellites. Computer networks can carry all kinds of digital information, including video images, sounds, graphics, animations and text. Computers are used in business, education and free time.

Vocabulary

On the internet

Web address = internet address

Broadband – with a broadband connection you can get information from the internet very fast

Fast (also quick) opposite slow

Online = on the internet

Chatroom – a place on the internet where people read and reply to messages, usually about a subject (e.g. cars, music)

Download – if you download information from the internet, you copy it to your computer (the information is called data)

MP3 player – a small machine you can listen to music on, e.g.an iPod

Practice

A Is the meaning the same or different? Write S or D. Read the example first.

>	Online	On the internet	S
1	web adress	email adress	
2	visit a website	go to a website	
3	a search engine	a website	
4	fast	quick	
5	MP3 player	CD player	
6	download songs	copy songs from the internet	
7	go online	use the internet	
8	visit a chatroom	chat online	
9	broadband	download	
10	data	computer information	

B Complete this extract from a guide to using the internet with the following:

chat room, download, newsgroup, online, sites, web page

The World Wide Web is made up of millions of 1 created by anybody from multimedia corporations to ordinary people like you and me. On the web you can read 2 newspapers and magazines; you can watch videos,

Making contact by phones



Phone numbers	What's your phone number? It's 245731.		
	What's your mobile number? It's 077000 900 796.		
	What's the (area) code for Liverpool? It's 0151.		
Phone verbs	You call or ring someone. = phone someone		
	You text someone. = send someone a text (message), e.g. CUL8R = see you later		
	You take a message . = take information during a phone call and give it		
	to someone else		
	You leave a message . = give information to someone on the phone who then		
	gives it to someone else		
Phone problems	The line is engaged/busy . = the person you phoned is speaking on the phone		
	The person is out/isn't in. = not there		
	It's the wrong number . = you make a mistake with the number		
	The battery is flat on the mobile. = no electricity		

Phone conversations

First listen to the two phone calls.

Then work in pairs and practise the conversations. When you finish, change roles.

Laura (L) is phoning Brenda (B).

- B Hallo?
- L Is that Brenda?
- B Yes, speaking.
- L Oh, hello. This is Laura, Laura Freebairn.
- B Hi, Laura, how are you?
- L I'm fine, thanks. Is Jessica in, please?
- B Yes, just a moment I'll get her for you back this evening?

Paul Jackson (PJ) is speaking to a receptionist (R).

- R Hello?
- PJ Oh, hello, can I speak to Mr. Grant, please?
- R I'm sorry, but he's out at the moment. Who's calling?
- PJ It's Paul Jackson.
- R Right, and do you want to leave a message?
- PJ Yes, please. Can you tell him I'll ring him
- R Of course, no problem.
- PJ Thanks very much. Goodbye.

Making a call

What words are missing in the conversations below?

Think the words over and then compare them with those in the recording.

1. Hello.	2. Hello.
☞ Hi. Is Liz?	Fig. Hello. Is David, please?
Yes, who's that? I can hardly hear you.	I'm afraid he's out. Can I?
Diana. I'm on my mobile	No, don't worry. I'll later
3. Could I speak to Judith, please?	
* I think you must have the number. The	nere's of that name here.

Phone messages



Listen and complete the phone messages (answering machine messages).

Listen to the messages again and answer the questions.

But I'll try to 11 you again later.

1 What is Rachel's phone number? 2 What is a good time to call her? 3 What is Bella's phone number?

4 What is her family name?

How to write an email in English

Emails are often seen as less formal than printed business letters. In the business world you cannot afford to let your language appear to be informal.

Use this link to find out more

http://www.englishtown.com/community/channels/article.aspx?articlename=184-email