

Lesson 7 / Handout 7a

Match the following semantic roles of adverbials to the examples below:

degree contingency(result) space(position) modality(approximation) time(position)
modality(restriction) contingency(cause) process(manner) space(direction)
contingency(reason) process(instrument) time(duration) contingency(purpose)
process(agency) contingency(concession) time(frequency) contingency(condition)

1. a) *The child was asleep **on the grass**.*
b) *The woman walked **down the hill**.*
2. a) *He was born **in 1978**.*
b) *I shall be in New York **until Thursday**.*
c) *They **very seldom** went to see their grandparents.*
3. a) *The teacher explained everything **very clearly**.*
b) *He has difficulty eating **with chopsticks**.*
c) *This book was written **by Ernest Hemingway**.*
4. a) *Her father died **of cancer**.*
b) *She bought the book **through an interest in linguistics**.*
c) *She bought the book **to study linguistics**.*
d) *She read the book carefully, **so she acquired a good knowledge of linguistics**.*
e) ***If she reads the book carefully**, she will acquire a good knowledge of linguistics.*
f) ***Though she read the book carefully**, she didn't achieve much knowledge of linguistics.*
5. a) *He is **probably** going to leave.*
b) *He should be in London **only** until Tuesday.*
6. a) *Her father helped her **a little** with her research.*

References:

Greenbaum, S. and R. Quirk (1990) *A Student's Grammar of the English Language*. Harlow: Longman. (pp. 158-160)