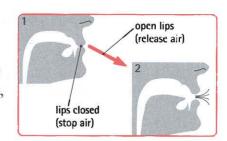
Pack your bags

/p/ and /b/

How to make the sound /p/



- 693 Look at the diagrams. Listen and say the sound.
 - 1 Stop the air behind your lips.
 - 2 Open your lips to release the air. If you hold a piece of paper in front of your mouth when you open your lips, the paper moves. Target sound: /pə/



Sound and spelling



A69b • /p/ is spelled p or pp. Listen and say these words:

push stop pp happy stopping



A69 Note: p is silent at the beginning of a few words. Listen and repeat. psychology

Note: The word *cupboard* is pronounced /'kabad/ - don't pronounce the p.

Note: ph is usually pronounced /f/: phone, photo, autograph.

Note: /pi:/ is the name of the letter P in the alphabet. People often say /pi:/ for pence: 'It costs 75p.'

A69d • Listen and say these phrases.

1 a piece of paper 2 Push or pull?

3 a deep sleep

4 a cheap trip round Europe

lips closed

(stop air)

open lips (release air)

How to make the sound /b/



A70a • Look at the diagrams. Listen and say the sound.

- 1 Stop the air behind your lips.
- 2 Open your lips to release the air.

/b/ is different from /p/ in two ways:

- 1 If you hold a piece of paper in front of your mouth when you open your lips, the paper does not move.
- 2 There is voicing (vibration from the throat). Target sound: /bə/



Listen and say the two sounds. /pə/ /bə/

Sound and spelling



A70s • /b/ is spelled b or bb. Listen and say these words. rob best robber



A704 Note: b is silent at the end of a few words. Listen and repeat. climb comb thumb bomb Note: /bi:/ is the name of the letter B in the alphabet.



Listen and say these phrases and sentences.



- 1 big business
- 2 When was the baby born?
- 3 It's better to bake your own bread than to buy it.
- 4 What's that big building between the bank and the library?



Now listen and say these sentences with /p/ and /b/.

1 Pamela's got a new job.

- 3 Can you remember Pete's phone number?
- 2 Paul's got big problems with his neighbours.
- 4 Pack your bags and bring your passport.



Sometimes you don't hear /o/ or /b/ clearly at the end of a word. Listen.



- 1 Stop! 2 Don't drop that!
- 3 Hey, Bob! 4 the worldwide web

Hey, Bo(b)!

Don't dro(p) that!

the worldwide we(b)

Exercises

11.1 Write the words. Choose from the words in the box.

| | | | | | | | | | ight br | |
|-------|------|------|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|-----|---------|-----|
| | | | | | paper | part | party | pay | pepper | pie |
| piece | pool | pull | purse | put | | | | | | |

| 1 /bɪl/ | bill | 8 /pæk/ | *************************************** | 15 /bæk/ | |
|----------|------|-------------|---|------------|---|
| 2 /pirs/ | | 9 /bpm/ | | 16 /burts/ | *************************************** |
| 3 /bai/ | | 10 /'pepə/ | | 17 /pu:l/ | |
| 4 /psis/ | | 11 /'bʌtə/ | | 18 /brəd/ | |
| 5 /blæk/ | | 12 /part/ | | 19 /put/ | |
| 6 /peɪ/ | | 13 /buk/ | | 20 /bort/ | |
| 7 /bat/ | | 14 /'parti/ | | | |

- A71 Listen to check your answers. Check with the Key. Then listen and repeat.
- 11.2 Complete the words with p or b.
 - 1 Can you help me _aint the _edroom wardro_e?
 - 2 Brian's _lond, and he's got a _ig _eard.
 - 3 We're going to the _ub. It's my _rother's _irthday.
 - 4 Where did I _ut my _lack _oots?
 - 5 We asked the waiter to _ring the _ill, and it was dou_le what we expected!
- Listen to check your answers. Check with the Key. Then listen and repeat.
- 11.3 Listen and fill the gaps.
- EXAMPLE

Are you going to the _______?

1 We'll have to change that ______.

2 Looking for a ______?

3 It isn't on the ______.

4 Shall we give him a ______?

5 Do we have to walk ______ that hill?

6 ______ the bus – I want to get off!

7 I ______ you have a good time!

8 ______ vourself!

Check with the Key. Then listen and repeat.



Can you help me paint the bedroom wardrobe?

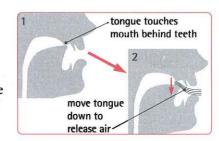
- 11.4 Listen and circle the word you hear. Check with the Key. If you find any of these difficult, go to Section E3 Sound pairs for further practice.
- 1 pears / bears (\Rightarrow sound pair 23) 2 pear / fair (\Rightarrow sound pair 24) 3 copies / coffees (\Rightarrow sound pair 24)

Twenty days /t/ and /d/

How to make the sound /t/



- A75a Look at the diagrams. Listen and say the sound.
 - 1 Stop the air with your tongue behind your teeth.
 - 2 Move your tongue down to release the air. If you hold a piece of paper in front of your mouth when you move your tongue down, the paper moves. Target sound: /tə/



Sound and spelling



A75h • /t/ is usually spelled t or tt. Listen and say these words.

tea till ten top two twenty water bit complete eat eight light suit tt better bottle



1750 • /t/ is sometimes spelled ed in past tenses. Listen and say these words.

stopped washed



1750 • /t/ is spelled th in a few names. Listen and say these words.

Thailand Thames Thomas



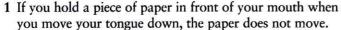
Note: The letter t is silent in a few words. Listen and say these words. listen castle Note: /tiː/ is the name of the letter T in the alphabet. /tiː/ is also the word tea.

How to make the sound /d/



- A76a Look at the diagrams. Listen and say the sound.
 - 1 Stop the air with your tongue behind your teeth.
 - 2 Move your tongue down to release the air.

/d/ is different from /t/ in two ways:



2 There is voicing (vibration from the throat). Target sound: /də/



ready

tongue touches mouth behind teeth



A766 ■ Listen and say the two sounds. /tə/ /də/

Sound and spelling



• /d/ is spelled d or dd. Listen and say these words.

d deep do door did head good dd add address ladder middle



Note: di: is the name of the letter D in the alphabet.



Sometimes you don't hear the /t/ or /d/ clearly at the end of a word. Listen to the difference.

for listening

1 something to eat 2 turn on the light

something to ea(t) 3 the end of the road turn on the ligh(t) 4 writing on the board

the end of the roald) writing on the boar(d)

The vowel sound is longer before |d| than before |t|. Listen.

roa(d) wro(te) boar(d) bough(t)

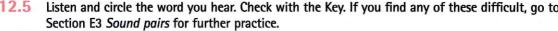


 You often don't hear a |t| or |d| when it's between other consonant sounds, so facts sounds like fax and next week sounds like necks week. Listen.

A: Tell me all the fac(t)s. B: I'll tell you nex(t) week.

Evercices

| | EXCICISES | | |
|----------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------|
| 12.1 (477) | Listen and complete the sentences. EXAMPLE What shall we dowek? 1 2001 was the time I went to Britain. 2 I some money in the street. 3 I worked hard week. 4 Do you know a place to eat near here? Check with the Key. Then listen again and repeat. | 5 I live in | house? |
| 12.2 (A78) | | 2 | |
| 12.3 (A ⁷ 9) | Listen and complete the sentences. 1 They us emails every day. 2 I all my money on CDs. 3 When it stopped snowing we went for a walk across the second process of the second process. 4 People houses next to the beach. Check with the Key. Then listen again and repeat. | he fields. | |
| 12.4 A80a | Listen and repeat these poems. Too many twos Tom and Tim were twins. Tom said to Tim, 'Can I talk to you?' Tim said to Tom, 'Ssh, wait a minute One two is two Two twos are four Three twos are six Four twos are eight Five twos are ten' Tom said to Tim, 'And what are two fives?' Tim said to Tom, 'Two fives? Don't ask me!' | | |
| A80b | A difficult daughter Doctor Dixon said to his daughter Daria, 'Don't go down town after dark – it's dangerous.' Daria said, 'Don't worry, Dad, I won't. You know I never do.' Next day when he came home for dinner, he said, 'Daria, dear, you didn't go down town after dark, did you?' and she said, 'No, Dad, I didn't.' But she did. I don't know the details, but she definitely did. | | |
| 12.5 | Listen and circle the word you hear. Check with the Key. If y | you find any of these diffic | ult, go to |



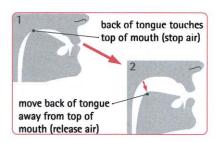
| 1 what / watch | (⇒ sound pair 25) |
|--------------------|---|
| 2 wide / white | (⇒ sound pair 26) |
| 3 dry / try | (⇒ sound pair 26) |
| 4 riding / writing | (⇒ sound pair 26) |
| 5 taught / thought | (⇒ sound pair 27) |
| | 2 wide / white3 dry / try4 riding / writing |

Cats and dogs /k/ and /g/

How to make the sound /k/



- (B2a) Look at the diagrams. Listen and say the sound.
 - 1 Stop the air with the back of your tongue against the top of your mouth.
 - 2 Move your tongue to release the air. If you hold a piece of paper in front of your mouth when you release the air, the paper moves. Target sound: /ka/



back of tongue touches top of mouth (stop air)

move back of tongue

away from top of

mouth (release air)

Sound and spelling



(B2b) • /k/ is usually spelled c, k or ck, and sometimes ch. Listen and say these words.

careful clean close colour

k kind kitchen desk like talk

ck black check pocket tick

ch school stomach chemist architect

• /kw/ is often spelled qu. Listen and say these words. quick quarter

• /ks/ is often spelled x. Listen and say these words. Note: The letter k is silent in a few words, e.g. know, knee, knife.

(B2e) • Listen and say these sentences.

1 Look in the kitchen cupboard.

2 Keep your keys in your pocket.

C

How to make the sound /g/



- (B3a) Look at the diagrams. Listen and say the sound.
 - 1 Stop the air with the back of your tongue against the top of your mouth.
 - 2 Move your tongue to release the air.

/g/ is different from /k/ in two ways:

1 If you hold a piece of paper in front of your mouth when you release the air, the paper does not move.

2 There is voicing (vibration from the throat). Target sound: /gə/



(B3b) • Listen and say the two sounds. /ka//ga/

Sound and spelling



(B3c) • /g/ is usually spelled g or gg. Listen and say these words. hungry garden girl glass go gold ago bigger



(B3d) • /gz/ is sometimes spelled x. Listen and say these words.

Note: The letter **q** is silent in some words, e.g. foreigner, sign, high, bought. Note: There is usually no |g| sound in words like sing, sings, singing, singer (see Unit 19).

Note: Some words have a silent u after g. Listen and say these words. guess dialogue

Now listen and say these sentences.



1 Can you guess the beginning of the dialogue? 2 Are you going jogging again?



for listening

You often don't hear /k/ or /g/ clearly in the middle or at the end of a word. Listen.

- 1 I li(k)ed the film the a(c)ting was perfe(c)t.
- 3 It was a dar(k) night.

2 Do you li(ke) fo(lk) musi(c)?

4 What's your do(g) called?

Exercises

13.1 Write the words. Choose from the words in the box.

| | again | | | | | | | | | |
|------|----------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|-------|
| | classica | | | | | | gave | get | give | great |
| grey | guess | guest | keys | kiss | walk | work | | | | |

| 1 | /gɪv/ | give | 8 /eik/ | 15 /bæg/ | |
|---|--------|------|------------|----------------|--|
| 2 | /big/ | | 9 /gest/ | 16 /'bigə/ | |
| 3 | /get/ | | 10 /bæk/ | 17 /kəuld/ | |
| 4 | /kəum/ | | 11 /'kpfi/ | 18 /'kæri/ | |
| 5 | /ki:z/ | | 12 /ə'gen/ | 19 /w3:k/ | |
| 6 | /keik/ | | 13 /wɔːk/ | 20 /greɪ/ | |
| 7 | /kis/ | | 14 /ka:ld/ | | |

- B4 Listen to check your answers. Check with the Key. Then listen and repeat.
- 13.2 Complete the words. They all have /k/ or /g/ sounds.
 - 1 Can I carry your ba_s?
 - 2 Give me a bi_ _iss.
 - 3 You _ave me _old _offee a_ain.
 - 4 A _rey _at with _reen eyes wal_ed into the _arden.
 - 5 The _uests would li_e e_ s for brea_fast.
 - Listen to check your answers.
 Check with the Key. Then listen and repeat.
- 13.3 Listen and fill the gaps.



Can I carry your bags?

| 4 | I'm going to buy a new to | omorrow. |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------|
| 5 | A: You don't | in your tea, do you? |
| | B: I do, in | |

- 7 Listen and

Listen to check your answers. Check with the Key. Then listen and repeat.

- 13.4 Listen and circle the word you hear. Check with the Key. If you find any of these difficult, go to Section E3 Sound pairs for further practice.
 - B7 1 back / bag (⇒ sound pair 28) 2 cold / gold (⇒ sound pair 28)