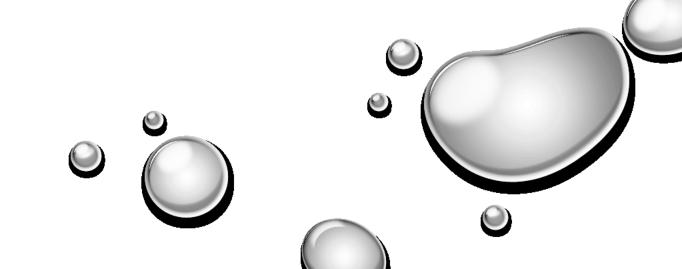


THE INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMME



WHAT IS THE INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMME

- ADDRESSES THE AREA OF BEHAVIOUR
- THE FOCUS LIES IN THE PROCESS OF CREATION = IT IS NOT A DEFINITIVE DOCUMENT CREATED BY THE SCHOOL TO BE ADOPTED BY PARENTS AND THE PUPIL
- IT IS BASED ON A DIALOGUE BETWEEN THE SCHOOL, PARENTS AND THE PUPIL
- IT IS NOT LINKED TO "SUPPORT INSTRUMENTS" (PO1 PLPP, PO2-5 IVP) AND ITS CREATION IS NOT CONDITIONAL ON COOPERATION WITH THE SCHOOL COUNSELLING CENTRE - IT IS THEREFORE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SCHOOL
- INDIVIDUAL LEARNING PLAN X INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMME



AREAS OF PUPIL RISKY/DIFFICULT BEHAVIOUR

- 1. DOES NOT BRING EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS SUCH AS EXERCISE BOOKS, PENCIL BOX ETC.
- 2. DOES NOT HAVE HOMEWORKS
- 3. DISTURBANCES IN THE CLASSROOM
- 3. REJECTS THE CLASSWORK
- 4. DOES NOT RESPECT/FOLLOW TEACHER'S INSTRUCTIONS
- 5. INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR TO CLASSMATES
- 6. INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR TO OTHER PEOPLE WHO WORK AT SCHOOL
- 7. COMING LATE TO SCHOOL
- 8. TRUANCY
- 9. HIDDEN TRUANCY

- 10. LOW MINDED BEHAVIOUR
- 11. AGRESSIVE BEHAVIOUR
- 12. BULLYING
- 13. THEFTS
- 14. DESTROYING SCHOOL PROPERTY
- 15. DESTROYING OTHER PEOPLE'S BELONGINGS
- 16. USE OF ADDICTIVE SUBSTANCES
- 17. PROVIDING ADDICTIVE SUBSTANCES AT SCHOOL OR CLOSE TO SCHOOL
- 18. BRINGING INAPPROPRIATE OBJECTS TO SCHOOL









MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

• https://www.msmt.cz/vzdelavani/zakladni-vzdelavani/individualni-vychovny-plan







4 DEGREES OF COOPERATION

- 1. A TALK WITH A PUPIL –ACHIEVING CHANGE IS BASED ON MOTIVATION OF THE PUPIL AND HIS/HER COMPETENCIES
- 2. A MEETING WITH A PUPIL AND PARENTS ACHIEVING CHANGE IS BASED ON MOTIVATION OF PARENTS AND THEIR COMPETENCIES
- INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMME BASED ON THE COMMITMENT
- 4. REFERRING THE CASE TO ANOTHER PARTY ("NETWORKING")









- IEP OFFERS A SPACE FOR MUTUAL DIALOGUE AND THE POSSIBILITY TO FIND AND SET APPROPRIATE SUPPORT FOR THE PUPIL/LEARNER
- DOCUMENTATION METHOD, IEP PROVIDES A TOOL FOR A STRUCTURED, UNIFORM PROCEDURE FOR DEALING WITH RISKY/DIFFICULT BEHAVIOUR
- IT IMPLIES LONG-TERM COOPERATION BETWEEN ALL PARTIES
- ALL PARTIES INVOLVED ACCEPTING AND SHARING RESPONSIBILITY
- ITS EFFECTIVENESS DEPENDS ON THE COMMITMENT OF ALL PARTIES
- CANNOT BE FORCED, VOLUNTARY
- DOES NOT SERVE TO LABEL A PUPIL AS GUILTY
- NOT AN INSTRUMENT OF REPRESSION
- NOT FOR PUNISHMENT









DIALOGUE

• Jan Švankmajer – Dimensions of Dialogue ("Exhausting dialogue")

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L-gGpWpra-g

- "There is nothing as terrible as being without a response"
- DIALOGICAL APPROACH WE FOCUS ON THE SPACE BETWEEN PEOPLE, THE PLACE WHERE WE MEET (BORDERLINE); MEANING IS NOT FIXED AND INTRINSIC TO THE OBJECT; MEANING IS FORMED IN THE ONGOING VERBAL EXCHANGE BETWEEN THE PARTICIPANTS IN THE DIALOGUE; CREATING DIALOGIC SPACE



GROUP WORK

- DIVISION OF ROLES (4 PEOPLE): PUPIL, PARENT, TEACHER, OBSERVER/RECORDER
- OBSERVER NOTICES THE DIALOGICAL PROCESS, PERCEIVES THE VERBAL AND NON-VERBAL COMPONENT; HOW QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS ARE FORMULATED AND HOW THE ADDRESSEE REACTS/RESPONDS
- SELECT AN AREA OF RISKY BEHAVIOUR, OUTLINE ONLY THE BASIC FEATURES
- PEDAGOGICAL EVALUATION MAPPING THE SITUATION TO SPECIFY THE PROBLEM, TO UNDERSTAND
- 2. AN AGREEMENT, THE FIRST STEP









LITERATURE

- SEIKKULA, J., & ARNKIL, T. E. (2006). *DIALOGICAL MEETINGS IN SOCIAL NETWORKS*. KARNAC BOOKS.
- ANDERSON, H. (1997). CONVERSATION, LANGUAGE, AND POSSIBILITIES: A POSTMODERN APPROACH TO THERAPY. BASIC BOOKS.

HTTPS://RELATIONAL.EDUCATION/EVALUATION/





