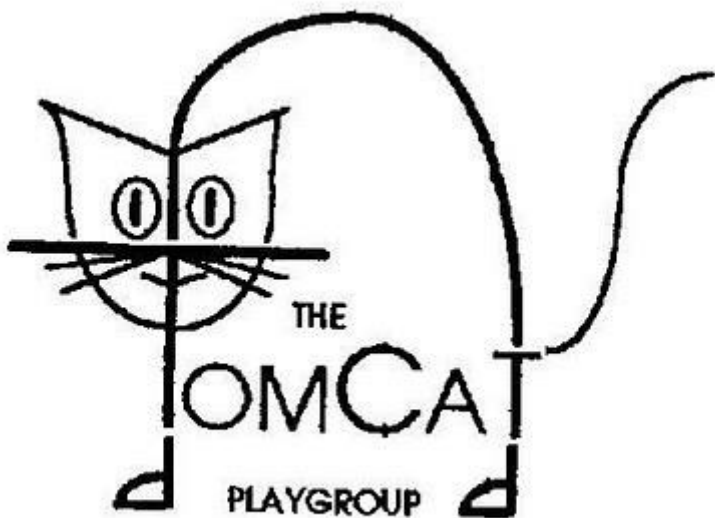


1st YEAR PHONETICS AND PHONOLOGY, Spring 2020:



Kateřina Tomková's lecture notes

Date	Event; Accent	1 Organization; 2 Hints for pronunciation; 3 Theory; 4 Listening; 5 Transcription and/or description of accent spoken	Reading assignment
Feb 17	American	<p>1 Introduction of subject and its facilitators; dates. The use of www.typeit.org.</p> <p>2 Suprasegmental features (stress, rhythm and intonation) as opposed to segments, sounds (vowels, diphthongs and consonants) diagnoses and FORM. Common mistakes, collection of errors. SINGING THE HALLELLUYAH P+P SONG. To illustrate the universality of reductions: karaoke singing of "Have You Ever Seen The Rain" by CCR.</p> <p>3 Delimitation of Phonetics (concrete, discreet sounds) and Phonology (works with phonemes and their functions in the system of a language). The succession of phoneticians at</p>	<p>Readings from Gimson.pdf in Study Materials. For readings in the updated issue of 2014, go to "Syllabus".</p>



UCL: Henry Sweet, Daniel Jones, A.C. Gimson, J.C. Wells.

4 The English Language in 24 Accents (general)

A Tour of the British Isles in Accents (British)

A fun tour of American accents by Amy Walker

5 American accent is RHOTIC, NASAL, with certain vowels more open such as /ɔ:/ and /ɒ/ and FLAPS of intervocalic /t/ (atom=Adam) and YOD DROPPING (duty). On the suprasegmental level, it associates STRESS and DURATION in some positions. Compare RP and GenAm pronunciations of words such as Veronica, economy, economist, economics and economical.

March 2

Standards:
RP, GenAm



1 Questions, queries and uncertainties settled.


2 Synthesis of skills. Standard versus accents. Perceptions. Speech models. Dictionaries.

Voicing and linking exercise: 'FIRST OF 'ALL, I'D 'LIKE TO A'POLOGIZE BE'CAUSE I 'DID IT ALL FOR THE 'LOVE OF 'ENGLISH.

3 Spoken versus written communication. Redundancy.

4 Educating Rita Part 1 starring Julie Walters and Michael Caine. The secrets of the posh accent (The Guardian): <http://www.theguardian.com/lifeandstyle/video/2014/se>

Gimson 1
Communication
up to p. 7

		<p>p/22/secrets-posh-accent-video-riot-club-vowels</p> <p>5 New trends in RP: INTRUSIVE R, SMOOTHING: ['tʌʊə] becomes ['tʌ:ə] and ['ʃaɪə] becomes ['ʃa:ə]. Diphthong /ʊə/ merges with long /ɔ:/. [æ] more open than ever before. GLOTTALIZATIONS: still not acceptable in RP but dominant in most other accents of the UK. An accent bearing elements of RP, a continuum of Cockney: Estuary English. Practice “Put it in the bottom of a bottle” pronounced as ['pʰʊʔɪʔɪnðə' bɒʔəmɒvə' bɒʔt]</p>	
<p>Women:</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">IT'S OUR DAY!</p> 	<p>2 Hints for pronunciation training, interview statistics. 2+3 Articulatory settings in English and Czech. 3 Physiology of speech. Vocal nodules and how the voice works (youtube). 4 The 21 accents by Amy Walker, Deep southern American accent tip of the day, Forrest Gump 1994 high definition 1080p Part 1, note Sally Field (youtube). 5 Introducing the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA).</p>	<p>Gimson 2 Physiology of Speech pp. 8-17</p>
<p>March 16</p>	<p>Before St. Patrick's Day; Irish & Scottish, the 2 Celtic accents</p>	<p>1 Anyone not wearing green will be pinched. Find out who (what) a leprechaun is. Song: White Orange And Green.</p>	<p>Gimson 3 Acoustic and Auditory Aspects of Speech pp. 18-26</p>



2 and 4 Famine by Sinéad O'Connor (word stress).

Word stress exercise.

Song lyrics:

OK, I want to talk about Ireland
Specifically I want to talk about the "famine"
About the fact that there never really was one
There was no "famine"
See Irish people were only allowed to eat potatoes
All of the other food
Meat fish vegetables
Were shipped out of the country under armed guard
To England while the Irish people starved
And then in the middle of all this
They gave us money not to teach our children Irish
And so we lost our history
And this is what I think is still hurting me

See we're like a child that's been battered
Has to drive itself out of it's head because it's
frightened
Still feels all the painful feelings
But they lose contact with the memory

And this leads to massive self-destruction
alcoholism, drug addiction
All desperate attempts at running
And in it's worst form
Becomes actual killing

And if there ever is gonna be healing
There has to be remembering
And then grieving
So that there then can be forgiving
There has to be knowledge and understanding

All the lonely people
where do they all come from

An American army regulation
Says you mustn't kill more than 10% of a nation
'Cos to do so causes permanent "psychological
damage"
It's not permanent but they didn't know that
Anyway during the supposed "famine"
We lost a lot more than 10% of our nation
Through deaths on land or on ships of emigration



But what finally broke us was not starvation
but its use in the controlling of our education
School go on about "Black 47"
On and on about "The terrible famine"
But what they don't say is in truth
There really never was one


(Excuse me)
All the lonely people
(I'm sorry, excuse me)
Where do they all come from
(that I can tell you in one word)
All the lonely people
where do they all belong

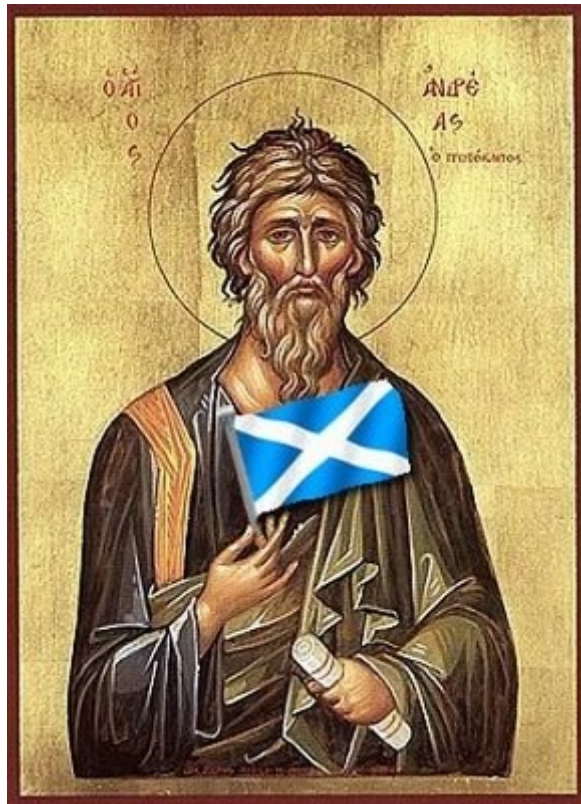
So let's take a look shall we
The highest statistics of child abuse in the EEC
And we say we're a Christian country
But we've lost contact with our history
See we used to worship God as a mother
We're suffering from post traumatic stress disorder
Look at all our old men in the pubs
Look at all our young people on drugs
We used to worship God as a mother
Now look at what we're doing to each other
We've even made killers of ourselves
The most child-like trusting people in the Universe
And this is what's wrong with us
Our history books the parent figures lied to us

I see the Irish
As a race like a child
That got itself bashed in the face

And if there ever is gonna be healing
There has to be remembering
And then grieving
So that there then can be forgiving
There has to be knowledge and understanding

All the lonely people
Where do they all come from
All the lonely people
Where do they all come from
We stand on the brink of a great achievement
In this Ireland there is no solution
to be found to our disagreements
by shooting each other
There is no real invader here

		<p>We are all Irish in all our different kinds of ways We must not, now or ever in the future, show anything to each other except tolerance, forbearance and neighbourly love because of our tradition everyone here knows who he is and what God expects him to do.</p> <p>5 Irish accent: rhotic, dark r's, clear l's, t-opening, th-stopping. /D/ becomes /N/ and vice versa.</p>	
	<p>Scottish</p> 	<p>2 and 3 Classification of sounds in relation to commonest mistakes made by Czechs <u>Vowels.</u> Criteria – openness (open, mid, closed), frontness (front, mid, back). <u>Diphthongs:</u> centring, /i/ and /u/ diphthongs. Modern tendencies in BrE: /ʊə/ ɪ becomes /ɔ:/ (sure, pure, endure); smoothing of triphthongs (shire x shower). <u>Consonants.</u> Manner of articulation: plosives, affricates, fricatives, nasals, approximants (liquids), semi-vowels. Place of articulation: bilabial, alveolar, velar, labio-dental, dental, palato-alveolar, lateral, palatal. Sonority: voiced, voiceless. Articulatory energy: lenis, fortis. Aspiration: voiceless plosives /p/, /t/, /k/ under stress, unless they are preceded by /s/.</p> <p>The biggest problem with Czech segmental pronunciation is final-consonant devoicing. Exercise: /b/ bib and brace trousers</p>	<p>Gimson 4 Phonetics of Sounds pp. 27-39</p>



/v/ for the love of English
 /g/ a big dog at home
 /d/ time and tide wait for no man
 /z/ because I, is another, was nowhere, trees and other plants, buzz and hustle
 /ʒ/ massage and bath
 /dʒ/ message and letter, his age was advanced, do a lunge before lunch

5 Scottish accents range from educated Scottish standard different from RP to the broadest referred to as Lallans. The Scots refer to themselves as the Mediterraneans of the North and Edinburgh as Athens of the North. Patron: St. Andrew (see left). Plant: the Scottish thistle (see above left). Pattern: tartans of the various clans in the Scottish Highlands. Scottish accent in films: Traispotting, Lord of the Rings. The Scottish accent has a velar setting, frequent monophthongizations; rhotic accent with a diversity of r realizations, /ʊ/= /u/, whales x Wales. Expressions: a wee bairn = a little baby, bonnie – beautiful, lad = boy, lass = girl, aye = yes, haggis = traditional dish.

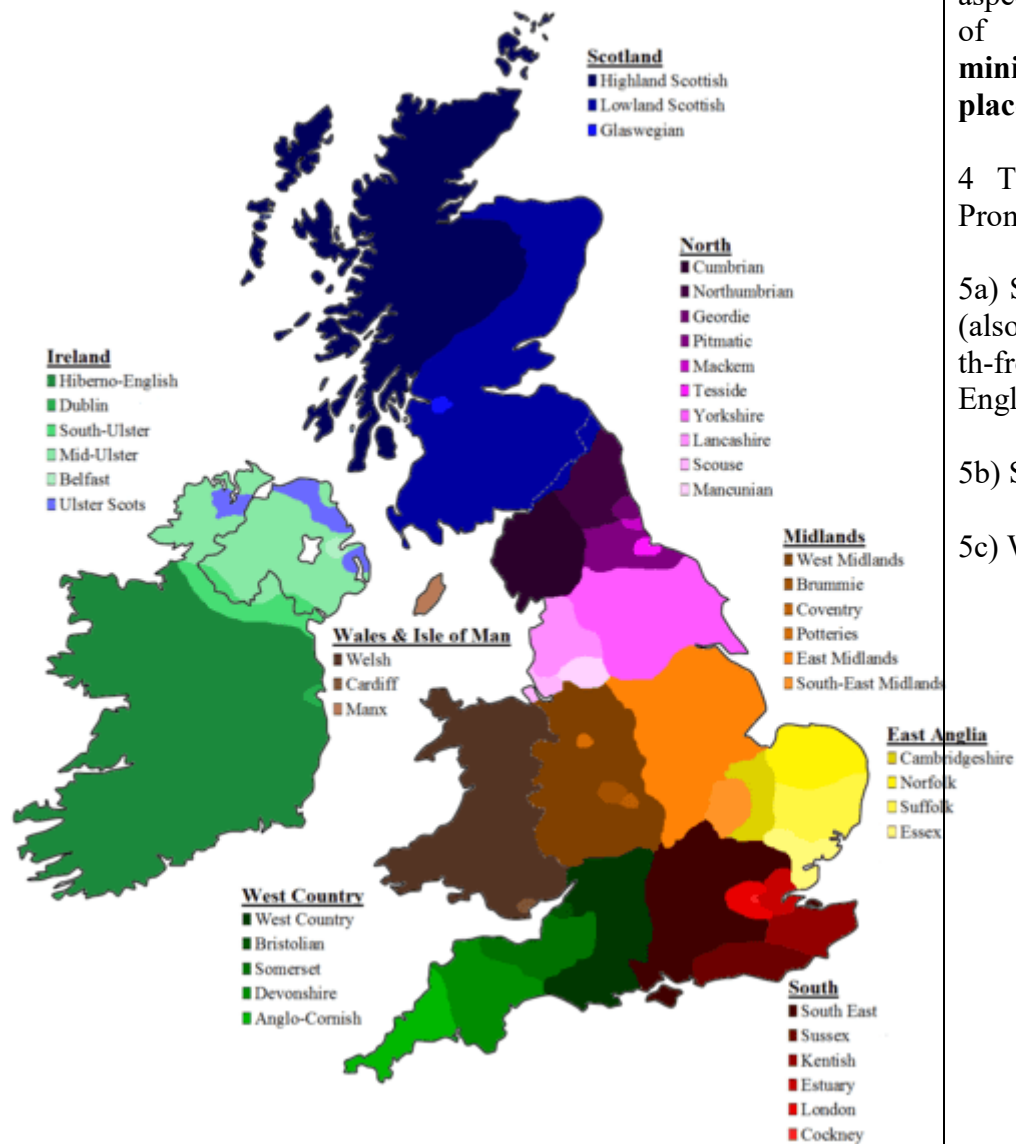
March 30

South England

2 An article in last Wednesday's Guardian on 'accent softening': https://www.theguardian.com/society/2019/mar/20/ugly-rise-accent-softening-people-changing-their-voices?CMP=Share_iOSApp_Other

3 Classification of sounds practiced on a grid. Segmental Phonology, but also revision of physiology of speech, acoustic and auditory

Gimson 5 Phonology of Sounds pp. 40-53



aspects of speech in Gimson’s Pronunciation of English. **The phoneme, allophone, minimal pairs, a phoneme’s function and place in the structure.**

4 Transcriptions in John Trim’s “English Pronunciation Illustrated”.

5a) SE England: the Cockney diphthong shift (also in AUS, NZ and SA); /ɪ/ vocalization, th-fronting. Continuum of Cockney: Estuary English.

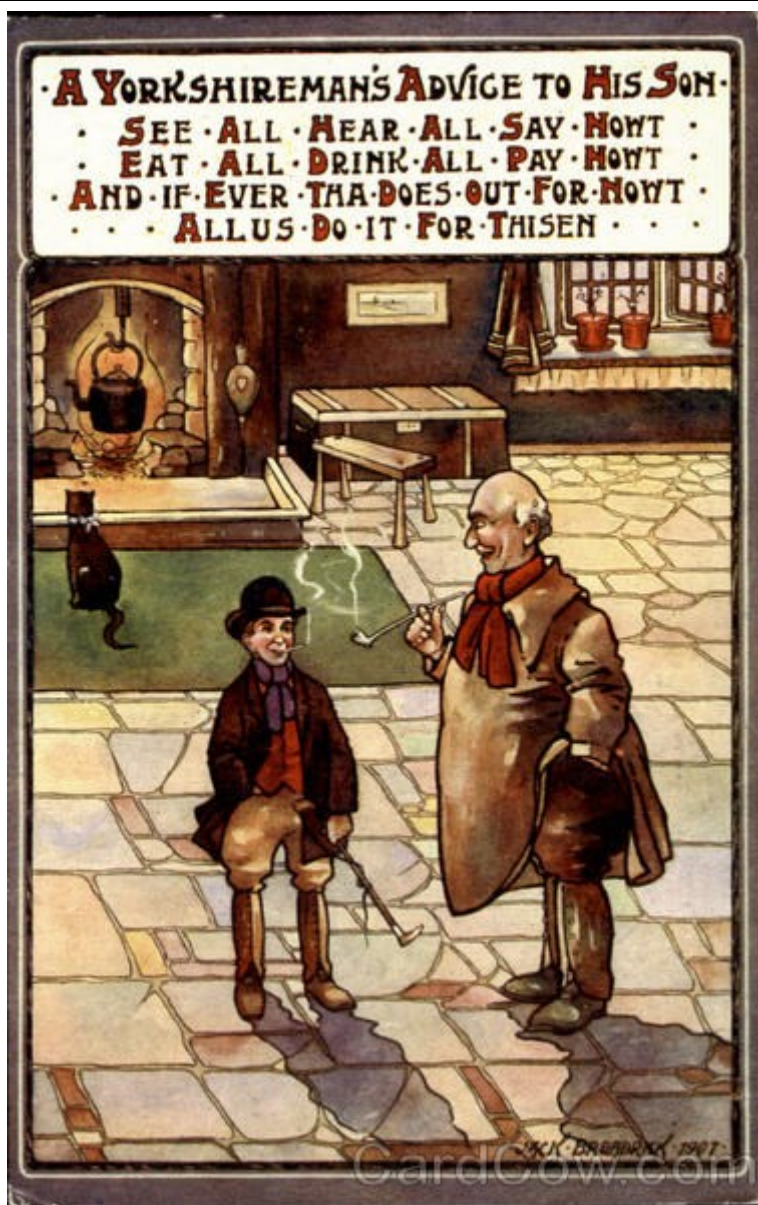
5b) SW England: rhotic, dark /ɪ/.

5c) Wales – the Celtic substratum

North English

3 History of phonetic research up to Prague

Gimson 6 History pp.



School and present-day scholars

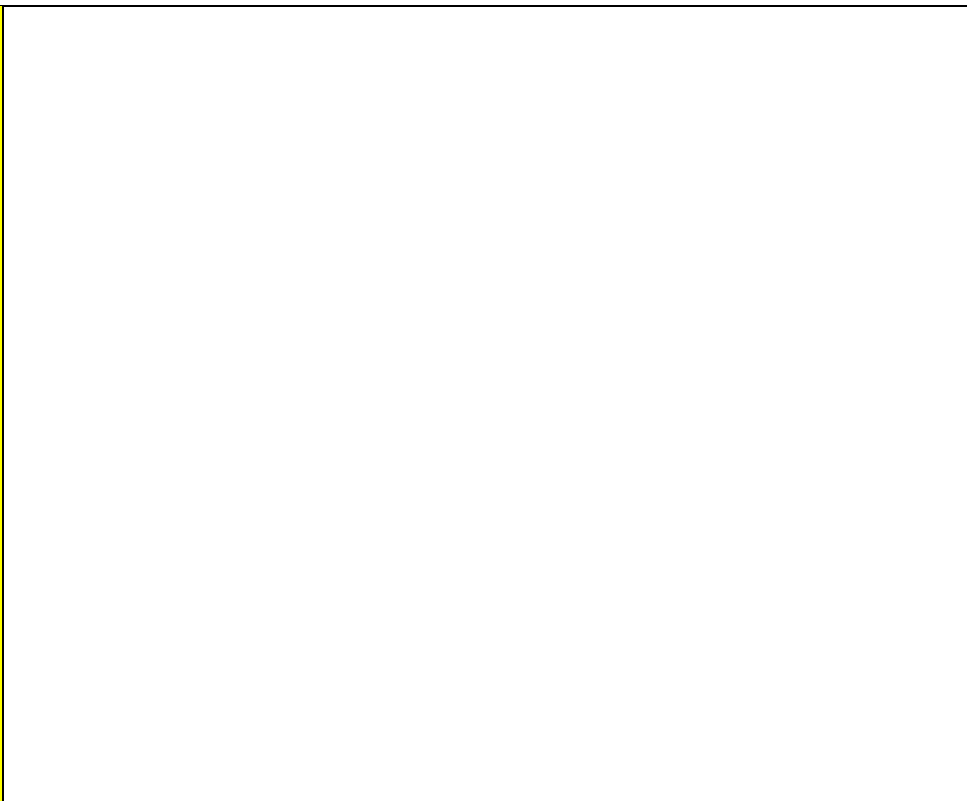
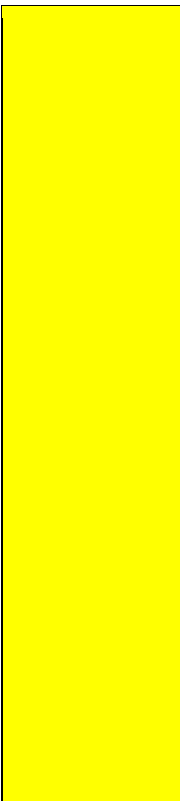
57-63

- 4 Listening to Julie Walters' memoirs CD.
- Youtube videos:
- Yorkshire Airlines (2:11)
- John Tams & Barry Coope. Hear all, see all, say nowt (3:36)
- Coming home Newcastle (with lyrics) (3:24)
- Cheryl Cole Too British for Simon Cowell (1:52)

Travelling in time – the accents of today as a result of historical development.

3 History and influences upon English
Present-day pronunciation of English as a result of historical development

Gimson 6 Sound Change pp. 63-72



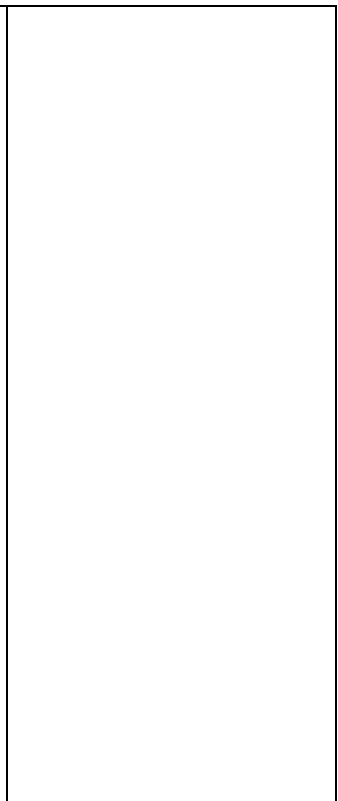
Beowulf Intro (Benjamin Bagby)
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PzmmPRG4smU>

Today's Frisian very much like Old English
 Mongrel nation – Brown Cow (2:42)

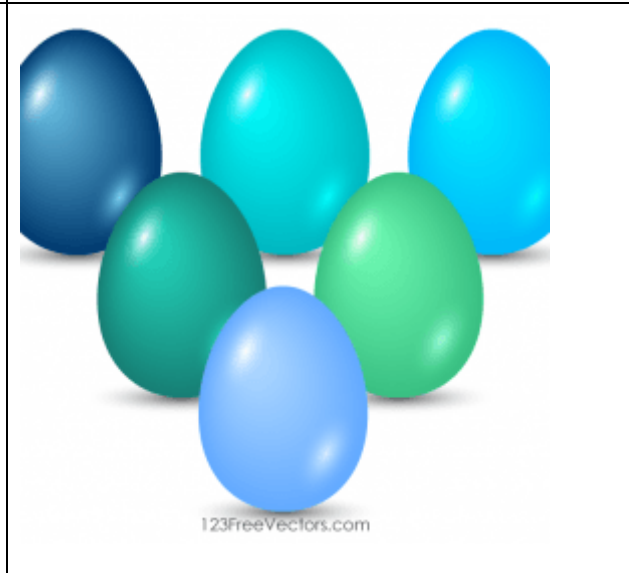
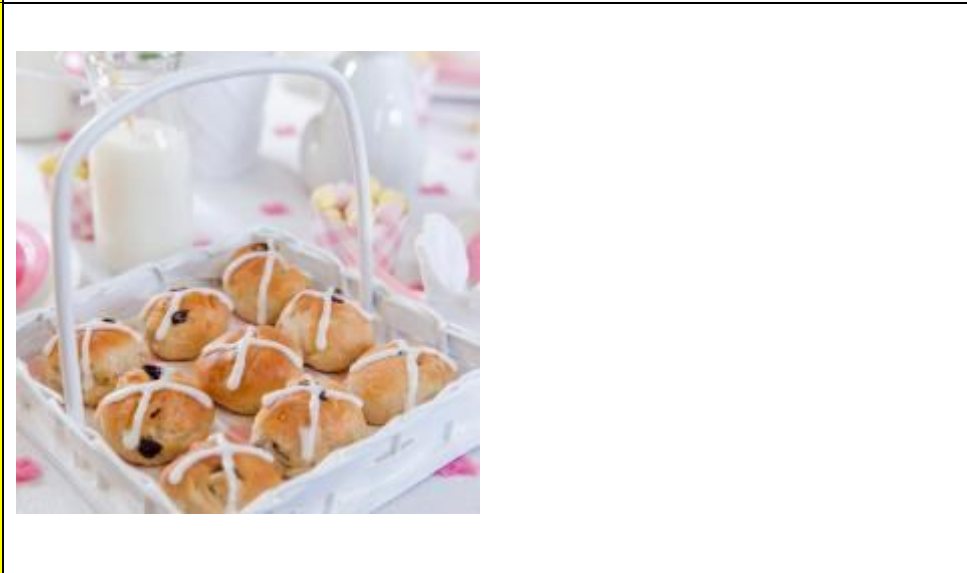
Canterbury Tales on youtube: male performance
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QE0MtENfOMU>
 and female performance
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vkAfDsjYaWM>

The Story of English in 7 parts on youtube.

The English Language in 24 Accents
 The English Language in 67 Accents & Random Voices on youtube (author: Jake "Truseneye92").



April 27,
 2 weeks
 after
 Easter an
 Easter
 class in
 stress,
 rhythm
 and
 intonation
 (PP in
 Study
 Materials)



Gimson 6 OE, ME, EmE pp. 72-76

Training suprasegmentals
Accents of English – historical conditioning.
The universality of suprasegmentals.

2 Practising stress, rhythm and intonation – the 3 rules

- A) You only stress words which you wouldn't leave out in a text message.
- B) Stressed syllables are at constant distances from each other.
- C) Any unstressed syllables at the beginning of a stress group are said very quickly.

Exercise 1:

A: I've 'broken my 'glasses

B: 'How did you 'do it?

A: I 'dropped them on the 'floor

B: You must 'get them re'paired.

Exercise 2:

A: 'I saw 'John last 'night / 'Over at his 'mother's

B: 'When I last 'saw him he was 'terribly 'worried

C: When 'I last saw him he was 'terribly worried, 'too.

3 Phonologically relevant stress

See also:

Gimson word stress

Gimson sentence stress in Study materials

Intonation; intonation centres.

Jazz Chants by Carolyn Graham, hiphop music.

Gimson 7 Accents
pp. 77-87

		<p>J.D.O'Connor tunes.</p> <p>H.J. high jump. →↓Tune used for statements, imperatives, information and wh-questions.</p> <p>G.U. glide-up. ↑↓↑Tune used for asking yes-no questions and in speaking to little children, people who are afraid (e.g. at the dentist's) and idiots. Caution: a patronizing tune!</p> <p>H.D. high dive -↑_/ A tune used to express incompleteness or doubt.</p> <p>T.O. take-off _____↑ A tune used to express extreme distress and annoyance.</p> <p>Intonation is often symptomatic of accents, e.g. of Northern Ireland.</p> <p>Intonation centre is the last important word in the sentence. Caution: in English it is often the noun:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The ↓baby's crying. - The ↓kettle's boiling. - The ↓postman's coming up the path. - I'm afraid my ↓father's very ill. (CZ Ale mám nemocnýho taťku.) - He's very ↓rich, I've been told. 	
<p>May 11</p>	<p>A class of questions, answers and Mock test</p>	<p>1 Mock Test and other curiosities.</p>	