**Latinská zájmena**

**1. Osobní zájmena**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Pády** | **já** | **ty** | **my** | **vy** | **sebe** |
| **nominativ** | ego | tū | nōs | vōs | - |
| **genitiv** | meī | tuī | nostrī | vestrī | suī |
| nostrum | vestrum |
| **dativ** | mihi | tibi | nōbīs | vōbīs | sibi |
| **akuzativ** | mē | tē | nōs | vōs | sē |
| **ablativ** | mē | tē | nōbīs | vōbīs | sē |

*Multī vestrum venient.*
*Memor nostrī es!*
*Memorēs omnium nostrum erant.*

*sānō mē* × *sānās tē* × *sānat sē*

- cum „s“: *mēcum*, *tēcum*, *nōbīscum, vōbīscum,* *sēcum*
*Erimus* ***tēcum****.*

**2. Přivlastňovací zájmena**

- *meus, -a, -um* (můj, má, mé); *tuus, -a, -um* (tvůj, tvá, tvé); *noster, -tra, -trum* (náš, naše, naše); *vester, -tra, -trum* (váš, vaše, vaše); *suus, -a, -um* (svůj, svá, své)

*Habet equum* ***suum***. × *Habeō equum* ***meum***.

**3. Ukazovací zájmena**

*hic, haec, hoc = tento*

*iste, ista, istud = tamten*

*ille, illa, illud = onen*

**IS, EA, ID**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Pády** | **ten** | **ta** | **to** |
| **Singulár** |
| **nominativ** | is | ea | id |
| **genitiv** | eius | eius | eius |
| **dativ** | eī (ei) | eī (ei) | eī (ei) |
| **akuzativ** | eum | eam | id |
| **ablativ** | eō | eā | eō |
| **Plurál** |
| **nominativ** | eī (iī, ī) | eae | ea |
| **genitiv** | eōrum | eārum | eōrum |
| **dativ** | eīs (iīs, īs) | eīs (iīs, īs) | eīs (iīs, īs) |
| **akuzativ** | eōs | eās | ea |
| **ablativ** | eīs (iīs, īs) | eīs (iīs, īs) | eīs (iīs, īs) |

*- is, ea, id* slouží i jako osobní zájmena (*on, ona, ono*)

*Videō parentēs in viā, fīliās* ***eōrum*** *in agrō.*

**HIC, HAEC, HOC**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Pády** | **tento** | **tato** | **toto** |
| **Singulár** |
| **nominativ** | hic | haec | hoc |
| **genitiv** | huius | huius | huius |
| **dativ** | huic | huic | huic |
| **akuzativ** | hunc | hanc | hoc |
| **ablativ** | hōc | hāc | hōc |
| **Plurál** |
| **nominativ** | hī | hae | haec |
| **genitiv** | hōrum | hārum | hōrum |
| **dativ** | hīs | hīs | hīs |
| **akuzativ** | hōs | hās | haec |
| **ablativ** | hīs | hīs | hīs |
| **ILLE,ILLA,ILLUD** |
| **Pády** | **onen** | **ona** | **ono** |
| **Singulár** |
| **nominativ** | ille | illa | illud |
| **genitiv** | illīus | illīus | illīus |
| **dativ** | illī | illī | illī |
| **akuzativ** | illum | illam | illud |
| **ablativ** | illō | illā | illō |
| **Plurál** |
| **nominativ** | illī | illae | illa |
| **genitiv** | illōrum | illārum | illōrum |
| **dativ** | illīs | illīs | illīs |
| **akuzativ** | illōs | illās | illa |
| **ablativ** | illīs | illīs | illīs |

**ISTE, ISTA, ISTUD**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Pády** | **tenhle** | **tahle** | **tohle** |
| **Singulár** |
| **nominativ** | iste | ista | istud |
| **genitiv** | istīus | istīus | istīus |
| **dativ** | istī | istī | istī |
| **akuzativ** | istum | istam | istud |
| **ablativ** | istō | istā | istō |
| **Plurál** |
| **nominativ** | istī | istae | ista |
| **genitiv** | istōrum | istārum | istōrum |
| **dativ** | istīs | istīs | istīs |
| **akuzativ** | istōs | istās | ista |
| **ablativ** | istīs | istīs | istī |

**4. Vztažná a tázací zájmena**

*Est mihi fīlia,* ***quam*** *amō.*

*Dux castra Gāiō committit. Quī ea custōdiet.*

**QUI, QUAE, QUOD**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Pády** | **který/jaký** | **která/jaká** | **které/jaké** |
| **Singulár** |
| **nominativ** | quī | quae | quod |
| **genitiv** | cuius | cuius | cuius |
| **dativ** | cui | cui | cui |
| **akuzativ** | quem | quam | quod |
| **ablativ** | quō | quā | quō |
| **Plurál** |
| **nominativ** | quī | quae | quae |
| **genitiv** | quōrum | quārum | quōrum |
| **dativ** | quibus | quibus | quibus |
| **akuzativ** | quōs | quās | quae |
| **ablativ** | quibus | quibus | quibus |

**QUIS, QUID**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Pády** | **kdo?** | **co?** |
| **nominativ** | quis | quid |
| **genitiv** | cuius | cuius reī |
| **dativ** | cui | cui reī |
| **akuzativ** | quem | quid |
| **ablativ** | quō | quā rē |

**5. Neurčitá zájmena**

* *quis (quī), quid* (*někdo, něco*)
* *quae (qua), quī (quis), quod* (*některý, nějaký*)

- další neurčitá zájmena vzniknou spojením výše zmíněných zájmen s formanty *ali-, -dam, -que, -quam, -vīs, -libet*: např. *aliquis, aliqid* (někdo, něco); *quidam, quaedam, quiddam* (nějaký, nějaká, nějaké); *quilibet, quaelibet, quodlibet* (kdokoli, cokoli), *quivis, quaevis, quodvis* (kdokoli, cokoli) etc.

**5. Záporná zájmena**

**NEMO, NIHIL**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Pády** | **nikdo** | **nic** |
| **nominativ** | nēmō | nihil (nīl) |
| **genitiv** | nūllīus | nūllīus reī |
| **dativ** | nūllī | nūllī reī |
| **akuzativ** | nēminem | nihil |
| **ablativ** | nūllō | nūllā rē |

**Přeložte uvedená spojení a u zájmen určete jejich gramatické kategorie:**

*Res eius modi.*

*Domus mei patris.*

*Ad eam res.*

*Nobis spes nulla est.*

*Pax vobiscum.*

*Aliquem sapientem putare.*

*Ea spe.*

*Mihi est nomen.*

*Haec res est mihi ornamento.*

*Hoc modo.*

*Hoc loco.*

*Hac causa.*

*Cuius is liber est?*

*Quid novi in familia vestra est?*

*Quid de me narras?*

*Me ipsum.*

*Nihil interest.*

*Nemo arbiter in sua causa.*