

Time and Space X

Pavel Caha

20 May 2021

- ▶ Spatial markers beyond spatial functions
 - ▶ temporal marking
 - ▶ psychological predicates
 - ▶ adjectival predicates
 - ▶ clause linking

Psychological predicates

- (1) Nina is in love (with Paul).
- (2) Czech
 - a. Von je v depresi.
he is in depression

Psychological predicates

(1) Nina is in love (with Paul).

(2) Czech

a. Von je v depresi.

he is in depression

b. Upadl do deprese

he.fell into depression

Psychological predicates

- (1) Nina is in love (with Paul).
- (2) Czech
 - a. Von je v depresi.
he is in depression
 - b. Upadl do deprese
he.fell into depression
 - c. nakonec se z deprese dostal
in.the.end refl out.of depression got.out

Psychological predicates

(1) Nina is in love (with Paul).

(2) Czech

a. Von je v depresi.

he is in depression

b. Upadl do deprese

he.fell into depression

c. nakonec se z deprese dostal

in.the.end refl out.of depression got.out

(3) Hebrew

yeš be-tox Rina tšuka amitit le-omanut.

there-is inside Rina passion real to-art

'Inside Rina there is a real passion for art'

Psychological predicates

(1) Nina is in love (with Paul).

(2) Czech

a. Von je v depresi.

he is in depression

b. Upadl do deprese

he.fell into depression

c. nakonec se z deprese dostal

in.the.end refl out.of depression got.out

(3) Hebrew

yeš be-tox Rina tšuka amitit le-omanut.

there-is inside Rina passion real to-art

'Inside Rina there is a real passion for art'

(4) Scottish Gaelic

Tha gaol aig Catriona air Pdraig.

Be.Pres love at Catriona on Pdraig

'Catriona loves Pdraig'

Adjectival predicates

(5) Japanese

- a. Taro-ga kinzoku-o pikapika-**ni** migaita.
Taro-nom metal-acc shiny-ni polish.past
'Taro polished the metal shiny'

Adjectival predicates

(5) Japanese

- a. Taro-ga kinzoku-o pikapika-**ni** migaita.
Taro-nom metal-acc shiny-ni polish.past
'Taro polished the metal shiny'
- b. Kodomotachi-wa futatu-no kooen-**ni** itta.
children-top two.cl-gen park-all went
'The children went to two parks.'

Adjectival predicates

(5) Japanese

- a. Taro-ga kinzoku-o pikapika-**ni** migaita.
Taro-nom metal-acc shiny-ni polish.past
'Taro polished the metal shiny'
- b. Kodomotachi-wa futatu-no kooen-**ni** itta.
children-top two.cl-gen park-all went
'The children went to two parks.'
- c. Taro-ga shizuka-**ni** hashitta.
Taro-nom quiet-adv run.past
'Taro ran quietly'

Adjectival predicates

(5) Japanese

- a. Taro-ga kinzoku-o pikapika-**ni** migaita.
Taro-nom metal-acc shiny-ni polish.past
'Taro polished the metal shiny'
- b. Kodomotachi-wa futatu-no kooen-**ni** itta.
children-top two.cl-gen park-all went
'The children went to two parks.'
- c. Taro-ga shizuka-**ni** hashitta.
Taro-nom quiet-adv run.past
'Taro ran quietly'
- d. Ginza-wa Tokyo-**ni** arimasu.
Ginza-top Tokyo-loc is
'Ginza is in Tokyo.'

(6) Czech

- a. Pověsil ten kabát **na** opěradlo
he.hung the coat on the.back.of.the.chair

(6) Czech

- a. Pověsil ten kabát **na** opěradlo
he.hung the coat on the.back.of.the.chair
- b. Von má ten kabát pověšenej **na** opěradle
He has the coat hung on the.back.of.the.chair

(6) Czech

- a. Pověsil ten kabát **na** opěradlo
he.hung the coat on the.back.of.the.chair
- b. Von má ten kabát pověšenej **na** opěradle
He has the coat hung on the.back.of.the.chair

(7) Czech

- a. Ostríhal si vlasy **na** krátko
he.cut his hair on white

(6) Czech

- a. Pověsil ten kabát **na** opěradlo
he.hung the coat on the.back.of.the.chair
- b. Von má ten kabát pověšenej **na** opěradle
He has the coat hung on the.back.of.the.chair

(7) Czech

- a. Ostříhal si vlasy **na** krátko
he.cut his hair on white
- b. Má krátce ostříhané vlasy
he.has short-adv cut hair

clause linking

- (8) a. ante port-am
before gate-ACC
'in front of the gate'

clause linking

- (8)
- a. ante port-am
before gate-ACC
'in front of the gate'
 - b. ante bell-um
before war-ACC
'before the war'

clause linking

- (8)
- a. ante port-am
before gate-ACC
'in front of the gate'
 - b. ante bell-um
before war-ACC
'before the war'
 - c. ante [te cognitum]
before you.ACC know.PTCP.PERF.PASS.ACC
'before you were known [to me]'

clause linking

- (8)
- a. ante port-am
before gate-ACC
'in front of the gate'
 - b. ante bell-um
before war-ACC
'before the war'
 - c. ante [te cognitum]
before you.ACC know.PTCP.PERF.PASS.ACC
'before you were known [to me]'
 - d. ante [-quam tuās lēgī litterās,] hominem ire
before [-than your read.I letter.ACC, man.ACC to.go
cupiēbam
I.wanted
'Before I read your letter, I wished the man to go'

clause linking

- (8)
- a. ante port-am
before gate-ACC
'in front of the gate'
 - b. ante bell-um
before war-ACC
'before the war'
 - c. ante [te cognitum]
before you.ACC know.PTCP.PERF.PASS.ACC
'before you were known [to me]'
 - d. ante [-quam tuās lēgī litterās,] hominem ire
before [-than your read.I letter.ACC, man.ACC to.go
cupiēbam
I.wanted
'Before I read your letter, I wished the man to go'

(9) INS = ABL = CAUSE

- a. Miniha taraadi-**en** badu kirə-nəva
man scale-INS commodities measure-IND
'He measures commodities with scales.'

(9) INS = ABL = CAUSE

- a. Miniha taraadi-**en** badu kirə-nəva
man scale-INS commodities measure-IND
'He measures commodities with scales.'
- b. gah-**en** gediə wæte-nəva
tree-ABL fruit fall-IND
'The fruit fell from the tree.'

(9) INS = ABL = CAUSE

- a. Miniha taraadi-**en** badu kirə-nəva
man scale-INS commodities measure-IND
'He measures commodities with scales.'
- b. gah-**en** gediə wəte-nəva
tree-ABL fruit fall-IND
'The fruit fell from the tree.'
- c. ikmənətə aawa-**in** no-temi beeruna
quickly came-INS not-get.wet.PP be saved.PAST
'I was able to save myself without getting wet (from rain)
since I came hurriedly.'

(10) DAT = ALL

- a. Ranjit Chitra-tə leensuak de-nəva
Ranjit Chitra-DAT handkerchief give-IND
'Ranjit gives Chitra a handkerchief.'

(10) DAT = ALL

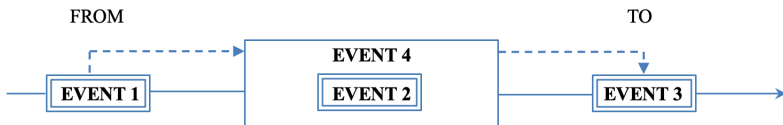
- a. Ranjit Chitra-tə leensuak de-nəva
Ranjit Chitra-DAT handkerchief give-IND
'Ranjit gives Chitra a handkerchief.'
- b. Ranjit pənsələ-tə ya-nəva
Ranjit temple-DAT go-IND
'Children jump into the river.'

(10) DAT = ALL

- a. Ranjit Chitra-tə leensuak de-nəva
Ranjit Chitra-DAT handkerchief give-IND
'Ranjit gives Chitra a handkerchief.'
- b. Ranjit pənsələ-tə ya-nəva
Ranjit temple-DAT go-IND
'Children jump into the river.'
- c. Chitra magulgedərə ya-nnə-tə saariak gatta
Chitra wedding go-INF-DAT sari buy.PAST
'Chitra bought a sari to go to the wedding.' (p.203)

a generalisation

- a. 15 examples of 'causal, because, **cause**'; 13 out of these are **ablatives**, elatives or instrumentals
- b. 14 examples of '**purpose**'; 10 out of these are **allatives** or datives
- c. 6 examples of '**while**'; 5 out of these are **locatives**



References

- Demirdache, Hamida & Myriam Uribe-Etxebarria. 2007. The syntax of time arguments. *Lingua* 117(2). 330–366.
- Reichenbach, Hans. 1947. *Elements of symbolic logic*. New York: Free Press.
- Shklovsky, Kirill & Yasutada Sudo. 2014. The syntax of monsters. *Linguistic Inquiry* 45(3). 381–402.