

Your turn!

- form groups of 5 people
- Take 10 minutes to come up with a definition of folk art and its producers (use digital tools!)
- Choose a speaker who will present your ideas for the group





Folk art is **ART** that:

- May be decorative or utilitarian
- May be used every day or reserved for high ceremonies
- Is handmade; it may include handmade elements, as well as new, synthetic, or recycled components
- May be made for use within a community of practice or it may be produced for sale as a form of income and empowerment
- May be learned formally or informally; folk art may also be self-taught
- May include intangible forms of expressive culture like dance, song, poetry, and foodways
- Is traditional; it reflects shared cultural aesthetics and social issues. It is recognized that, as traditions are dynamic, traditional folk art may change over time and may include innovations in tradition.
- Is of, by, and for the people; all people, inclusive of class, status, culture, community, ethnicity, gender, and religion

KUNSTWISSENSCHAFTLICHE STUDIENTEXTE

ALOIS RIEGL

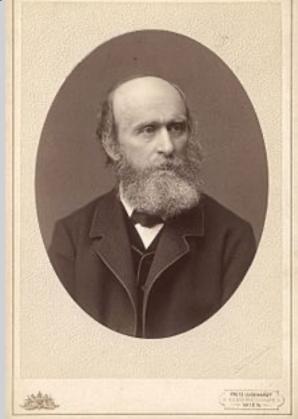
VOLKSKUNST HAUSFLEISS UND HAUSINDUSTRIE

MÄANDER

Alois Riegl Volkskunst, Hausfleiß und Hausindustrie (1894)

Rudolf (von) Eitelberger

'House industry is divided up by tribe [Volksstamm] and in consequence has a tribal [volksthumlich] character; it has nothing to do with the political concept of nation. In this ancient house industry lie the bases for the formal language of the people of the Indo-Germanic race, and they have remained its common possession up to the present. For us nothing was more instructive than the perception that the hand-weaving of women peasants in India and of women peasants in Bukovina use the same patterns. . .'



"That is true domestic labor, which is not acquainted with capital, but values work for its own sake. As I left the hut I stopped being angry with the perverse stubbornness of the peasant woman, and instead paid tribute to her in full admiration. I confess that at that time I gained a most illuminating insight into the creativity and customs of people in the "golden age." (Riegl, 1894, 53)





But what about its relation to "high" art?

William Morris and the Arts and Crafts Movement

Artist Colonies around Europe and the United States







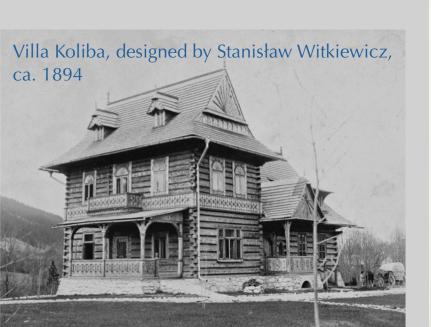
Béla Iványi-Grünwald (1867 –1940) Nagybánya artists' colony and Kecskemét artists' colony Rest at Noon, n.d.

Artists at work in the Lyme Summer Art Colony (an American version of the Barbizon colony), c. 1902.

Gödöllö – Zakopane – Moravia – Lesná: re-evaluating folk art around 1900



Aladár Körösfői-Kriesch







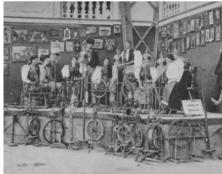


Dušan Jurkovič's buildings at Pustevny, Northern Moravia

















Historical definitions and debates in the local context:

The Czechoslavic Ethnographic Exhibition of 1895

Zdeněk Wirth & Antonín Matějček

Peasants as 'the only solid cultural layer that preserved a link with the past' (V. V. Štech 1923)

VS.



Pavel Janák, Czechoslovak pavilion, Rio de Janeiro, 1922.

"when the nation as a whole was pushed away from cooperation in artistic culture and [...Czech art] was only local art. [...] In this period without national art [the sixteenth to the nineteenth centuries], the common people took the creative lead and nationalised the outcomes of the great international culture." (Matějček)

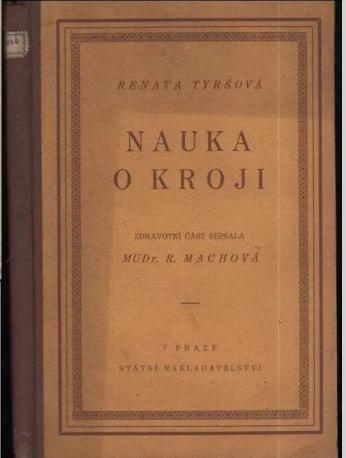


Amalie Kožmínová



'the rustic farm as the nation's core' & notions of Czech distinctiveness







Renáta Tyršová

škola umeleckých remesiel

pri obchodnej a priemyselnej komore v bratislave, budova učňovských škôl, vazová ul. 1



vyučuje:

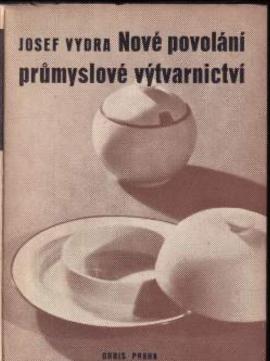
všeobecné kreslenie textilné kreslenie a móda modelovanie

nauka o výtvar. kompozícii písmo a grafické kreslenie moder. typografia, reklama peršpektíva

prednášky o súčasnom vkuse figurálne kreslenie

bytové zariadenie

dekoratívna maľba kurzy pre deti

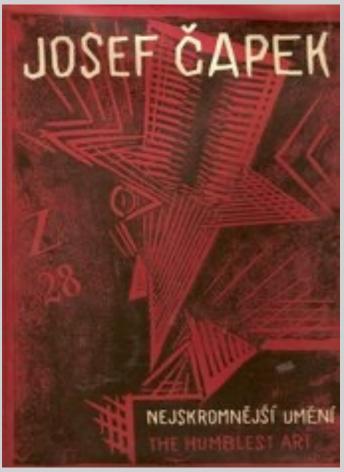


Josef Vydra





But then, what is "People's Art"?



Josef Čapek, The Humblest Art (1920)

"To live among the handmade is to live among the human"

(Leon Rosenstein, 1995)



Photograph: Graeme Robertson

Embroidered picture, c.1925, Greece





Forró na Fazenda, woodblock print by Ivan Borges, Bezerro, Pernambuco, Brazil, 2004. Museum of International Folk Art, gift of Tesoros Trading Company. Photo by Carrie Haley



literatura de cordel

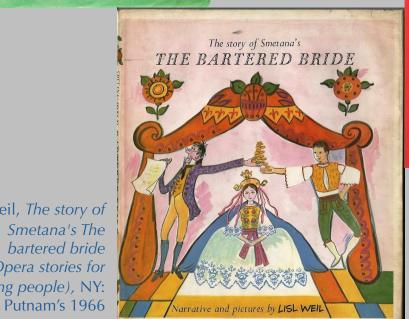
Juan Guadalupe Posada, Calavera oaxaqueña, 1903



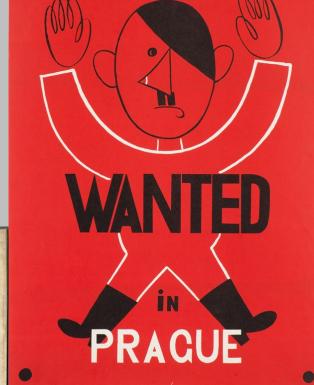
Bag (c. 1826) by Birmingham Ladies Society for the Relief of Negro Slaves (makers) and Samuel Lines (designer)



Lisl Weil, Operetta Cover for "Auf der Grünen Wiese"







Adolf Hoffmeister, Wanted in Prague, 1942



"The Sweater Craze" Women's most popular craft reinvented





Les Tricoteuses Jacobines, ou de Robespierre. Elles ctoient un grand nombre à qui l'on donnoit 40 Sols par jour pour aller dans la tribune des Jacobina applandir les motions blevolutionnaires.

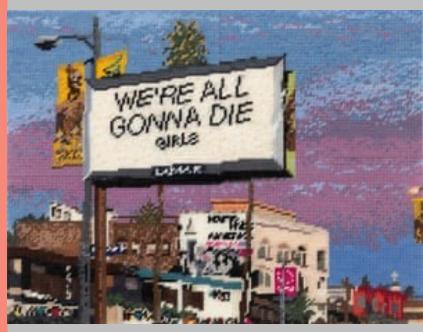




PUBLISHING, WRITING / TALKING

The New Politics of the Handmade: Craft, Art and Design

The New Politics of the Handmade: Craft, Art and Design is a publication on contemporary craft politics edited by Anthea Black and Nicole Burisch. Bloomsbury Press, 2020. Order from Bloomsbury Press Contemporary craft, art and design are inseparable from the



We're all gonna die by Michelle Hamer (2013)

Your turn... again!

- Get back into a group of 5
- Choose <u>ONE</u> of the terms below
- Find a definition (again, online tools welcome)
- Choose a speaker to present
 - Why you chose this particular style
 - How you define it
 - Who is it by and for (find one or more examples!)

Outsider art

Ethnographic art

Art brut

Naïve Art/Primitivism

People's Art

