

Dějiny Předního Východu - seminář

1. HODINA

GEOGRAFIE MEZOPOTÁMIE

1



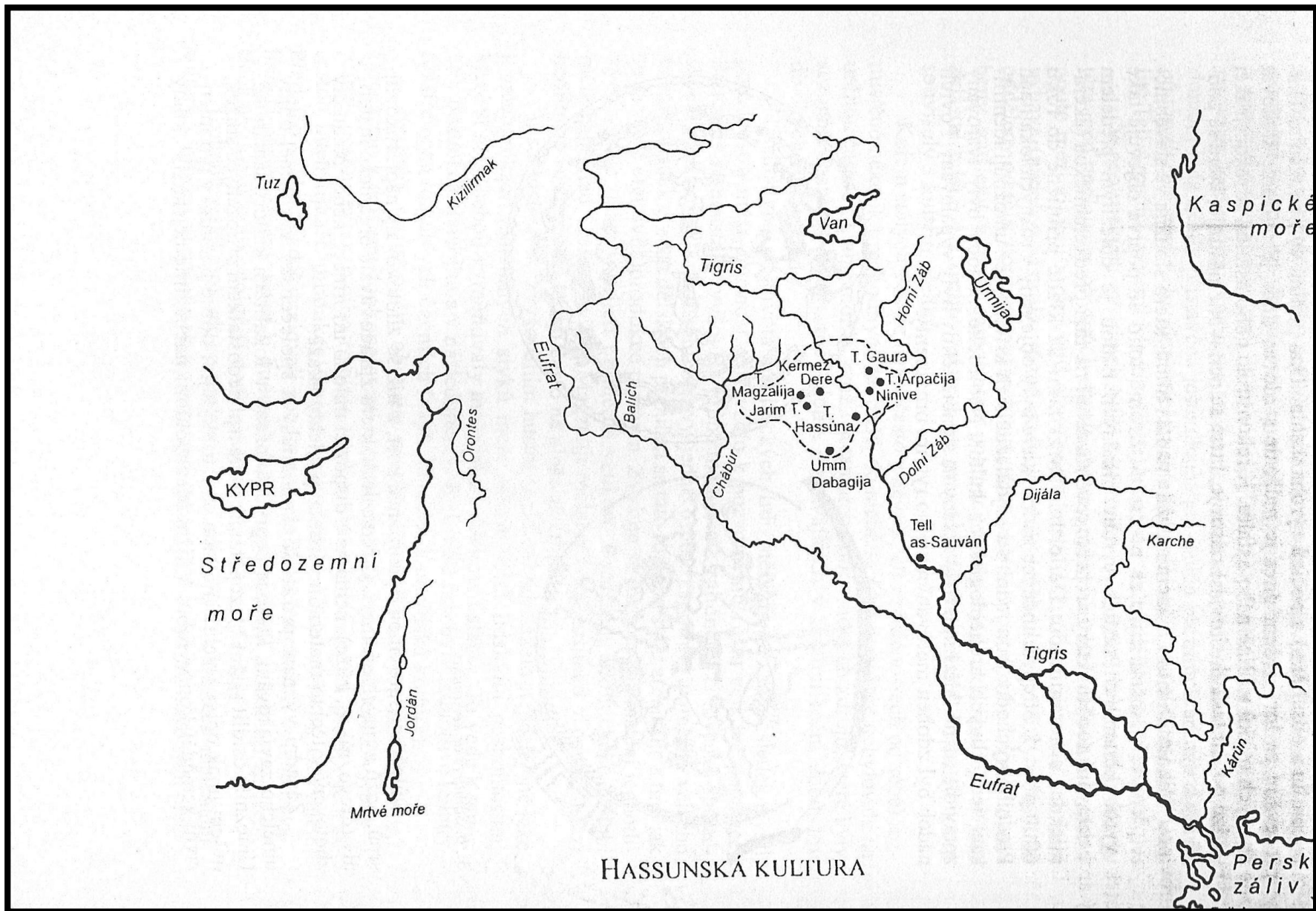


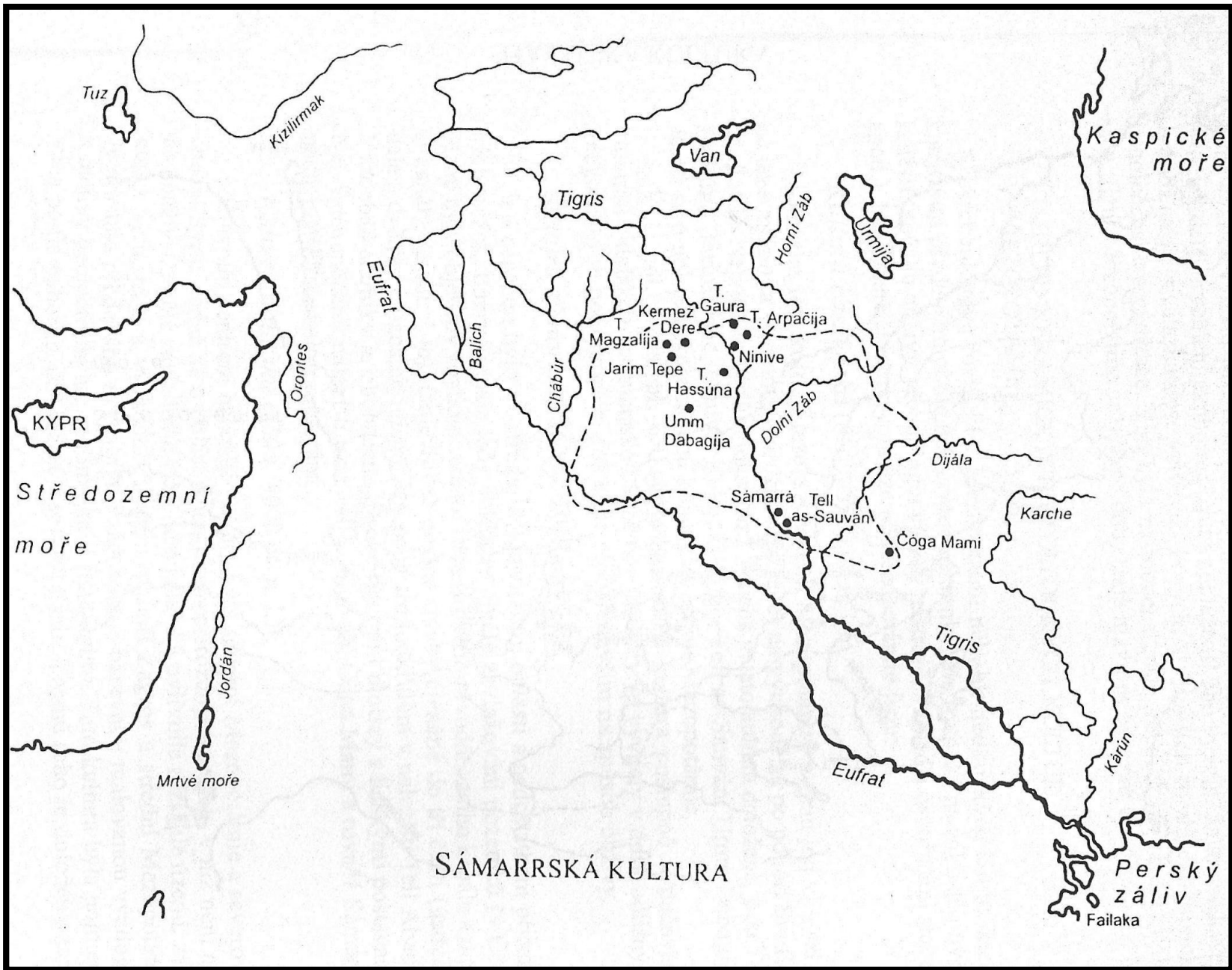


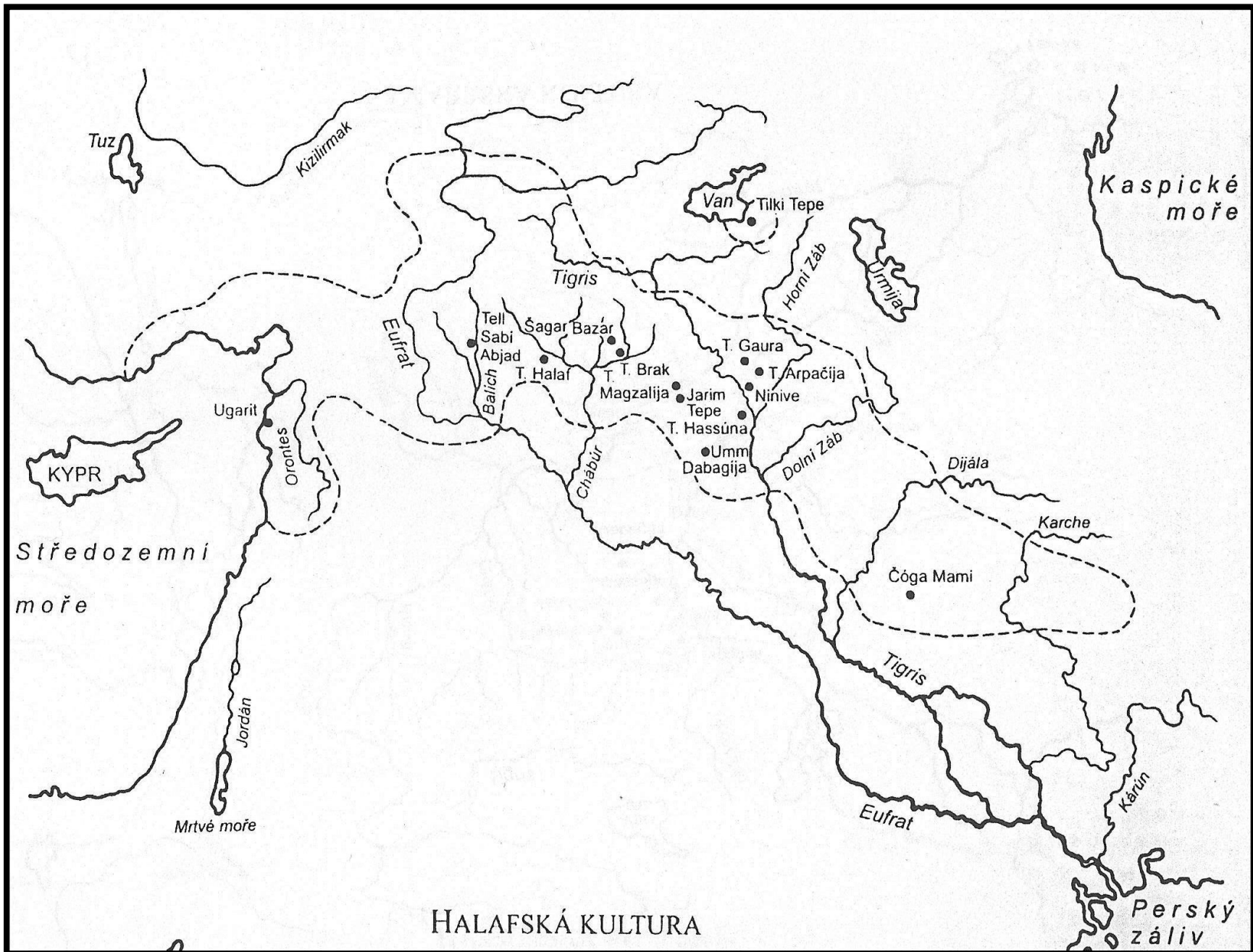
MIDDLE EAST











Extension of Ubaid culture (c. 5900-4300 BC)

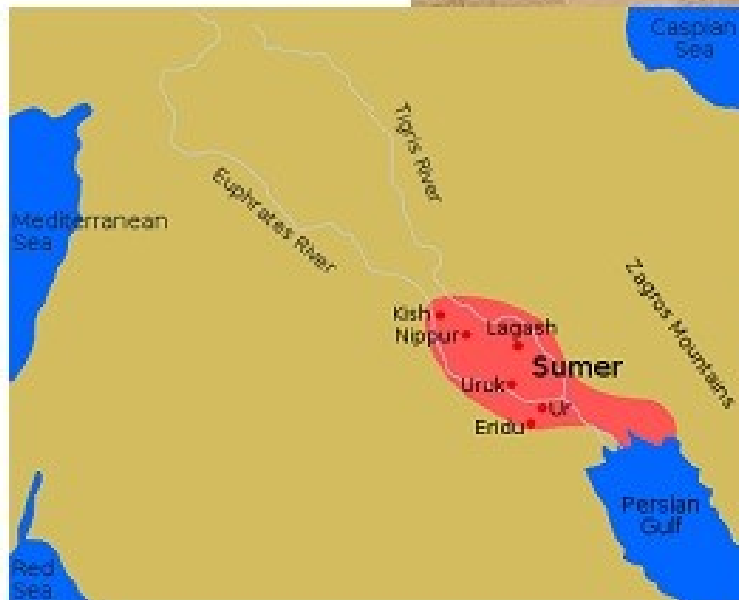


0 100 km

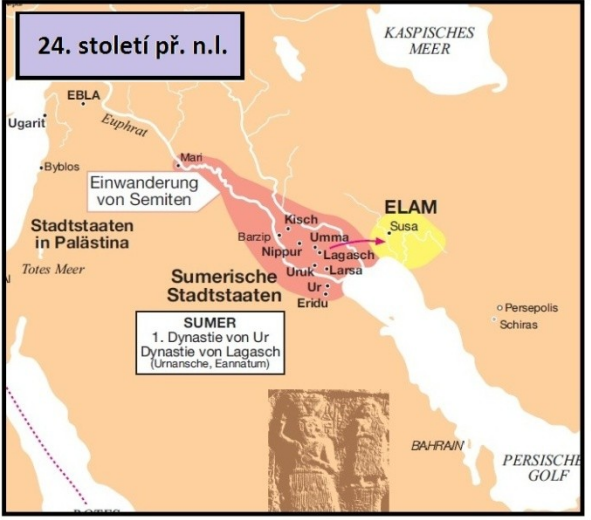
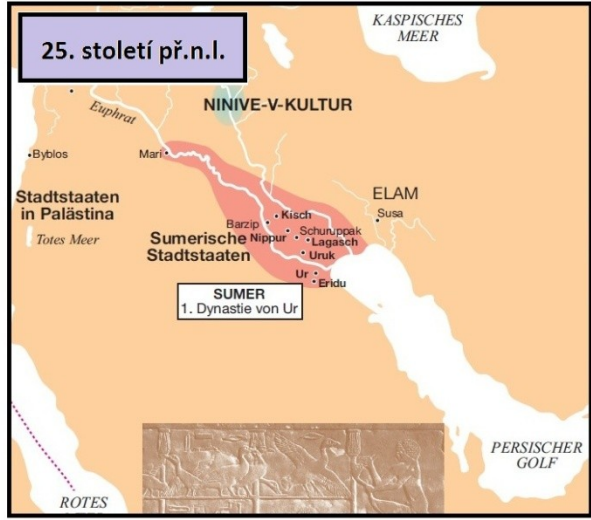
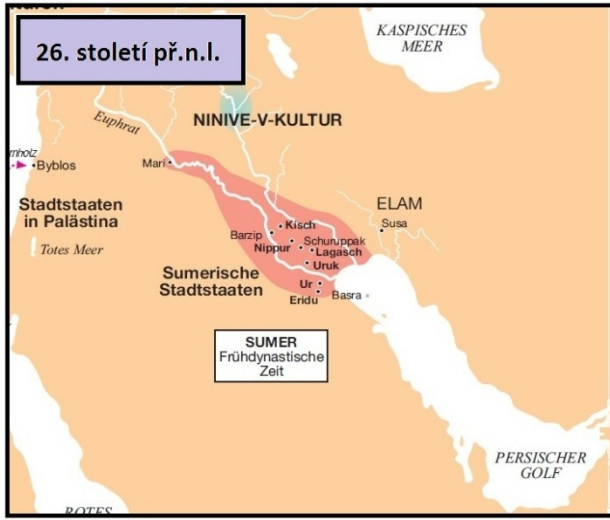
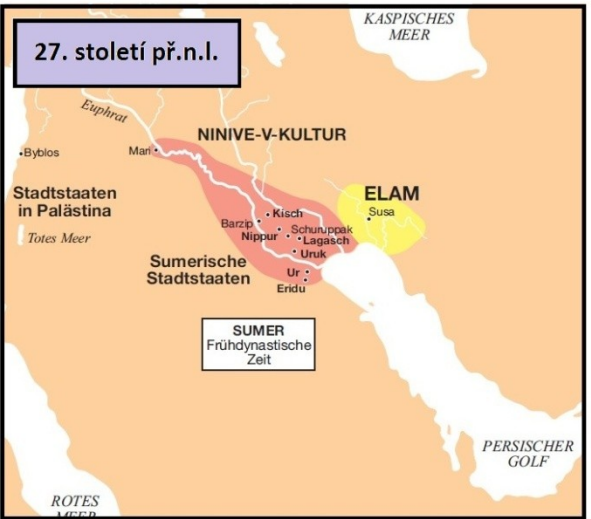
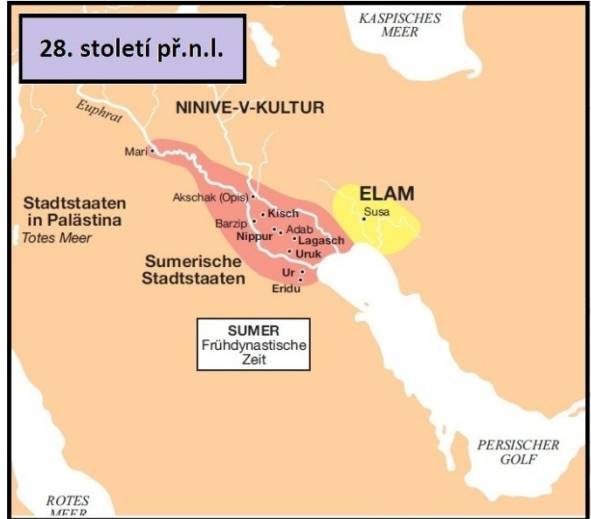
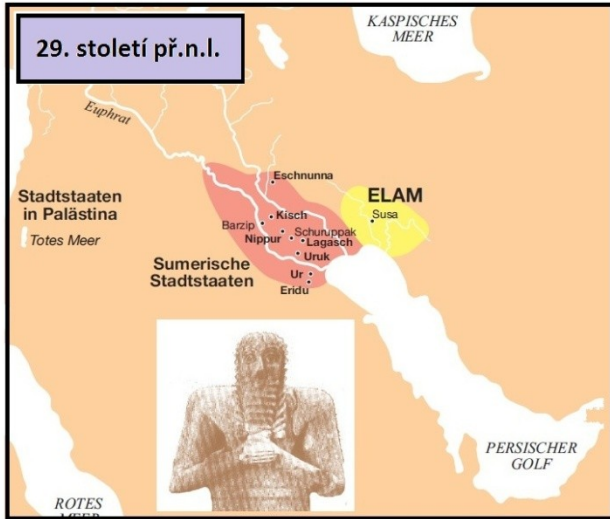


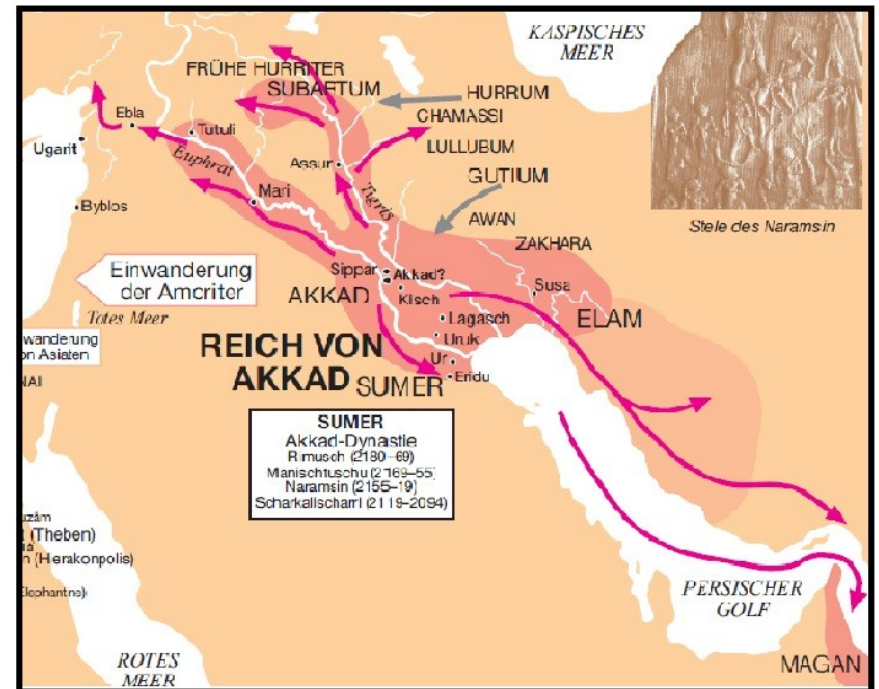
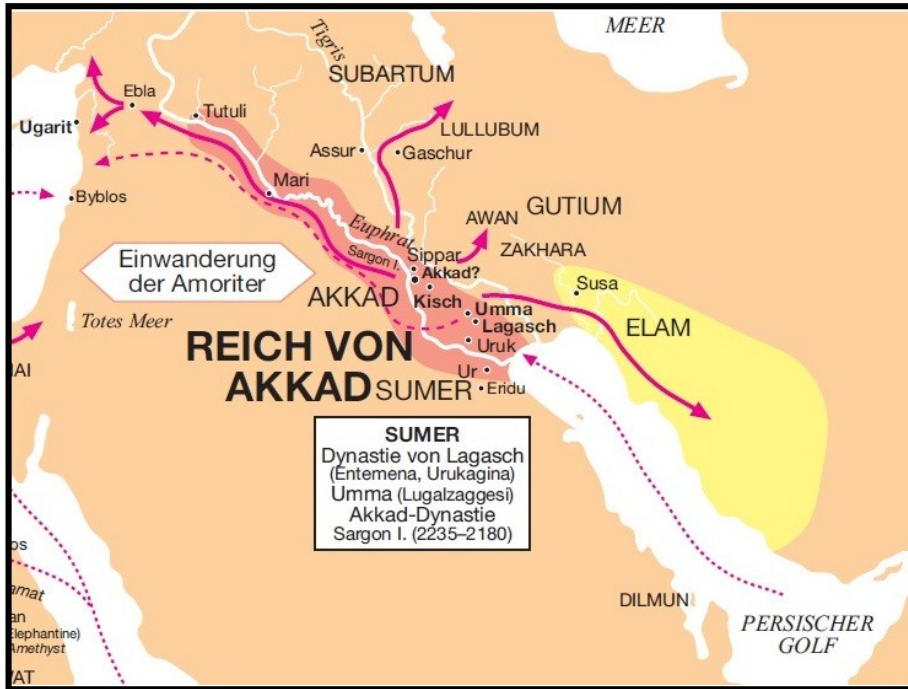
- area of Ubaid culture
 - Eridu settlement of the Ubaid period
 - (Basra) towns today
- Today's watercourses and shores are shown.

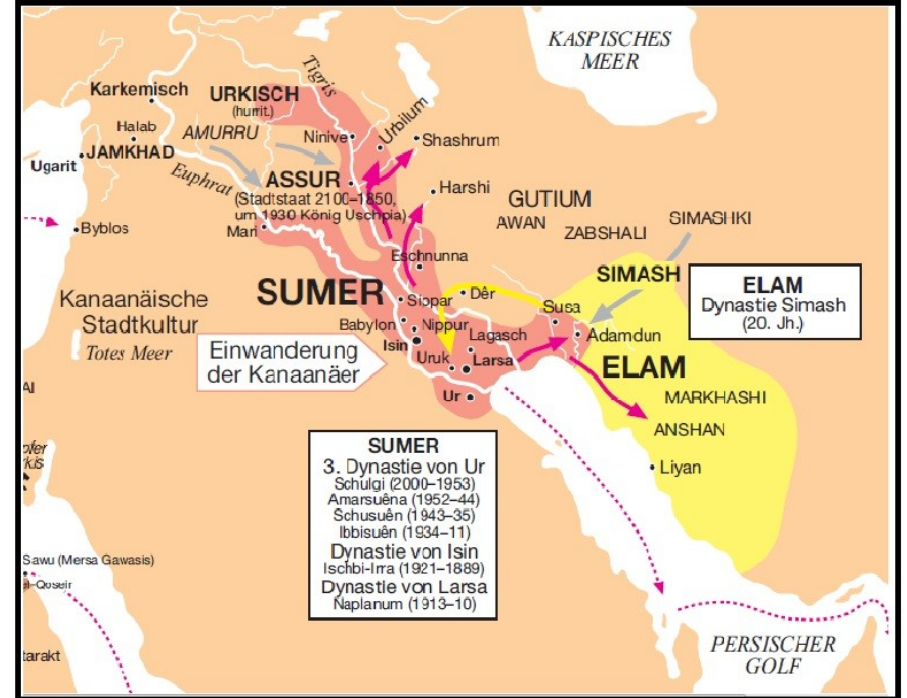
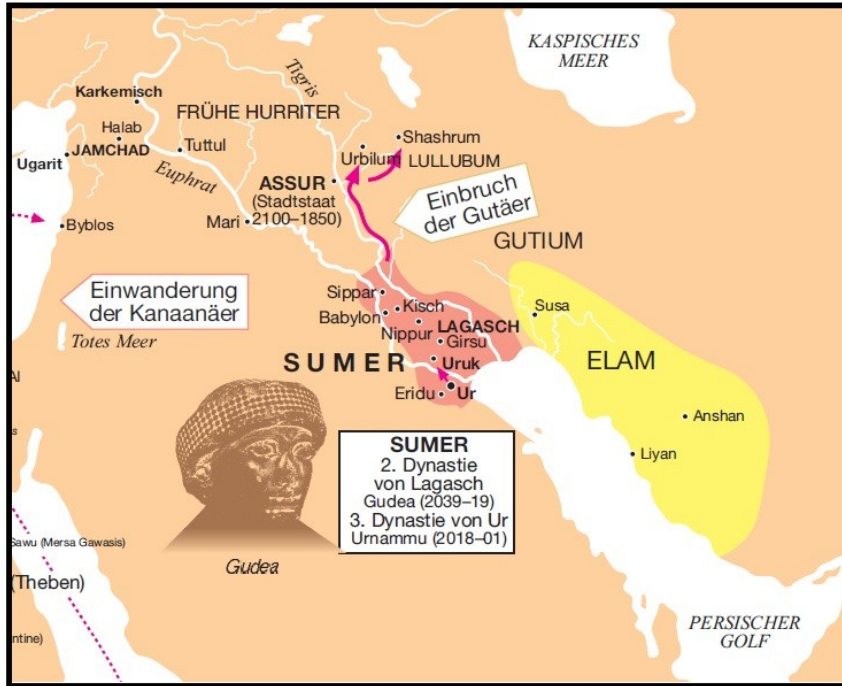
Persian Gulf



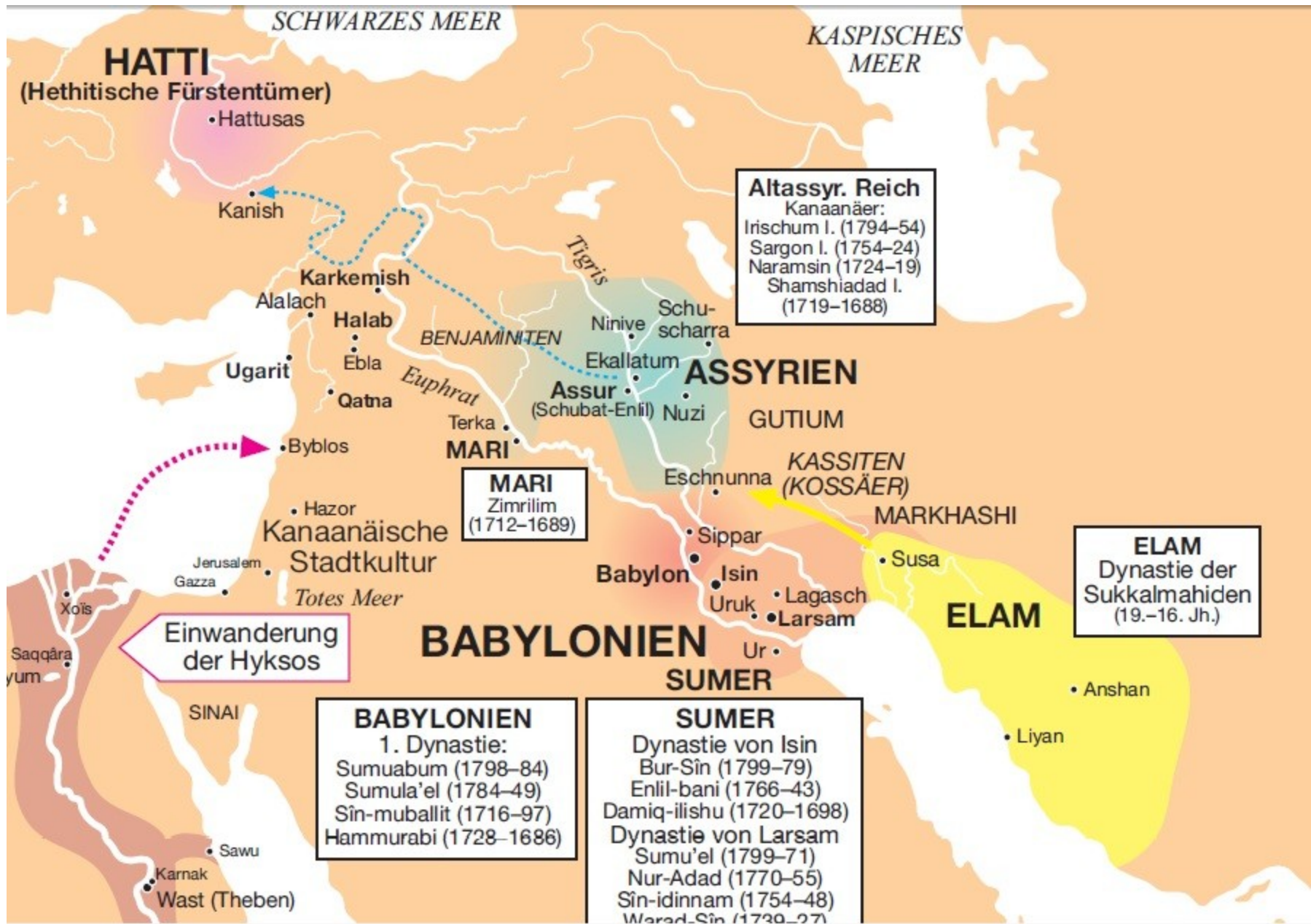


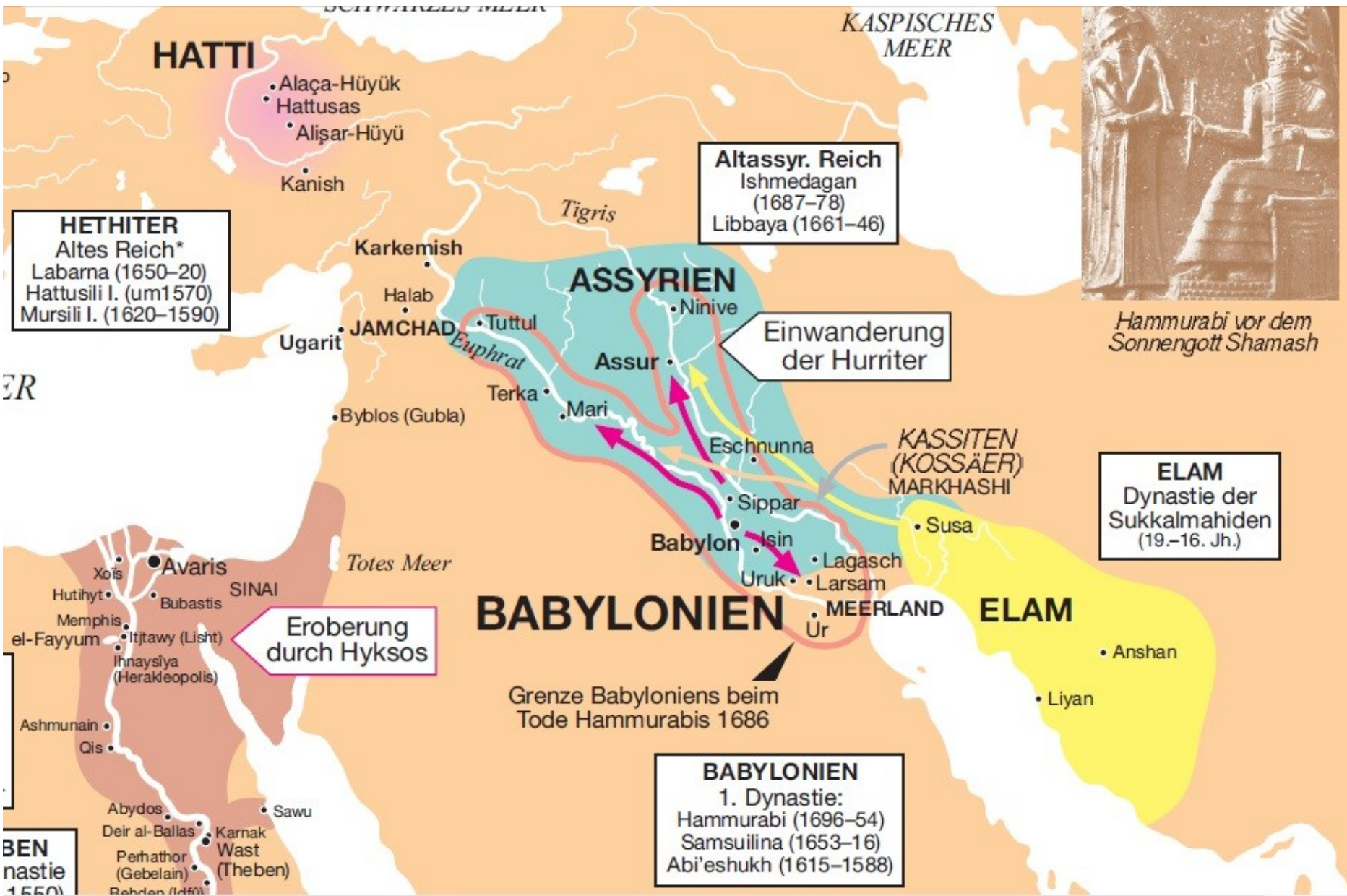












Hammurabi vor dem Sonnengott Shamash

HETHITER
Altes Reich*
Labarna (1650-20)
Hattusili I. (um 1570)
Mursili I. (1620-1590)

Altassyrisches Reich
Ishmedagan (1687-78)
Libbaya (1661-46)

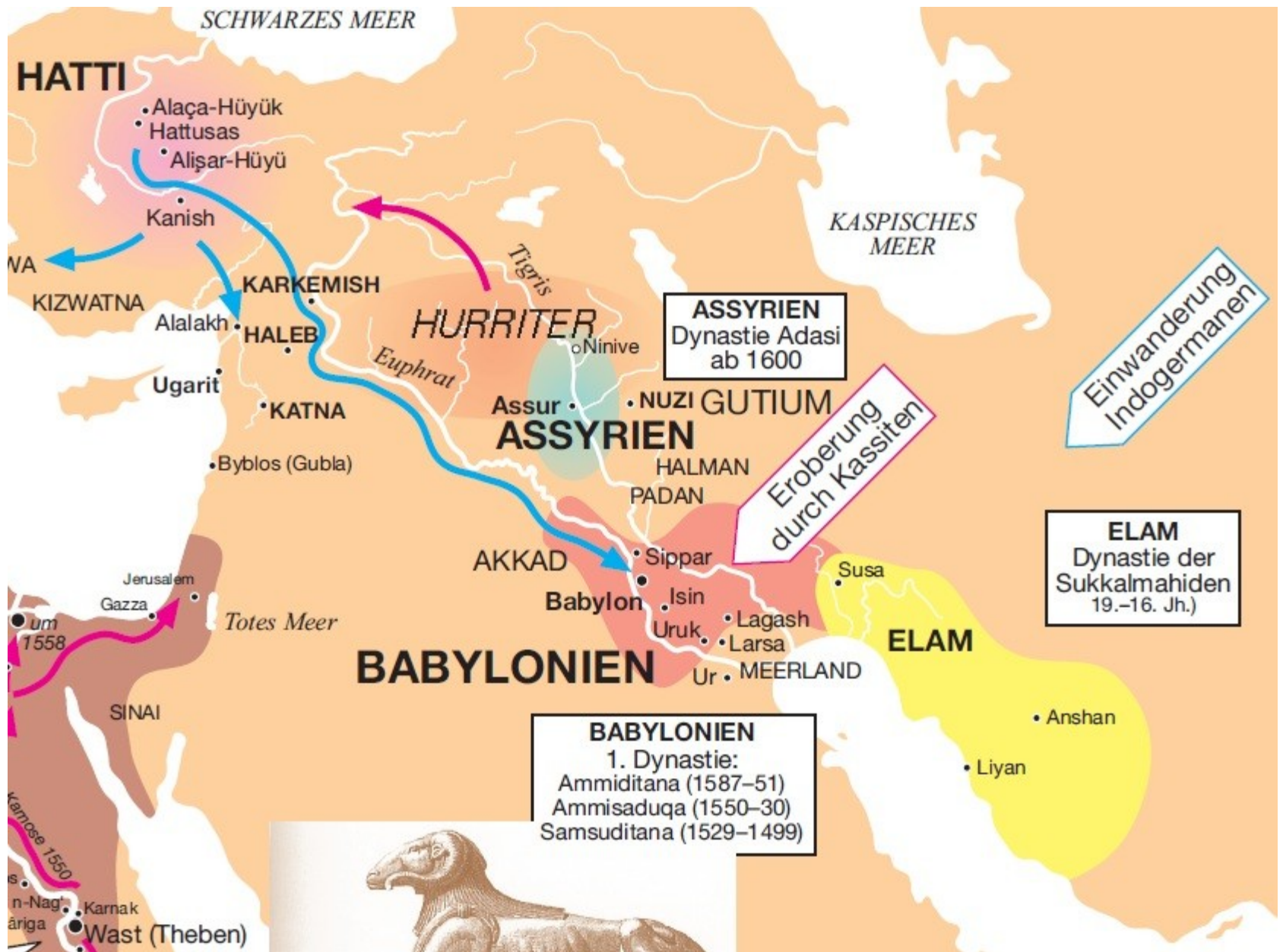
ELAM
Dynastie der Sukkalmahiden (19.-16. Jh.)

BABYLONIEN
1. Dynastie:
Hammurabi (1696-54)
Samsuilina (1653-16)
Abi'eshukh (1615-1588)

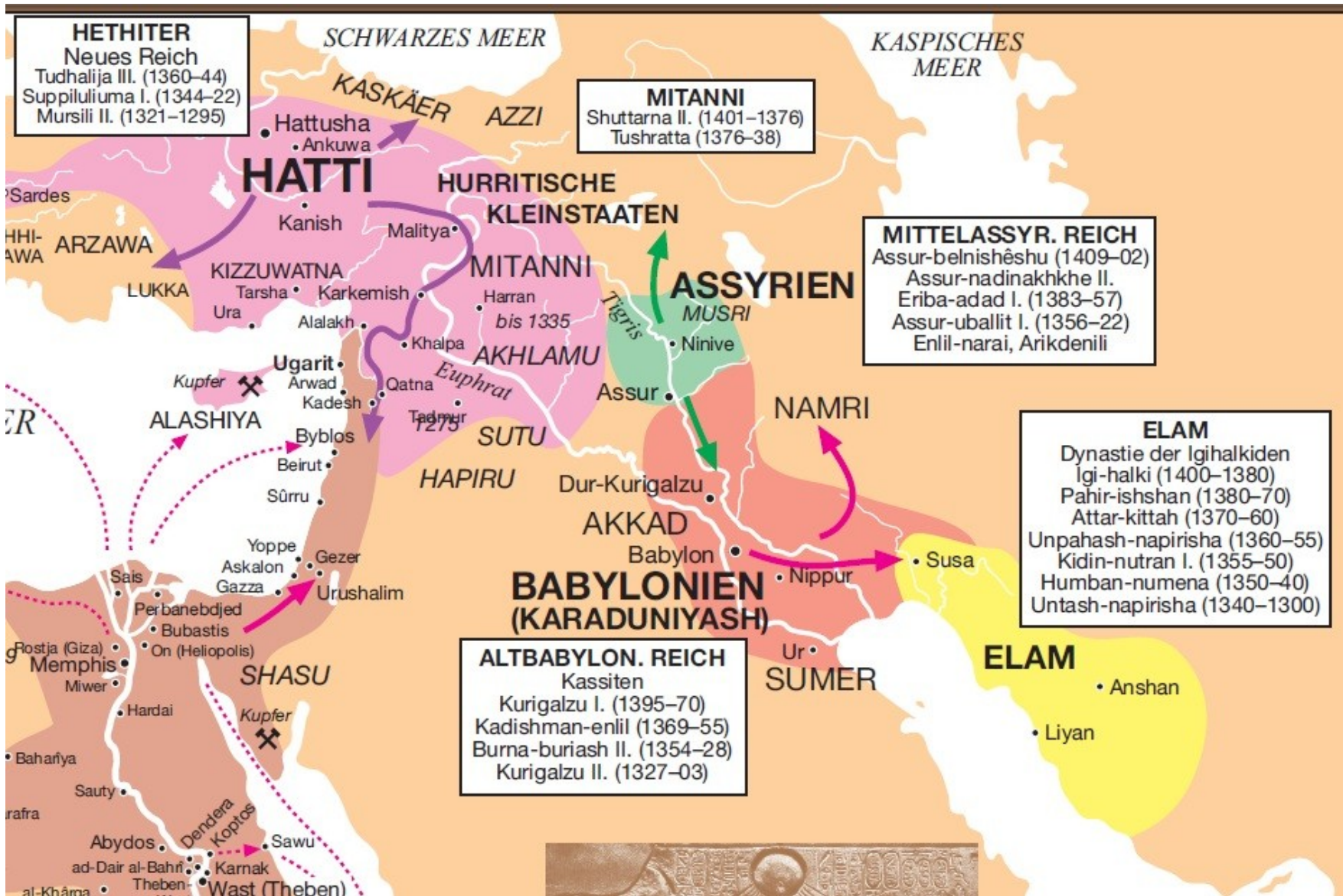
Eroberung durch Hyksos

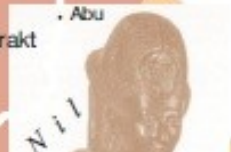
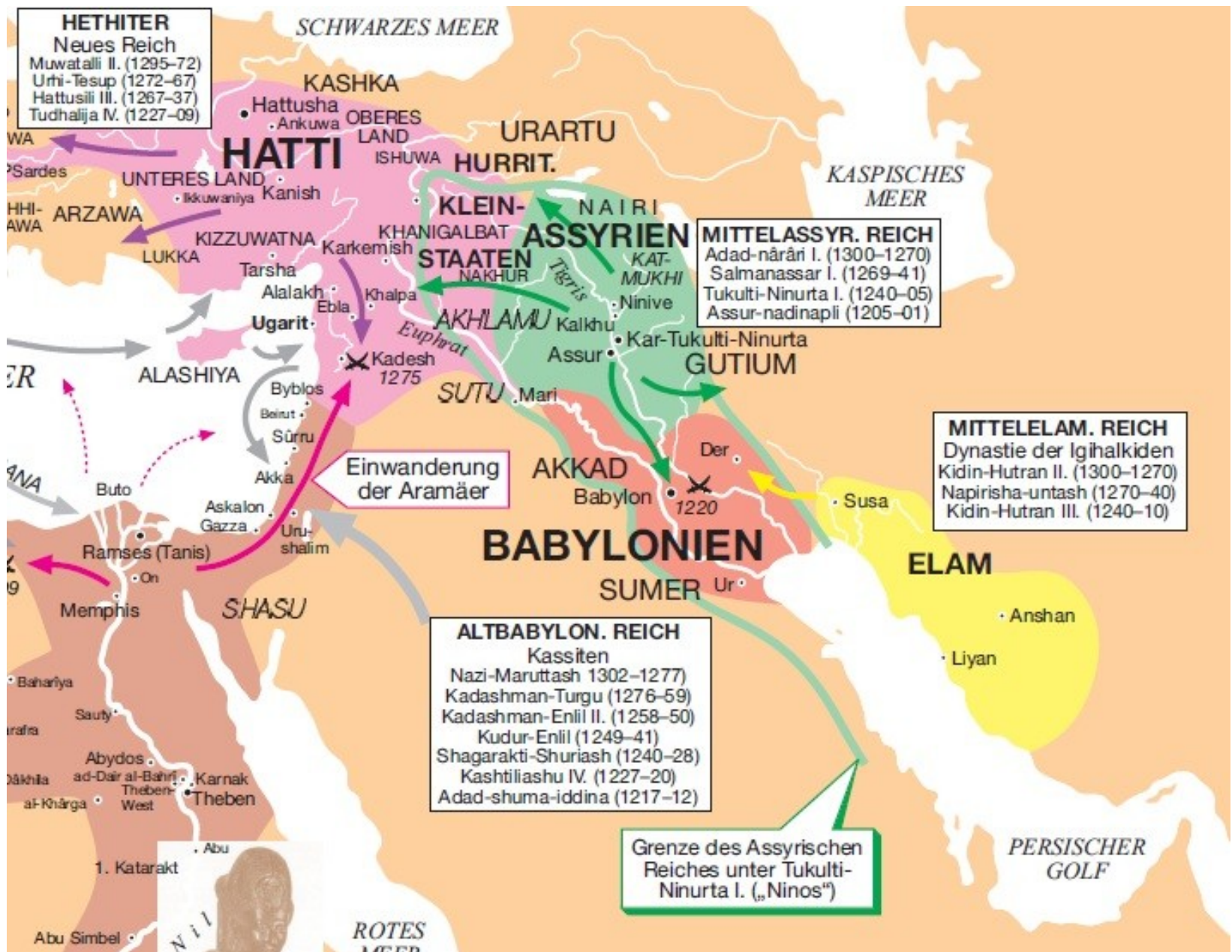
Einwanderung der Hurriter

Grenze Babylonien beim Tode Hammurabis 1686



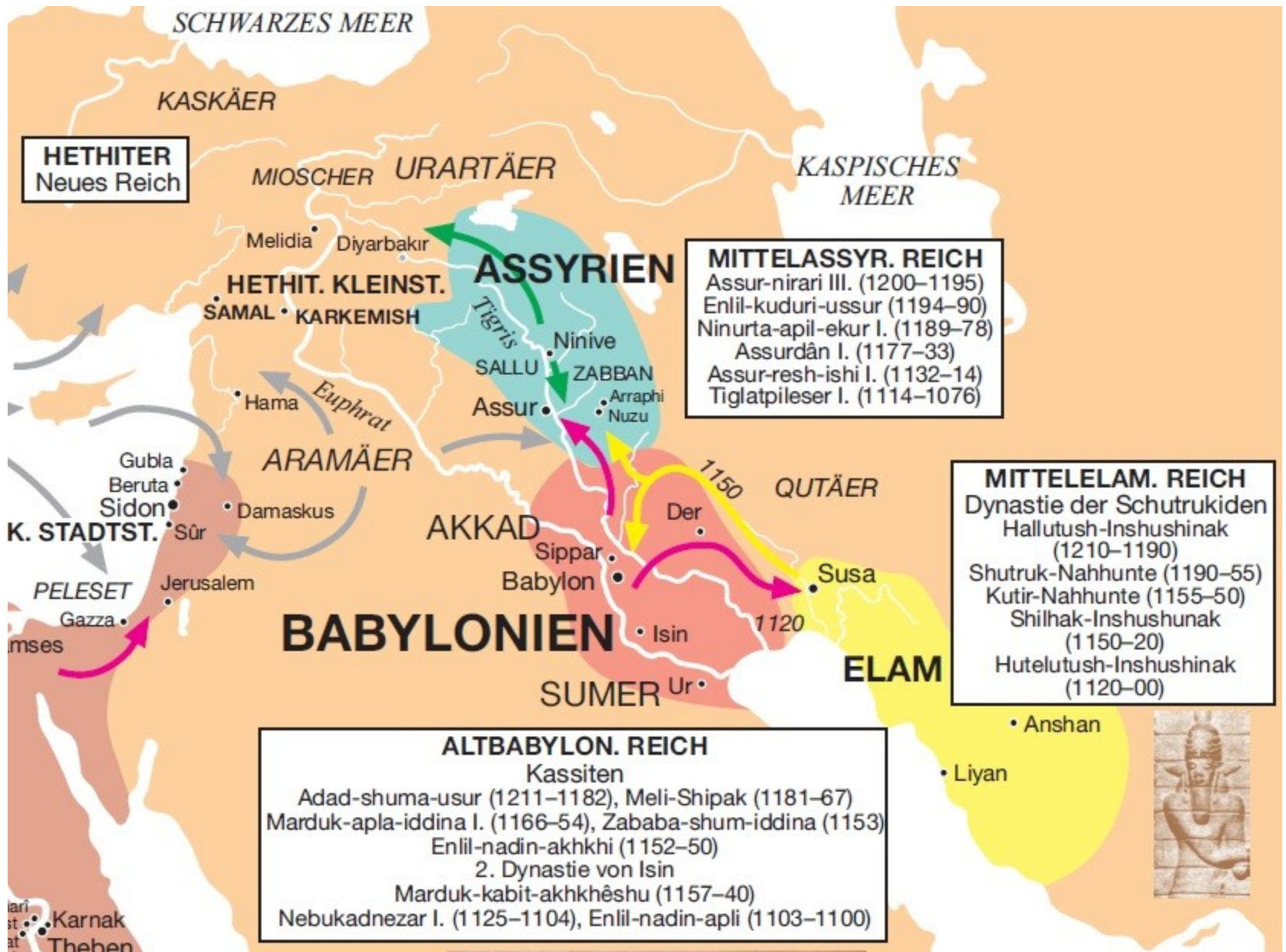


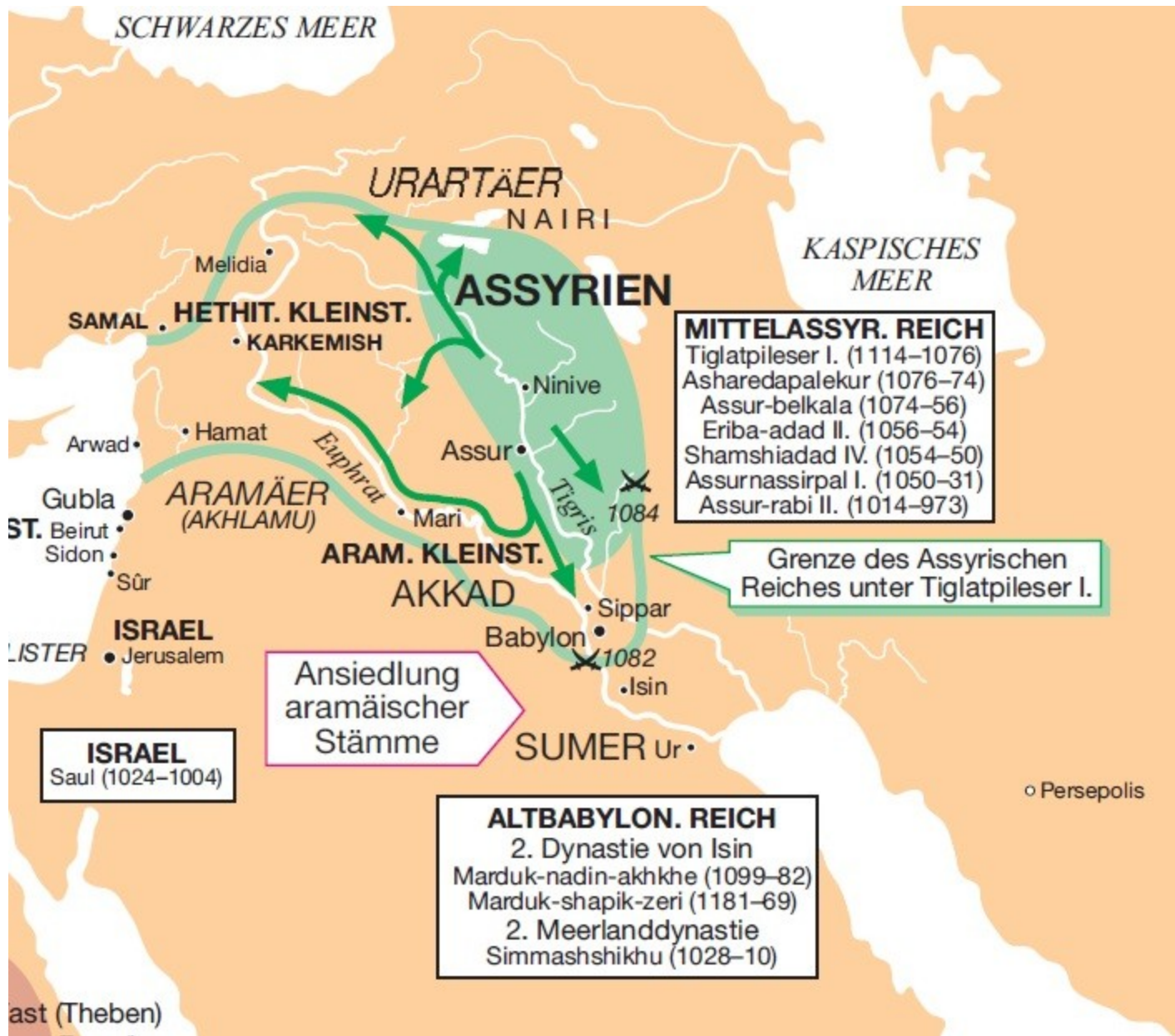


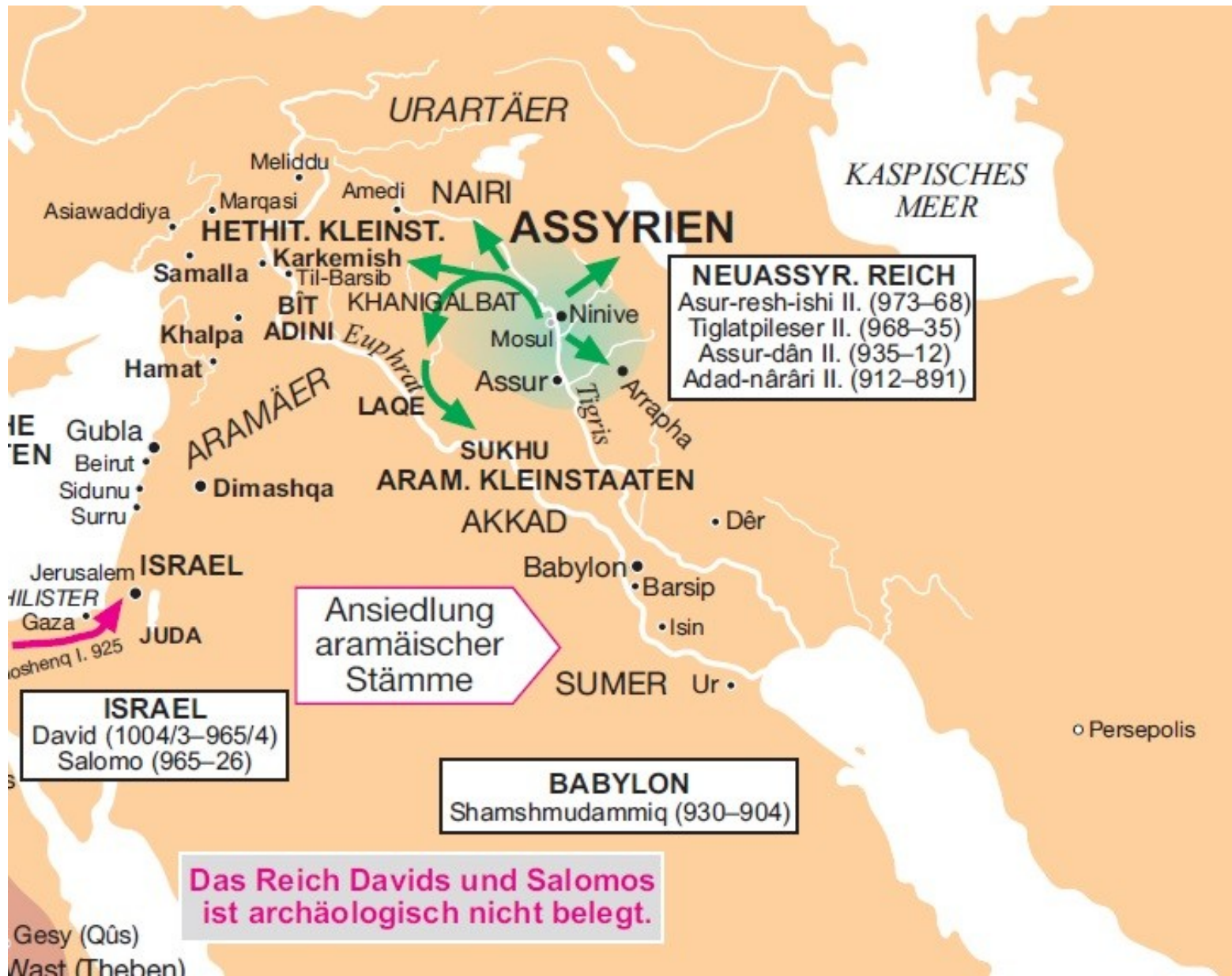


ROTES MEER

PERSISCHER GOLF







NEUASSYR. REICH
 Asur-resh-ishi II. (973–68)
 Tiglatpileser II. (968–35)
 Assur-dân II. (935–12)
 Adad-nârâri II. (912–891)

Ansiedlung
 aramäischer
 Stämme

ISRAEL
 David (1004/3–965/4)
 Salomo (965–26)

BABYLON
 Shamshudammîq (930–904)

Das Reich Davids und Salomos
 ist archäologisch nicht belegt.

