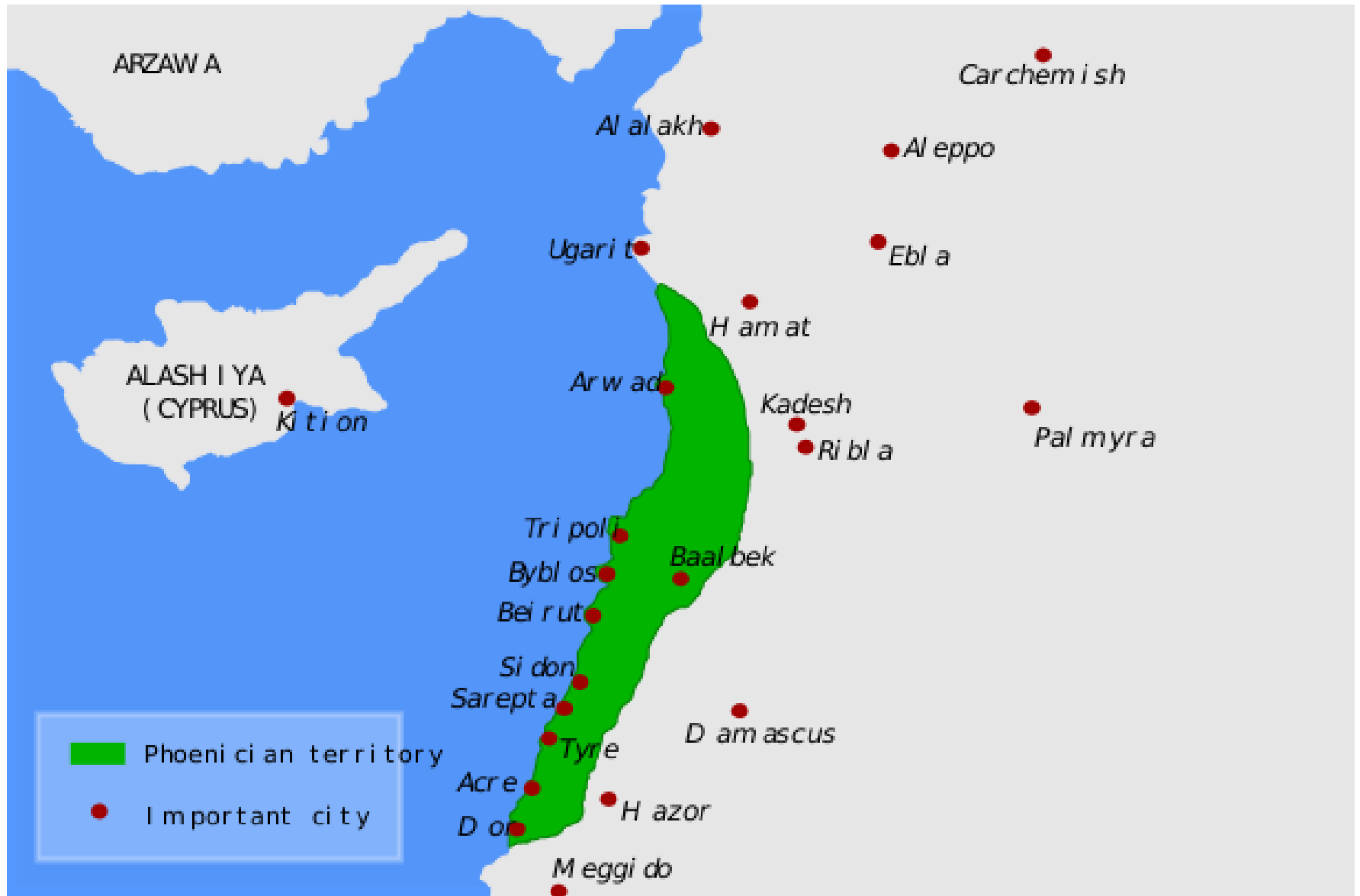


# Dějiny Předního Východu - seminář

9. HODINA  
VYBRANÉ LOKALITY -  
LEVANTA

# SIDON

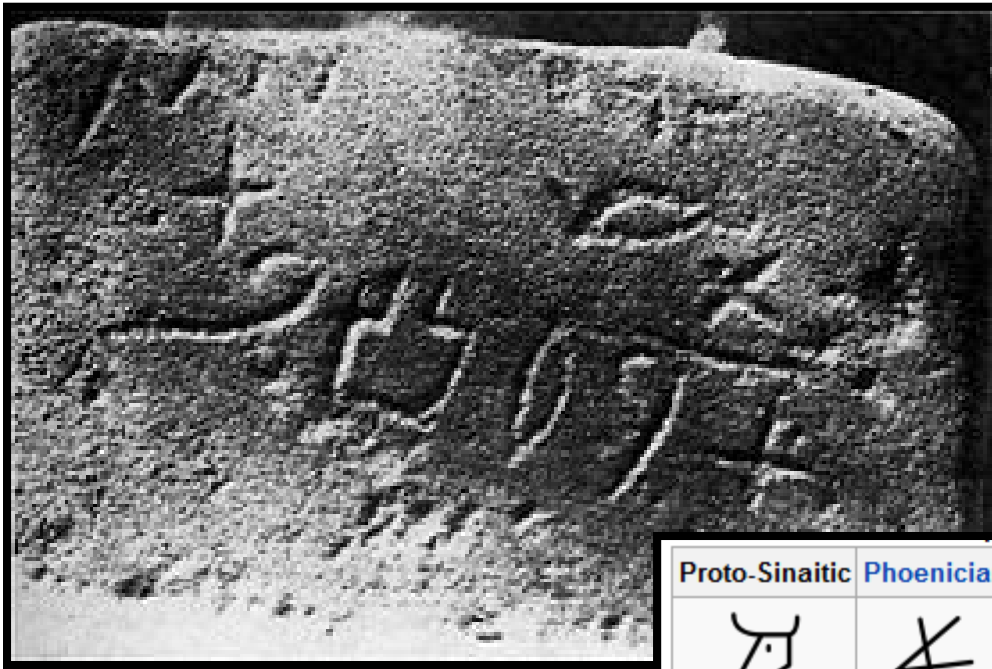






**Sarkofág krále  
Ešmunazara II.**





## Protosinajské písmo

Proto-Sinaitic	Phoenician	Phoen. value	Phoen. name	Hebrew	Greek	Latin	Arabic
		'	'alp "ox"	א	Α	A	ا
		b.	bet "house"	ב	Β	B	ب
		k	kap "hand"	כ	Κ	K	ك
		m	mem "water"	מ	Μ	M	م
		'	'en "eye"	ע	Ο	O	ع
		r	ro's "head"	ר	Ρ	R	ر

ⲀⲚⲏⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓ

Semitská písmena

ⲀⲚⲏⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓ

Fénické

ⲀⲚⲏⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓ

Aramejské

ⲀⲚⲏⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓ

Řecké archaické

לכטגשדצבא

Hebrejské

ⲀⲚⲏⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓ

Řecké východní

ⲀⲚⲏⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓ

Řecké západní

ذخحچثتبایؤ

Arabské

ΑΒΧΔΕΦΓ

Novořecké

ⲀⲚⲏⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓⲛⲧⲗⲉⲛⲁⲓ

Etruské

ইংরেজি সাহিত্যও

Indické

АБВГДЕЖ

Cyrilice

A B C D E F G H

Latinka

АБВГДЕЖ

Azbuka

ᚠᚡᚢᚣᚤᚥᚦᚧᚨᚩᚪᚫᚬᚭᚮᚯᚰᚱᚲᚳᚴᚵᚶᚷᚸᚹᚺᚻᚼᚽᚾᚿ

Runy

*Písmena společného  
původu*

Letter	Uni. Name	Meaning	Ph.	Corresponding letter in					
				He.	Sy.	Ar.	Greek	Latin	Cyr.
Ⲁ	ⲁ alf	ox	' [ʔ]	ⲕ	Ⲛ	ا	Aa	Aa	Aa
Ⲃ	ⲃ bet	house	b [b]	ⲃ	Ⲅ	ب,*ب	Bβ	Bb	Бб, Вв
Ⲅ	ⲅ gaml	camel	g [g]	ⲅ	Ⲇ	ج	Γγ	Cc, Gg	Гг, Гг'
Ⲇ	ⲇ delt	door	d [d]	ⲇ	Ⲉ	د,ذ	Δδ	Dd	Дд
Ⲉ	ⲉ he	window	h [h]	Ⲉ	ⲉ	ه	Eε	Ee	Ее, Ее, Ээ
Ⲋ	ⲋ wau	hook	w [w]	Ⲋ	ⲋ	و,ف	(Ff), Yu	Ff, Uu, Vv, Yy, Ww	(Vv), Уу, Ўў
Ⲍ	ⲍ zai	weapon	z [z]	Ⲍ	ⲍ	ز	Zζ	Zz	Жж, Зз
Ⲏ	ⲏ het	wall	h [h]	Ⲏ	ⲏ	ح,خ	Hη	Hh	Ии, Йй
Ⲑ	ⲑ tet	wheel	t [tʰ]	Ⲑ	ⲑ	ط,ظ	Θθ		(Θθ)
Ⲓ	ⲓ yod	hand	y [j]	Ⲓ	ⲓ	ي	ι	ιi, Jj	ιi, İi, Jj
Ⲕ	ⲕ kaf	palm (of a hand)	k [k]	Ⲕ	ⲕ	ك	Kκ	Kk	Кк
Ⲗ	ⲗ lamd	goad	l [l]	Ⲗ	ⲗ	ل	Λλ	Ll	Лл
Ⲙ	ⲙ mem	water	m [m]	Ⲙ	ⲙ	م	Mμ	Mm	Мм
Ⲛ	ⲛ nun	serpent	n [n]	Ⲛ	ⲛ	ن	Nν	Nn	Нн
Ⲝ	ⲝ semk	fish	s [s]	Ⲝ	ⲝ,Ⲟ	س	Ξξ, poss. Χχ	poss. Xx	(Ξξ), poss. Χχ
Ⲟ	ⲟ ain	eye	' [ʔ]	Ⲟ	ⲟ	ع,غ	Oo, Ωω	Oo	Oo
Ⲡ	ⲡ pe	mouth	p [p]	Ⲡ	ⲡ	ف	Ππ	Pp	Пп
Ⲣ	ⲣ sade	hunt	š [sʰ]	Ⲣ	ⲣ	ص,ض	(Μμ)		Цц, Чч, Ъу
Ⲥ	ⲥ qof	monkey	q [q]	Ⲥ	ⲥ	ق	(Ϝϝ), poss. Φφ, Ψψ	Qq	(Ϝϝ), poss. Φφ, (Ψψ)
ⲧ	Ⲩ rosh	head	r [r]	ⲧ	Ⲩ	ر	Pp	Rr	Pp
ⲩ	Ⲫ shin	tooth	š [ʃ]	ⲩ	Ⲫ	ش	Σσς	Ss	Сс, Шш, Щщ
Ⲭ	ⲭ tau	mark	t [t]	Ⲭ	ⲭ	ت,ث	Tτ	Tt	Тт







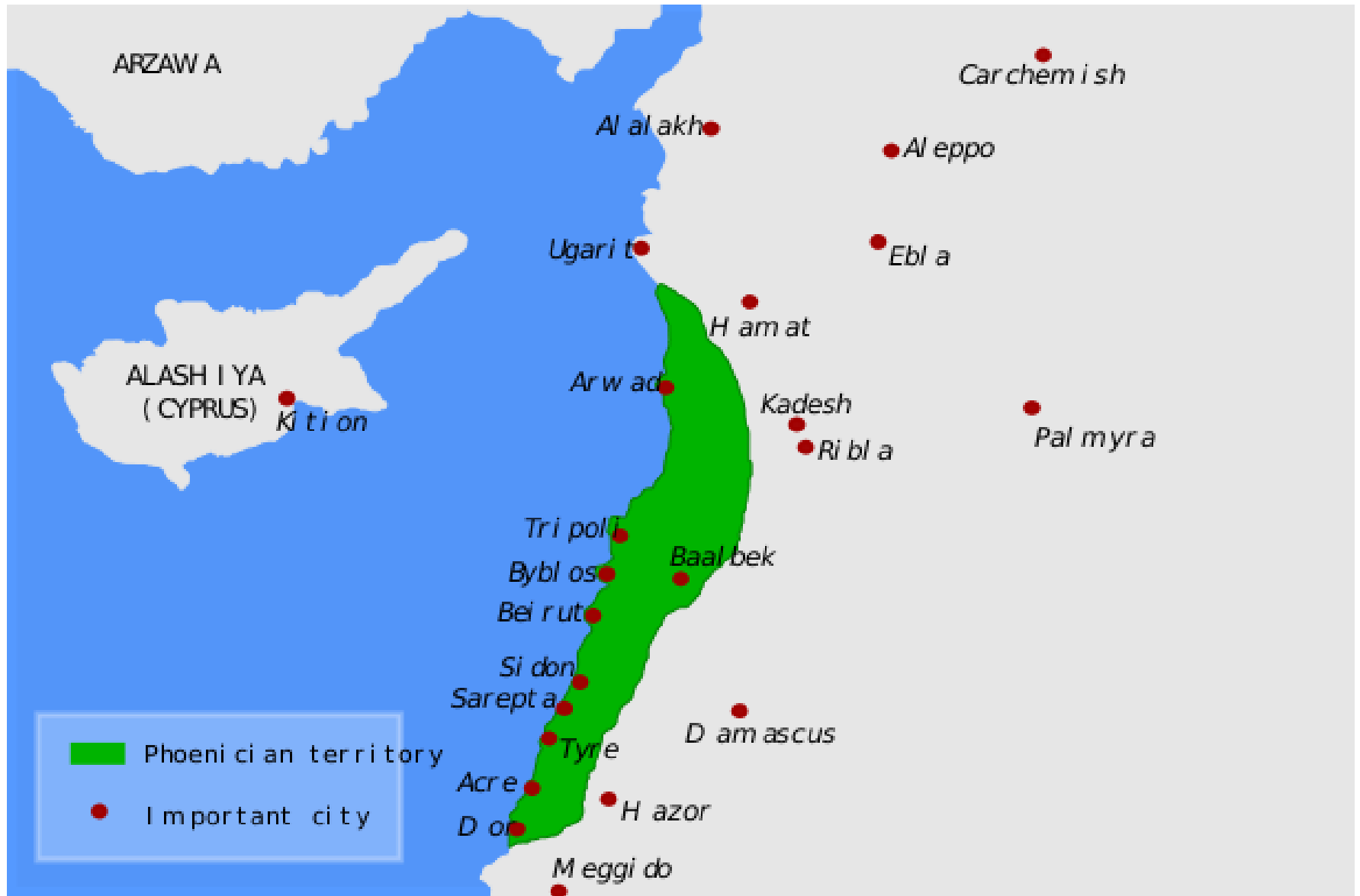
**Moabský kámen  
(Méšiho stéla)**

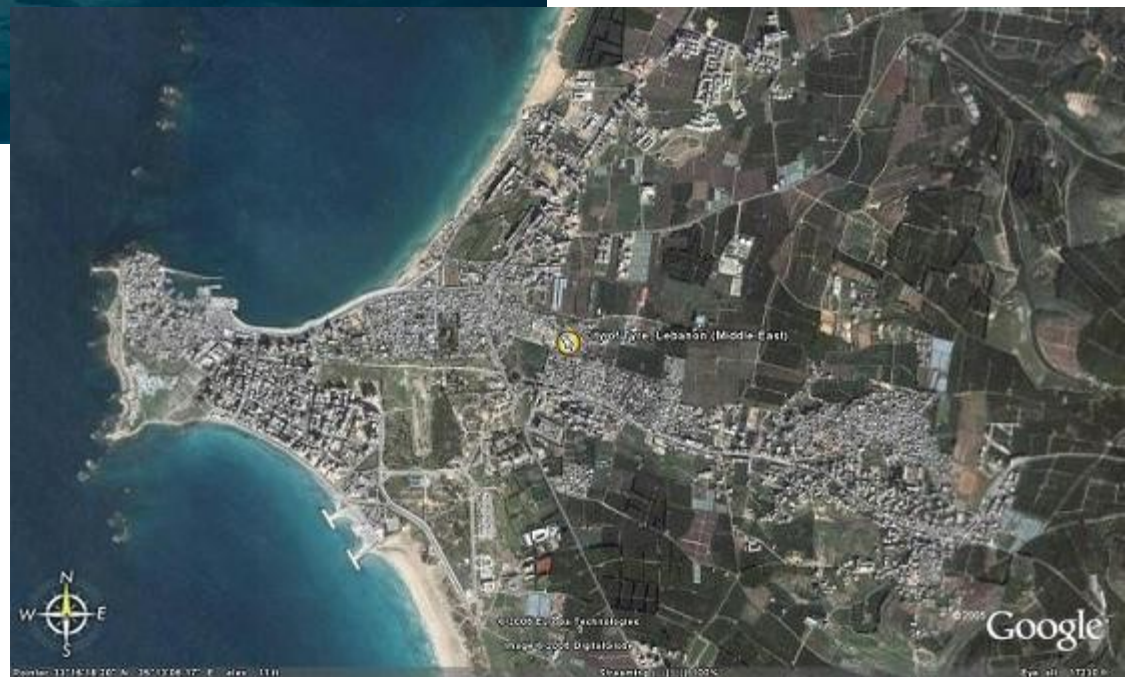
Letter name	Letter form	Letter	Equivalent Hebrew	Equivalent Arabic	Equivalent Syrac	Sound value
Alaph	א	א	א	أ	ܐ	/ʔ/, /a/, /aʔ/
Beth	ב	ב	ב	ب	ܒ	/b/, /b/
Gimel	ג	ג	ג	ج	ܓ	/g/, /g/
Daleth	ד	ד	ד	د	ܕ	/d/, /d/
He	ה	ה	ה	ه	ܗ	/h/
Vav	ו	ו	ו	و	ܘ	/v/, /və/, /vəʔ/
Zain	ז	ז	ז	ز	ܙ	/z/
Heth	ח	ח	ח	ح	ܚ	/h/
Teth	ט	ט	ט	ط	ܛ	emphatic /t/
Yoth	י	י	י	ي	ܝ	/j/, /jə/, /jəʔ/
Kaph	כ	כ	כ	ك	ܟ	/k/, /k/
Lamedh	ל	ל	ל	ل	ܠ	/l/
Mim	מ	מ	מ	م	ܡ	/m/
Nun	נ	נ	נ	ن	ܢ	/n/
Samekh	ס	ס	ס	س	ܣ	/s/
Q	ק	ק	ק	ق	ܩ	/q/
Pe	פ	פ	פ	ف	ܦ	/p/, /p/
Sadeh	צ	צ	צ	ص	ܥ	emphatic /s/
Dagh	ק	ק	ק	ق	ܩ	/q/
Rath	ר	ר	ר	ر	ܪ	/r/
Shin	ש	ש	ש	ش	ܫ	/ʃ/
Tau	ת	ת	ת	ث	ܚ	/t/, /t/

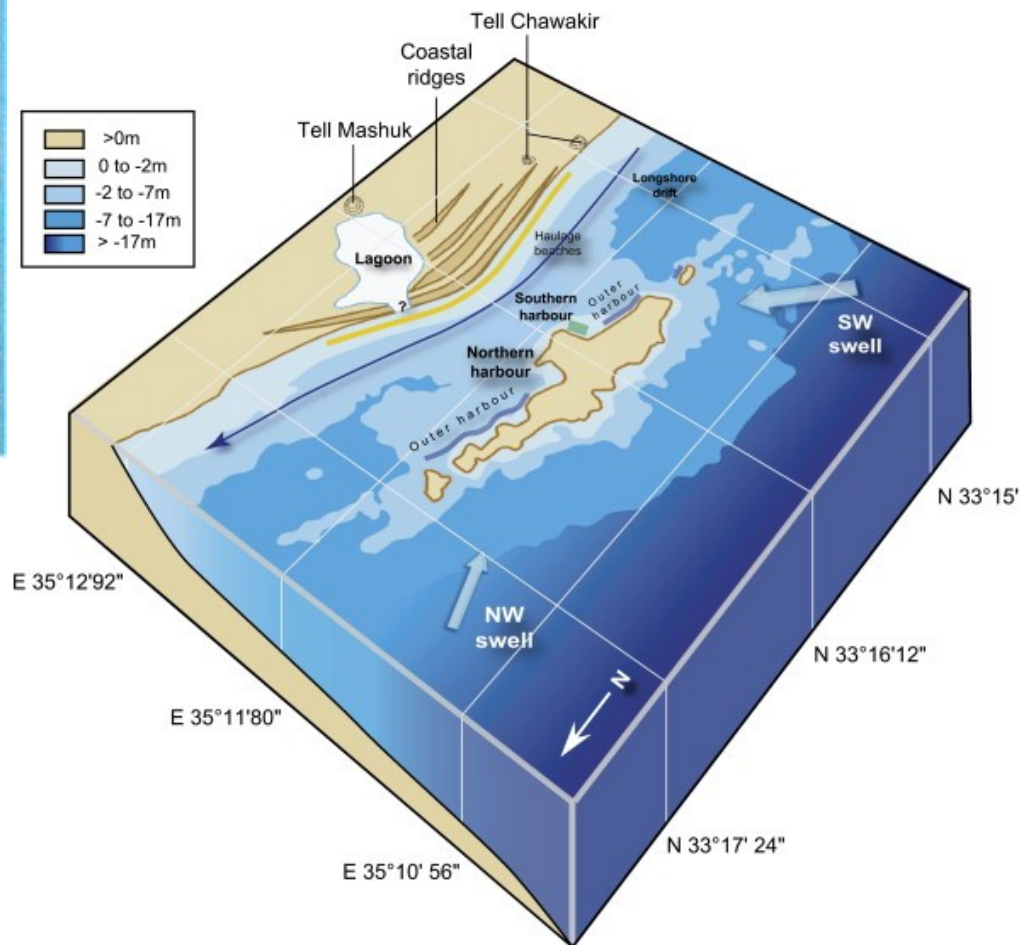
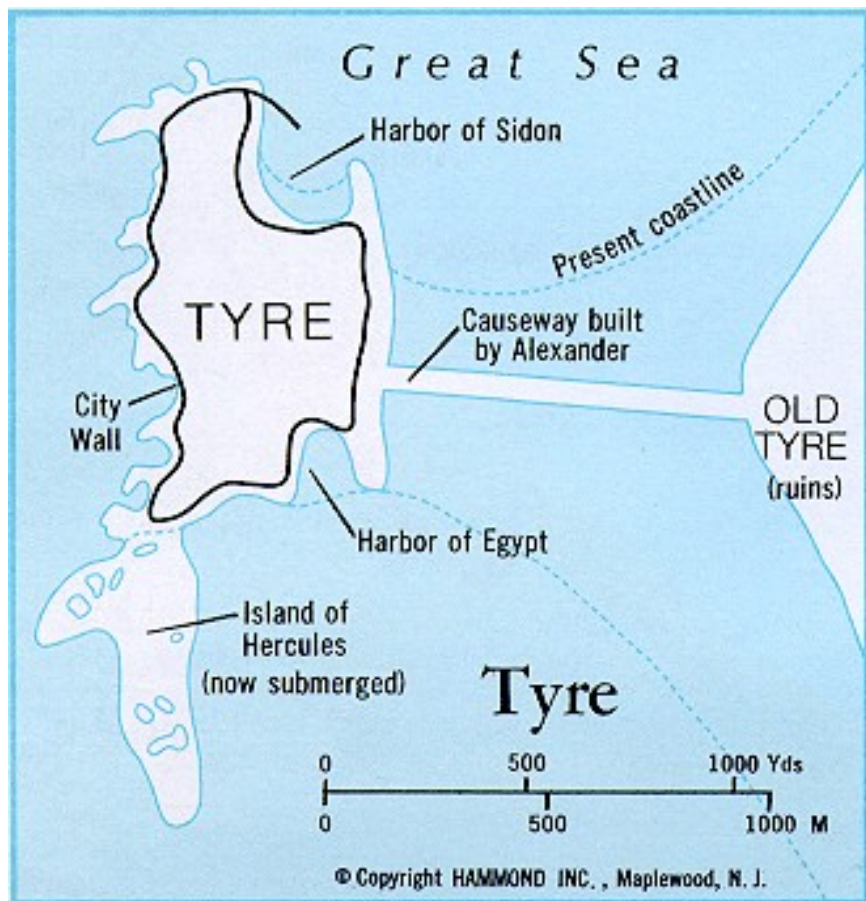


**Stéla krále Kilamuwy (8. století př.nl.)**

# TÝROS









Cyprian fleet

North (Sidonian) harbour

**Tyre**

Alexander's dam

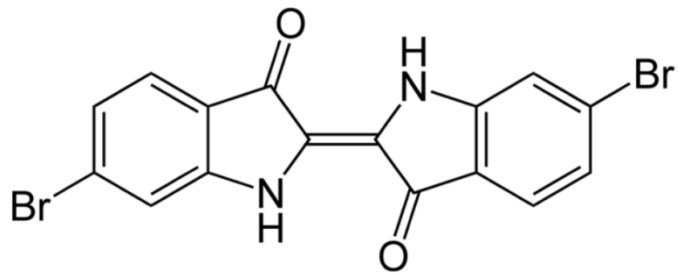
700-800 m

South harbour

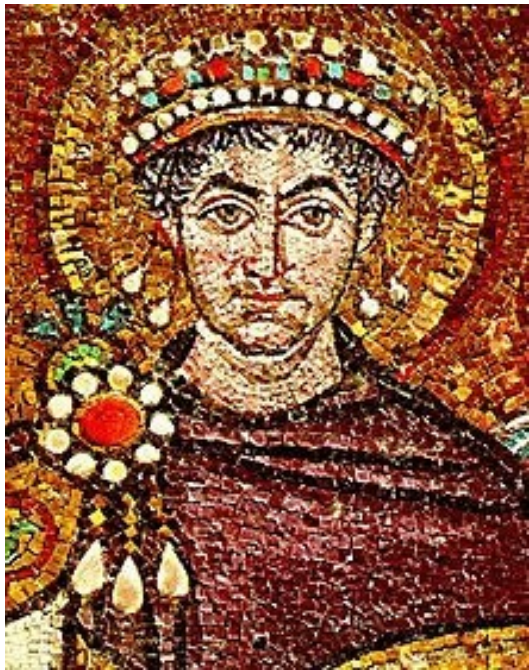
Phoenician fleet

**Old Tyre**

**Siege of Tyre**  
July, 332 B.C.

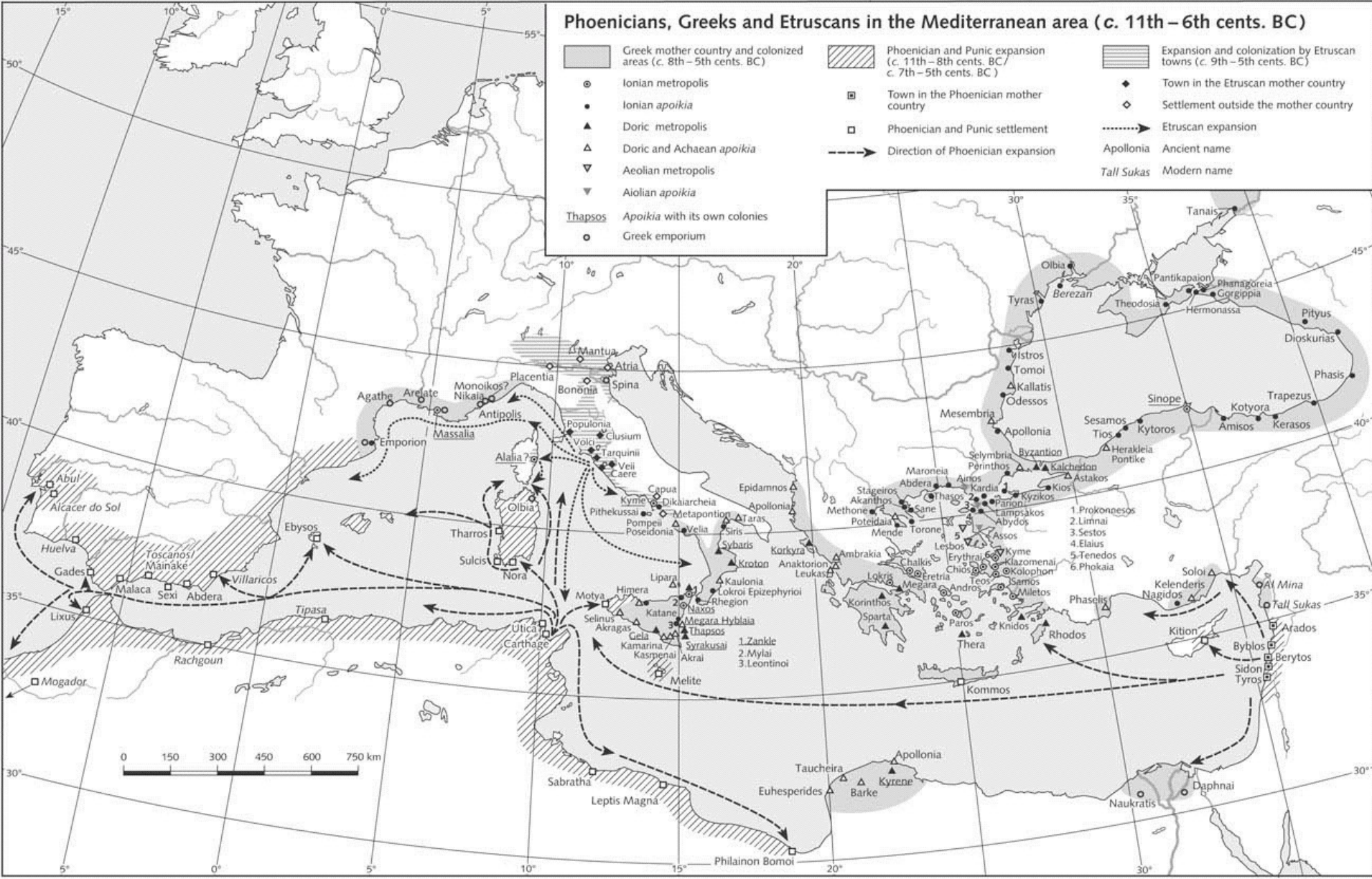


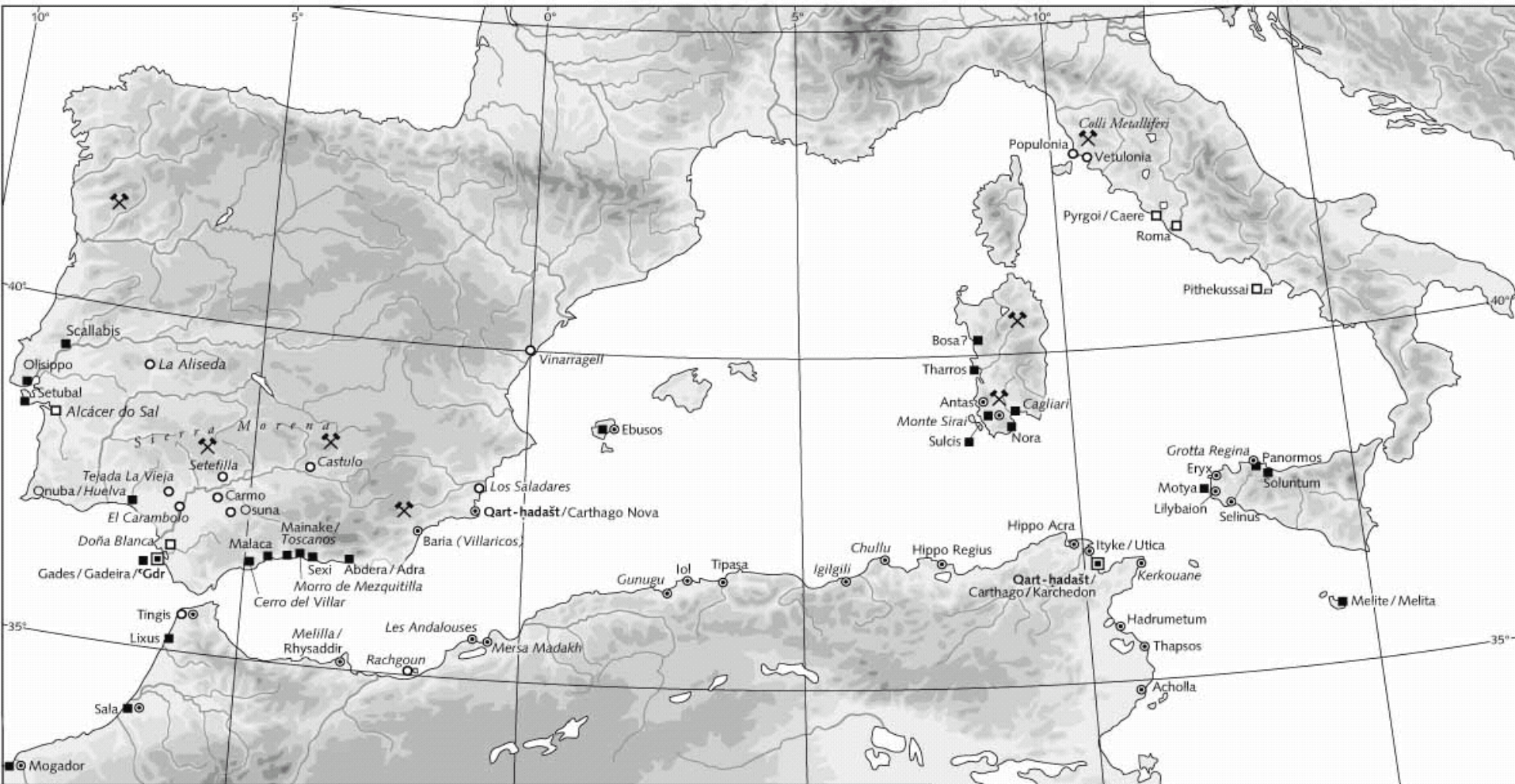
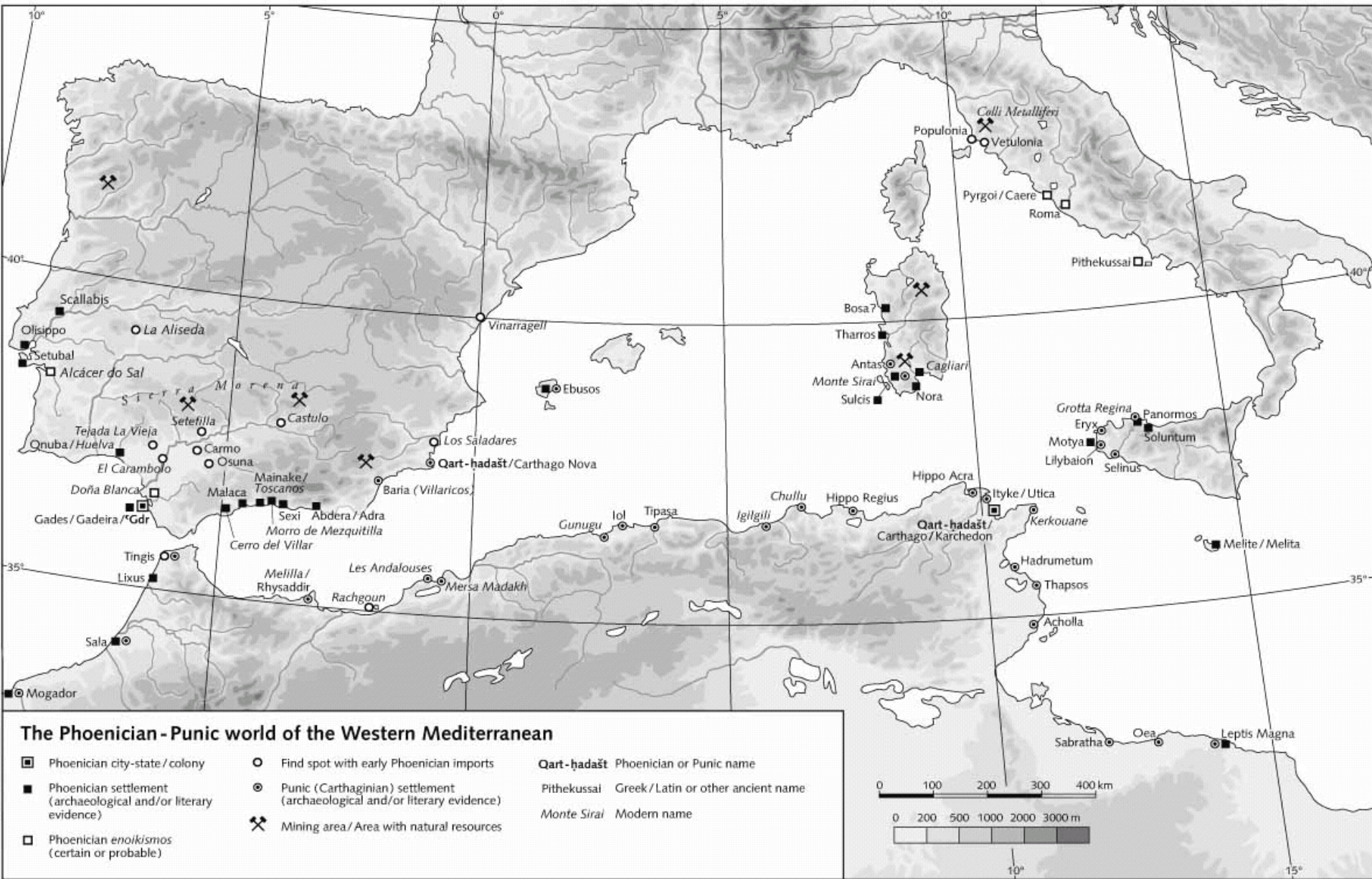


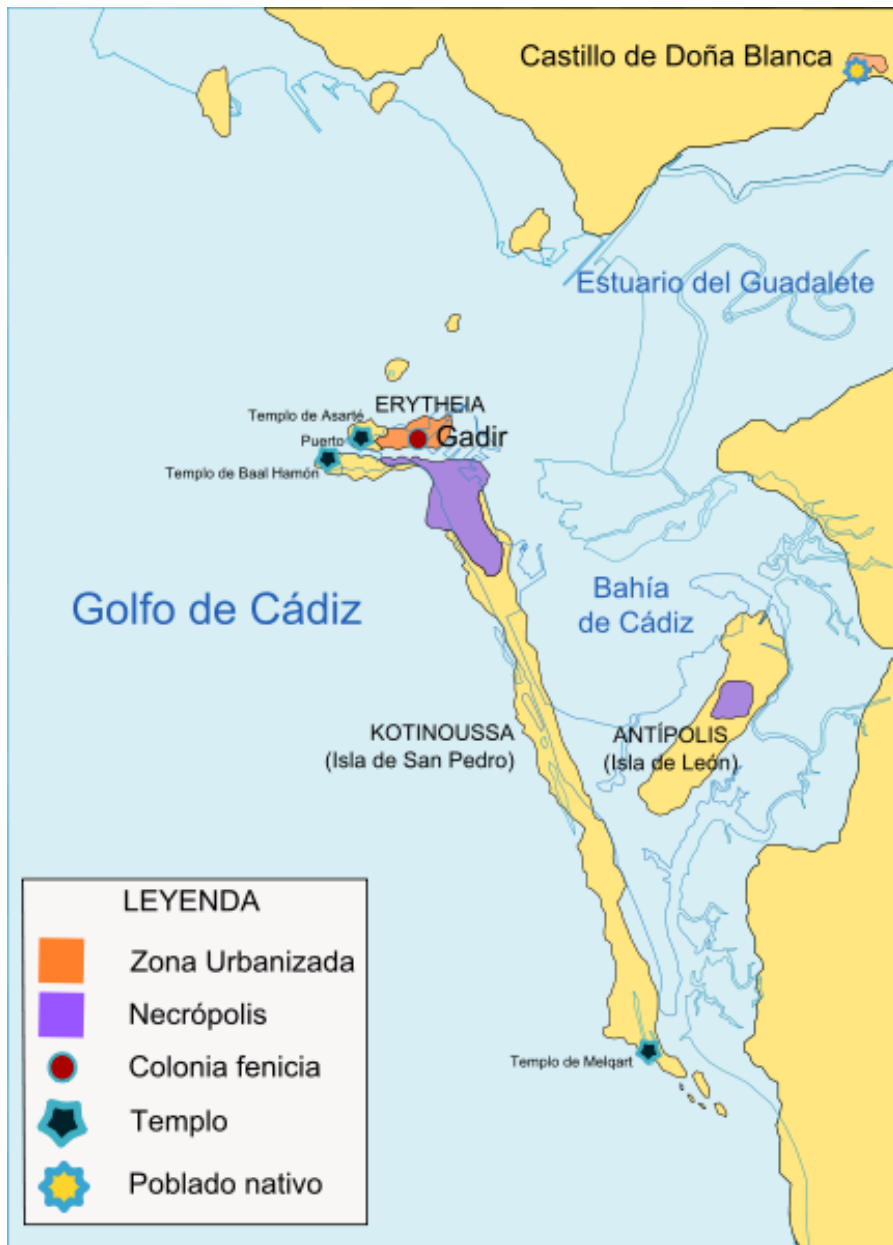


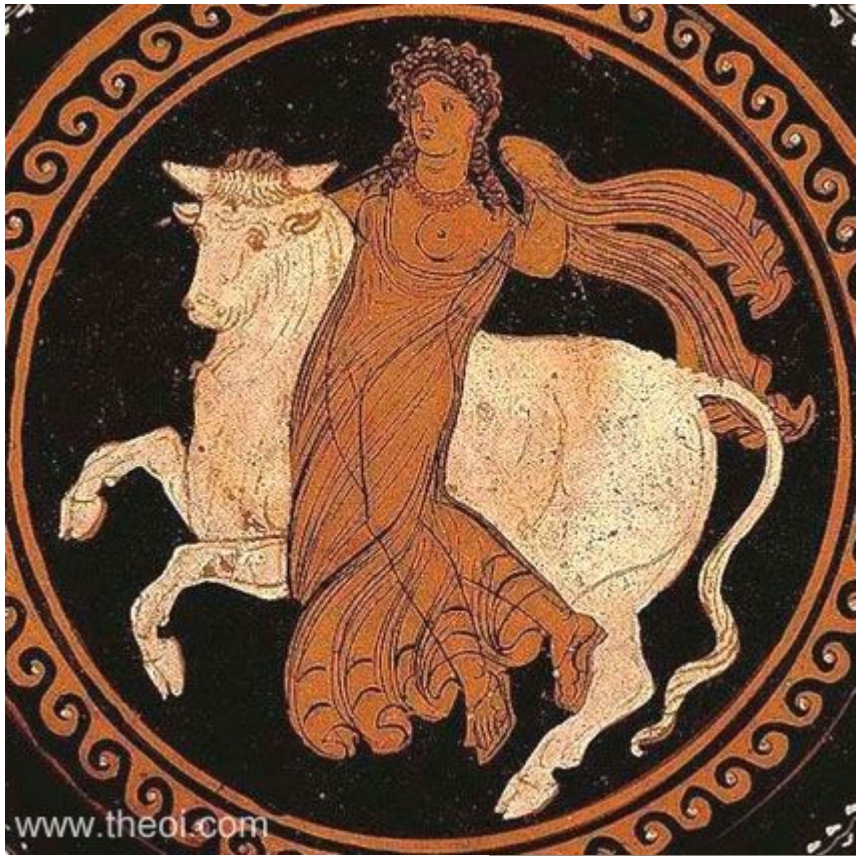
# Phoenicians, Greeks and Etruscans in the Mediterranean area (c. 11th – 6th cents. BC)

- |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  | Greek mother country and colonized areas (c. 8th – 5th cents. BC) |  | Phoenician and Punic expansion (c. 11th – 8th cents. BC / c. 7th – 5th cents. BC) |  | Expansion and colonization by Etruscan towns (c. 9th – 5th cents. BC) |
| ⊙   | Ionian metropolis   | ⊠   | Town in the Phoenician mother country   | ◆   | Town in the Etruscan mother country                                   |
| •   | Ionian apoikia  | □   | Phoenician and Punic settlement   | ◇   | Settlement outside the mother country                                 |
| ▲   | Doric metropolis  | →   | Direction of Phoenician expansion   | →   | Etruscan expansion  |
| △   | Doric and Achaean apoikia   |   |   | Apollonia   | Ancient name  |
| ▽   | Aeolian metropolis  |   |   | Tall Sukas  | Modern name   |
| ▼   | Aiolian apoikia   |   |   |   |   |
| <u>Thapsos</u>  | Apoikia with its own colonies                                     |   |   |   |   |
| ○   | Greek emporium  |   |   |   |   |

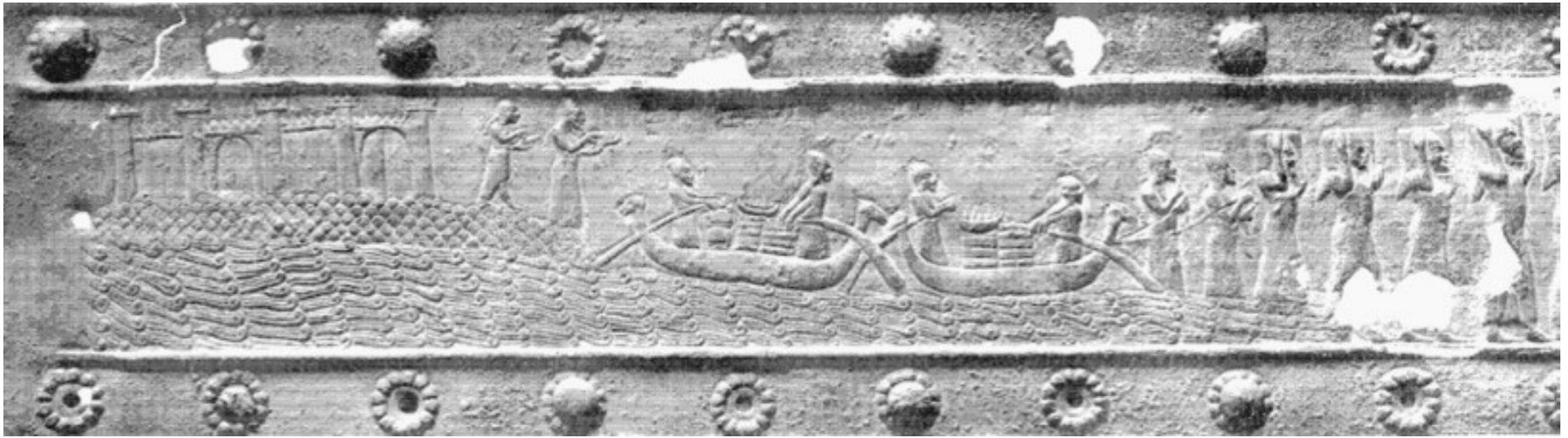












C.2.

H.2.



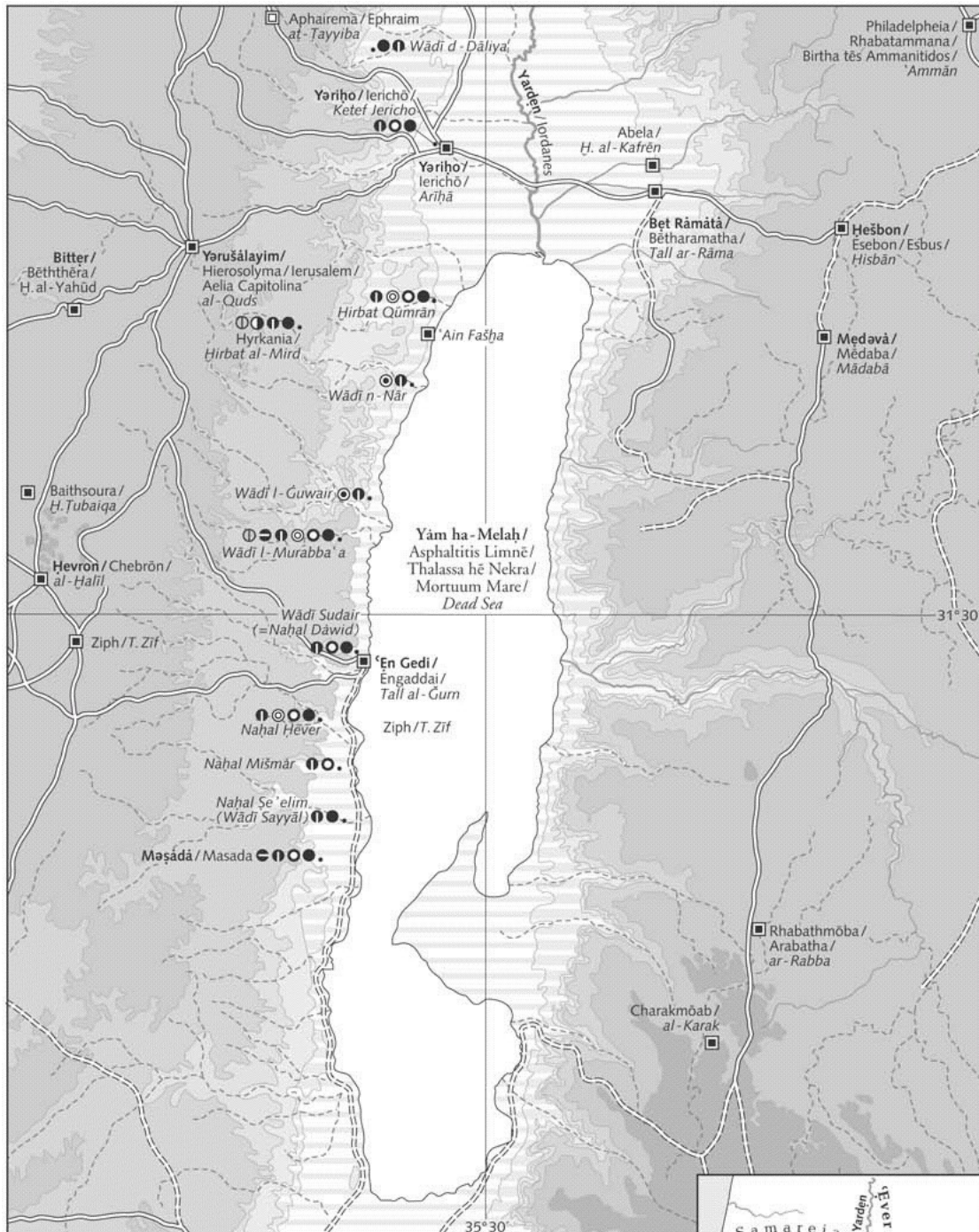
C.2.

H.3.





# JERICHO



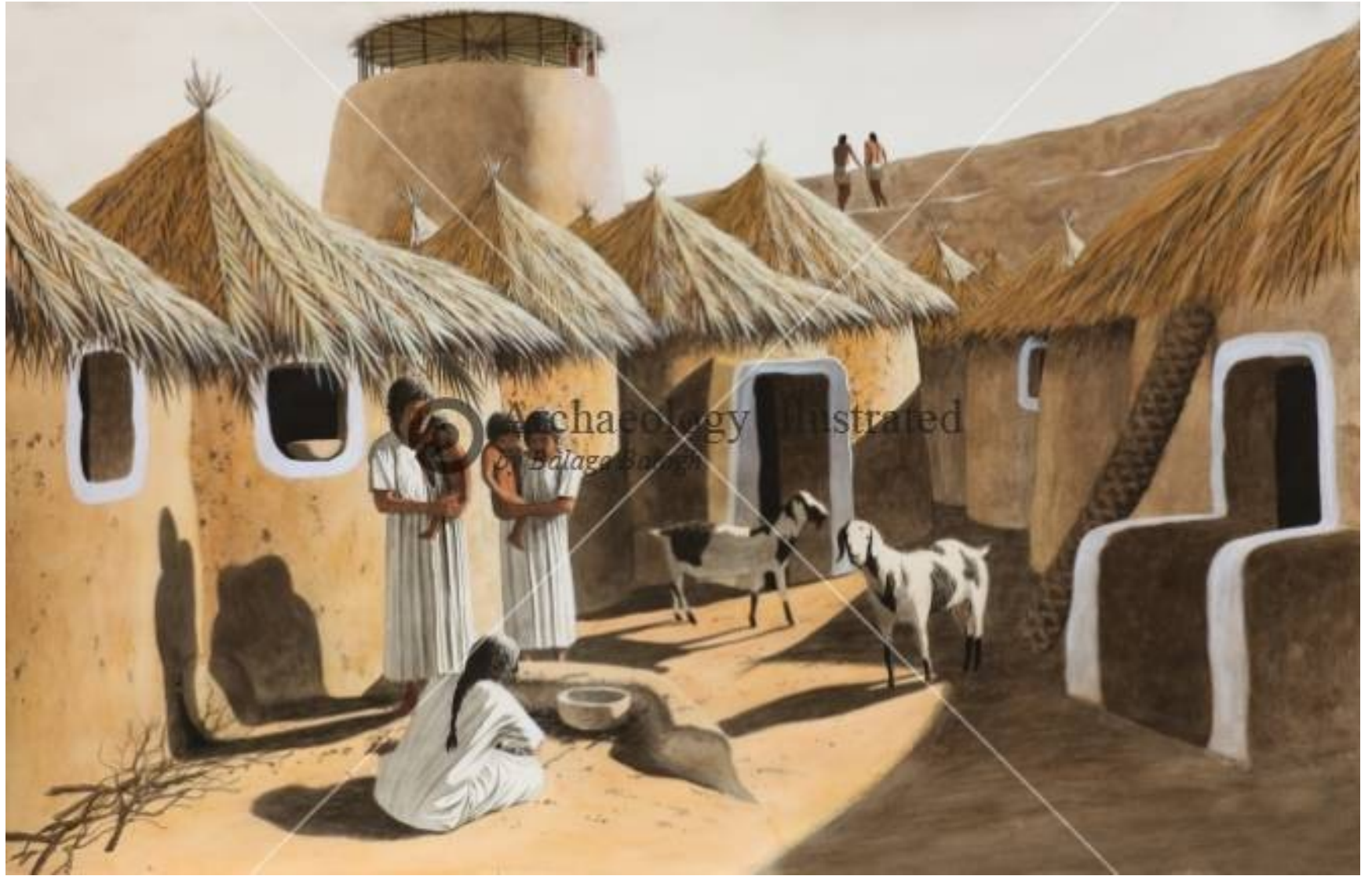


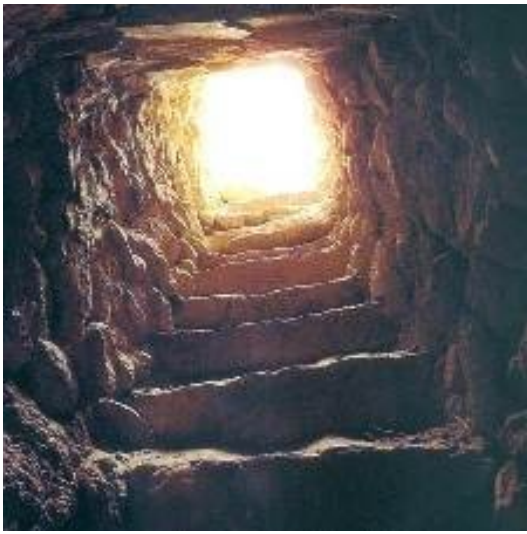
**Charles Warren**

**John Garstang**



**Kathleen Kenyon**

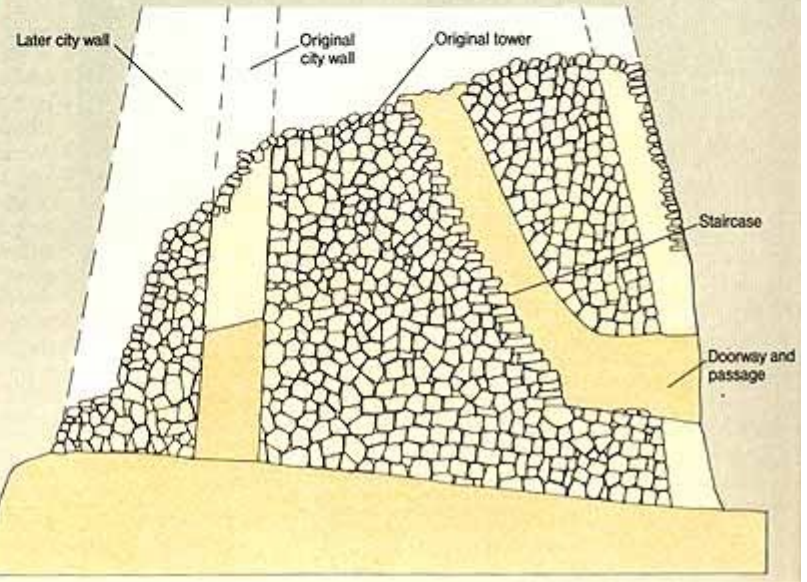
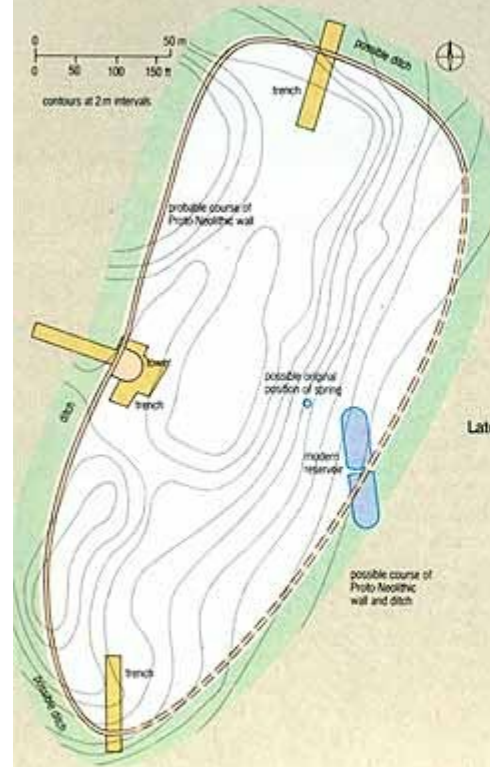




ceramic Neolithic period did their sites become as large or as complex.

**Pottery Neolithic B) periods and throughout the Bronze Age.**

Right and below: One of the more remarkable features of Proto-Neolithic Jericho is the stone tower attached to the inside of the city wall. The tower is 10 m in diameter and still survives to a height of more than 8 m. A doorway 1.7 m high on its eastern side leads inside to a staircase of 22 steps, each made out of a single block of stone. The city wall was repaired and rebuilt several times and a ditch 8 m wide and more than 2 m deep was cut into the rock outside the wall. The purpose that the tower served is still a matter of debate.



<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZB6a4C0Ca00>

