

The first book

کتاب اول

The first day

روز اول

3. Of the ordinals, the following numbers

slightly irregular:

2nd / second

دوّم (dovom)

or

دوّم (dovom)

3rd / third

سؤّم (sevom)

or

سؤّم (sevom)

4. The ordinal numbers may also be formed by adding

to the cardinals:

1st / first

یکّمین / اوّلین

2nd / second

دوّمین / دوّمین

3rd / third

سؤّمین / سؤّمین

4th

چهارّمین

12th

دوازدهّمین

21st

بیست و یکّمین

5. The ordinals are also used as fractions:

one third

یک سوّم

three fourth

سه چهارم

seven tenth

هفت دهم

also the following fractions are used:

fourth book

کتاب چهارم

the fourth day

روز چهارم

fifth class

کلاس پنجم

the fifth month

ماه پنجم

first year

سال یکم

the sixth year

سال ششم

Notes:

1. The ordinal numbers are formed from the cardinal numbers by the suffix «-م» which in the case of a compound number is added to the final component.

● The ordinal numbers are:

یکّم / اوّل، دوّم / دوّم، سوّم / سوّم، چهارم، پنجم، ششم، هفتم، هشتم، نهم، دهم، یازدهم، دوازدهم، سیزدهم، چهاردهم، پانزدهم، شانزدهم، هفدهم، هجدهم، نوزدهم، بیستم، یکم...

2. The regular یکم occurs normally as the final element of compound numbers:

21st

بیست و یکم

31st

سی و یکم

and otherwise اوّل is generally substitute for the ordinal

یکم: