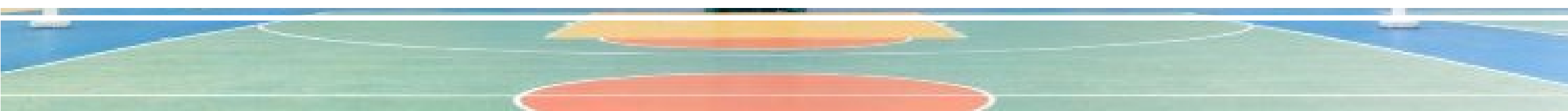




**Cantonese I**  
**Week 10**



**D. The preposition 'dòu...' indicating the ending point** (Track 214)

něi mǔi jāt jàu géi dím dòu géi dím sīk àan zǎu fāan àa?  
 你 每 日 由 幾 點 到 幾 點 食 晏 晝 飯 呀?  
 (From what time until when do you have lunch each day?)



ngǒ jàu sǎp jī dím bǔn dòu jāt dím bǔn sīk àan zǎu fāan.  
 我 由 十 二 點 半 到 一 點 半 食 晏 晝 飯。  
 (I have lunch from half past twelve to half past one.)

<u>Topic/Subject</u>	<u>jàu</u> 由 (from)	<u>Time 1/Place 1</u> (starting point)	<u>dòu</u> 到 (to; until)	<u>Time 2/Place 2</u> (ending point)	<u>Activity.</u>
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- 1. sīng kèi jāt 星期一 (Monday)
- 2. gáu dím 九點 (9:00)
- 3. Sām Zǎn 深圳 (Shenzhen)
- 4. dēi háa 地下 (ground floor)

- 1. ngǒ 我
- 2. bàa bāa 爸爸
- 3. kǎoi 佢
- 4. nī dǒu 呢度

- 1. sīng kèi nǚ 星期五 (Friday)
- 2. nǚ dím 五點 (5:00)
- 3. Hōeng Góng 香港 (Hong Kong)
- 4. cāt láu 七樓 (7<sup>th</sup> floor)

- 1. fāan hōk 返學 (go to school)
- 2. fāan gūng 返工 (go to work)
- 3. lǎoi hàng 旅行 (travel)
- 4. hāi fò sāt 係課室 (to be classroom)

## E. To form a compound time expression indicating 'before' or 'after'

(Track 215)

ngǒ zūng nǚ sīk fǎan zī cìn sǒeng sèi tòng.

我 中 午 食 飯 之 前 上 四 堂。

(Before lunch, I attend four classes.)



ngǒ zūng nǚ sīk fǎan zī hǎu

我 中 午 食 飯 之 後

sǒeng lǒeng tòng.

上 兩 堂。

(After lunch, I attend two classes.)

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Time/Action</u>	zī cìn 之 前 (before...)	<u>Activity.</u>
	<u>Time/Action</u>	zī hǎu 之 後 (after...)	

ngǒ 我

1. cāt dím 七點 (7:00)
2. héi sān 起身 (get up)
3. sīk zóu cān 食早餐 (eat breakfast)
4. sīk fǎan 食飯 (have a meal)
5. sāam sǎp sèoi 三十歲 (30 years old)
6. sǒeng tòng 上堂 (attend a class)



1. fāan hōk 返學 (go to school)
2. zōu wǎn dǔng 做運動 (do exercise)
3. cǎat ngà 刷牙 (brush teeth)
4. jám tōng 飲湯 (eat soup)
5. git fān 結婚 (get married)
6. wān zǎap 溫習 (do revision)

**3. To mark the repetition of an action with 'zòì'** 🎧 (Track 216)

sǒng zǎu sǒng sèi tòng, hǎa zǎu zòì sǒng lǒng tòng.  
 上 畫 上 四 堂，下 畫 再 上 兩 堂。  
 (I attend four classes in the morning and attend two more classes in the afternoon.)

(the 1 <sup>st</sup> period) 8:30 – 9:25 am dǎi jāt tòng	(the 2 <sup>nd</sup> period) 9:25 – 10:20 am dǎi jī tòng	(the 3 <sup>rd</sup> period) 10:40 – 11:35 am dǎi sāam tòng	(the 4 <sup>th</sup> period) 11:35 – 12:30 n dǎi sèi tòng	12:30 n – 1:30 pm (lunch time)	(the 5 <sup>th</sup> period) 1:30 – 2:25 pm dǎi nǚ tòng	(the 6 <sup>th</sup> period) 2:35 – 3:30 pm dǎi lūk tòng

<u>Subject</u>	<b>zòì</b> 再 (again)	<u>Verb / Verbal phrase.</u>
----------------	----------------------------	------------------------------

- |   |            |
|---|------------|
| 1. tīng jāt zòì gín!<br>(See you again tomorrow!)                                 | 聽日再見!      |
| 2. m̄ gōi nēi zòì góng jāt chí.<br>(Please say it again.)                         | 唔該你再講一次。   |
| 3. ngǒ sóeng zòì wáan jāt zǎn.<br>(I want to play a little while more.)           | 我想再玩一陣。    |
| 4. ngǒ sóeng zòì jiu jāt gò gāau dói.<br>(I'd like to have one more plastic bag.) | 我想再要一個膠袋。  |
| 5. nēi jāt zǎn zòì dǎa dīn wáa lài lāa!<br>(Please call again later.)             | 你一陣再打電話嚟啦! |

nēi jāt zǎn zòì dǎa lài lāa!  
 你 一 陣 再 打 嚟 啦!  
 (Please call again later.)



Tell us how you spend a typical week

For example:

From Monday to Friday wake up at ..... Go to school from ... to ...

Finish school at ...

After school I go to [some activity] at ...

Saturday...

Sunday...



A. Write the answers to the following questions in Cantonese.

1) něi mǔi zīu géi dím héi sān gǎa?



2) něi mǔi gǎo jǐyut dǎap cē jiū géi dō cín ǎa?



3) něi mǔi gǎo sīng kèi fāan géi dō jāt hōk ǎa?



4) něi mǔi jāt jàu géi dím dōu géi dím sīk ǎan zǎu fāan ǎa?



5) něi sīng kèi sāam zūng nǚ sīk fāan zī cìn sǒeng māt jě tòng ǎa?



6) něi sīng kèi nǚ dǎi jī tòng hǎi māt jě tòng ǎa?



7) něi sǒeng Gwóng Dūng Wáa tòng zī hǎu zōu māt jě ǎa?



*C. What would you ask or say in Cantonese in the following situations?*

1) You want to ask what your friend does before going to school.

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2) You want to ask what she/he does after dinner.

---

3) You want to request someone to repeat what he said.

---

4) You want to tell your younger sister to wash her hands first before having  
dinner. sai2 sau2

---

5) You want to ask your teacher, from what time until when you have a break. fong3 siu2 sik1  
放小息

---

## A. To indicate that an action has been done/completed with 'zó'

(Track 219)



<b><i>Subject</i></b>	<b><i>One-syllable Verb</i></b>	<b>zó</b> 咗 [Pt]	<b><i>(Object)</i></b>	<b>(lǎa.)</b> (喇。) [Pt]
↑	↑		↑	
1. Fāa Nàa 花娜 2. Hǎu Jī 浩二 3. Oī Sāa 愛莎 4. lǎu sī 老師	1. lèi 嚟 (come) 2. hēoi 去 (go to) 3. fāan 返 (come back) 4. záu 走 (leave)		1. Hōeng Góng 香港 (Hong Kong) 2. Jāt Bún 日本 (Japan) 3. Fēi Lǎot Bān 菲律賓 (Philippine) 4. / / /	

Sik6 zo2 faan6 mei6 aa3?  
食咗飯未呀?  
Have you eaten?

Sik6 zo2 laa3  
食咗喇  
Or  
Mei6 aa3  
未呀

### V-O construction (V + zó + O):

- |                   |      |                        |
|-------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1. héi zó sān     | 起咗身  | (have got)             |
| 2. fǎn zó gǎau    | 瞓咗覺  | (have gone to bed)     |
| 3. sīk zó zóu cān | 食咗早餐 | (have eaten breakfast) |
| 4. fāan zó hōk    | 返咗學  | (have gone to school)  |
| 5. zǎu zó gūng fò | 做咗功課 | (have done homework)   |
| 6. zýu zó fāan    | 煮咗飯  | (have prepared meal)   |



Question: [Verb] zo2 [object] mei6 aa3?

Answer: [Subject] [verb] zo2 [object] laa3.

OR [subject] mei6 [verb] aa3.

- |                   |      |                        |
|-------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1. héi zó sān     | 起咗身  | (have got)             |
| 2. fǎn zó gǎau    | 瞓咗覺  | (have gone to bed)     |
| 3. sīk zó zóu cān | 食咗早餐 | (have eaten breakfast) |
| 4. fāan zó hōk    | 返咗學  | (have gone to school)  |
| 5. zōu zó gūng fò | 做咗功課 | (have done homework)   |
| 6. zýu zó fǎan    | 煮咗飯  | (have prepared meal)   |

ngǒ zāap gwāan zó hōk hāu gè sāng wūt lāa.

我 習 慣 咗 學 校 嘅 生 活 喇。

(I've got used to school life.)



Question: [Verb] zo2 [object] mei6 aa3?

Answer: [Subject] [verb] zo2 [object] laa3.

OR [subject] mei6 [verb] aa3.

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Two-syllable Verb</u>	zó 咗 [Pt]	<u>(Object)</u>	(lāa.) (喇。) [Pt]
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ngǒ 我

1. zāap gwāan 習慣 (get used to)
2. cāam gāa 參加 (join)
3. līn zāap 練習 (practice)
4. wān zāap 溫習 (review)
5. lèi hōi 離開 (leave)

1. Hōeng Góng gè sāng wūt 香港嘅生活 (Hong Kong's life)
2. fǒ ngōi wūt dūng 課外活動 (extra curricular activity)
3. Gwóng Dūng Wáa fāat jām 廣東話發音 (Cantonese pronunciation)
4. gūng fǒ 功課 (homework)
5. ngǒ gè gwòk gāa 我嘅國家 (my country)

**B. To express the duration of an action** 🎧 (Track 221)

něi lèi zó Hōeng Góng géi nǐ àa?  
 你 嚟 咗 香 港 幾 耐 呀?  
 (How long have you been in Hong Kong?)



ngǒ lèi zó Hōeng Góng sāam gò jǐyut lǎa.  
 我 嚟 咗 香 港 三 個 月 喇。  
 (I have been in Hong Kong for three months.)

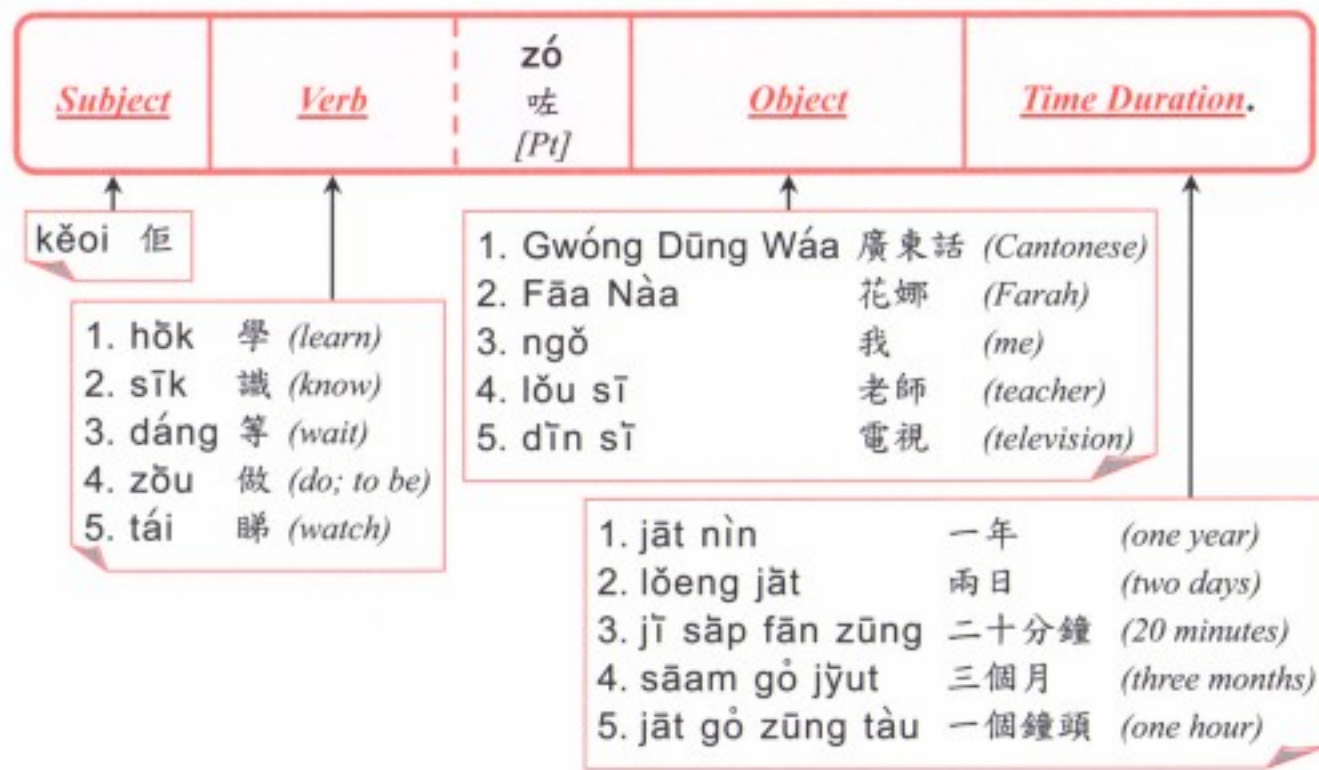
něi 你

<b>Q:</b> <u>Subject</u>	lèi 嚟 (come)	zó 咗 [Pt]	Hōeng Góng 香 港 (Hong Kong)	géi nǐ àa? 幾 耐 呀? (how long?)
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<b>A:</b> <u>Subject</u>	lèi 嚟 (come)	zó 咗 [Pt]	Hōeng Góng 香 港 (Hong Kong)	<u>Duration.</u>
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ngǒ 我

1. jāt zān 一陣 (a little while)
2. hóu nǐ 好耐 (a long time)



The period of time spent: 🎧 (Track 222)

Nu      nìn  
年  
(year)

1. jāt nìn      一年 (one year)
2. lõeng nìn    兩年 (two years)
3. sāam nìn    三年 (three years)

Nu      gò      jÿut  
個      月  
[MW]    (month)

1. jāt gò jÿut    一個月 (one month)
2. lõeng gò jÿut 兩個月 (two months)
3. sāam gò jÿut 三個月 (three months)

Nu      gò      sīng kèi  
個      星期  
[MW]    (week)

1. jāt gò sīng kèi    一個星期 (one week)
2. lõeng gò sīng kèi 兩個星期 (two weeks)
3. sāam gò sīng kèi 三個星期 (three weeks)

Nu      jāt  
日  
(day)

1. jāt jāt      一日 (one day)
2. lõeng jāt    兩日 (two days)
3. sāam jāt    三日 (three days)

Nu      mǎan  
晚  
(night)

1. jāt mǎan    一晚 (one night)
2. lõeng mǎan 兩晚 (two nights)
3. sāam mǎan 三晚 (three nights)

Nu      gò      zūng tàu  
個      鐘頭  
[MW]    (hour)

1. jāt gò zūng tàu    一個鐘頭 (one hour)
2. lõeng gò zūng tàu 兩個鐘頭 (two hours)
3. sāam gò zūng tàu 三個鐘頭 (three hours)

Nu      fān zūng  
分      鐘  
(minute)

1. jāt fān zūng    一分鐘 (one minute)
2. lõeng fān zūng 兩分鐘 (two minutes)
3. sāam fān zūng 三分鐘 (three minutes)



**C. To express something that will likely happen in a certain situation/  
time** 🎧 (Track 223)



fóng hōk zī hǎu, nǐ wǔi zōu māt jě ǎa?  
放 學 之 後 , 你 會 做 乜 嘢 呀 ?  
(After school, what would you do?)

fóng hōk zī hǎu, ngǒ wǔi làu hái hōk hǎau jāt zǎn.  
放 學 之 後 , 我 會 留 嚟 學 校 一 陣 。  
(After school, I will stay at school for a while.)

<u>Time Expression</u>	<u>Subject</u>	wǔi 會 (would)	<u>Verbal phrase.</u>
------------------------	----------------	---------------------	-----------------------

- 1. sīng kèi lūk 星期六 (Saturday)
- 2. sīng kèi jāt 星期日 (Sunday)
- 3. fóng gǎa 放假 (on holiday)
- 4. dāk hàn 得閒 (free time)
- 5. sīk fāan 食飯 (after meal)
- zī hǎu 之後

- 1. Fāa Nàa 花娜 (Farah)
- 2. Fēi Līk Sī 菲力士 (Felix)
- 3. ngǒ dēi 我哋 (we)
- 4. kǎoi 佢 (he/she)
- 5. ngǒ 我 (I)

- 1. hǒi bōu zǎap 去補習 (go for tutoring class)
- 2. hǒi gǎau tóng 去教堂 (go to church)
- 3. wān zǎap gūng fó 溫習功課 (review and study)
- 4. tái dīn sī 睇電視 (watch television)
- 5. hǒi gūng jýun sǎan bōu 去公園散步 (go for a walk in the park)

**D. The adverb of frequency 'sometimes'** (Track 224)

něi làu hái hōk hāu zōu māt jě àa?  
 你留嘍學校做乜嘢呀?  
 (What do you do staying at school?)



jǎu sì tòng tòng hōk jāt cài dǎa bō,  
 有時同同學一齊打波,  
 (Sometimes I play ball games together with  
 classmates.)

jǎu sì cāam gāa fò ngōi wūt dūng.  
 有時參加課外活動。  
 (Sometimes I join extra curricular activities.)

ngǒ 我

<u>Subject</u>	jǎu sì 有時 (sometimes)	<u>Verbal phrase 1.</u>	jǎu sì 有時 (sometimes)	<u>Verbal phrase 2.</u>
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1. hái ūk kái sīk fāan 喺屋企食飯 (have meal at home)
2. sīk fāan 食飯 (eat rice)
3. dǎap síu bāa 搭小巴 (take minibus)
4. tēng jām ngōk 聽音樂 (listen to music)
5. tái sýu 睇書 (read books)
6. tòng Fāa Nàa wáan 同花娜玩 (play with Farah)

1. hái hōk hāu sīk fāan 喺學校食飯 (have meal at school)
2. sīk mīn 食麵 (eat noodles)
3. dǎap góng tīt 搭港鐵 (take MTR)
4. tái hēi 睇戲 (watch movies)
5. tái dīn sī 睇電視 (watch TV)
6. tòng Oi Sāa wáan 同愛莎玩 (play with Aiza)

## E. To indicate two actions that take place one after the other

(Track 225)

něi fān ūk kái zī hǎu wǔi zǒu māt jě ǎa?  
 你返屋企之後會做乜嘢呀?  
 (What would you do after you go back home?)

ngǒ wǔi cūng lòeng sīn, jìn hǎu zǒu gūng fò.  
 我會沖涼先，然後做功課。  
 (I will take a shower first; afterwards, I will do the homework.)

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Verbal phrase 1</u>	(sīn.) (先·) (first)	jìn hǎu 然後 (afterwards)	<u>Verbal phrase 2.</u>
----------------	------------------------	---------------------------	-------------------------------	-------------------------

ngǒ 我

- |                        |      |                        |
|------------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1. dǎap sùn            | 搭船   | (take a ferry)         |
| 2. hòi sīk fāan        | 去食飯  | (go for a meal)        |
| 3. hòi Cùn Wāan        | 去荃灣  | (go to Tsuen Wan)      |
| 4. sǒeng Zūng Mán tòng | 上中文堂 | (attend Chinese class) |
| 5. wān zǎap gūng fò    | 溫習功課 | (review and study)     |

- |                        |      |                        |
|------------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1. zýun cē             | 轉車   | (change to a vehicle)  |
| 2. fāan ūk kái         | 返屋企  | (go home)              |
| 3. hòi Wǒng Gòk        | 去旺角  | (go to Mong Kok)       |
| 4. sǒeng Jīng Mán tòng | 上英文堂 | (attend English class) |
| 5. fǎn gǎau            | 瞓覺   | (sleep)                |

jìn hǎu = gān zýu  
 然後 = 跟住





ngǎ hái nī gāan hōk hāu dūk zó sāam gò jÿut làa.  
我 喺 呢 間 學 校 讀 咗 三 個 月 喇。  
(I have been studying in this school for three months.)

ngǎ hái hōk hāu sīk zó hóu dō pàng jǎu.  
我 喺 學 校 識 咗 好 多 朋 友。  
(I have made many friends at school.)

kěoi dēi sì sì gāau ngǎ góng Gwóng Dūng Wáa,  
佢 哋 時 時 教 我 講 廣 東 話，  
(They always teach me how to speak in Cantonese.)

ngǎ jì gāa sīk góng síu síu làa.  
我 而 家 識 講 少 少 喇。  
(I know how to speak a little bit now.)



ngǎ dōu zāap gwāan zó hōk hāu gè sāng wūt làa.  
我 都 習 慣 咗 學 校 嘅 生 活 喇。  
(I have got used to school life as well.)

mǔi jāt fòng hōk zī hāu, ngǎ wǔi làu hái hōk hāu jāt zān,  
每 日 放 學 之 後，我 會 留 喺 學 校 一 陣，  
(Every day after school, I will stay at school for a while.)



jǎu sì tòng tòng hōk jāt cài dāa bō,  
有 時 同 同 學 一 齊 打 波，  
(Sometimes, I play ball games together with classmates.)

jǎu sì cāam gāa fò ngōi wūt dūng.  
有 時 參 加 課 外 活 動。  
(Sometimes, I join extra curricular activities.)

fāan ūk kái zī hāu, ngǎ wǔi cūng lòeng sīn,  
返 屋 企 之 後，我 會 沖 涼 先，  
(After getting back home, I would take a shower first.)



jìn hāu zīk hāk zōu gūng fò tòng wān zāap.  
然 後 即 刻 做 功 課 同 溫 習。  
(Afterwards, I do my homework and revision immediately.)

ngǎ hóu zūng jì hōk hāu gè sāng wūt. ngǎ gòk dāk hóu hōi sām.  
我 好 鍾 意 學 校 嘅 生 活。我 覺 得 好 開 心。  
(I like the school life very much. I feel very happy.)

Verbs:

1.	līn zāap	練習	<i>practice</i>	6.	sāan bōu	散步	<i>stroll; a walk</i>
2.	lèi hōi	離開	<i>leave</i>	7.	dāap s̀ỳun	搭船	<i>take a ferry</i>
3.	zōu lǎu sī	做老師	<i>to be a teacher</i>	8.	z̀ỳun	轉	<i>change; transfer</i>
4.	tái dīn sī	睇電視	<i>watch television</i>	9.	z̀ỳun cē	轉車	<i>transfer to a vehicle</i>
5.	fóng gāa	放假	<i>on holiday</i>				

1. lèi 嚟 (*come*)
2. hēoi 去 (*go to*)
3. fāan 返 (*come back*)
4. záu 走 (*leave*)

1. hōk 學 (*learn*)
2. sīk 識 (*know*)
3. dāng 等 (*wait*)
4. zōu 做 (*do; to be*)
5. tái 睇 (*watch*)

1. zāap gwāan 習慣 (*get used to*)
2. cāam gāa 參加 (*join*)
3. līn zāap 練習 (*practice*)
4. wān zāap 溫習 (*review*)
5. lèi hōi 離開 (*leave*)

1. héi zó sān 起咗身 (*have got*)
2. fàn zó gāau 瞓咗覺 (*have gone to bed*)
3. sīk zó zóu cāan 食咗早餐 (*have eaten breakfast*)
4. fāan zó hōk 返咗學 (*have gone to school*)
5. zōu zó gūng fò 做咗功課 (*have done homework*)
6. z̀ỳu zó fāan 煮咗飯 (*have prepared meal*)



A. Add the particle 'zǒ' to the following common activities to indicate that the action has been completed.

1) kěoi zǒu Zūng Mán gūng fò.

佢做中文功課

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2) ngǒ hǒoi Sān Gàai.

我去新界

---



3) màa mǎa zǒu fān.

媽媽煮飯

---



4) Farah gè gò gō lèi Hōeng Góng.

Farah既哥哥黎香港

---



5) ngǒ zǎap gwǎan m sīk zóu cān.

我習慣唔食早餐

---



6) Wòng lǒu sī lèi hōi hōk hǎau.

黃老師離開學校

---



7) ngǒ līn zǎap Jīng Mán fǎat jām.

我練習英文發音

---



B. Answer the questions in complete sentences using the information in the brackets.

1) nǐi hōk zó Gwóng Dūng Wáa géi nǐi ǎa? (one year)

你學咗廣東話幾耐呀？

---



2) kǎoi fāan zó ūk kái géi nǐi ǎa? (four hours)

佢返咗屋企幾耐呀？

---



3) nǐi dǎng zó kǎoi géi nǐi ǎa? (one night)

你等咗佢幾耐呀？

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Key for tones 33

sāam<sup>1</sup> wún<sup>2</sup> sǎi<sup>3</sup> ngàu<sup>4</sup> nǎam<sup>5</sup> mǐn<sup>6</sup>

4) nǐi góng zó dīn wáa géi nǐi ǎa? (three minutes)

你講咗電話幾耐呀？

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5) nǐi bàa bāa hēoi zó lǎoi hàng géi nǐi ǎa? (two weeks)

你爸爸去咗旅行幾耐呀？

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C. Add the words in the brackets to the following sentences by placing '↓' in appropriate positions.

- 1) fān hōk zī cìn, ngǒ sīk zóu cān. (wǔi)  
返學之前，我食早餐。
- 2) kǎoi hái ūk kéi wáan dīn nǎu, tái dīn sī. (jǎu sì / jǎu sì)  
佢喺屋企玩電腦，睇電視
- 3) fān hōk zī hǎu, ngǒ dēi wǔi jǎu zāap wúi, jìn hǎu sǒeng dǎi jāt tòng. (sīn)  
返學之後，我地有集會，然後上第一堂
- 4) kǎoi hǎoi mǎai fān háp, fān ūk kéi. (sīn / jìn hǎu)  
佢去買飯盒，返屋企。
- 5) ngǒ lèi cān tēng jāt zǎn zē. (zó)  
我黎餐廳一陣嘍。
- 6) ngǒ fān hōk wǔi dǎap dēi tít sīn, zǎun síu bāa. (gān zǎu)  
我返學會搭地鐵先，轉小巴

**D.** Listen to the recording and write out your own journal in Cantonese by answering the questions. 🎧 (Track 270)

1) \_\_\_\_\_

2) \_\_\_\_\_

3) \_\_\_\_\_

4) \_\_\_\_\_

5) \_\_\_\_\_

6) \_\_\_\_\_

7) \_\_\_\_\_

8) \_\_\_\_\_

9) \_\_\_\_\_

# Game

- What did you do last weekend (soeng6 go3 zau1 mut6)?
- What will you do this weekend (haa6 go3 zau1 mut6)?



**C. To talk about extra curricular activities** (Track 230)

něi cāam gāa zó māt jě fò ngòì wūt dūng āa?  
 你 參 加 咗 乜 嘢 課 外 活 動 呀?  
 (What extra curricular activities have you joined?)

ngǒ cāam gāa zó hǎp còeng tỳun  
 我 參 加 咗 合 唱 團  
 tùng Gwóng Dūng Wáa bāan.  
 同 廣 東 話 班。  
 (I have joined choir and Cantonese class.)



<u>Subject</u>	cāam gāa 參 加 (join)	zó 咗 [Pt]	<u>Activity.</u>
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<u>Subject</u>	wǔi 會 (would)	cāam gāa 參 加 (join)	<u>Activity.</u>
----------------	---------------------	---------------------------	------------------

Extra-curricular activities and interest classes at school:

ngǒ 我

- |                      |      |                          |
|----------------------|------|--------------------------|
| 1. tīn mǎn bāan      | 天文班  | (Astronomy class)        |
| 2. sīp jǐng bāan     | 攝影班  | (Photography class)      |
| 3. měi sèot bāan     | 美術班  | (Art class)              |
| 4. jỳun ngāi bāan    | 園藝班  | (Gardening class)        |
| 5. hěi kěk bāan      | 戲劇班  | (Drama class)            |
| 6. dīn nǒu bāan      | 電腦班  | (Computer class)         |
| 7. Póu Tūng Wáa bāan | 普通話班 | (Putonghua class)        |
| 8. zǎap jàu bāan     | 集郵班  | (Stamp collecting class) |
| 9. Jỳu Gāa bāan      | 瑜珈班  | (Yoga class)             |
| 10. Tái Gīk bāan     | 太極班  | (Taiji class)            |
| 11. Tùng Gwān        | 童軍   | (Boy Scout)              |
| 12. Hùng Sǎp Zī Wúì  | 紅十字會 | (Red Cross)              |

**E. To ask why** (Track 232)

dím gáai nǐ cāam gāa Gwóng Dūng Wáa bāan áa?  
 點 解 你 參 加 廣 東 話 班 呀?  
 (Why did you join Cantonese class?)



jān wǎi ngǒ sóeng Gwóng Dūng Wáa lēk dī,  
 因 為 我 想 廣 東 話 叻 啲,  
 (Because I want to improve my Cantonese,...)  
 só jǐ ngǒ cāam gāa Gwóng Dūng Wáa bāan.  
 所 以 我 參 加 廣 東 話 班。  
 (...therefore I joined the Cantonese class.)

<b>Q:</b>	dím gáai 點 解 (why)	<u>statement / situation</u>	áa? 呀? [Pt]
-----------	--------------------------	------------------------------	-------------------

- |                      |           |                         |
|----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1. nǐ cì dǒu         | 你 遲 到     | (you are late)          |
| 2. kǎoi m̀ lèi       | 佢 唔 嚟     | (he / she doesn't come) |
| 3. ngǒ jiu záu       | 我 要 走     | (I have to leave)       |
| 4. lǎu sī m̀ hōi sām | 老 師 唔 開 心 | (teacher isn't happy)   |
| 5. nǐ m̀ fàn gāau    | 你 唔 瞓 覺   | (you don't sleep)       |
| 6. gò gō siu         | 哥 哥 笑     | (elder brother laughs)  |
| 7. dài dái hāam      | 弟 弟 噉     | (younger brother cries) |

**3. To denote the frequency of an event** (Track 233)

něi jāt gò sīng kèi hòk géi dō cǐ Gwóng Dūng Wáa áa?  
 你 一 個 星 期 學 幾 多 次 廣 東 話 呀?  
 (How many times a week do you learn Cantonese?)



ngó jāt gò sīng kèi  
 我 一 個 星 期  
 hòk lǒeng cǐ Gwóng Dūng Wáa.  
 學 兩 次 廣 東 話。  
 (I learn Cantonese twice a week.)



1. How many times a week do you go to school?
2. How many times a week do you learn Chinese?
3. How many times a month do you go hiking? (hang4 saan1)
4. How many times a year do you have exam? (hao2 si5)

<b>Q:</b>	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Time period</u>	<u>Verb</u>	géi dō cǐ 幾 多 次 (how many times)	áa? 呀? [Pt]
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<b>A:</b>	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Time period</u>	<u>Verb</u>	<u>Nu</u> + <u>MW</u>	<u>Object.</u>
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1. jāt nìn 一年 (one year)
2. mǔi jāt 每日 (every day)
3. jāt jāt 一日 (one day)
4. mǔi mǎan 每晚 (every night)
5. jāt gò sīng kèi 一個星期 (one week)
6. jāt gò jÿut 一個月 (one month)

- |           |             |                              |                                       |
|-----------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. fāan 返 | jāt cǐ 一次   | Jǎn Dǒu 印度                   | (go back to India once)               |
| 2. tái 睇  | jāt bún 一本  | sÿu 書                        | (read one book)                       |
| 3. sĭk 食  | sèi cǐ 四次   | jǒek 藥                       | (take medicine for four times)        |
| 4. góng 講 | jāt gò 一個   | gú zái 古仔                    | (tell one story)                      |
| 5. tēng 聽 | lǒeng cǐ 兩次 | Gwóng Dūng Wáa lǔk jām 廣東話錄音 | (listen to Cantonese recording twice) |
| 6. tái 睇  | jāt cǐ 一次   | jī sāng 醫生                   | (see a doctor once)                   |



Farah : hǎau zóeng, nǚ ōn. sīk zó fǎan mēi ǎa?  
校 長，午安。食 咗 飯 未 呀?  
(Good afternoon, Principal. Have you eaten?)

Principal : sīk zó lǎa, nēi nē?  
食 咗 喇，你 呢?  
(Yes. And you?)

Farah : mēi sīk ǎa. ngǒ tǎu sīn hēoi zó hǐng cēoi bāan.  
未 食 呀。我 頭 先 去 咗 興 趣 班。  
(Not yet. I've just gone to the interest class.)

Principal : nēi cāam gāa zó māt jě fǒ ngōi wūt dǔng ǎa?  
你 參 加 咗 乜 嘢 課 外 活 動 呀?  
(What kind of extra curricular activities have you joined?)

Farah : jān wǎi ngǒ zūng jǐ cǒeng gō,  
因 為 我 鍾 意 唱 歌，  
(Because I love singing.)

só jǐ ngǒ zūng nǚ cāam gāa zó hǎp cǒeng tỳun.  
所 以 我 中 午 參 加 咗 合 唱 團。  
(therefore I've joined the choir in the lunch time.)

Principal : nēi gě Gwóng Dǔng Wáa zēoi gǎn zēon bǒu zó wò!  
你 嘅 廣 東 話 最 近 進 步 咗 嗎!  
(Your Cantonese has improved recently.)

Farah : dō zě! jān wǎi fǒng hōk zī hǎu,  
多 謝！因 為 放 學 之 後，  
(Thank you. It's because after school.)

ngǒ cāam gāa zó Gwóng Dǔng Wáa bāan.  
我 參 加 咗 廣 東 話 班。  
(I've joined the Cantonese class.)

Principal : nēi jāt gǒ sīng kèi hōk géi dō cǐ Gwóng Dǔng Wáa ǎa?  
你 一 個 星 期 學 幾 多 次 廣 東 話 呀?  
(How many times a week do you learn Cantonese?)

Farah : ngǒ jāt gǒ sīng kèi hōk lǒeng cǐ.  
我 一 個 星 期 學 兩 次。  
(I learn twice a week.)

Principal : hóu hóu, gāa jáu ǎa!  
好 好，加 油 呀！  
(Very good, keep going!)

